

FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN RMBS PRADO V

PROSPECTUS

€ 415,000,000

Class A Notes:	Euribor 3M + 0.38% to the Step-Up Date (included)	Fitch	MOODY'S
€ 339,000,000	Euribor 3M + 0.76% from the Step-Up Date (excluded)	AA+ (sf)	Aa2 (sf)
Class B Notes:	Euribor 3M + 0.60% to the Step-Up Date (included)	Non Rated	Non Rated
€ 76,000,000	Euribor 3M + 1.20% from the Step-Up Date (excluded)		

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UNIÓN DE CRÉDITOS INMOBILIARIOS, S.A.,
ESTABLECIMIENTO FINANCIERO DE CRÉDITO.



JOINT LEAD MANAGERS AND JOINT ARRANGERS



BNP PARIBAS



Back Up Servicer Facilitator



Paying Agent



**BNP PARIBAS
SECURITIES SERVICES**

Fund sponsored and managed by:



**SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN,
S.G.F.T., S.A.**

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IMPORTANT NOTICE – PROSPECTUS

NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION TO ANY U.S. PERSON OR TO ANY PERSON OR ADDRESS IN THE UNITED STATES

IMPORTANT: You must read the following before continuing. The following applies to the Prospectus following this page and you are therefore advised to read this carefully before reading, accessing or making any other use of the Prospectus. In accessing the Prospectus, you agree to be bound by the following terms and conditions, including any modifications thereto.

NOTHING IN THIS ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION CONSTITUTES AN OFFER TO SELL OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY THE NOTES DESCRIBED IN THE PROSPECTUS IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE IT IS UNLAWFUL TO DO SO. ANY FORWARDING, DISTRIBUTION OR REPRODUCTION OF THE PROSPECTUS IN WHOLE OR IN PART IS UNAUTHORISED.

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS DIRECTIVE MAY RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE APPLICABLE LAWS OF OTHER JURISDICTIONS.

THE NOTES ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO AND SHOULD NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY RETAIL INVESTOR IN THE EEA. FOR THESE PURPOSES, A RETAIL INVESTOR MEANS A PERSON WHO IS ONE (OR MORE) OF: (I) A RETAIL CLIENT AS DEFINED IN POINT 12 OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF DIRECTIVE 2004/39/EC (**MIFID**) OR (FROM THE DATE OF ITS IMPLEMENTATION INTO APPLICABLE LAW) POINT (11) OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF DIRECTIVE 2014/65/EU (**MIFID II**); OR (II) A CUSTOMER WITHIN THE MEANING OF DIRECTIVE 2002/92/EC (**INSURANCE MEDIATION DIRECTIVE**), WHERE THAT CUSTOMER WOULD NOT QUALIFY AS A PROFESSIONAL CLIENT AS DEFINED IN POINT (11) OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF MIFID OR (FROM THE DATE OF ITS IMPLEMENTATION INTO APPLICABLE LAW) POINT (10) OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF MIFID II. CONSEQUENTLY NO KEY INFORMATION DOCUMENT REQUIRED BY REGULATION (EU) NO 1286/2014 (THE **PRIIPS REGULATION**) FOR OFFERING OR SELLING THE NOTES OR OTHERWISE MAKING THEM AVAILABLE TO RETAIL INVESTORS IN THE EEA HAS BEEN PREPARED AND THEREFORE OFFERING OR SELLING THE NOTES OR OTHERWISE MAKING THEM AVAILABLE TO ANY RETAIL INVESTOR IN THE EEA MAY BE UNLAWFUL UNDER THE PRIIPS REGULATION.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**") or the securities laws of any state of the United States or other relevant jurisdiction. The Notes may not at any time be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any person who is (a) a U.S. Person (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act ("**Regulation S**")) by any person referred to in Rule 903(b)(2)(iii) of Regulation S, (x) as part of their distribution at any time or (y) otherwise until 40 calendar days after the completion of the distribution of the securities as determined and certified by the Joint Lead Managers, in either case except in accordance with Regulation S. In addition, the Notes may not at any time be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any person who is a U.S. person (as defined in the credit risk retention regulations issued under Section 15G of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**")). Prospective investors should note that the definition of U.S. person in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules is substantially similar to, but not identical to, the definition of U.S. person under Regulation S. For a description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of Notes and on distribution of

this Prospectus in the United States, see "U.S. Selling Restrictions" and "Risk Factors – U.S. Risk Retention"

IN ORDER TO BE ELIGIBLE TO READ THE PROSPECTUS OR MAKE AN INVESTMENT DECISION WITH RESPECT TO THE NOTES DESCRIBED THEREIN, YOU MUST NOT BE A "U.S. PERSON" AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S (A "U.S. PERSON") OR A U.S. PERSON AS DEFINED IN THE U.S. RISK RETENTION RULES (A "RISK RETENTION U.S. PERSON").

By accessing the Prospectus you shall be deemed to have confirmed and represented to us (i) that you have understood the agreed terms set out herein, (ii) that you are not a U.S. Person, a Risk Retention U.S. Person or, in relation only to the offer, sale or delivery of the Notes, acting for the account or benefit of any such U.S. Person or Risk Retention U.S. Person, and (iii) that you consent to delivery of the Prospectus by electronic transmission.

You are reminded that the Prospectus has been delivered to you on the basis that you are a person into whose possession the Prospectus may be lawfully delivered in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which you are located and you may not, nor are you authorised to, deliver the Prospectus to any other person.

The materials relating to the offering do not constitute, and may not be used in connection with, an offer or solicitation in any place where offers or solicitations are not permitted by law. If a jurisdiction requires that the offering be made by a licensed broker or dealer and the joint lead managers or any affiliate of the joint lead managers is a licensed broker or dealer in that jurisdiction, the offering shall be deemed to be made by the joint lead managers or such affiliate on behalf of the Issuer in such jurisdiction.

The Prospectus has been sent to you in electronic format. You are reminded that documents transmitted via this medium may be altered or changed during the process of electronic transmission and consequently neither the Management Company nor Banco Santander, S.A. or BNP Paribas, London Branch (together, the "**Joint Lead Managers**") nor any person who controls the Joint Lead Managers nor any director, officer, employee, agent or affiliate of any such person nor the Issuer nor the Assignor (as defined below) accepts any liability or responsibility whatsoever in respect of any difference between the Prospectus distributed to you in electronic format herewith and the hard copy version available to you on request from the Issuer and/or the Joint Lead Managers.

None of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers makes any representation, recommendation or warranty, express or implied, regarding the accuracy, adequacy, reasonableness or completeness of the information contained herein or in any further information, notice or other document which may at any time be supplied by the Issuer in connection with the Notes and accordingly, none of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers accepts any responsibility or liability therefore.

None of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers undertakes to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer nor to advise any investor or potential investor in the Notes of any information coming to the attention of any of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers.

None of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers or any person who controls any of them or any director, officer, employee, agent or affiliate of any of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers shall have any responsibility for determining the proper characterisation of potential investors in relation to any restriction under the U.S. Risk Retention Rules or for determining the availability of the safe harbour provided for in Section 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, and none of the Joint Lead Managers or Joint Arrangers or any person who controls any of them or any director, officer, employee, agent

or affiliate of any of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers accepts any liability or responsibility whatsoever for any such determination. Furthermore, none of the Joint Lead Managers or Joint Arrangers or any person who controls any of them or any director, officer, employee, agent or affiliate of any of the Joint Lead Managers or Joint Arrangers provides any assurance that the safe harbour provided for in Section 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules will be available.

This document is the information memorandum (the “**Prospectus**”) for FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN RMBS PRADO V (the “**Fund**”) approved by and registered with the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (Spanish Securities Market Commission, “**CNMV**”) on 7 November 2017, in accordance with the provisions of Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 of 29 April 2004, as amended (“**Regulation 809/2004**”), which includes the following:

1. A description of the main risk factors relating to the issue, to the securities and to the assets backing the issue (the “**Risk Factors**”);
2. A registration document for the securities, prepared in accordance with Annex VII of Regulation 809/2004 (the “**Registration Document**”);
3. A securities note prepared in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation 809/2004 (the “**Securities Note**”);
4. An additional module to the Securities Note prepared in accordance with the module provided for in Annex VIII of Regulation 809/2004 (the “**Additional Building Block**”); and
5. A glossary of definitions (the “**Definitions**”) used in this Prospectus.

PCS Label

On 4 October 2017, an application was made to Prime Collateralised Securities (PCS) UK Limited for the Class A Notes to receive the Prime Collateralised Securities label (the “**PCS Label**”), and the Assignor currently expects that the Class A Notes will receive the PCS Label. However, there can be no assurance that the Class A Notes will receive the PCS Label (either before issuance or at any time thereafter) and if the Class A Notes do receive the PCS Label, there can be no assurance that the PCS Label will not be withdrawn from the Class A Notes at a later date.

The PCS Label is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. It is not investment advice whether generally or as defined under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2004/39/EC) and it is not a credit rating whether generally or as defined under the Credit Rating Agency Regulation (1060/2009/EC).

By awarding the PCS Label to certain securities, no views are expressed about the creditworthiness of these securities or their suitability for any existing or potential investor or as to whether there will be a ready, liquid market for these securities. Noteholders should conduct their own research regarding the nature of the PCS Label and should read the information set out in <http://pcsmarket.org>.

RISK FACTORS

THE PURCHASE OF NOTES MAY INVOLVE SUBSTANTIAL RISKS AND BE SUITABLE ONLY FOR INVESTORS WHO HAVE THE KNOWLEDGE AND EXPERIENCE IN FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS MATTERS NECESSARY TO ENABLE THEM TO EVALUATE THE RISKS AND THE MERITS OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES. PRIOR TO MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD CONSIDER CAREFULLY AND IN LIGHT OF THEIR OWN FINANCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES AND INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES ALL THE INFORMATION SET FORTH IN THIS PROSPECTUS AND, IN PARTICULAR, THE CONSIDERATIONS SET FORTH BELOW.

PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD (A) MAKE SUCH INQUIRIES AND INVESTIGATIONS AS THEY DEEM APPROPRIATE AND NECESSARY AND (B) REACH THEIR OWN VIEWS PRIOR TO MAKING ANY INVESTMENT DECISIONS WITHOUT RELYING ON THE ISSUER OR ANY OF THE JOINT ARRANGERS OR ANY OF THE JOINT LEAD MANAGERS OR ANY OTHER PARTY REFERRED TO HEREIN.

IT SHOULD BE REMEMBERED THAT THE PRICE OF SECURITIES AND THE INCOME DERIVING FROM THEM MAY INCREASE AS WELL AS DECREASE.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT INTENDED TO FURNISH LEGAL, REGULATORY, TAX, ACCOUNTING, INVESTMENT OR OTHER ADVICE TO ANY PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER OF THE NOTES.

THE FOLLOWING IS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN FACTORS WHICH PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD CONSIDER BEFORE DECIDING TO PURCHASE ANY NOTES. THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE NOT EXHAUSTIVE; PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE REQUESTED TO CONSIDER ALL THE INFORMATION IN THIS PROSPECTUS, MAKE SUCH OTHER ENQUIRIES AND INVESTIGATIONS AS THEY CONSIDER APPROPRIATE AND REACH THEIR OWN VIEWS PRIOR TO MAKING ANY INVESTMENT DECISIONS. THESE FACTORS ARE CONTINGENCIES WHICH MAY OR MAY NOT OCCUR, AND THE ISSUER IS NOT IN A POSITION TO EXPRESS A VIEW ON THE LIKELIHOOD OF ANY SUCH CONTINGENCY OCCURRING.

I. RISK FACTORS SPECIFIC TO THE SECURITIES

(i) Optional Redemption:

UCI will have the option to exercise the Optional Redemption and hence instruct the Management Company to carry out an Early Redemption for the entire issue of the Notes in whole (but not in part) upon the terms set forth in section 4.9.4 of the Securities Note. UCI may exercise the Optional Redemption even if creditors with lower ranking to Class A Notes, such as Class B Noteholders, suffer a loss.

The exercise of the Optional Redemption will cause the Issuer to make payments of principal on the Notes earlier than expected and will shorten the maturity of the Notes. If principal of the Notes is repaid earlier than expected, Noteholders may not be able to reinvest the principal in a comparable security with an effective interest rate equivalent to the interest rate on the relevant Class of Notes.

(ii) Yield and duration:

The calculation of the average life, yield and duration of the Notes set forth in section 4.10 of the Securities Note is subject to, *inter alia*, estimates of Receivables prepayment rates that may not materialise, as well as future market interest rates, given the variable nature of nominal interest rates, defaults and recoveries. The loan prepayment rate is also influenced by a variety of economic and social factors such as market interest rates, default rates, redemption rates, the economic situation and social factors of the Obligor and the overall level of economic activity, which makes forecasting impossible.

No guarantee can be given as to the level of prepayments (in part or in full) that the Receivables may experience.

Faster than expected rates of principal repayments and/or prepayments on the Mortgage Loans will cause the Issuer to make payments of principal on the Notes earlier than expected and will shorten the maturity of such Notes.

If principal of the Notes is repaid earlier than expected, Noteholders may not be able to reinvest the principal in a comparable security with an effective interest rate equivalent to the interest rate on the Notes. Similarly, if principal is repaid on the Notes later than expected due to lower rates of principal repayments and/or prepayments than expected on certain Receivables, Noteholders may lose reinvestment opportunities. Noteholders will bear all reinvestment risk resulting from receiving payments of principal on the Notes earlier or later than expected.

(iii) Limited liquidity:

Although application will be made for the Notes to be admitted to the AIAF Fixed-Income Market and trading on its regulated market, there is no guarantee that the Notes will be traded on the market with a minimum frequency or volume.

There is no commitment by any entity to engage in secondary trading to provide liquidity to the Notes.

(iv) Default interest:

Deferred payments of interest will not accrue default interest in favour of the Noteholders.

(v) The Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors

The issue is addressed solely to qualified investors as defined in Article 39 of Royal Decree 1310/2005.

The Notes are complex securities and investors should possess, or seek the advice of advisers with, the expertise necessary to evaluate the information contained in this Prospectus in the context of such investor's individual financial circumstances and tolerance for risk. An investor should not purchase Notes unless it understands the principal repayment, credit, liquidity, market and other risks associated with the Notes.

In particular, each potential investor should:

- (i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained in this Prospectus;
- (ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;

- (iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes;
- (iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the Notes and be familiar with the behaviours of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

The Notes are limited recourse instruments and there can be no assurance that the Noteholders will receive the full amounts payable at any time by the Fund under the Notes or that they will receive any return on their investment in the Notes.

Neither the Issuer nor the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers is acting as an investment adviser, or assumes any fiduciary obligation, to any investor in the Notes and investors may not rely on any such entity.

Neither the Joint Arrangers nor the Joint Lead Managers have undertaken to review the financial condition or affairs of the Fund during the life of the arrangements contemplated by this Prospectus, or to advise any investor or potential investor in the Notes of any information that is not included in this Prospectus that comes to the attention of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers.

(vi) Rating of the Notes:

The credit risk of the Class A Notes has been assessed by the ratings agencies Fitch Ratings España, S.A.U. and Moody's Investors Service España, S.A. (the "**Rating Agencies**").

The Rating Agencies may revise, suspend or withdraw the final ratings assigned to the Notes at any time, based on any information that may come to their attention.

Therefore, these ratings are not and cannot be construed in any way as an invitation, recommendation or encouragement to investors to proceed to engage in any transaction whatsoever in the Notes and, in particular, to acquire, keep, encumber or sell those Notes.

In general, European regulated investors are restricted from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes under Regulation 1060/2009, unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EU and registered under Regulation 1060/2009 (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended). Such general restriction also applies in the case of credit ratings issued by non-EU credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EU-registered credit rating agency or the relevant non-EU rating agency is certified in accordance with Regulation 1060/2009 (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended). The list of registered and certified rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority ("**ESMA**") on its website in accordance with Regulation 1060/2009 is not conclusive evidence of the status of the relevant rating agency included in such list, as there may be delays between certain supervisory measures being taken against a relevant rating agency and the publication of the updated ESMA list. Certain information with respect to the credit rating agencies and ratings is set out in this Prospectus.

In addition to the foregoing, unsolicited ratings could be published in respect of the Notes. If such unsolicited ratings are lower than the comparable ratings assigned to

the Notes by the Rating Agencies, those unsolicited ratings could have an adverse effect on the value of the Notes.

(vii) Non confirmation of the provisional ratings of the Notes

Should the provisional ratings of the Class A Notes not be confirmed as final prior to the Disbursement Date the Notes will not be disbursed, and the Fund as well as the contracts executed by the Management Company on behalf of the Fund shall be terminated, except for the Subordinated Loan Agreement, on the terms set forth in Section 4.4.5 of the Registration Document.

(viii) Subordination of the Notes

Class B Notes are subordinated to Class A Notes. Therefore, the payment of interest and the reimbursement of principal for Class B Notes are subordinated to those for Class A Notes.

The subordination rules among the different Classes are established in the Priority of Payments and in the Liquidation Priority of Payments in accordance with section 3.4.6 of the Building Block.

II. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE RECEIVABLES BACKING THE ISSUE

(i) Risk of non-payment of the Mortgage Loans:

If the Assignor does not receive the full amount due from the Obligors in respect of the Receivables, the Noteholders are at risk of receiving less than the face value of their Notes and interest payable thereon. Consequently, the Noteholders are exposed to the credit risk of the Obligors. Neither the Assignor nor the Issuer guarantees or warrants the full and timely payment by the Obligors of any sums payable under the Mortgage Loans. The ability of any Obligor to make timely payments of amounts due under the relevant Mortgage Loan will mainly depend on his or her assets and liabilities as well as his or her ability to generate sufficient income to make the required payments. The Obligors' ability to generate income may be adversely affected by a large number of factors. However, credit enhancement measures have been taken as described in section 3.4.2 of the Additional Building Block.

(ii) Risk of prepayment of the Receivables:

The Mortgage Loans pooled into the Fund are subject to prepayment if the Obligors make an early repayment upon the terms set forth in each of the Mortgage Loan from which the Receivables derive.

The funds from such prepayment will become part of the Available Funds, as described in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block. The risk of prepayment will be transferred to the Noteholders quarterly through the partial redemption of the Notes on each Payment Date, as established in section 4.9.3 of the Securities Note.

(iii) Liability:

The Assignor assumes no liability for non-payment by the Obligors, whether for principal, interest or any other amount owed under the Mortgage Loans. Nor will it assume any other form of liability by directly or indirectly guaranteeing the successful outcome of the transaction.

Pursuant to Article 1,529 of the Civil Code, the Assignor of the Mortgage Loans and MTCs will be liable to the Fund solely for the existence and legitimacy of the

Mortgage Loans at the time of assignment on the terms and conditions set forth in this Prospectus.

(iv) Limited protection:

An investment in Notes may be affected by, *inter alia*, a deterioration in general economic conditions having an adverse effect on the payments under the Mortgage Loans that back the issue of the Fund. In the event that non-payments should reach an elevated level, they could reduce, or even eliminate, the protection against losses in the Mortgage Loan portfolio enjoyed by the Notes as a result of the credit enhancements described in section 3.4.2 of the Additional Building Block. Notwithstanding the foregoing considerations, the risk of the Noteholders is mitigated by the priority of payments described in section 3.4.6 b) of the Additional Building Block.

(v) Geographical concentration:

As specified in section 2.2.2(c.7) of the Additional Building Block, the geographical regions that show a greater concentration of real property securing the Mortgage Loans, based on the percentage of Outstanding Balance of the Receivables, are the following: Cataluña: 23.98% Madrid: 23.31%, and Andalucía: 22.68%, representing a total of 70.00%.

Given the levels of concentration, any negative event affecting these geographical regions could negatively impact the payments to be made by the Obligors in these regions under the Mortgage Loans backing the issue of the Notes.

In the Autonomous Community of Andalusia, Law 1/2010, of 8 March, was passed regulating the right to housing in Andalusia, which together with the First Additional Provision of Law 4/2013, of 1 October, on measures to ensure fulfilment of the social function of housing, also from the Autonomous Community of Andalusia, introduced a series of mechanisms intended to restrict situations leading to eviction. In particular, the First Additional Provision of Law 4/2013 sets out that properties subject to foreclosure proceedings started by, among others, financial entities whose debtor is declared to be at risk of social exclusion, might be subject to up to three years of a standby period in which the debtor may continue using the house. This could have a negative impact on Mortgage Loans recovery in that Community.

At present, Law 4/2013 has been partially suspended (including among others, the three years of standby period mentioned above) as a result of an appeal against its constitutionality, filed by the Government of Spain. The Constitutional Court allowed the appeal, and by the Order issued on 8 April 2014, suspended the application of part of said law until it makes a final ruling. However, in view of the Constitutional Court's recent judgment of 14 May 2015, which partially upheld an appeal on constitutional grounds (n° 4286-2013) also filed by the Government of Spain against the Andalusian Decree on housing predating Law 4/2013 (Decree-law 6/2013, of 9 April), it would be reasonable to expect that the constitutionality appeal in progress would succeed, at least partially, and that the Constitutional Court declare unconstitutional the provisions of Law 4/2013 with content analogous to that of the Decree-law 6/2013, that has been annulled for trespassing on the exclusive powers of the State in matters of "coordinating general economic activity planning."

In the Autonomous Community of Catalonia, the following laws were also passed in relation to empty flats, call option for the administrations in certain areas, situations of over-indebtedness and taxes for permanent vacancy of dwellings:

- Catalanian Decree Law 1/2015, of March 24, on extraordinary and urgent measures for occupancy of residential units acquired in foreclosure proceedings (“**Decree Law 1/2015**”).

Decree Law 1/2015 created the Empty Flat Registry (*Registro de viviendas vacías y de viviendas ocupadas sin título habilitante*) and established the obligation to register residential units that are vacant, or occupied without a legal title to file, within three months from the date it came into force (by 27 June 2015). Additionally, in order to prevent massive discount sales of mortgaged real estate portfolios owned by financial institutions, the Decree Law 1/2015 establishes a call option for the administrations for properties in areas of proven high housing demand. It also establishes that if the owner of the property acquired in a foreclosure proceeding does not carry out rehabilitations works on it within six months from the administration’s notification, the administration can revoke the usufruct (*usufructo*) for between four and ten years when the properties are located in municipalities considered areas with proven high residential demand that are vacant due to inadequate housing conditions.

- Catalanian Act 24/2015, of July 29, on urgent measures to address the housing and energy poverty emergency (“**Act 24/2015**”).

The purpose of Act 24/2015, arising from a popular legislative initiative, is to establish mechanisms aimed at resolving situations of over-indebtedness for individuals and families. Among other measures, the Act 24/2015 establishes several measures to prevent evictions that could lead to situations of homelessness for people at risk of residential exclusion, e.g., the obligation of the acquirer to offer social rental housing to the relevant debtor (i) before acquiring a house by offsetting or payment in kind of mortgage loans on the principal residence; (ii) before signing the sale and purchase of a principal residence, the sale of which results in the inability of the debtor to repay their mortgage loan; (iii) filing for mortgage foreclosure or eviction for non-payment of rent. It also sets out that legal entities meeting certain conditions that own empty housing are obliged to assign this housing for three years, including it in the social housing rental fund. Additionally, Act 24/2015 foresees a pre-emption right by the debtor of loans secured by the principal residence in cases of payment in kind.

Act 24/2015 has been appealed before the Constitutional Court and it is under provisional suspension until the Constitutional Court ratifies or lifts this suspension.

- Catalanian Act 14/2015, of July 21, on tax on empty houses (“**Act 14/2015**”).

In accordance with Act 14/2015, legal entities that own empty houses or hold a usufruct right, a surface right or any other in rem right that grants the right to economic exploitation of those houses will be charged annually with a tax for the permanent vacancy of dwellings for more than two years without a justified cause (the need for restoration or illegal occupation are considered justified reasons for leaving empty houses). The taxable base of this tax consists of the total number of square meters of the houses subject to the tax which are held by the taxpayer on the accrual date. The amount of the tax liability is the result of applying to the taxable base progressive rates within a range of ten to thirty euros per square meter.

- Catalanian Act 4/2016, of 23 December, on rights protection measures to the housing of those with excluding risks (“**Act 4/2016**”).

The purpose of Act 4/2016, in force from 31 December 2016, is to establish certain measures to protect the housing rights and social services, and to regulate extrajudicial procedures to resolve disputes arising from consumer relations in relation to natural persons resident in Catalonia who are in a situation of residential exclusion or who are at risk of being in that situation of exclusion.

Among other measures, Act 4/2016 establishes:

- i. The temporary expropriation (minimum of four (4) to a maximum of ten (10) years) of the use of empty housing to banks / credit entities and large holders of housing by the Catalan public administrations in order to have an available social housing rental fund for those who are in a situation of residential exclusion or who are at risk of being in that situation of exclusion.
- ii. The obligation to offer social rental housing to the relevant debtor (i) before acquiring a house by offsetting or payment in kind of mortgage loans on the principal residence; (ii) before signing the sale and purchase of a principal residence, the sale of which results in the inability of the debtor to repay their mortgage loan; (iii) filing for mortgage foreclosure or eviction for non-payment of rent.
- iii. A mediation process between over indebted families and banks / credit entities through the creation of commissions. In the mediation a budgetary consolidation plan is established for the debtor that may include: (i) the reorganisation of any loan, credit, or any other debt, including the possibility of making a division or deferment of the payments; (ii) partial or total debt forgiveness; and (iii) release of debts.

The situation in Cataluña has changed as a result of the referendum organized by the government of Cataluña on 1 October 2017.

Law 20/2017, of September 8, on the legal transition and foundation of the Republic, of the Catalan Parliament (“**Transition Law**”) was published in the Official Gazette of the Catalan government and states from the beginning of its preamble its intention of overthrowing the constitutional (and statutory) order, establishing the legal basis for the transition to a new Catalan state in the form of a republic, once its independence has been declared. Under the Third Additional Provision of the Transition Law, its entry into force is subject to the fulfillment of the requirement indicated in article 4.4 of the Law of the Catalan Parliament number 19/2017, of September 6, on the Catalan Referendum on Self-determination (“**Referendum Law**”), which establishes that *“if the validly cast votes counted result in more affirmative than negative votes, the result will imply the independence of Catalonia.”*

The Spanish government appealed against both the Transition Law and the Referendum Law before the Constitutional Court.

- The appeal was admitted in the order of 12 September 2017, suspending its effects. The practical effect of suspending the validity and application of a law would produce the same result as if that law did not exist: the legal system would remain unchanged, with the same contents it had prior to the publication of the suspended law. Thus, no action by a public authority could be justified by the suspended law, and no obligation or right would derive for citizens from it. From another point of view, this means that illegitimate actions performed by public authorities under a law that is not in force and does not apply would entail their

liability (on many levels) and entitle unduly coerced citizens to seek the protection of the courts of justice.

- The Referendum Law was unanimously declared wholly unconstitutional and null in the Constitutional Court's ruling 114/2017, of 17 October 2017. This ruling results in the annulment *erga omnes* (towards everyone) of the Referendum Law.

On 10 October 2017, the president of the Catalan government made a declaration in the Catalan Parliament acknowledging the results of the referendum held on 1 October 2017, and then proposed to suspend the effect of that declaration. In view of this, the Spanish government, through the Council of Ministers Agreement of 11 October 2017, issued the injunction provided under article 155 of the Spanish Constitution (the “**Constitution**”), urging the Catalan president to clarify whether he had declared independence and, if so, to restore the constitutional order.

On 21 October 2017, the Council of Ministers, considering that it had not received a response to the injunction, agreed to ask the Spanish Senate, under article 155 of the Constitution, to authorize the adoption of measures necessary to ensure compliance with the constitutional obligations and the protection of the general interest.

On 27 October 2017, the plenary session of the Catalan Parliament adopted a motion for a resolution tabled that same day by the parliamentary groups *Junts pel Sí* and *Candidatura d'Unitat Popular-Crida Constituent*, which included a declaration stating that “*freely exercising the right to self-determination,*” the Catalan representatives constituted “*the Catalan republic, as an independent and sovereign state,*” and would “*bring into force the Transition Law*” as well as the proposal to initiate the constituent process. This unilateral declaration of independence adopted by the Catalan parliament on 27 October 2017, based on the Transition Law and the Referendum Law has no legal effect, to the extent that the Transition Law, as well as being suspended, lacks the factual grounds to which it had subjected its own entry into force, as the Referendum Law has been definitively excluded from the legal system. Without prejudice to its unconstitutionality, the Constitutional Court admitted the appeal for protection (“*recurso de amparo*”) against this resolution (appeal no. 5239/2017-E), in the framework of which the Constitutional Court must now rule on the request for the precautionary suspension of its effects.

Moreover, on 27 October 2017, the plenary session of the Spanish Senate agreed to adopt the measures presented by the Spanish government under article 155 of the Spanish Constitution, with some amendments to those previously requested. That same date, the Spanish president announced, among other measures, the dismissal of the Catalan government and the order to hold regional elections on 21 December 2017. As a consequence, the deposed authorities will no longer be able to exercise the competences and prerogatives of their former positions.

As a consequence of the preceding, the Spanish Government has decreased its economic outlook for 2018, and the National Securities Market Commission (*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*) —in its Bulletin published in October 2017— has mentioned the uncertainty derived from the political turmoil in Catalonia as a domestic risk.

The result of this situation in Catalonia could lead to economic impact and lack of confidence in foreign investors.

The Issuer cannot predict the outcome of a continuation of the uncertainty in Catalonia, nor how this could impact the Notes, the Mortgage Loans or the Fund's capacity to pay principal and interests to the Noteholders.

(vi) Loan to Value

As specified in section 2.2.6. of the Additional Building Block, 11.03% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables have a current LTV ratio (expressed as a percentage of the outstanding principal amount and the original property valuation in accordance with the provisions of Order ECO/805/2003 of the properties currently mortgaged) greater than 80%, but equal or lower than 100%, being the average weighted LTV ratio of 59.91%.

Furthermore, 56,02% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables were originated prior to 2009, in which the valuation of the properties used to calculate the LTV ratio might have been higher than the current valuation of such properties. This potential valuation difference is not reflected in the LTV ratio.

(vii) Damages Insurance

As specified in section 2.2.10. of the Additional Building Block, the assets securing the Mortgage Loans were insured against damages at the time of granting the Mortgage Loans, in accordance with the provisions of Order ECO/805/2003.

However, as of today, there is no evidence that the damage insurance policies purchased at the time of granting the Mortgage Loans are still in place.

(viii) Impact of Law 1/2013:

The current text of Law 1/2013, of 14 May, on measures to strengthen the protections for mortgage debtors, debt restructuring and social rent ("**Law 1/2013**"), as amended by Law 25/2015, of 28 July, on the second-chance mechanism, reduction of financial burden and other social measures ("**Law 25/2015**") as amended by Royal Decree 5/2017 of 17 March, consists of four Sections that introduce a set of measures that could affect the Mortgage Loans.

As a result of the foregoing, the Fund, as the holder of credit rights derived from the Mortgage Loans, may be affected by, among other things, (i) a delay in delivery of possession of the common property awarded due to the interruption, for up to seven (7) years, of the relocation of the occupants thereof in situations of special vulnerability, (ii) a delay in collection of the credit rights transferred, with a possible prolonged period for the foreclosure proceedings, whether in court or out-of-court, and (iii) obtaining amounts resulting from such foreclosure processes lower than could have been obtained until now due to, among other things, the limit on the applicable maximum default interest rate, that shall not be greater than three times the legal interest rate and shall only be accrued over the outstanding principal of the loan.

In connection with Section IV of Law 1/2013, it should be noted that UCI has adhered to the amendments to the Code of Good Practice endorsed by the aforementioned Law 1/2013 on 21 October 2014. The Code of Good Practice contains a set of measures that may affect the recovery of the unpaid Mortgage Loans and, therefore, may affect the Fund, in particular:

- The restructuring of the debt foreseen in the Code of Good Practice could delay the repayment of the debt if a grace period in the repayment of the principal is granted and there is a deferral on the repayment calendar. Likewise, if the interest

rate is reduced during the grace period this would reduce the exigible amounts claimable by the Fund.

- The write-off in the outstanding principal, in accordance with the Code of Good Practice, would reduce the exigible amounts claimable by the Fund.
- The payment in kind as an alternative measure of the foreclosure proceedings, in accordance with the Code of Good Practice, would entail a total cancellation of the mortgaged debt and the related personal liability of the debtor and third parties.
- The right of the obligor under the mortgage to request the creditor the rental of the housing for a period of one year including the option to extend the rental up to five (5) years with a maximum annual rent of 3% of the value of the house at the time of the approval of the adjudication of the asset.

As a result, to the extent that the Management Company acknowledges and agrees that UCI has adhered to the amendments to the Code of Good Practice, the Fund may be affected by the measures set out therein (which are applicable to the entire portfolio of loans, including the Mortgage Loans), and which may entail an extension of the period for foreclosure proceedings and cause a loss in the value of the Mortgage Loans.

(ix) Potential delays on foreclosure proceedings:

Pursuant to the Mortgage Market law and its developing regulation (in particular Articles 30 and 31 of Royal Decree 716/2009) the issuer of the mortgage participations / mortgage transfer certificates (the originator) in a securitisation of mortgage loans is entitled to initiate and carry out enforcement proceedings in respect of the assigned mortgage loans.

In the more litigious environment in which we are operating today, to our knowledge a few first instance court rulings have, on the basis of facts which are not necessarily equivalent to those applicable to this transaction, rejected the foreclosure of mortgage loans transferred through mortgage participations on procedural law grounds -lack of procedural standing ("*falta de legitimación activa*")-, arguing that it should be Issuer the one foreclosing the mortgage loans rather than the originator. Some of such rulings have been quashed on appeal as the Mortgage Market Law entitles the originator, as servicer of the mortgage loans, to enforce the mortgages on behalf of the Issuer.

III. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE FUND

(i) Absence of legal status of the Fund. Limitation of legal actions against the Management Company:

The Fund constitutes a separate set of assets and liabilities, lacking legal status, which is managed by the Management Company in accordance with Law 5/2015. The Fund's liability for its obligations vis-à-vis its creditors will be limited in recourse to the extent of its assets.

The Noteholders and the Other Creditors (as this term is defined in the Rules for the Creditors' Meeting) of the Fund may only bring an action against the Fund's Management Company in the case of a breach of its duties or failure to observe the provisions of the Deed of Incorporation or this Prospectus.

The Noteholders and the Other Creditors of the Fund will not have any rights of action either against the Fund or against the Management Company in the event of a payment default of the amounts due from the Fund arising out of (i) the existence of delinquency in repayment or non-payment of the Receivables, (ii) the failure by the Assignor or by the counterparties to the transactions entered into on behalf of the Fund to comply with their duties, or (iii) the insufficiency of the financial transactions aimed at hedging or generally enhancing and covering the financial obligations of the Notes.

(ii) Mandatory replacement of the Management Company:

If the Management Company is declared bankrupt or its authorisation to operate as a management company of securitisation of funds is revoked, without prejudice to the effects of such bankruptcy as described below, the Management Company shall find a substitute management company. If four (4) months have elapsed from the occurrence of the event requiring the substitution and a new management company that is prepared to take over the management of the Fund has not been found, an Early Liquidation of the Fund will be triggered and the Liquidation Priority of Payments will apply.

(iii) Applicability of the Insolvency Act:

Assignor:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Second Additional Provision of Law 22/2003 of 9 July (the “**Insolvency Act**”), the bankruptcy provisions of Law 5/2015 will apply, and therefore, in the event of the insolvency (as this term is defined in the Insolvency Act) of the Assignor, the sale of the Receivables may be rescinded only if an action for such rescission is pursued in which fraud is demonstrated to have existed in that sale.

In the event of the insolvency of the Assignor, all Fund assets held by the Assignor, except for cash due to the fungible nature thereof, will become the property of the Fund and must be made available under the terms of Articles 80 and 81 of the Insolvency Act.

Notwithstanding the above, this Prospectus and the Deed of Incorporation envisage certain mechanisms aimed at mitigating the aforementioned effects in relation to cash due to its fungible nature.

According to the interpretation of a majority of legal scholars regarding Articles 80 and 81 of the Insolvency Act, if the Assignor is declared insolvent, monies received and held thereby on behalf of the Fund in its capacity as counterparty to certain agreements it signs before the date of declaration of insolvency may be affected by the results of the insolvency.

If the Assignor becomes insolvent, the assignment of the Receivables to the Fund may be subject to rescission pursuant to the provisions of the Insolvency Act and special regulations applicable to securitisation funds.

By virtue of Article 16 of Law 5/2015 (in reference to Article 15 of Law 2/1981), the assignment of the Receivables transferred to the Fund may only be rescinded or challenged under Article 71 of the Insolvency Act by the insolvency administration and in so challenging, the insolvency administration will have to prove the existence of fraud in the assignment.

Management Company:

In the event of insolvency of the Management Company, it must be replaced by another management company in accordance with the provisions of Article 33 of Law 5/2015.

In the event of the bankruptcy of the Management Company, as applicable, any assets of the Fund that are in the possession of the Management Company, and with respect to which the latter has no right of use, surety or retention (except for cash due to its fungible nature) and that form part of the latter's assets will be construed as belonging to the Fund, and the receivers in bankruptcy must deliver them to the Fund. In practice, due to the cash flow arrangements in this transaction, and except in the event of a breach by the Management Company of the terms of the relevant agreements, no cash amounts will become part of the assets of the Management Company given that, as provided in the terms set forth in the Deed of Incorporation and in this Prospectus, amounts which constitute revenues of the Fund must be deposited into accounts opened on behalf of the Fund by the Management Company (which is involved in opening and operating such accounts not only as the agent of the Fund, but as its legal representative; therefore, the Fund would be entitled to absolute separation of those assets from the Management Company in this respect, upon the terms set forth in Articles 80 and 81 of the Insolvency Act).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the insolvency of any of the Parties (whether the Assignor or any other counterparty of the Fund) could affect their contractual relationships with the Fund.

(iv) Breach of agreements by third parties:

The Fund has entered into agreements with certain third parties for the provision of certain services in relation to the operation of the Fund and in relation to the Notes. These agreements include the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement, the Payment Agency Agreement and the Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement.

The Noteholders may be adversely affected if any of the parties thereto breach the obligations assumed under any of the aforesaid agreements. Nevertheless, certain mechanisms are contemplated in the relevant contracts to mitigate such possible breaches, such as the options to be pursued in the event of a decrease in ratings of certain counterparties. These mechanisms are described in this Prospectus.

(v) Eurosystem eligibility:

The Class A Notes are intended to be held in a manner that will allow for their eligibility within the Eurosystem. This means that it is intended for the Class A Notes to be deposited with one of Iberclear, Euroclear or Clearstream upon the issuance thereof and does not necessarily mean that the Class A Notes will be recognised by the Eurosystem as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations (“**Eurosystem Eligible Collateral**”) either upon issue or at any or all times during its term. Such recognition will, *inter alia*, depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria set out in the Guideline of the European Central Bank (the “**ECB**”) of 20 September 2011 on monetary policy instruments and procedures of the Eurosystem (recast) (ECB/2011/14) as amended and applicable at any particular time (the “**Guideline**”). In addition, for as long as the Class A Notes are intended to be held in a manner allowing for Eurosystem eligibility, the Servicer will make loan-level data available in the manner required by the ECB to comply with the Eurosystem eligibility criteria, subject to applicable data protection rules.

On 15 December 2010 the Governing Council of the ECB decided to establish loan-by-loan information requirements for asset-backed securities in the Eurosystem collateral framework. On 28 November 2012, in the Guideline of the ECB of 26 November 2012 amending Guideline ECB/2011/14 on monetary policy instruments and procedures of the Eurosystem (ECB/2012/25), the ECB laid down the reporting requirements related to the loan-level data for asset-backed securities. Such reporting requirements have applied since 3 January 2013 in the case of residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS). For asset-backed securities to become or to remain eligible for Eurosystem monetary policy operations, the Eurosystem requires comprehensive and standardised loan-level data on the pool of cash flow generating assets underlying an asset-backed security to be submitted by the relevant parties to the asset-backed security, as set out in appendix 8 (loan-level data reporting requirements for asset-backed securities) of the Guideline. Failure to provide loan-level data will lead to suspension of or refusal to grant eligibility to the asset-backed security transaction in question.

If the Class A Notes do not satisfy the criteria specified by the ECB, or if the Servicer fails to submit the required loan-level data, the Class A Notes will not be eligible collateral for the Eurosystem. Each of the Issuer, the Joint Lead Managers and the Joint Arrangers gives no representation, warranty, confirmation or guarantee to any investor in the Class A Notes that the Class A Notes will, either upon issue or at any or at all times during its term, satisfy all or any requirements for Eurosystem eligibility and be recognised as Eurosystem Eligible Collateral. Any potential investor in the Class A Notes should make its own conclusions and seek its own advice with respect to whether or not the Class A Notes constitute Eurosystem Eligible Collateral.

(vi) Economic conditions in the Eurozone:

Existing concerns relating to credit risks (including those relating to sovereign securities and entities exposed to sovereign securities) may still intensify over the coming months. In particular, concerns have been raised with respect to current economic, monetary and political conditions in the Eurozone. If such concerns persist and/or such conditions further deteriorate (including, inter alia, by actions of a relevant credit rating agency, any default or restructuring of indebtedness by one or more governments or institutions, any changes to the Eurozone, including any disruptions thereto), such matters may cause further severe stress in the financial system generally and/or may adversely affect one or more of the parties to the transaction documents (including the Assignor, the Servicer).

Given the current uncertainties and the range of possible outcomes, no assurance can be given as to the impact of any of the matters described above and, in particular, no assurance can be given that such matters would not adversely affect the rights of the Noteholders, the market value of the Notes and/or the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under the Notes.

(vii) Regulatory initiatives may result in increased regulatory capital requirements and/or decreased liquidity in respect of the Notes:

There is increased political and regulatory scrutiny of the asset-backed securities industry in Europe, the United States and elsewhere. This has resulted in draft measures for increased regulation that are currently at various stages of implementation. Among those draft measures, are two legislative proposals on the prudential treatment of securitisations, namely (i) a proposal for a regulation (“**STS Regulation**”) of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down common

rules on securitisation and creating a European framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation and amending Directives 2009/65/EC, 2009/138/EC, 2011/61/EU and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 648/2012, which is expected to enter into force on January 2019 and (ii) a proposal for a regulation (CRR amendment) of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms. These proposals may have an adverse impact on the regulatory capital charge to certain investors in securitisation exposures and/or the incentives for certain investors to hold asset-backed securities, and may thereby affect the liquidity of such securities.

There are still material differences between the legislative proposals and the current requirements. No assurance can be given that the transaction will be designated as an “STS securitisation” under the STS Regulation at any point in the future.

Investors in the Notes are responsible for analysing their own regulatory position and none of the Issuer, the Joint Arrangers, the Joint Lead Managers or the Assignor makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes regarding the regulatory capital treatment of their investment on the Date of Incorporation or at any time in the future.

In particular, investors should be aware of the EU risk retention and due diligence requirements which currently apply, or are expected to apply in the future, in respect of various types of EU regulated investors including credit institutions, authorised alternative investment fund managers, investment firms, insurance and reinsurance undertakings and UCITS funds. Among other things, such requirements restrict a relevant investor from investing in asset-backed securities unless (i) that investor is able to demonstrate that it has undertaken certain due diligence in respect of various matters including its note position, the underlying assets and (in the case of certain types of investors) the relevant sponsor or originator, and (ii) the originator, sponsor or original lender in respect of the relevant securitisation has explicitly disclosed to the investor that it will retain, on an on-going basis, a net economic interest of not less than 5 per cent. in respect of certain specified credit risk tranches or asset exposures. Failure to comply with one or more of the requirements may result in various penalties including, in the case of those investors subject to regulatory capital requirements, the imposition of a penal capital charge on the notes acquired by the relevant investor.

Aspects of the requirements and what is or will be required to demonstrate compliance to national regulators remain unclear.

The risk retention and due diligence requirements described above apply, or are expected to apply, in respect of the Notes. Investors should therefore make themselves aware of such requirements (and any corresponding implementing rules of their regulator), where applicable to them, in addition to any other regulatory requirements applicable to them with respect to their investment in the Notes. With respect to the commitment of the Assignor to retain a material net economic interest in the securitisation and with respect to the information to be made available by the Issuer or another relevant party, please see the statements set out in the section 2.2.8 of the Additional Building Block. Relevant investors are required to independently assess and determine the sufficiency of the information described above for the purposes of complying with any relevant requirements and none of the Issuer, the Joint Arrangers or the Joint Lead Managers makes any representation that the information described above is sufficient in all circumstances for such purposes.

The EU risk retention and due diligence requirements described above and any other changes to the regulation or regulatory treatment of the Notes for some or all investors may negatively impact the regulatory position of individual investors and, in addition, have a negative impact on the price and liquidity of the Notes in the secondary market.

(viii) U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance withholding may affect payments on the Notes. Common Standard on Reporting and Due Diligence for Financial Account Information (CRS) no withholding obligation:

On 18 March 2010 the United States enacted provisions commonly referred to as the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“**FATCA**”), which introduce reporting requirements for foreign financial institutions (FFIs) with respect to certain accounts.

Sections 1471 to 1474 of FATCA impose new reporting rules and, potentially, a 30 percent withholding tax on (i) certain payments from sources within the United States, (ii) “foreign pass-through payments” made to certain non-U.S. financial institutions (any such non-U.S. financial institution, an “**FFI**”) that do not comply with the new reporting rules, and (iii) payments to certain investors that do not provide identification information with respect to interests issued by a participating FFI (collectively, “**Withholdable Payments**”). For so long as the Notes are held within the clearing systems, it is not expected that FATCA will affect the amount of any payment received by the clearing systems in any but the most remote circumstances. However, FATCA may affect payments made to custodians or intermediaries in the subsequent payment chain leading to the ultimate investor if any such custodian or intermediary is generally unable to receive payments free of FATCA withholding. It also may affect payment to any ultimate investor that is a financial institution that is not entitled to receive payments free of withholding under FATCA, or an ultimate investor that fails to provide its broker (or other custodian or intermediary from which it receives payment) with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for the payments to be made free of FATCA withholding. Investors should choose the custodians or intermediaries with care (to ensure each is compliant with FATCA or other laws or agreements related to FATCA) and provide each custodian or intermediary with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for such custodian or intermediary to make a payment free of FATCA withholding. The Issuer’s obligations under the Notes are discharged once it has paid the Clearing Systems, and the Issuer therefore has no responsibility for any amount thereafter transmitted through the Clearing Systems and custodians or intermediaries.

The United States and the Government of the Kingdom of Spain have entered into an intergovernmental agreement to facilitate the implementation of FATCA (the “**IGA**”). An FFI (such as the Issuer) that complies with the terms of the IGA as well as applicable local law requirements will not be subject to withholding under FATCA with respect to Withholdable Payments that it receives. Further, an FFI that complies with the terms of the IGA will not be required to withhold under FATCA on payments it makes to accountholders of such FFI (unless it has agreed to do so under the U.S. “qualified intermediary,” “withholding foreign partnership,” or “withholding foreign trust” regimes). Pursuant to the IGA, an FFI is required to report certain information in respect of certain of its account holders to its home government, whereupon such information will be provided to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service. The Issuer will undertake to comply with the IGA and any local implementing legislation, but there is no assurance that it will be able to do so.

An FFI that fails to comply with the terms of the IGA may become subject to the FATCA withholding described above. Additionally, a failure to comply with future local implementing legislation may result in negative consequences to an FFI. The imposition of FATCA withholding on payments made to the Issuer would reduce profitability, and thus the cash available to make payments on the Notes. Prospective investors should consult their advisors about the potential application of FATCA.

The FATCA Status of the Issuer within the scope of IGA is, as of the date of registration of this Prospectus, a Sponsored Foreign Financial Institution (FFI) with Global Intermediary Identification Number (GIIN), registered on the U.S. Internal Revenue Service portal.

Common Standard on Reporting and Due Diligence for Financial Account Information (CRS)

Based on the application of FATCA, the Common Reporting Standard (CRS), approved by the OECD Council on 15 July 2014, calls on jurisdictions to obtain information from their financial institutions and automatically exchange that information with other jurisdictions on an annual basis. Unlike FATCA, it is based upon tax residence as opposed to citizenship and there is no withholding obligation under CRS.

Spain has transposed the EU legislative amendments into its legal system by modifying its General Tax Act, modifying the General Regulations on Tax Inspection and Management Procedures, and incorporating Royal Decree 1021/2015 of 13 November. Penalty for non-compliance is regulated under Spanish law.

The CRS Status of the Issuer is, as of the date of registration of this Prospectus, a Financial Institution (FI) but there is no requirement to register and receive a unique identifier of compliance under CRS.

(ix) Implementation of, and/or changes to, the prudential regulatory framework applicable to certain financial institutions may affect the capital requirements and/or the liquidity associated with a holding of the Notes for certain investors

The Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (the **Basel Committee**) approved significant changes to the international prudential regulatory framework for banks (such changes being commonly referred to as **Basel III**). In particular, Basel III provides for a substantial strengthening of existing prudential rules, including new requirements intended to reinforce capital standards (with heightened requirements for global systemically important banks) and to establish a leverage ratio “backstop”. There is provision for phased implementation of the capital standards, meaning that these requirements will not apply in full until January 2019, with some minor transitional provisions allowing phase-in until 2024.

The EU has implemented Basel III by means of the **CRR** (Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council) which became directly applicable in all EU Member States from 1 January 2014, and the **Capital Requirements Directive** (Directive 2013/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council), which required implementation into national law by Member States (together with CRR, **CRD IV**). CRD IV, which applies to banks and certain investment firms, was published in the Official Journal on 27 June 2013 and came into effect on 1 January 2014, with particular requirements to be effective by 2019. CRD IV, which applies to banks and certain investment firms, substantially reflects

the Basel III capital and liquidity standards and facilitates the applicable implementation timeframes.

Basel III also provides for certain minimum liquidity standards, referred to as the **Liquidity Coverage Ratio** and the **Net Stable Funding Ratio**. Under a Delegated Regulation made under the CRR, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio is being phased in over four years, since 1 October 2015.

Since 1 January 2016, a new prudential regulatory regime has applied to insurers and reinsurers in the EU, as a result of the implementation of the **Solvency II Directive** (Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council). Under the new regime, such firms will be required to meet new capital requirements, consisting of a minimum capital requirement (MCR) and a solvency capital requirement (SCR). The calculation of the SCR requires the application of various adjustments to take account of a firm's risk profile, including stress testing of the firm's assets to determine the level of capital charge applicable to particular asset types. As a result, certain asset types will attract a higher capital charge than others.

Implementation of the Basel III and/or Solvency II framework (to the extent not already implemented in the relevant jurisdictions) and/or any further changes put forward by the Basel Committee, European or national regulators in relation to such framework may have an impact on incentives to hold the Notes for investors that are subject to requirements that follow such framework and, as a result, they may affect the liquidity and/or value of the Notes.

In general, investors should consult their own advisers as to the regulatory capital requirements in respect of the Notes and as to the consequences for and effect on them of any changes to the Basel III and/or Solvency II framework and the relevant implementing measures. No predictions can be made as to the precise effects of such matters on any investor or otherwise.

(x) No Representation as to compliance with liquidity coverage ratio or Solvency II requirements

Investors should conduct their own due diligence and analysis to determine:

- (a) whether or not the Notes may qualify as high quality liquid assets for the purposes of the liquidity coverage ratio introduced by the CRR, as implemented by the LCR Delegated Act and national implementation measures and, if so, whether they may qualify as Level 2A or Level 2B assets as described in the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 of 10 October 2014, as amended to supplement CRR (the "**LCR Delegated Regulation**"); and
- (b) whether or not the Notes may qualify as an investment in a Type 1 or Type 2 securitisation as described in Article 254(2) of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35 of 10 October 2014, as amended, supplementing Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II) (the "**Solvency II Delegated Act**").

None of the Issuer, the Joint Arrangers, the Joint Lead Managers or the Assignor makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes as to these matters on the Disbursement Date or at any time in the future.

(xi) Disclosure requirements CRA Regulation (*Regulation on Credit Rating Agencies*)

The Regulation (EU) No 462/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 on credit rating agencies (“**CRA3**”) became effective on 20 June 2013. CRA3 provides for certain additional disclosure requirements which are applicable in relation to structured finance transactions. Such disclosures will need to be made via a website to be set up by ESMA. The information to be published pursuant to the CRA3 disclosure requirements, its update frequency and the standardised disclosure template are subject to regulatory technical standards to be prepared by ESMA.

The precise scope and manner of such disclosure will be subject to regulatory technical standards (for the purposes of this section, “**CRA3 RTS**”) prepared by ESMA. On 30 September 2014, the European Commission adopted three CRA3 RTS to implement provisions of the CRA3. The CRA3 RTS specify (i) the information that the issuer, originator and sponsor of a structured finance instrument established in the European Union must jointly disclose on the ESMA website, (ii) the frequency with which this information is to be updated and (iii) the presentation of this information by means of standardised disclosure templates.

On 27 April 2016, ESMA published a press release in which it acknowledged that it would not be in a position to set up the abovementioned website or receive the information related to the structured finance instruments. In its press release, ESMA stated that it expected that the proposed new securitisation legislation, which is currently being considered by the European Parliament and the Council of the EU, will provide clarity on the future obligation regarding reporting on structured finance instruments. Investors should consult their legal advisors as to the applicability of the CRA3 RTS and any consequences of non-compliance in respect of their investments in the Notes.

Additionally, CRA3 has introduced a requirement that where an issuer or related third parties (which term includes sponsors and originators) intends to solicit a credit rating of a structured finance instrument it will appoint at least two credit rating agencies and should consider appointing at least one rating agency having not more than a 10 per cent. total market share (as measured in accordance with Article 8d(3) of the CRA (as amended by CRA3 RTS)) (“**a small CRA**”), provided that a small CRA is capable of rating the relevant issuance or entity. Where the issuer or a related third party does not appoint at least one credit rating agency with no more than 10% market share, this must be documented. In order to give effect to those provisions of Article 8d of CRA3, ESMA is required to annually publish a list of registered CRAs, their total market share, and the types of credit rating they issue.

On the Date of Incorporation, there remains uncertainty as to what the consequences would be for the Issuer, related third parties and investors resulting from any potential non-compliance by the Issuer with the CRA Regulation upon application of the reporting obligations.

(xii) Volcker Rule

The Issuer is not required to register, and will not be registered as a result of the offer and sale of the Notes, as an “investment company” as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “**Investment Company Act**”), under the Investment Company Act. The Issuer is not now, and will not be immediately following the issuance of the Notes, a “covered fund” for purposes of Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or the final regulations issued on 10 December 2013 by the Federal Reserve Board, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Office of the Comptroller of the

Currency, the Commodities Futures Trading Commission and the Securities Exchange Commission (commonly referred to as the Volcker Rule). This conclusion is based on the exemption from registration set forth in the Investment Company Act and the exclusions under the Volcker Rule.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any potential investor that may be considered as a Relevant Banking Entity under the Volcker Rule (as such term is defined thereunder) should make its own inquiries and investigations and should consult its legal advisor, as they deem appropriate, in order to conclude whether investing in the Notes implies a failure to comply with the Volcker Rule.

IV. OTHER RISK FACTORS. U.S. RISK RETENTION

The Credit Risk Retention regulations implemented by the SEC pursuant to Section 15G of the Exchange Act (the "**U.S. Risk Retention Rules**") came into effect with respect to certain securities on 24 December 2015 and generally require the "securitizer" of a "securitization transaction" to retain at least 5 per cent. of the "credit risk" of "securitized assets", as such terms are defined for purposes of that statute, and generally prohibit a securitizer from directly or indirectly eliminating or reducing its credit exposure by hedging or otherwise transferring the credit risk that the securitizer is required to retain. The U.S. Risk Retention Rules also provide for certain exemptions from the risk retention obligation that they generally impose.

For purposes of this transaction, the "securitizer" shall be the Assignor, the "securitized assets" shall be the Receivables and the sponsor shall also be the Assignor.

The transaction will not involve the retention by a securitizer of at least 5 per cent. of the credit risk of the Issuer for the purposes of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, but rather will be made in reliance on a safe harbour provided for in Rule 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules regarding non-U.S. transactions. Such non-U.S. transactions must meet certain requirements, including all of the following ones, that (1) the transaction is not required to be and is not registered under the Securities Act; (2) no more than 10 per cent. of the dollar value (or equivalent amount in the currency in which the ABS interests (as defined in Rule 2 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules) are issued) of all classes of ABS interests (as defined in Rule 2 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules) issued in the securitisation transaction are sold or transferred to U.S. persons (in each case, as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules) or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules and referred to in this Prospectus as "**Risk Retention U.S. Persons**"); (3) neither the sponsor nor the issuer of the securitisation transaction is organised under U.S. law or is a branch located in the United States of a non-U.S. entity; and (4) no more than 25 per cent. of the underlying collateral was acquired from a majority-owned affiliate or branch of the sponsor or issuer organised or located in the United States.

Under the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, and subject to limited exceptions, "U.S. person" means any of the following:

- (i) Any natural person resident in the United States;
- (ii) Any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other organisation or entity organised or incorporated under the laws of any State or of the United States;¹
- (iii) Any estate of which any executor or administrator is a U.S. person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (iv) Any trust of which any trustee is a U.S. person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (v) Any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the United States;

¹ The comparable provision from Regulation S is "(ii) any partnership or corporation organised or incorporated under the laws of the United States."

- (vi) Any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a U.S. person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (vii) Any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated, or (if an individual) resident in the United States; and
- (viii) Any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other organisation or entity if:
 - a. Organised or incorporated under the laws of any foreign jurisdiction; and
 - b. Formed by a U.S. person (as defined under any other clause of this definition) principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the Securities Act;²

The material difference between such definitions is that (1) a "U.S. person" under Regulation S includes any partnership or corporation that is organised or incorporated under the laws of any foreign jurisdiction formed by one or more "U.S. persons" (as defined in Regulation S) principally for the purpose of investing in securities that are otherwise offered within the United States pursuant to an applicable exemption under the Securities Act unless it is organised or incorporated and owned by accredited investors (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts, while (2) any organisation or entity described in (1) is treated as a "U.S. person" under the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, regardless of whether it is so organised and owned by accredited investors (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts.

Although the offer and sale of Notes to, or for the account or benefit of, Risk Retention U.S. Persons is prohibited, there can be no assurance that the safe harbour provided for in Rule 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules regarding non-U.S. transactions will be available. No assurance can be given as to whether failure of the transaction to comply with the U.S. Risk Retention Rules (regardless of the reason for such failure to comply) may give rise to regulatory action which may adversely affect the Notes or their market value. Furthermore, the impact of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules on the securitisation market generally is uncertain, and a failure by a transaction to comply with the U.S. Risk Retention Rules could therefore negatively affect the market value and secondary market liquidity of the Notes.

Prospective investors should note that the definition of U.S. person in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules is substantially similar to, but not identical to, the definition of U.S. person under Regulation S.

None of the Issuer, the Assignor, the Joint Lead Managers, the Joint Arrangers or any of their respective affiliates makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes as to whether the transactions described in this Prospectus comply as a matter of fact with the U.S.

² The comparable provision from Regulation S "(viii)(B) formed by a U.S. person principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the Securities Act, unless it is organised or incorporated, and owned, by accredited investors (as defined in 17 CFR §230.501(a)) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts."

Risk Retention Rules on the Issue Date or at any time in the future. Investors should consult their own advisers as to the U.S. Risk Retention Rules. No predictions can be made as to the precise effects of such matters on any investor or otherwise.

In addition, the SEC has indicated in contexts separate from the U.S. Risk Retention Rules that an "offer" or a "sale" of securities may arise when amendments to securities are so material as to require holders to make an "investment decision" with respect to such amendment. Furthermore, any additional issuance of Notes by the Issuer would be considered a new transaction for purposes of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules. No assurances can be given as to the identity of the Noteholders, the applicability of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules or the availability of any safe harbour at the time of any such potential amendment or additional issuance. In the event the U.S. Risk Retention Rules apply and no safe harbour is available, the Issuer or its affiliates may be unable or unwilling to acquire Notes to satisfy the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, and consequently, may not proceed with such amendment or issuance. As a result, the U.S. Risk Retention Rules could have a material adverse effect on the Issuer and the liquidity and market value of the Notes.

U. S. SELLING RESTRICTIONS

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or the securities laws of any state of the United States or other relevant jurisdiction. The Notes may not at any time be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any person who is (a) a U.S. Person (as defined in Regulation S) by any person referred to in Rule 903(b)(2)(iii) of Regulation S, (x) as part of their distribution at any time or (y) otherwise until 40 calendar days after the completion of the distribution of the securities as determined and certified by the Joint Lead Managers, in either case except in accordance with Regulation S. In addition, the Notes may not at any time be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any person who is a Risk Retention U.S. person.

Each Joint Lead Manager has represented and agreed that it has not offered, sold or delivered and will not at any time offer, sell or deliver Notes (i) as part of their distribution or (ii) otherwise within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any person who is a U.S. person (as defined in Regulation S) and it will have sent to each dealer to which it sells Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S). Terms used in this paragraph and not otherwise defined have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering, an offer or sale of Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

None of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers or any person who controls any of them or any director, officer, employee, agent or affiliate of any of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers shall have any responsibility for determining the characterisation of potential investors as a non Risk Retention U.S. Person in relation to any restriction under the U.S. Risk Retention Rules (and the Joint Lead Managers will rely on the deemed representation from the investors that they are not a Risk Retention U.S. Person) or for determining the availability of the safe harbour provided for in Section 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, and none of the Joint Lead Managers or Joint Arrangers or any person who controls any of them or any director, officer, employee, agent or affiliate of any of the Joint Lead Managers or the Joint Arrangers accepts any liability or responsibility whatsoever for any such determination. Furthermore, none of the Joint Lead Managers or Joint Arrangers or any person who controls any of them or any director, officer, employee, agent or affiliate of any of the Joint Lead Managers or Joint Arrangers provides any assurance that the safe harbour provided for in Section 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules will be available.

REGISTRATION DOCUMENT

This Registration Document has been drafted in accordance with Annex VII of Regulation 809/2004 and was approved by the CNMV on 7 November 2017.

1. PERSONS RESPONSIBLE

1.1 Persons responsible for the information appearing in the Registration Document.

Mr Ignacio Ortega Gavara, acting in his capacity as General Manager of the Management Company, by virtue of the powers expressly granted thereto by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 13 September 2017, on behalf and in representation of SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A., with its registered offices at Gran Vía de Hortaleza, 3, 28033, Madrid, assumes responsibility for the information contained in this Registration Document.

SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A. is the promoter of FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V and will be in charge of its legal administration and representation.

1.2 Declaration by those responsible for the Registration Document.

Mr Ignacio Ortega Gavara, having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, declares that the information given in the Registration Document is, to the best of his knowledge, in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect its import.

2. STATUTORY AUDITORS OF THE FUND

2.1 Name and address of the Fund's auditors (together with their membership in any relevant professional body).

In accordance with the provisions of section 4.4 of this Registration Document, the Fund is newly incorporated and therefore lacks historical financial information.

Throughout the duration of the Fund, the annual accounts will be subject to audit by the auditors on an annual basis. Such audit reports will be filed with the CNMV.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company, at its meeting held on 13 September 2017, appointed PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L., with a registered address in Paseo de la Castellana 259 B, 28046, Madrid, with Tax Identification Number B-79031290, registered with the Official Registry of Auditors (*Registro oficial de auditores de cuentas, ROAC*) with number S0242 and registered with the Commercial Register of Madrid, in Volume 9.267, Section 8,054, Sheet 75, Page M-87,250, Entry 1, as auditors of the Fund.

2.2. Fiscal years, accounting principles and statutory filing of annual accounts.

The Fund's income and expenses will be reported in accordance with the accounting principles in force pursuant to CNMV Circular 2/2016 of 20 April, on accounting standards, annual accounts, public accounts and confidential statistical information statements of securitisation funds, as amended ("**Circular 2/2016**") or with the regulations applicable at any given time.

The fiscal year of the Fund will coincide with a calendar year. However, as an exception, the first fiscal year will start on the Date of Incorporation of the Fund, and the last fiscal year will end on the date on which the Fund is scheduled to expire.

The Fund's annual accounts and corresponding auditors' report will not be filed with the Commercial Registry (*Registro Mercantil*).

The Management Company will submit the annual accounts of the Fund to the CNMV, together with the auditor's report on these accounts, within four (4) months of the close of the Fund's fiscal year (i.e., before 30 April each year) in order to file it with the corresponding registry.

3. RISK FACTORS

The specific risk factors of the Fund are those described in section I of the document included at the beginning of this Prospectus, called "RISK FACTORS".

4. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ISSUER

4.1 Statement that the Issuer has been created as a securitisation fund.

The Issuer is a securitisation fund established in accordance with Law 5/2015 for the purpose of acquiring the Receivables assigned to the Fund by UCI and issuing the Notes.

4.2 Legal and commercial name of the Fund.

The Fund will be incorporated with the name "FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V". The Fund will also be referred to as "RMBS Prado V".

4.3 Registration of Issuer.

The incorporation of the Fund and the issuance of the Notes must be registered with the official registers of the CNMV in Spain.

This Prospectus was registered with the CNMV on 7 November 2017.

The Management Company has elected not to record the creation of the Fund or the issuance of the Notes with the Commercial Registry, pursuant to Article 22.5 of Law 5/2015. This is without prejudice to the registration of the Prospectus with the CNMV.

4.4 Date of Incorporation and period of activity of the Fund.

4.4.1 Date of Incorporation.

It is expected that the execution of the Deed of Incorporation, and thus the Fund's Date of Incorporation, will be 13 November 2017.

The Deed of Incorporation may be amended on the terms set out in Article 24 of Law 5/2015, i.e. if the Management Company has the consent of (i) all Noteholders and the Other Creditors (excluding non-financial creditors), or (ii) the Meeting of Creditors. The foregoing requirements will not be necessary if the CNMV is of the opinion that the amendment is insignificant, which the Management Company will be responsible for documenting.

The Deed of Incorporation may also be amended at the request of the CNMV.

The Management Company warrants that the text of the Deed of Incorporation will not contradict that of the Prospectus and that the Deed of Incorporation will coincide with the draft deed that has been submitted to the CNMV as a result of the registration of this Prospectus.

In case of any discrepancy or inconsistency between this Prospectus and the Deed of Incorporation, the Prospectus shall prevail.

4.4.2 Period of activity of the Fund.

It is expected that the Fund will do business from the Date of Incorporation until the Legal Maturity Date, i.e., until 15 March 2055 or, if such date is not a Business Day, the following Business Day, without prejudice to the provisions of sections 4.4.3 and 4.4.4 below.

4.4.3 Early liquidation of the Fund.

The Management Company has the power to carry out an Early Liquidation of the Fund and thereupon an Early Redemption at any time for the entire issue of the Notes upon the terms set forth in this section, in the following instances:

- (i) If, at the option of the Management Company, the aggregate Outstanding Balance of the Receivables less non-principal collections applied to reduce principal balance, falls below 10% of the aggregate outstanding balance thereof on the Date of Incorporation, provided that the amount of the sale of the Receivables pending repayment, together with the balance then existing in the Cash Flow Account, allows for total repayment of all outstanding amounts to Class A Noteholders;

“Non-principal collections applied to reduce principal balance” means any collections arising from the Mortgage Loans other than principal repayments of the Mortgage Loans, i.e, collections from interest and any return on the Cash Flow Account, used to cover any negative deficiency on each Payment Date between (i) principal collections and (ii) the amount of the Notes to be redeem on such Payment Date.
- (ii) Mandatorily, if (i) as stated in Article 33 of Law 5/2015, four (4) months have elapsed since the occurrence of an event giving rise to the mandatory replacement of the Management Company due to a declaration of insolvency thereof or (ii) in the event of revocation of the authorisation thereof if, without a new management company having been found that is prepared to take over management of the Fund and that is appointed pursuant to section 3.7.2 of the Additional Building Block;
- (iii) On the Payment Date preceding at least six (6) months in advance of the Legal Maturity Date of the Fund, or if such date is not a Business Day, the Business Day immediately thereafter;
- (iv) In the event that the Management Company has the consent and express acceptance of all the Noteholders and all those who have existing contracts with the Fund, both in relation to payment of the amounts entailed by such Early Liquidation of the Fund and in relation to the procedure that must be followed for such payment;
- (v) If the Meeting of Creditors approves the Early Liquidation with the relevant majority; and
- (vi) On any Payment Date commencing on the Step-Up Date (15 March 2023), in the event UCI exercises an Optional Redemption pursuant to section 4.9.4 of the Securities Note, without the need of the consent of the Noteholders.

In order for the Management Company to carry out any Early Liquidation of the Fund and therefore the Early Redemption of the Notes in those cases described in paragraphs (i) to (v) above, the Management Company shall sell the Receivables. For such purpose, the Management Company shall request legally binding bids from at

least five (5) entities at its sole discretion among those active in the purchase and sale of similar assets.

The Assignor shall have a pre-emptive right to acquire such Receivables on the terms established by the Management Company at the time of the liquidation, such that it will have priority over third parties in acquiring the Receivables. In order to exercise the pre-emptive right, the Seller will have the term of five (5) Business Days from the date on which the Management Company gives notice thereto of the relevant terms (price, form of payment, etc.) on which the disposal of the Receivables will occur. The offer of the Assignor must at least equal the best of the bids made by third parties and be completed within fifteen (15) days of acceptance by the Management Company.

Unless the Assignor exercises its pre-emptive right, the Management Company shall accept the best bid received for the Receivables, which, in its judgment, reflects the market value thereof. The Management Company may obtain any appraisal report it deems necessary from third-party entities in order to set the market value. In such instance, the Assignor will also enjoy the aforementioned pre-emptive right, provided that its offer at least equals the best of those made by third parties.

The Management Company shall be entitled to sell the Receivables even if the Noteholders suffer a loss.

Under no circumstances will the Assignor's pre-emptive rights entail an undertaking or impose an obligation to repurchase the Receivables on the part of the Assignor.

Notice of the liquidation of the Fund will be provided to the CNMV and thereafter to the Noteholders in the manner established in section 4 of the Additional Building Block, at least thirty (30) Business Days in advance of the date on which the Early Redemption is to take place.

4.4.4 Cancellation of the Fund.

Cancellation of the Fund shall take place:

- (i) upon full repayment of the Receivables pooled therein;
- (ii) upon full repayment of all the obligations of the Fund towards its creditors;
- (iii) as a consequence of the completion of the Early Liquidation process established in section 4.4.3 above;
- (iv) upon reaching the Legal Maturity Date;
- (v) if the provisional ratings of the Notes are not confirmed as final prior to or on the Disbursement Date (for clarification purposes, the Notes will not be disbursed until the confirmation of the provisional ratings of the Notes); and
- (vi) if UCI does not subscribe the amount of Class A Notes that were not allocated to or subscribed by qualified investors, if any;

Upon the occurrence of any of the situations described above, the Management Company shall inform the CNMV as established in section 4 of the Additional Building Block, and shall commence the relevant steps for cancellation of the Fund.

4.4.5 Actions for the liquidation and cancellation of the Fund.

In addition, in those scenarios described in sections 4.4.3 (i) to (vi) and 4.4.4 (i) to (iv) above, the Management Company shall take any or all of the following actions:

- Cancel those contracts not necessary for liquidation of the Fund.
- Apply all amounts obtained from the disposal of the Receivables and any other assets of the Fund towards payment of the various obligations, in the form, amount and order of priority established in the Liquidation Priority of Payments described in section 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block.

The Early Redemption of all the Notes pursuant to section 4.4.3 above shall be carried out for all outstanding amounts of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes on the date in question, plus accrued and unpaid interest from the last Payment Date to the date of Early Redemption, less any tax withholdings and free of expenses for the holder. All such amounts will, for all legal purposes, be deemed liquid, due and payable on the Early Redemption date.

- Once the Fund has been liquidated and all scheduled payments have been made pursuant to the Liquidation Priority of Payments contemplated in section 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block, if there is any remainder or any judicial or notary proceedings pending settlement as a result of non-payment by any Obligor (all in accordance with the provisions of section 3.4.5 b) of the Additional Building Block), such remainder as well as the continuation and/or proceeds from such proceedings will be for the benefit of UCI.
- In any case, the Management Company, acting on behalf of the Fund, shall not cancel the Fund until it has liquidated the Receivables and any other remaining Fund assets and distributed the Fund's liquid assets, following the Liquidation Priority of Payments provided for in section 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block.
- Upon the passage of six (6) months from the liquidation of the Receivables and any other remaining assets of the Fund and the distribution of the Available Funds, and always prior to the Legal Maturity Date, the Management Company will execute an statement before a notary public to the following effect (a) termination of the Fund as well as the grounds contemplated in this Registration Document giving rise to such termination, (b) the means for notifying the Noteholders and the CNMV, and (c) the terms of distribution of the Available Funds from the Fund following the Liquidation Priority of Payments provided for in section 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block. In addition, the Fund will comply with any such further administrative steps as may be applicable at that time. The Management Company will send such notarised statement to the CNMV.

Upon the occurrence of any of the grounds for termination set forth in sections 4.4.4(v) and (vi) above prior to the Disbursement Date (i.e., if the provisional ratings for the Class A Notes have not been confirmed as final prior to or on the Disbursement Date or if UCI does not subscribe the amount of Class A Notes that were not allocated to qualified investors, if any), the Fund as well as the issuance of the Notes and the contracts executed

by the Management Company on behalf of the Fund shall be terminated, except for part of the Subordinated Loan Agreement, out of which the incorporation and issue expenses incurred by the Fund shall be paid. In the event of termination of the incorporation of the Fund in the scenarios mentioned in sections 4.4.4(v) and (vi) above, and thus the assignment of the Receivables, (i) the obligation of the Fund to pay the price for the acquisition of the Receivables will be extinguished, (ii) the Management Company will be obliged to reimburse UCI as regards any rights that may have accrued to the Fund due to the assignment of the Receivables, and (iii) UCI will cancel the MTCs. Such termination shall be immediately reported to the CNMV, and upon the expiry of one (1) month from the occurrence of the grounds for termination, the Management Company will execute before a notary public a statement which it will send to the CNMV, Iberclear, AIAF and the Rating Agencies, declaring the termination of the Fund and the grounds therefor.

4.5 Domicile and legal form of the Issuer: law applicable thereto.

a) Domicile of the Fund.

The Fund has no registered address as it has no legal status. The address of the Fund for all purposes will be considered to be that of the Management Company, which is the following:

SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A.

Gran Vía de Hortaleza, 3

28033 Madrid

The LEI Code of the Fund is 54930014B6VO5IYPR595.

b) Legal status of the Fund.

According to Article 20 of Law 5/2015, the Fund will constitute a separate set of assets and liabilities, lacking legal status, with closed-end assets and liabilities, and the Management Company will be responsible for the incorporation, management and legal representation of the Fund, and in its capacity as manager of a third party's transactions, it will represent and defend the interests of the Noteholders and the financiers of the Fund.

c) Applicable law and country of incorporation.

The Fund will be incorporated and the Notes issued in accordance with the laws of Spain, and specifically in accordance with the legal rules set forth in (i) Law 5/2015 and implementing provisions; (ii) Royal Decree-Law 4/2015 of 23 October approving the consolidated text of the Securities Market Act; (iii) Royal Decree 878/2015 of 2 October on the registration, clearing and settlement of negotiable securities represented by book entries representations, on the legal regime of the securities central depositories and the central counterparties and the transparency requirements for security issuers admitted to trading on an official secondary market; (iv) Royal Decree 1310/2005; (v) Order of the Ministry of Economy and Finance 3537/2005; and (vi) other legal and regulatory provisions in force and applicable from time to time.

This Prospectus has been prepared following the forms established in Regulation 809/2004 implementing Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards information contained in the prospectuses, as well as the format, incorporation by reference, and publication of such prospectuses and

dissemination of advertisements, as amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EC) No 486/2012 of 30 March 2012 and Commission Delegated Regulation (EC) No 862/2012 of 4 June 2012.

d) Tax rules applicable to the Fund.

The tax rules applicable to the securitisation funds are contained in (i) Article 7.1.h) of Law 27/2014 of 27 November on Corporate Income Tax (“**Law 27/2014**”); (ii) Article 61.k) of Royal Decree 634/2015; (iii) Article 20.One.18 of Law 37/1992; and (iv) Articles 45.I.B).15 and 45.I.B).20.4 of the Restated Text of the Transfer Tax and Stamp Duty Act approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1/1993 of 24 September. In sum, these legal provisions define the following fundamental principles:

- (i) The Fund is exempt from the concept of “Corporate Transactions” (Article 45.I.B.20.4 of the Restated Text of the Transfer Tax and Stamp Duty Act). The Fund is subject to the general provisions of Law 27/2014. Taxable income is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section IV of Law 27/2014. The general rate in effect for tax periods beginning from 2016 onwards is 25%.

In this regard, Rule 13 of Circular 2/2016 of the CNMV, sets forth the standards pursuant to which securitisation funds must adjust valuations due to impairment of the value of the financial assets. Article 13.1 of Law 27/2014, applicable to tax periods beginning from 1 January 2015 onwards, states that the Corporate Income Tax Regulation will apply to those circumstances determining the deductibility of value adjustments made on account of losses in the value of debt securities valued at amortised cost and included in mortgage-backed securities funds and asset-backed securities funds (Chapter Three of Title One of the Royal Decree 634/2015).

Notwithstanding, upon the amendment introduced by Royal Decree 683/2017 June 30, in article 9 of the Corporate Income Tax Regulation, the 7th Transitory Provision has been incorporated. According to this Transitory Provision, to the extent the wording of the Circular 2/2016 of the CNMV is not amended in respect of the impairment of the value of debt securities valued at amortised cost included in the securitization funds referred to in Law 5/2015, the tax deductibility of said impairment provisions will be determined according to the wording of article 9 of the Corporate Income Tax Regulation as drafted in December 31, 2015.

Pursuant to Article 16.6 of Law 27/2014, the limitation on the tax deductibility of financial expenses will not apply to the Fund.

- (ii) The returns on Mortgage Transfer Certificates (*Certificados de Transmisión de Hipoteca*) (MTCs) that constitute income of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.
- (iii) The management services rendered by the Manager to the Fund will be exempt from Value Added Tax.
- (iv) The issuance, subscription, transfer, redemption and repayment of the Notes, depending on whether the investor is a corporation for the purposes of Value Added Tax, will either be “not subject to” or “exempt from,” as applicable, Value Added Tax (Article 20.One.18 of the Law 37/1992) and Transfer Tax/Stamp Duty (Article 45.I.B.15 of the Restated Text of the Transfer Tax and Stamp Duty Act).

- (v) The transfer of the MTCs to the Fund is a transaction subject to and exempt from Value Added Tax and Stamp Duty Tax.
- (vi) The Fund will comply with general reporting obligations, as well as those foreseen in the Additional Provision One of Law 10/2014 of 26 June on the organisation, supervision and solvency of credit institutions and those stipulated in Articles 42, 43 and 44 of Royal Decree 1065/2007 of 27 July approving the General Regulations on tax management and inspection procedures, and on the development of common rules for taxation procedures.

4.6 Description of the amount of the Fund's authorised and issued capital.

Not applicable.

5. BUSINESS OVERVIEW

5.1 Brief description of the Issuer's principal activities.

The Issuer is a securitisation fund and, as such, its main activity consists of acquiring from UCI the Receivables derived from Mortgage Loans and the issuance of Notes.

The earnings from interest and repayments of the Mortgage Loans received by the Fund are allocated quarterly, on each Payment Date, to the payment of interest and repayment of the principal of the Notes in accordance with the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 b) of the Additional Building Block.

In addition, the Fund, represented by the Management Company, will agree to a number of financial transactions and the provision of services in order to strengthen the financial structure of the Fund, to increase the security and regularity of the payment of the Notes, to cover the temporary mismatches in the schedule for flows of principal and interest on the Receivables and on the Notes or, in general, enable the financial transformation which takes place in the Fund between the financial characteristics of the Mortgage Loans and the financial characteristics of the Notes.

5.2 Global overview of the parties to the securitisation program.

- a) **SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A.** participates as Management Company of the Fund, as coordinating entity of the Rating Agencies and of the relationship with the supervisory authorities and market operators, as legal and financial advisor in respect of the structure of the transaction and as a depositary of the Multiple Title.

SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A. is a Securitisation Fund Management Company, with a registered office at Gran Vía de Hortaleza, 3, 28033 Madrid and Tax Identification Code no. A-80481419; a brief description of the company is included in section 6 of the Registration Document and in section 3.7.2 of the Additional Building Block.

It is registered with the Commercial Register of Madrid, at Volume 4,789, Sheet 75, Page M-78658, Entry 1. It is also registered in the Special Registry of the CNMV, with number 1.

The Management Company has not been assigned a rating by any rating agency.

- b) **UCI, UNIÓN DE CRÉDITOS INMOBILIARIOS, S.A., ESTABLECIMIENTO FINANCIERO DE CRÉDITO ("UCI")** participates as the Assignor of the Mortgage Loans, issuer of the MTCs, subscriber of all Class B Notes, subscriber of any Class A Notes that are not subscribed by qualified investors, servicer of the Mortgage Loans

pursuant to Article 26.3 of Royal Decree 716/2009, and counterparty of the Fund in Subordinated Loan Agreement.

UCI, UNIÓN DE CRÉDITOS INMOBILIARIOS, S.A., ESTABLECIMIENTO FINANCIERO DE CRÉDITO is a Spanish financial credit institution with an address in Madrid, at C/ Retama 3, 28045, and there is a brief description of this institution in section 3.5 of the Additional Building Block.

Unión de Créditos Inmobiliarios, S.A., EFC is registered in the Commercial Register of Madrid at Volume 11266, Sheet 164, Section 8 number M-67739, Entry 344 and registered in the Registry of Financial Credit Institutions of the Bank of Spain with number 8,512.

UCI has not been assigned a rating by any rating agency.

- c) **BANCO SANTANDER, S.A. (“Santander”)**, participates as Joint Arranger, as Joint Lead Manager, as Back-Up Servicer Facilitator and as the Fund’s counterparty to the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement (Cash Flow Account).

In its capacity as Joint Arranger, and upon the terms set forth in Article 35.1 of Royal Decree 1310/2005 it receives the mandate of the Management Company in order to direct operations concerning the design of the temporary and commercial financial conditions of the issue, as well as the coordination with subscribers.

In its capacity as Joint Lead Manager, Santander has undertaken to use their best efforts to procure subscription and purchase in respect of Class A Notes during the Subscription Period.

BANCO SANTANDER, S.A. is a Spanish credit institution with a registered office in Santander, at Paseo de Pereda 9-12, 39004 and whose operating headquarters are in Ciudad Grupo Santander, at Avenida de Cantabria sin número, 28660 Boadilla del Monte (Madrid), Tax Identification Code A-39000013 and National Economic Activity Code (C.N.A.E.) number 651.

The ratings of the unsubordinated and unsecured short- and long-term debt of Banco Santander, S.A., as assigned by the rating agencies, are the following:

- DBRS Rating Limited: The Senior Unsecured Long-Term Debt & Deposit is A (long-term) and the Short-Term Debt & Deposit is R-1 (low) (short-term) (confirmed both in November 2016) with a stable outlook. The long term COR is A (high) and short term COR of R-1M.
- Fitch Ratings España, S.A.U.: A- (long-term) and F2 (short-term) (confirmed both in July 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Moody’s Investors Service España, S.A.: A3 (long-term) and P-2 (short-term) (confirmed both in August 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Scope Ratings AG: AA- (long-term) (confirmed on 12 April 2017) and S-1+ (short-term) (confirmed on 26 October 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Standard & Poor’s Credit Markets Services Europe Limited, Sucursal en España: A- (long-term) and A-2 (short-term) (confirmed both in June 2017) with a stable outlook.

- d) **BNP PARIBAS, London Branch (“BNP Paribas, London Branch”)** participates as Joint Arranger and as Joint Lead Manager.

In its capacity as Joint Arranger and Joint Lead Manager, it performs the same duties as Santander described in section c) above.

BNP Paribas is a French Public Limited Company (*Société Anonyme*) licensed to conduct banking operations under the French Monetary and Financial Code, Book V, Section 1 (*Code Monétaire et Financier, Livre V, Titre 1er*) governing banking sector institutions, with a registered office at 16 boulevard des Italiens, 75009 Paris, France, which acts through its London Branch, at 10 Harewood Avenue, London NW1 6AA, United Kingdom.

The ratings of the unsubordinated and unsecured short- and long-term debt of BNP Paribas, as assigned by the rating agencies, are the following:

- DBRS Rating Limited: The Senior Unsecured Long-Term Debt & Deposit is AA (low) (long-term) (confirmed on 1 August 2017) and R-1 (middle) (short-term) (confirmed on 1 August 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Fitch Ratings Limited: A+ (long-term) (confirmed on 7 September 2017) and F1 (short-term) (confirmed on 7 September 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Moody's Investors Service Limited: Aa3 (long-term) (confirmed on 27 September 2017) and P-1 (short-term) (confirmed on 27 September 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Scope Ratings AG: AA- (long-term) (confirmed on 12 May 2017) and S-1+ (short-term) (confirmed on 26 October 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Standard & Poor's Rating Services, a division of Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited: A (long-term) (confirmed in 31 July 2017) and A-1 (short-term) (confirmed in 31 July 2017) with a stable outlook.

e) BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES, Sucursal en España ("BP2S") participates as Paying Agent and as the Fund's counterparty to the Payment Agency Account.

BNP Paribas Securities Services is a French partnership limited with shares (*Société en Commandite par Actions*) with a registered office in 3 rue d'Antin - 75002 Paris, France, which acts through its Spanish Branch at Calle Emilio Vargas 4, 28043 Madrid, Spain, Tax Identification Number W0012958E and National Economic Activity Code (C.N.A.E.) number 6419.

The ratings of the unsubordinated and unsecured short- and long-term debt of BNP Paribas Securities Services, as assigned by the rating agencies, are the following:

- DBRS Rating Limited: The Senior Unsecured Long-Term Debt & Deposit is AA (low) (long-term) (confirmed in 1 August 2017) and R-1 (middle) (short-term) (confirmed in 1 August 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Fitch Ratings Limited: A+ (long-term) (confirmed on 7 September 2017) and F1 (short-term) (confirmed on 7 September 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Moody's Investors Service Limited: Aa3 (long-term) (confirmed on 27 September 2017) and P-1 (short-term) (confirmed on 27 September 2017) with a stable outlook.
- Scope Ratings AG: AA- (long-term) (confirmed in 12 May 2017) and S-1+ (short-term) (confirmed in 26 October 2017) with a stable outlook.

- Standard & Poor's Rating Services, a division of Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited: A (long-term) (confirmed on 31 July 2017) and A-1 (short-term) (confirmed on 31 July 2017) with a stable outlook.

- f) FITCH RATINGS ESPAÑA, S.A.U (“FITCH”)** participates as a credit rating agency rating the Class A Notes.

FITCH is a credit rating agency with a registered office at Paseo de Gracia 85, 08008 Barcelona (Spain).

- g) MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE ESPAÑA, S.A. (“MOODY'S”)** participates as a credit rating agency rating the Class A Notes.

MOODY'S is a credit rating agency with a registered office at Calle Príncipe de Vergara, 131, 6th floor, 28002 Madrid (Spain)

The above rating agencies were registered and authorised by the European Securities & Markets Authority (“ESMA”) on 31 October 2011 as credit rating agencies in the European Union pursuant to the terms of the Regulation (EC) no 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009, on Credit Rating Agencies.

- h) CUATRECASAS GONÇALVES PEREIRA, S.L.P. (“CUATRECASAS”)** participates as the legal advisor on the structure of the operation and has reviewed the legal and tax matters applicable to the Fund as set forth in section 4.5.d) of the Registration Document.

CUATRECASAS is a limited liability company organised in Spain, with Tax Identification Code Number B-59942110, registered office at Paseo de Gracia, 111, 08008 Barcelona, registered with the Commercial Registry of Barcelona, at Volume 37673, Folio 30, Section 8, Page 23850.

- i) PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L.** participates as auditor of the Fund.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L. is an audit firm with a registered office in Madrid, at Paseo de la Castellana 259 B, holder of Tax Identification Code Number B-79031290, and registered with the Official Registry of Certified Public Accountants (*Registro Oficial de Auditores de Cuentas*; R.O.A.C.) under number S0242.

- j) DELOITTE, S.L.** participates as independent company of the assignable portfolio of Mortgage Loans of the Fund for the purposes of complying with the provisions of Law 5/2015.

Deloitte, S.L. is a firm with a registered office in Madrid, at Torre Picasso, Plaza Pablo Ruiz Picasso, 1, holder of Tax Identification Code Number B-79104469.

- k) ASHURST LLP** participates as legal advisor of the Joint Lead Managers and the Joint Arrangers and has reviewed the Prospectus and the structure of the transaction for the benefit of the Joint Lead Managers and the Joint Arrangers.

ASHURST LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales under number OC330252, it is a law firm authorised and regulated by the Solicitors Regulation Authority of England and Wales under number 468653, operating in Spain through a permanent establishment with Spanish Tax Identification Number N0066146B, located at Calle Alcalá, 44, 28014 Madrid.

For purposes of Article 5 of the Restated Text of the Securities Market Act, approved by Royal Decree-Law 4/2015, SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A. is part of the SANTANDER GROUP.

Banco Santander, S.A. and BNP Paribas each hold a 50% interest in the share capital of UCI, S.A., which in turn is the parent company of its 100% controlled subsidiary, UNIÓN DE CRÉDITOS INMOBILIARIOS, S.A., ESTABLECIMIENTO FINANCIERO DE CRÉDITO.

There is no knowledge of any direct or indirect relationship of ownership or control as concerns the legal persons participating in the securitisation other than those mentioned in this section.

6. ADMINISTRATIVE; MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISORY BODIES OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

6.1 Corporate bodies of the Management Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of Law 5/2015, securitisation funds are not separate legal entities, and securitisation fund management companies are entrusted with the incorporation, management and legal representation of these funds, as well the representation and defence of the interests of the holders of the securities issued on the basis of the funds they administer and of the financiers thereof.

By virtue of the foregoing, this section presents information regarding SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A. in its capacity as Management Company creating, administering and representing FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V.

a) Name and registered office.

- Registered name: SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.A.
- Registered office: Gran Vía de Hortaleza, 3, 28033 Madrid.
- Tax Identification Code: A-80481419
- National Economic Activity Code (C.N.A.E.): No. 8199

b) Incorporation and registration with the Commercial Register, as well as information relating to the administrative authorisations and registration with the CNMV.

SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A., was organised by means of a public instrument authorised on 21 December 1992, before the Notary of Madrid, Mr Francisco Mata Pallarés, and recorded in his notarial book of records under number 1,310, with the prior authorisation of the Ministry of Economy and Treasury provided on 1 December 1992. It is registered in the Commercial Registry of Madrid, in Volume 4789, Sheet 75, Page M-78658, Entry 1. It is also registered in the Special Registry of the CNMV, under number 1.

In addition, the Management Company amended its Bylaws by resolution of its Board of Directors adopted on 15 June 1998, executed in a public document authorised by the Notary of Madrid, Mr Roberto Parejo Gamir, on 20 July 1998, and recorded in his notarial book of records under number 3,070, in order to adapt to the requirements established for Asset Securitisation Fund Management Companies by Royal Decree 926/1998. This amendment was approved by the Ministry of Economy and Treasury on 16 July, 1998, pursuant to the provisions of the Single Transitory Provision of the aforementioned Royal Decree 926/1998.

The Management Company has changed its registered name various times and is currently “SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.A.”, by virtue of a public document authorised by the Notary of Madrid, Mr José María Mateos Delgado, on 8 March 2004 and recorded in his notarial book of records under number 622. It is registered with the Commercial Registry of Madrid, in Volume 4789, Sheet 93, Page M-78658, Entry 30.

The Management Company also changed its registered office to Avenida de Cantabria s/n. 28660 Boadilla del Monte (Madrid) by virtue of a public document authorised by the Notary of Madrid, Mr José María Mateos Delgado, on 2 July 2004 and recorded in his notarial book of records under number 1,902.

The Management Company amended its Bylaws to assume the management and representation of Banking Assets Funds by means of a public document authorised by the Notary of Madrid, Mr Jose Maria Mateos Delgado, on 20 December 2013 and recorded in his notarial book of records under number 4,789.

The Management Company changed its registered office to the current one by virtue of a public document authorised by the Notary of Madrid, Mr José María Mateos Delgado, on 27 January 2016 and recorded in his notarial book of records under number 246.

The duration of the Management Company is indefinite, in the absence of grounds for the dissolution thereof under law or the Bylaws.

Lastly, on 23 June 2016 the Management Company amended its bylaws pursuant to a capital increase of its share capital up to 1.000.050 € authorised by the General Meeting, complying with the new requirements of Article 29.1.d) of Law 5/2015.

c) Brief description of the Management Company’s principal activities.

As required by law, Article 2 of the Management Company’s Bylaws states that: *“the company shall have as its exclusive purpose the organisation, management and legal representation of (i) Mortgage Securitisation Funds upon the terms of Article 6 of Law 19/1992, of 7 July, on the Rules for Real Estate Investment Companies and Funds and on Mortgage Securitisation Funds; (ii) Asset Securitisation Funds, in accordance with the provisions of Article 12, point 1, of Royal Decree 926/1998 of 14 May, regulating Asset Securitisation Funds and Securitisation Fund Management Companies; and (iii) Banking Assets Funds (FAB) in accordance with the terms of Chapter IV of Royal Decree 1559/2012 of 15 November setting the legal framework for Asset Management Companies. As a manager of third party businesses, it is responsible for the representation and defence of the interests of the holders of the securities issued based on the Funds it administers and the other unsecured creditors, as well as the performance of to the other duties vested in Securitisation Fund management companies by the laws applicable to securitisation funds and banking assets funds.”*

On 27 March 2014, the Executive Committee of the CNMV approved the amendment of Article 2 of the bylaws of Santander de Titulización S.G.F.T. S.A. for the purpose of ratifying its authorisation to undertake the management and representation of Banking Assets Funds, as currently established by such article. This amendment to the bylaws was approved by the shareholders at the shareholders’ meeting of 13 December 2013. The shareholders’ resolution was filed in the corresponding Commercial Register, and registration was carried out by the corresponding Registrar on 2 June 2014 at Volume 4,789, Page 116, Section 8, Sheet M-78658, Entry 58.

The total assets managed by the Management Company as of 30 October 2017 are as follows:

ASSET BACKED SECURITIES							
FUNDS	SERIES	PRINCIPAL OUTSTANDING PER SERIES	NOMINAL INTEREST		RATING AGENCY	DATE OF CONSTITUTION	COLLATERAL PRINCIPAL INITIAL
FTA UCI 8	Serie A	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.220%	S&P / Moody's	24/06/2002	600,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.600%			
Total		0.00 €					
FTA UCI 9	Serie A	136,487,432.19 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.265%	S&P / Moody's	16/06/2003	1,250,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	10,121,205.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.650%			
	Serie C	2,232,618.44 €	Euribor 3M	+ 1.200%			
Total		148,841,255.63 €					
FTA SANTANDER HIPOTECARIO 1	Serie A	190,383,769.92 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.180%	S&P / Moody's	11/06/2004	1,875,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	53,400,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.300%			
	Serie C	46,900,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.500%			
	Serie D	56,300,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.950%			
Total		346,983,769.92 €					
FTA FTPYME SANTANDER 2	Serie A	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.200%	S&P	21/10/2004	1,850,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.000%			
	Serie C	11,595,935.70 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.300%			
	Serie D	58,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.700%			
	Serie E	58,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 1.500%			
Total		128,595,935.70 €					
FTA UCI 11	Serie A	147,980,366.31 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.140%	S&P	17/11/2004	850,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	6,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.330%			
	Serie C	22,900,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.750%			
Total		176,880,366.31 €					
FTA SANTANDER EMPRESAS 1	Serie A1	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.020%	S&P / Fitch	27/10/2005	3,100,000,000.00 €
	Serie A2	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.120%			
	Serie B	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.210%			
	Serie C	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.290%			
	Serie D	112,503,197.40 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.590%			
Total		112,503,197.40 €					
FTA UCI 14	Serie A	359,818,979.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.150%	S&P / Fitch	30/11/2005	1,350,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	34,100,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.290%			
	Serie C	38,400,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.580%			
Total		432,318,979.00 €					
FTA UCI 15	Serie A	432,002,719.48 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.140%	S&P / Fitch	28/04/2006	1,430,000,010.22 €
	Serie B	32,900,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.270%			
	Serie C	56,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.530%			
	Serie D	21,600,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.580%			
Total		543,002,719.48 €					
FTA SANTANDER HIPOTECARIO 2	Serie A	433,006,017.90 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.150%	S&P / Moody's	30/06/2006	1,955,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	51,800,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.200%			
	Serie C	32,300,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.300%			
	Serie D	49,800,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.550%			
	Serie E	19,600,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.100%			
	Serie F	17,600,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 1.000%			
Total		604,106,017.90 €					
FTA UCI 16	Serie A1	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.060%	S&P / Fitch	18/10/2006	1,800,000,000.00 €
	Serie A2	592,091,622.20 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.150%			
	Serie B	72,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.300%			
	Serie C	41,400,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.550%			
	Serie D	9,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.250%			
	Serie E	19,800,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.300%			
Total		734,291,622.20 €					
FTA PYMES BANESTO 2	Serie A1	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.130%	S&P / Moody's Fitch	17/11/2006	1,000,000,000.00 €
	Serie A2	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.160%			
	Serie B	22,407,503.85 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.270%			
	Serie C	34,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.540%			
Total		56,407,503.85 €					
FTA SANTANDER FINANCIACION 1	Serie A	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.150%	S&P / Moody's	14/12/2006	1,900,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.200%			
	Serie C	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.300%			
	Serie D	17,138,413.25 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.550%			
	Serie E	26,600,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.100%			
	Serie F	14,300,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 1.000%			
Total		58,038,413.25 €					
FTA SANTANDER EMPRESAS 2	Serie A1	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.050%	Fitch/ Moody's	14/12/2006	2,900,000,000.00 €
	Serie A2	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.160%			
	Serie B	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.220%			
	Serie C	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.320%			
	Serie D	52,274,581.80 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.550%			
	Serie E	29,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.100%			
	Serie F	53,700,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.500%			
Total		134,974,581.80 €					
FTA SANTANDER HIPOTECARIO 3	Serie A1	173,172,675.93 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.060%	Fitch/ Moody's	04/04/2007	2,800,000,000.00 €
	Serie A2	617,926,848.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.140%			
	Serie A3	168,525,504.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.200%			
	Serie B	79,200,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.220%			
	Serie C	47,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.300%			
	Serie D	72,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.550%			
	Serie E	28,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.100%			
	Serie F	22,400,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.500%			
Total		1,208,725,027.93 €					
FTA UCI 17	Serie A1	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.100%	S&P / Fitch	07/05/2007	1,415,400,000.00 €
	Serie A2	544,371,269.60 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.180%			
	Serie B	72,800,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.350%			
	Serie C	28,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.600%			
	Serie D	15,400,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.250%			
Total		660,571,269.60 €					
FTA SANTANDER EMPRESAS 3	Serie A1	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.080%	S&P / Moody's Fitch	28/05/2007	3,500,000,000.00 €
	Serie A2	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.170%			
	Serie A3	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.250%			
	Serie B	0.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.280%			
	Serie C	109,831,614.57 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.320%			
	Serie D	70,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.650%			
	Serie E	45,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 2.300%			
	Serie F	45,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M	+ 0.500%			
Total		270,831,614.57 €					

FUNDS	SERIES	PRINCIPAL OUTSTANDING PER SERIES	NOMINAL INTEREST	RATING AGENCY	DATE OF CONSTITUTION	COLLATERAL PRINCIPAL INITIAL
FTA PITCH	Serie 1	1,200,000,000.00 €	Fixed rate 5.1353%	S&P / Moody's	17/07/2007	1,200,000,000.00 €
Total		1,200,000,000.00 €				
FTA UCI 18	Serie A Serie B Serie C Serie D	664,695,001.15 € 38,300,000.00 € 21,200,000.00 € 21,030,261.60 €	Euribor 3M + 0.320% Euribor 3M + 0.600% Euribor 3M + 1.200% Euribor 3M + 2.200%	S&P	27/02/2008	1,700,000,000.00 €
Total		745,225,262.75 €				
FTA SANTANDER 2	Pagarés	1,040,000,000.00 €		S&P Fitch	27/11/2008	3,000,000,000.00 €
FTA SANTANDER HIPOTECARIO 7	Serie A Serie B Serie C	741,789,072.00 € 360,000,000.00 € 63,600,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.650% Euribor 3M + 1.300% Euribor 3M + 0.650%	Moody's DBRS	22/07/2011	2,096,100,000.00 €
Total		1,165,389,072.00 €				
FTA SANTANDER HIPOTECARIO 8	Serie A Serie B Serie C	326,955,392.00 € 160,000,000.00 € 28,100,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.650% Euribor 3M + 1.000% Euribor 3M + 0.650% + Extraordinary Interest	Moody's DBRS	15/12/2011	800,000,000.00 €
Total		515,055,392.00 €				
F.T.A. SANTANDER HIPOTECARIO 9	Serie A Serie B Serie C	320,769,757.02 € 177,800,000.00 € 28,600,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.300% Euribor 3M + 0.400% Euribor 3M + 0.500% + Extraordinary Interest	Moody's DBRS	25/06/2013	767,000,000.00 €
Total		527,169,757.02 €				
SANTANDER CONSUMER SPAIN AUTO 13-1	Serie A	30,296,833.20 €	Fixed rate 3.000%	Moody's Fitch	16/10/2013	500,000,000.00 €
Total		30,296,833.20 €				
F.T.A. PYMES SANTANDER 6	Serie A Serie B Serie C	0.00 € 0.00 € 0.00 €	Euribor 3M + 1.500% Euribor 3M + 1.600% Euribor 3M + 0.500%	S&P DBRS	19/11/2013	340,000,000.00 €
Total		0.00 €				
F.T.A. PYMES SANTANDER 9	Serie A Serie B	43,307,415.40 € 168,300,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.750% Euribor 3M + 0.800%	S&P DBRS	20/05/2014	500,000,000.00 €
Total		211,607,415.40 €				
F.T.A. RMBS SANTANDER 1	Serie A Serie B Serie C	607,876,012.78 € 359,300,000.00 € 59,800,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.900% Euribor 3M + 1.300% Euribor 3M + 0.650%	Moody's DBRS	23/06/2014	1,495,000,000.00 €
Total		1,026,976,012.78 €				
F.T.A. RMBS SANTANDER 2	Serie A Serie B Serie C	1,718,821,548.58 € 655,100,000.00 € 142,400,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.300% Euribor 3M + 0.400% Euribor 3M + 0.500%	Moody's DBRS	14/07/2014	3,450,000,000.00 €
Total		2,516,321,548.58 €				
F.T.A. RMBS SANTANDER 3	Serie A Serie B Serie C	3,643,659,398.72 € 1,568,400,000.00 € 313,600,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.580% Euribor 3M + 0.630% Euribor 3M + 0.650%	Moody's DBRS	17/11/2014	7,475,000,000.00 €
Total		5,525,659,398.72 €				
F.T.A. SCS AUTO 2014-1	Serie A Serie B Serie C Serie D Serie E	703,000,000.00 € 27,400,000.00 € 15,200,000.00 € 14,400,000.00 € 38,000,000.00 €	Fixed rate 2.000% Fixed rate 2.500% Fixed rate 3.500% Fixed rate 5.000% Fixed rate 11.000%	Fitch DBRS	26/11/2014	798,000,000.00 €
Total		798,000,000.00 €				
F.T.A. RMBS PRADO I	Serie A	261,468,678.60 €	Euribor 3M + 0.850%	Moody's	28/05/2015	450,000,000.00 €
Total		261,468,678.60 €				
F.T.A. RMBS SANTANDER 4	Serie A Serie B Serie C	1,851,407,256.00 € 590,000,000.00 € 147,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.600% Euribor 3M + 0.630% Euribor 3M + 0.650% + Extraordinary Interest	DBRS S&P Scope Ratings	26/06/2015	2,950,000,000.00 €
Total		2,588,907,256.00 €				
F.T.A. RMBS SANTANDER 5	Serie A Serie B Serie C	849,085,827.52 € 261,400,000.00 € 63,700,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.600% Euribor 3M + 0.630% Euribor 3M + 0.650% + Extraordinary Interest	DBRS S&P Scope Ratings	15/12/2015	1,338,700,000.00 €
Total		1,174,185,827.52 €				
F.T.A. PYMES SANTANDER 12	Serie A Serie B Serie C	345,998,520.00 € 700,000,000.00 € 140,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.300% Euribor 3M + 0.500% Euribor 3M + 0.650% + Extraordinary Interest	DBRS Moody's Scope Ratings	10/12/2015	2,940,000,000.00 €
Total		1,185,998,520.00 €				
F.T.A. RMBS PRADO II	Serie A	351,264,507.50 €	Euribor 3M + 0.900%	DBRS / S&P	15/03/2016	540,000,000.00 €
Total		351,264,507.50 €				
F.T.A. SCS AUTO 2016-1	Serie A Serie B Serie C Serie D Serie E Serie F	650,200,000.00 € 30,600,000.00 € 42,100,000.00 € 23,000,000.00 € 19,100,000.00 € 15,300,000.00 €	Fixed rate 1.250% Fixed rate 1.650% Fixed rate 3.250% Fixed rate 6.000% Fixed rate 8.000% Fixed rate 8.000%	DBRS Moody's	16/03/2016	765,000,000.00 €
Total		780,300,000.00 €				
F.T. RMBS PRADO III	Serie A	288,459,290.90 €	Euribor 3M + 0.650%	DBRS / S&P	24/10/2016	420,000,000.00 €
Total		288,459,290.90 €				
F.T. SANTANDER CONSUMO 2	Serie A Serie B Serie C Serie D Serie E Serie F	865,000,000.00 € 50,000,000.00 € 50,000,000.00 € 20,000,000.00 € 15,000,000.00 € 9,375,000.00 €	Fixed rate 0.600% Fixed rate 2.000% Fixed rate 3.200% Fixed rate 6.500% Fixed rate 6.750% Fixed rate 6.930%	DBRS Moody's	05/12/2016	1,000,000,000.00 €
Total		1,009,375,000.00 €				
F.T.A. SCS AUTO 2016-2	Serie A Serie B Serie C Serie D Serie E Serie F	552,400,000.00 € 26,000,000.00 € 35,800,000.00 € 19,500,000.00 € 16,300,000.00 € 13,000,000.00 €	Fixed rate 0.900% Fixed rate 2.100% Fixed rate 3.100% Fixed rate 5.100% Fixed rate 6.300% Fixed rate 11.000%	Fitch Moody's	05/12/2016	650,000,000.00 €
Total		663,000,000.00 €				
F.T. RMBS PRADO IV	Serie A Serie B	296,637,113.50 € 85,000,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.46% Euribor 3M + 0.75%	DBRS Fitch	04/04/2017	390,000,000.00 €
Total		381,637,113.50 €				
F.T. PYMES MAGDALENA	CLN	66,500,000.00 €	Euribor 3M + 10.400%	-	22/05/2017	950,000,000.00 €
Total		66,500,000.00 €				
TOTAL FTA		29,669,869,161.01 €				68,562,000,010.22 €

FONDOS DE TITULIZACION HIPOTECARIA						
FUNDS	SERIES	PRINCIPAL OUTSTANDING PER SERIES	NOMINAL INTEREST	RATING AGENCY	DATE OF CONSTITUTION	COLLATERAL PRINCIPAL INITIAL
FTH HIPOTEBANSA XI	Serie A	109,170,240.56 €	Euribor 3M + 0.240%	S&P / Moody's	26/11/2002	1,062,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	7,964,999.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.450%			
Total		117,135,239.56 €				
FTH UCI 10	Serie A	105,788,946.90 €	Euribor 3M + 0.160%	S&P	14/05/2004	700,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	6,752,487.00 €	Euribor 3M + 0.500%			
		112,541,433.90 €				
FTH UCI 12	Serie A	216,531,861.76 €	Euribor 3M + 0.150%	S&P	30/05/2005	900,000,000.00 €
	Serie B	8,999,999.92 €	Euribor 3M + 0.270%			
	Serie C	23,800,000.04 €	Euribor 3M + 0.600%			
Total		249,331,861.72 €				
	TOTAL FTH	479,008,535.18 €				2,662,000,000.00 €
TOTAL (FTH+FTA)		30,148,877,696.19 €				71,224,000,010.22 €

d) **Share Capital.**

(i) **Par value of subscribed and paid-up capital:**

The share capital of the Management Company is one million and fifty euros (€1.000.050), represented by fifteen thousand (15,000) registered shares having a par value of sixty six and sixty seven/100 euros (€66,67) each, numbered consecutively from one (1) to fifteen thousand (15,000), both inclusive, all fully subscribed and paid up.

(ii) **Share classes:**

All the shares are of the same class and confer identical voting and economic rights.

In accordance with the Sixth Transitory Provision of Law 5/2015, the Management Company has complied with the requirements of Article 29.1.d) of Law 5/2015, by decision of the General Meeting adopted on 23 June 2016.

e) **Administrative, management and supervisory bodies.**

The Management Company is an entity registered with and supervised by CNMV.

The governance and management of the Management Company are entrusted by the Bylaws to the shareholders acting at a General Shareholders' Meeting and to the Board of Directors. Their powers of such bodies are those corresponding thereto under the provisions of the Companies Act (*Ley de Sociedades de Capital*) and Law 5/2015, as regards the corporate purpose.

(i) **Directors**

The Board of Directors is made up of the following persons:

Chairman:	Mr José García Cantera
Directors:	Mr Ignacio Ortega Gava
	Mr José Antonio Soler Ramos
	Mr Adolfo Ramirez Morales
	Mr Javier Antón San Pablo
	Mr Jesús Fuentes Colella
	Mr Pablo Roig Garcia-Bernalt

Non-Director Secretary: Mrs María José Olmedilla González

(ii) General Management

The General Manager of the Management Company is Mr Ignacio Ortega Gavara.

- **Main activities of the persons referred to in paragraph (i) above which are performed outside of the Management Company if such activities are significant in relation to the Fund**

Name	Activity performed	Relationship under which activity is performed	Company through which the activity is provided	Position or functions held or performed in relation to the Company in question	Position or functions in Banco Santander	Position functions Santander Consumer or in
José García Cantera	Banking	Employee	Santander Investment, SA	Chairman	General Director	
	Banking		Bank Zachodni WBK, SA	Member of the Supervisory Board		
	Energy		Operador del Mercado Ibérico de Energía Polo Español, SA	Board Member		
Javier Antón San Pablo	Banking	Employee	Santander Consumer Bank, S.p.A	Board Member		Director
			Santander Consumer Bank AS	Board member		
			Santander Benelux, S.A./N.V.	Chairman		
			Santander Consumer (UK) plc.	Director		
Adolfo Ramírez Morales	Banking	Employee	Sistema 4B	Board Member	Deputy Director-General	
			Aegon Santander Vida Seguros y Reaseguros, S.A.	Board Member		
			Aegon Santander Generales Seguros y Reaseguros, S.A.	Board Member		
			Fondo Advance	Chairman		
José Antonio Soler Ramos	Financial Intermediation	Employee	Santander Perpetual, S.A.U.	Chairman	General Subdirector	
			Santander Commercial Paper, S.A.U.			
			Santander US Debt, S.A.U.			
			Santander Issuances, S.A.U.			
			Santander International Debt, S.A.U.			
			Santander Benelux, SA/nv	Board member		
			Open Bank, S.A.			
Jesús Fuentes Colella	Banking	Employee			Deputy Director-General	

Pablo Roig Garcia- Bernalt	Financial Intermediation	Employee	Santander Commercial Paper, S.A.U.	Board Member	Director	
			Santander International Preferred, S.A.U.			
			Santander Emisora150, S.A.U.			
			Santander Finance Capital, S.A.U.			
			Santander Finance Preferred, S.A.U.			
			Santander International Debt, S.A.U.			
			Santander Issuances S.A.U			
			Santander US Debt, S.A.U.			
			Santander Perpetual, S.A..U			

The persons mentioned in this section 6.1.e) are not the direct or indirect holders of any shares, debentures or other securities giving the holder thereof the right to acquire shares of the Management Company.

The professional address of all the persons mentioned in this section 6.1.e) is the following:

Santander Titulización, S.G.F.T., S.A.

Gran Vía de Hortaleza, 3

28033 Madrid

f) Entities from which the Management Company has borrowed more than 10%.

The Management Company has not received any loan or credit facility from any person or entity.

g) Significant litigation or disputes.

On the date of verification of this Prospectus, the Management Company is not involved in any situation of insolvency and there is no significant litigation or dispute that may affect its financial-economic situation or hereafter affect its ability to carry out the duties of management and administration of the Fund as established in this Prospectus.

h) Financial information concerning the Management Company.

The Management Company keeps its books in accordance with the GChart of Accounts (*Plan General Contable*) approved by Royal Decree 1514/2007 of 16 November.

Information from the audited balance sheet and income statement for fiscal years 2015 and 2016, as well as the unaudited balance sheet and income statement as of 31 August 2017, are provided below:

Audited Balance Sheet as at 31 December, 2015 and 2016 and unaudited Balance Sheet at 31 August, 2017 (in thousands of euros):

ASSETS	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	08/31/2017
FIXED ASSETS:			
Intangible assets	-	-	-
Tangible assets	-	-	-
Total fixed assets	-	-	-
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Long-term sureties	19	-	4
Total capital assets	19	-	4
CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables	335	397	482
Loans to employees	26	26	61
Other receivables	309	371	421
Short-term investments	-	-	-
Tax Authorities	-	-	-
Cash in bank and at hand	13,017	6,546	9,936
	761	792	887
Prepayments and accrued income			
Total current assets	14,113	7,735	11,305
TOTAL ASSETS	14,132	7,735	11,309

LIABILITIES	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	08/31/2017
EQUITY			
Share capital	902	1,000	1,000
Reserves	182	4,000	4,000
Trading results-Profit	1,538	953	623
Total equity	2,622	5,953	5,623
LONG-TERM PAYABLES			
Debts with Group companies	8,897	-1	-
	8,897	-1	-
SHORT-TERM PAYABLES			
Tax Authorities	2,364	1,465	1,668
Other payables	12	13	14
Debts with Group companies	-	-	-
	237	305	2,338
Prepayments and accrued expenses			
Dividend payable	-	-	1,666
Total short-term payable	2,613	1,783	5,686
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,132	7,735	11,309

Debts to Group companies corresponds to the corporate income tax allocated by the Group to the Management Company. Therefore, it should not be considered as a bank debt.

Audited Income Statements at 31 December, 2015 and 2016 and unaudited Income Statement at 31 August, 2017 (in thousands of euros):

	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	08/31/2017
CONTINUED OPERATIONS			
Net Income	8,732	7,900	5,042
Other operating income	247	8	0
Personnel costs	-1,050	-1,062	-685
Other operating expenses	-5,237	-5,179	-3,265
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-
Impairment and income from disposals of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-
OPERATING PROFIT	2,692	1,667	1,092
Financial Income	-	-	-
From tradable securities and other financial instruments	-	-	-
FINANCIAL PROFIT	-	-	-
PRE-TAX PROFIT	-	-	-
Income tax	2,692	1,667	1,092
	-1,154	-714	-469
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS	1,538	953	623
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
Profit for the year from discontinued operations, net of tax	-	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,538	953	623

7. PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

- a) The ownership of the shares of the Management Company is distributed among the companies listed below, with a statement of the percentage interest in the share capital of the Management Company belonging to each of them:

SHAREHOLDERS	% SHARE CAPITAL
Santander Investment, S.A.	19%
Banco Santander, S.A.	81%

- b) **Description of the nature of such control and measures in place to ensure that such control is not abused.**

For the purposes of Article 5 of the Restated Text of the Securities Market Act, approved by Royal Decree-Law 4/2015, SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A. is part of the SANTANDER GROUP.

In accordance with article 29.1.j) of Law 5/2015, the Management Company adheres to the Santander Group's General Code of Conduct, which can be viewed on its

website

(http://www.santander.com/csgs/Satellite/CFWCSancomQP01/es_ES/Corporativo/Accionistas-e-Inversores/Gobierno-corporativo/Codigos-de-conducta.html), and Code of Conduct in the Securities Markets.

8. FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ISSUER'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, FINANCIAL POSITION AND PROFITS & LOSSES

8.1 The Management Company declares that on the date of verification of this Registration Document, the Fund was not yet incorporated and, therefore, had not commenced operations, nor had any accounts been prepared regarding such operations.

8.2 Historical Financial Information.

Not applicable.

8.2.bis This paragraph may be used only for issues of asset-backed securities having a denomination per unit of at least €100,000.

Not applicable.

8.3 Legal and arbitration proceedings.

Not applicable.

8.4 Material adverse change in the Issuer's financial position.

Not applicable.

9. THIRD PARTY INFORMATION AND STATEMENT BY EXPERTS AND STATEMENTS OF ANY INTEREST

9.1 Statement or report attributed to a person as an expert.

Not applicable.

9.2 Information sourced from a third party.

Not applicable.

10. DOCUMENTS ON DISPLAY

The following documents (or copies thereof) will be available to the public during the effective period of this Registration Document:

- (a) **The current Bylaws and deed of incorporation of the Management Company.**
- (b) **This Prospectus.**
- (c) **The Deed of Incorporation of the Fund.**
- (d) **The Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement, the Payment Agency Agreement and the Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement.**
- (e) **Special Securitisation Report on Assignable Portfolio of Mortgage Loans portfolio** provided by UCI, and from which the Receivables transferred to the Fund will be taken, as issued by Deloitte upon the terms set forth in articles 22.1.(i) and 35 of Law 5/2015.

- (f) **Certificate of the resolution of the Board of Directors of the Management Company**, at its meeting held on 13 September 2017, whereat it was resolved, among other things, to incorporate the Fund, to subscribe the MTCs assigned by UCI and to issue the Notes.
- (g) **Certificate of the Sole Shareholder of UCI** at its meeting held on 7 June 2017 and **certificate of the resolution of the Board of Directors** of UCI, at its meeting held on 7 June 2017, whereat it was resolved the assignment to the Fund of the Mortgage Loans owned by the Assignor.
- (h) **Letters disclosing provisional ratings and letters disclosing final ratings** by FITCH and MOODY'S.
- (i) **Annual Accounts and auditors' report of the Management Company.**

A copy of all of the above documents may be inspected at the registered office of the Management Company.

In addition, a copy of all documents mentioned above other than those set forth in a), d) and h) may be inspected at the CNMV at Calle Edison 4, Madrid, and at Paseo de Gracia 19, 4º planta, Barcelona.

A copy of the Prospectus will be available to the public on the websites of the CNMV (www.cnmv.es) and AIAF (www.aiaf.es). Additionally, the annual and quarterly information required under Article 35 of Law 5/2015 will be available on the website of the CNMV.

The Deed of Incorporation will be available to the public within Iberclear.

Furthermore, this Prospectus, the Deed of Incorporation and the annual and quarterly reports referred to above may be viewed on the website of the Management Company (www.santanderdetitulizacion.com).

SECURITIES NOTE

This Securities Note was drafted in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation 809/2004 and was approved by the CNMV on 7 November 2017.

1. PERSONS RESPONSIBLE

1.1 Persons responsible for the information appearing in the Securities Note and in the Additional Building Block.

Mr Ignacio Ortega Gavara, acting in his capacity as General Manager of the Management Company, by virtue of the powers granted to him by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 13 September 2017 and on behalf of SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A., with a registered office at Gran Vía de Hortaleza, 3, 28033 Madrid, assumes responsibility for the information contained in this Securities Note and in the Additional Building Block.

SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A. is the sponsoring entity of FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V and will be responsible for the legal management and representation thereof.

1.2 Declaration by those responsible for the Securities Note and the Additional Building Block.

Mr Ignacio Ortega Gavara, having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, declares that the information contained in the Securities Note and the Additional Building Block is, to the best of his knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

2. RISK FACTORS

The specific risk factors regarding the Receivables backing the issue and regarding the securities are those described respectively in sections II and III, respectively, of the document incorporated at the beginning of this Prospectus under the heading “RISK FACTORS”.

3. ESSENTIAL INFORMATION

Interest of natural and legal persons involved in the issue

The identity of the legal persons participating in the offer and the direct or indirect participation held by them are described in section 5.2 of the Registration Document. The interest of such persons as participants in the offer of the issue of Notes is as follows:

- a) **SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A.** participates as the Management Company of the Fund, as coordinator of the Rating Agencies and of the relationship with the supervisory authorities and market operators, as legal and financial advisor on the structure of the transaction and as a depositary of the Multiple Title.
- b) **UCI, UNIÓN DE CRÉDITOS INMOBILIARIOS, S.A., ESTABLECIMIENTO FINANCIERO DE CRÉDITO** participates as the Assignor of the Mortgage Loans, issuer of the MTCs, subscriber of any Class A Notes that are not subscribed by qualified investors, subscriber of all Class B Notes, servicer of the Mortgage Loans pursuant to Article 26.3 of Royal Decree 716/2009, and the Fund's counterparty to the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

- c) **BANCO SANTANDER, S.A.** participates as Joint Arranger, as Joint Lead Manager, as Back-Up Servicer Facilitator and as the Fund's counterparty to the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement (Cash Flow Account).
- d) **BNP PARIBAS, London Branch** participates as Joint Arranger and as Joint Lead Manager.
- e) **BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES, Sucursal en España** participates as Paying Agent and as the Fund's counterparty to the Payment Agency Account.
- f) **FITCH RATINGS ESPAÑA, S.A.U** participates as a credit rating agency rating the Class A Notes.
- g) **MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE ESPAÑA, S.A.** participates as a credit rating agency rating the Class A Notes.
- h) **CUATRECASAS** participates as the legal advisor on the structure of the transaction and has reviewed the legal and tax matters applicable to the Fund as described in section 4.5.d) of the Registration Document.
- i) **PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L.** participates as auditor of the Fund.
- j) **DELOITTE, S.L.** participates as independent company of the assignable portfolio of Mortgage Loans of the Fund for the purposes of complying with the provisions of Law 5/2015.
- k) **ASHURST LLP** participates as legal advisor of the Joint Lead Managers and the Joint Arrangers and has reviewed the Prospectus and the structure of the transaction for the benefit of the Joint Lead Managers and the Joint Arrangers.

Banco Santander, S.A. and BNP Paribas each hold a 50% interest in the share capital of UCI, S.A., which in turn is the parent company of the 100% controlled subsidiary UNIÓN DE CRÉDITOS INMOBILIARIOS, S.A., EFC.

The Management Company is not aware of the existence of any other significant economic entitlement or interest of the aforementioned entities that participate in the issue, except for those that are strictly professional and derive from their participation as described in detail in section 3.2 of the Additional Building Block.

4. INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SECURITIES TO BE ADMITTED TO TRADING

4.1 Total amount of the securities.

a) Total issue amount

The total of the Notes issued amounts to FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN MILLION EUROS (€415,000,000), represented by FOUR THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY (4,150) Notes each with a nominal value of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000), distributed in two (2) classes of Notes (Class A Class B), each of them with the following nominal amount:

- Class A: in the total nominal amount of THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY NINE MILLION EUROS (€339,000,000), represented by THREE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND NINETY (3,390) Notes each with a nominal value of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000) and ISIN code ES0305288005.

- Class B: in the total nominal amount of SEVENTY-SIX MILLION EUROS (€76,000,000) represented by SEVEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY (760) Notes each with nominal value of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000) and ISIN code ES0305288013.

b) Placement

The Joint Lead Managers will place on a best effort basis the Class A Notes with qualified investors for the purposes of Article 39 of Royal Decree 1310/2005, in accordance with the terms of the Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement, by way of description and not limitation, legal entities that are authorised or regulated to operate in the financial markets, including, credit institutions, investment services companies, insurance companies, collective investment institutions and their management companies, pension funds and their management companies, other authorised or regulated financial institutions.

4.2 Description of type and class of securities.

The Notes will have the legal nature of negotiable fixed-income securities with a specified yield, and are subject to the rules established in the Restated Text of the Securities Market Act approved by Royal Decree-Law 4/2015 (the “**Securities Market Act**”) and the regulations in implementation thereof, and are issued pursuant to Law 5/2015. The Notes are redeemable through early redemption or upon final maturity.

4.3 Law under which the securities have been created.

The Notes are issued in accordance with the laws of Spain, and particularly in accordance with the legal provisions set forth in (i) Law 5/2015 and implementing provisions; (ii) the Restated Text of the Securities Market Act approved by Royal Decree-Law 4/2015; (iii) Royal Decree 1310/2005; (iv) Order 3537/2005 of the Ministry of the Economy and Finance of 10 November 2005, implementing Article 27.4 of the Securities Market Act; and (v) any such other legal and regulatory provisions as may be in force and applicable from time to time.

This Securities Note has been prepared in accordance with the models established in Annex XIII of Regulation 809/2004.

Any issue, discrepancy or dispute relating to the Fund or the Notes issued with the backing of the Fund and arising during the operation or liquidation thereof, whether among the Noteholders or between the Noteholders and the Management Company, will be submitted to the Courts of the city of Madrid, with the parties expressly waiving any other forum to which they may be entitled.

4.4 Representation of the securities.

The Notes will be represented by book entries in accordance with the provisions of Law 5/2015, will be created as such by virtue of their corresponding book entry, and will be made out to the bearer. The Deed of Incorporation will give rise to the effects provided for in Article 7 of the Consolidated Text of the Securities Market Act, approved by Royal Decree-Law 4/2015.

The denomination, number of units, nominal value and other characteristics and conditions of the Notes represented in book-entry form are those included in the Deed of Incorporation and this Prospectus.

The Noteholders will be identified as such (for their own account or that of third parties) as recorded in the book-entry register maintained by Sociedad de Gestión de los Sistemas de Registro, Compensación y Liquidación de Valores, S.A. (Iberclear), with a registered office in Madrid, at Calle Plaza de la Lealtad 1, 28014, which has been appointed as the entity in charge of the book-entry registry of the Notes. Thus, clearance and settlement of the Notes will be performed in accordance with the rules of operation that are or may hereafter be established by Iberclear regarding securities admitted to trading in the AIAF Fixed-Income Market and represented by the book entries.

4.5 Currency of the issue.

The Notes will be denominated in EUROS.

4.6 Ranking.

Class B Notes will be deferred as regards the payment of interest and payment of the principal with respect to the Class A Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments described in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block.

4.6.1 Summary of the priority of the payment of interest on the Class A Notes and on the Class B Notes in the priority of payments of the Fund

The payment of interest accrued by the Class A Notes occupies the (2nd) (second) place in the application of Available Funds in the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block and the (2nd) (second) place in the application of the Available Funds for Liquidation in the Liquidation Priority of Payments established in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block.

The payment of interest accrued by the Class B Notes occupies the (5th) (fifth) place in the application of Available Funds in the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block and the (4th) (fourth) place in the application of the Available Funds for Liquidation in the Liquidation Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block.

4.6.2 Summary of the priority of the payments of principal on the Class A Notes and on the Class B Notes in the priority of payments of the Fund

The repayment of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class A Notes occupies the (4th) (fourth) place in the application of Available Funds in the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block and the (3rd) (third) place in the application of the Available Funds for Liquidation in the Liquidation Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 in the Additional Building Block.

The repayment of the Outstanding Principal Balance of Class B Notes occupies the (6th) (sixth) place in the application of Available Funds in the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block and the (4th) (fourth) place in the application of the Available Funds for Liquidation in the Liquidation Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 in the Additional Building Block.

4.7 Description of the rights attached to the securities and procedure for exercise of said rights.

The Notes described in this Securities Note do not create present and/or future rights for the investor as regards the FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V. This is consistent with the nature of the FONDO DE TITULIZACION as a passive holding entity (*entidad patrimonial*) without legal personality.

The rights of investor associated with the acquisition and holding of the Notes will be those deriving from the right to receive interest payments, returns and other form of repayment are set forth in sections 4.8 and 4.9 below.

The Noteholders may not bring an action against the Management Company unless it breaches its payment obligations as described in this Prospectus or the Deed of Incorporation. Pursuant to applicable law, the Management Company is the only authorised representative of the Fund as regards third parties and in any legal proceedings (but this is without to rights of representation that may be granted by the Management Company to third parties).

The obligations of the Assignor and of the other entities in any way participating in the transaction are limited to those included in the corresponding agreements relating to the FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V, with the most significant ones being described in this Prospectus and in the Deed of Incorporation.

Any question or dispute concerning the Fund or the Notes issued with the backing thereof and that may arise during the operation or liquidation thereof, whether among the Noteholders or between the Noteholders and the Management Company, will be submitted to the Courts of the city of Madrid, waiving any other forum to which the parties may be entitled.

4.8 Nominal interest rate and provisions relating to interest payable.

The return on the Notes will be determined through a variable interest rate as provided below:

- a) The Notes will accrue annual nominal variable interest rate payable quarterly on each Payment Date, provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Cash Flow Account, in accordance with the Priority of Payments established for the Notes in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block.

Withholding, contributions or taxes now or hereafter applicable to the principal, interest or returns on the Notes shall be the sole responsibility of the Noteholders, and the amount thereof will be deducted by the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, through the Paying Agent in the manner provided by law.

- b) The term of the issue of the Notes will be divided into successive Interest Accrual Periods comprising the days elapsed between each Payment Date, including the initial Payment Date and excluding the final Payment Date in each Interest Accrual Period. However, the First Interest Accrual Period will have a duration shorter than three months, equivalent to the days actually elapsed between the Disbursement Date, inclusive, and the expected First Payment Date (15 March 2018), exclusive.
- c) The nominal interest rate applicable to the Notes for each Interest Accrual Period will be determined by the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, on the Rate Setting Date, which will be the second Business Day according to the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System (TARGET2) schedule prior to each Payment Date, at approximately 11 a.m. (Madrid time) on such day, and will apply to the next Interest Accrual Period.

The nominal interest rate of the Notes for the First Interest Accrual Period will be determined as established in section d) below, based on the Reference Interest Rate at approximately 11 a.m. (Madrid time) on the Date of Incorporation (with the final margin applicable to Class A to be provided on the Date of Incorporation or on the Business Day following the Date of Incorporation).

The Noteholders will be notified of the nominal interest rates determined for the following Interest Accrual Periods on the dates and in the manner established in section 4 of the Additional Building Block through publication, either in the Daily Bulletin (*Boletín Diario*) of the AIAF or in any other publication that may hereafter replace it or another with similar characteristics, or by publication in a daily newspaper with broad circulation in Spain.

- d) The nominal interest rate for each Class of Notes determined for each Interest Accrual Period will be the higher of (i) zero percent (0%) and (i) the sum of the Reference Interest Rate, calculated as stipulated below and the margin applicable to each Class of Notes.

All of the foregoing will be rounded off to the nearest one thousandth of one point.

e) The margin applicable to the Reference Interest Rate as specified above for calculating the nominal interest rate for each Class of Notes will be as follow for each class of Notes:

- Class A Notes: margin +0.38% per annum to (and including) the Step-Up Date and margin of +0.76% per annum from (but excluding) the Step-Up Date to (and including) the Final Maturity Date of the Notes (“**Class A Margin**”).
- Class B Notes: margin of +0.60% per annum to (and including) the Step-Up Date and 1.20% per annum from (but excluding) the Step-Up Date to (and including) the Final Maturity Date of the Notes (“**Class B Margin**”).

f) The Reference Interest Rate will be the following:

- (i) the rate offered in the Eurozone interbank market for three-month euro deposits (except for the First Interest Period) appearing on the Reuters-EuriborØ1 page or (A) such other page as may replace the Reuters-EuriborØ1 page for similar service for the purpose of displaying such information or (B) if that service ceases to display similar information, such other page or such equivalent service that displays this information (or, if more than one, the one which is used by the Paying Agent) or may replace the Reuters-EuriborØ1 page (the “**Screen Rate**”) at or about 11.00 a.m. (Madrid time) on the Rate Setting Date.

By way of exception, the Reference Interest Rate for the First Interest Accrual Period will be from the result of the linear interpolation of the 3-month EURIBOR rate and the 6-month EURIBOR rate quoted at approximately 11.00 a.m. on the Rate Setting Date, taking into account the number of days of the First Interest Accrual Period, according to the following formula.

$$R = E_2 + \left[\frac{E_3 - E_2}{d_3 - d_2} \right] \times (d_t - d_2)$$

Where:

R = Reference Interest Rate for the First Interest Accrual Period

d_t = Number of days of the First Interest Accrual Period

d₂ = Number of days corresponding to the Three (3)-monthEuribor

d₃ = Number of days corresponding to the Six (6)-monthEuribor

E₂ = Three (3)-month Euribor rate

E₃= Six (6)-month Euribor rate

- (ii) if the Screen Rate for euro deposits is unavailable at the time in respect of the relevant period, then the rate for any relevant period will be the arithmetic mean (rounded to four decimal places with the mid-point rounded upwards) of the rates communicated to the Paying Agent at its request by each of the Reference Banks as the rate at which euro deposits in respect of the relevant period in a representative amount are offered by the Reference Bank to

leading banks in the eurozone interbank market at or about 11.00 a.m. (Madrid time) on the Rate Setting Date.

“**Reference Banks**” means the three major banks in the Eurozone inter-bank market selected by the Paying Agent from time to time and, if any such bank is unable or unwilling to continue to act, such other bank as may be appointed by the Paying Agent on behalf of the Fund to act in its place.

- (iii) if, at the relevant time, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only two of the Reference Banks provide such quoted rate to the Paying Agent, the relevant rate will be determined on the basis of the quoted rate of that two Reference Banks able to provide such quotations; or
- (iv) if, at the relevant time, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only one or none of the Reference Banks provides the Paying Agent with such a quoted rate, the rate will be the rate in effect for the immediately preceding Interest Period to which paragraph (i) refers.

On the first Rate Setting Date, if the Reference Rate is not published in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (i) to (iv), the rate applied will be the rate published on the last Business Day on which such Reference Interest Rate was published.

The Management Company will keep copies of the Screen Rate printouts sent by the Paying Agent or, if appropriate, the quote statements from the banks referred to in section (ii) above, as documents evidencing the determination of the EURIBOR rate.

On each of the Rate Setting Dates, the Paying Agent will notify the Management Company of the Reference Interest Rate that will serve as the basis for the calculation of the nominal interest rate applicable to the Notes.

- g) The nominal interest rate will accrue on the effective days elapsed in each Interest Accrual Period for which it has been determined, and will be calculated on the basis of a year of three hundred and sixty (360) days.
- h) The interest rate accrued for the Notes will be payable quarterly, on each Payment Date, i.e., on the 15th day of March, June, September and December each year until total redemption, provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Cash Flow Account in accordance with the Priority of Payments established for the Notes in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block.

In the event that any of the dates established in the above paragraph is not a Business Day, the interest will be paid on the following Business Day, and the interest corresponding to the Interest Accrual Period in progress will accrue up to (but not including) the aforementioned Business Day.

- i) The first payment of interest on the Notes will take place on 15 March 2018, and interest will accrue at the corresponding nominal interest rate from the Disbursement Date (inclusive) to 15 March 2018 (exclusive).
- j) The interest payable on each Payment Date for each Interest Accrual Period will be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$I = \frac{P \times R \times d}{36.000}$$

Where:

I = Interest payable on a specific Payment Date.

P= Outstanding Principal Balance of each Class of Notes on the Determination Date preceding such Payment Date.

Determination Date means the date on which the Management Company will carry out the calculations required to determine the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes and the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables in the name of the Fund. The Determination Dates will be those which correspond to the fifth (5th) Business Day before each Payment Date

R = Nominal interest rate expressed as an annual percentage.

d = Number of calendar days in the Interest Accrual Period.

The Noteholders will be notified of the interest through the CNMV, AIAF and Iberclear, calculated as established above, and the amount of the interest accrued and unpaid as described in section 4 of the Additional Building Block, at least two (2) calendar days in advance of each Payment Date.

- k) The payment of the accrued interest will take place on each Payment Date, provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Cash Flow Account in accordance with the Priority of Payments provided for in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block.

In the event that on a Payment Date, the Fund is totally or partially unable to pay the interest accrued on the Notes in accordance with the Priority of Payments provided for in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block, the amounts that the Noteholders do not receive will be paid on the following Payment Date on which the Fund has sufficient liquidity to do so in accordance with the aforementioned Priority of Payments.

Amounts deferred will not accrue default interest.

4.8.1 Valid period during which interest may be claimed

The interest on the Notes will be paid up to the respective redemptions of the Notes on each Payment Date provided that the Fund has sufficient Available Funds for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments included in section 3.4.6 of the Additional Building Block.

Through its Management Company, the Fund cannot defer the payment of interest on the Notes beyond the Legal Maturity Date or, if the Legal Maturity Date does not fall on a Business Day, the following Business Day.

The withholding, rates and taxes now or hereafter applicable to the principal, interest or returns on these Notes will be paid exclusively by the Noteholders and the amounts will be deducted by the corresponding entity as legally provided.

4.8.2 Description of any episode of market distortion of underlying rate

Not applicable.

4.8.3 Rules for adjustment of underlying rates

Not applicable.

4.8.4 Calculation Agent

This will be the Management Company.

4.9 Redemption of the securities.

4.9.1 Redemption price

The redemption price of the Notes will be ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000) per Note, equivalent to their face value, free of charges and taxes for the Noteholder, payable progressively on each principal Payment Date, as set out in the following sections.

Each and every one of the Notes will be repaid in the same amount by means of a reduction in the face value of each Note.

4.9.2 Date and forms of redemption

The final maturity of the Notes will take place on the date on which they are fully redeemed or on the Legal Maturity Date of the Fund, i.e., 15 March 2055 or on the following Business Day, without prejudice to the Management Company redeeming the issue of Notes prior to the Legal Maturity Date of the Fund in accordance with section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.

The Notes will be redeemed by means of a reduction in their face value thereof on the 15th day of March, June, September and December of each year (or the following Business Day) until full redemption thereof in accordance with the ordinary redemption rules set forth below, unless the Available Funds in the Cash Flow Account are insufficient for such purpose.

4.9.3 Redemption of the Notes

The Available Funds will be applied on each Payment Date first to the redemption of the Class A Notes, and once Class A Notes have been fully redeemed to the redemption of Class B Notes. By means of partial redemptions, as from the First Payment Date and until the total face value is reached, the Available Funds will be distributed pro rata among Class A Notes and pro rata among Class B Notes by means of reducing the face value of each Note, and without prejudice to the Liquidation Priority of Payments described in section 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block referring to the application of Available Funds for Liquidation.

a) Redemption Rules for the Class A Notes

On each Payment Date, the Available Funds for the redemption of the Class A Notes shall equal the Class A Target Amortisation Amount.

“**Class A Target Amortisation Amount**” means an amount equal to the positive difference on that Payment Date between (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the the Notes and (ii) the aggregate of the Outstanding Balance of the Non-Defaulted Receivables on the last date of the Calculation Period immediately prior to the Payment Date.

Notwithstanding the above, if a **Class A Turbo Amortisation Event** occurs, the Available Funds for the redemption of the Notes from that Payment Date until the Final Maturity Date of the Notes shall equal the amount of the Available Funds after the payment of items (1) to (3) (inclusive) on the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation, items (1) to (2) (inclusive) on the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

“**Class A Turbo Amortisation Event**” means:

- (a) the Determination Date preceding any Payment Date, including the Determination Date preceding the First Payment Date, in which the Cumulative Default Ratio is equal to or higher than the following percentages:
 - 1. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 1 year after the Date of Incorporation: 1%;

2. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 2 years after the Date of Incorporation: 2%;
3. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 3 years after the Date of Incorporation: 3%;
4. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 4 years after the Date of Incorporation: 4%;
5. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 5 years after the Date of Incorporation: 5%;

(b) Any Payment Date after the Step-Up Date.

b) Redemption Rules for the Class B Notes

Once the Class A Notes have been redeemed in full, the Available Funds for the redemption of Class B Notes from that Payment Date until the Final Maturity Date of the Notes shall equal the amount of the Available Funds after the payment of items (1) to (5) (inclusive) on the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation, items (1) to (3) (inclusive) on the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

Early redemption of all the Notes issued

Regardless of the obligation of the Fund, through the Management Company, to redeem the Notes on the Legal Maturity Date of the Fund or make partial redemptions on each Payment Date as stated in the foregoing sections, the Management Company is authorised at any time to engage in an early liquidation of the Fund and along therewith the early redemption of all Notes issued, upon the terms set forth in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document, and to distribute the Available Funds for Liquidation in accordance with the Liquidation Priority of Payments set out in section 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block.

4.9.4 Optional Redemption

On any Payment Date commencing on the Step-Up Date (15 march 2023) (each an “**Optional Redemption Date**”), the Management Company may redeem at UCI’s request the Notes in whole (but not in part) at the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon up to and including the relevant Payment Date.

Any such redemption (an “**Optional Redemption**”) shall be effected by the Issuer provided that the Issuer has given not more than 45 and not less than 15 days’ prior written notice to Noteholders, and the Issuer has confirmed in such notice to the Noteholders that it will have the necessary funds to discharge all its outstanding liabilities in respect of the Class A Notes to be redeemed at the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class A Notes together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, i.e. at par value, and any amount ranking prior thereto or *pari passu* therewith pursuant to the Priority of Payments. The Issuer may exercise the Optional Redemption even if creditors with lower ranking to Class A Notes, such as Class B Noteholders, suffer a loss. Furthermore, if the Management Company decides to exercise the Optional Redemption, it shall publish the appropriate material event (*hecho relevante*) with the CNMV.

In any case, the effectiveness of the transfer of the Receivables will be subject to receipt by the Issuer of the purchase price of the Receivables from the Assignor (or any other purchaser) which

will form part of the Available Funds on the relevant Payment Date in an amount sufficient to discharge all the outstanding liabilities in respect of the Notes and any amount ranking prior thereto or *pari passu* therewith pursuant to the Priority of Payments.

4.10 Indication of investor yield and calculation method

The average life, yield, duration and final maturity of the Notes depend on several factors, of which the most significant are the following:

- i) The schedule for redeeming of each of the Mortgage Loans established in the corresponding agreements.
- ii) The ability of the Obligors to totally or partially redeem the Mortgage Loans in advance and the speed with which this redemption takes place during the duration of the Fund. Thus, the redemption of the Mortgage Loans by the Obligors, subject to ongoing changes, and estimated in this Prospectus through the use of several assumptions regarding the behaviour of the future CPR, which will directly influence the speed of the redemption of the Notes, and, therefore, the average life and duration of the Notes.
- iii) The variable interest rates applicable to the majority of the Mortgage Loans, which will cause the amount of the redemption in each instalment to vary.
- iv) A default of the Obligors as regards payment of the Mortgage Loan instalments.

In order to calculate the charts that appear in this section, the following hypothetical values have been assumed for the factors described:

- i) The interest rate of the Mortgage Loans used to calculate the redemptions and interest on each of the selected Mortgage Loans is the interest rate of each of the selected Mortgage Loans on 3 September 2017;
- ii) The maintenance of the selected Mortgage Loan repayment systems on 3 September 2017, including, where appropriate, the pending repayment of principal, and the due date of the instalments;
- iii) Delinquent Receivables³: 4.50% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables are in arrears over 90 days, excluding Defaulted Receivables, with 50% recovery between 90 days and 12 months in arrears;
- iv) Defaulted Receivables⁴: 2.00% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables with 50% recovery at 12 months since being considered as Defaulted Receivables;
- v) The Disbursement Date is 16 November 2017;
- vi) The annual CPRs (0%, 3%, 5% and 7%) hold constant over the life of the Notes, being the 5% CPR the most likelihood scenario;
- vii) Any proceeds in Cash Flow Account shall bear a 0% yield;
- viii) There will be no Class A Turbo Amortisation Event;
- ix) All Notes will be fully redeemed on the Payment Date of 15 March 2023;

³ Delinquent Receivables: means, at any time, any Receivable which is ninety (90) days or more in arrears and is not a Defaulted Receivable.

⁴ Defaulted Receivables: means, at any time, any Receivable that (i) has instalments pending payment for twelve (12) or more months, or (ii) whose debt, in the opinion of UCI, has been deemed not recoverable by the Servicer.

- x) The weighted average rate of Class A Notes, Class B Notes and the Subordinated Loan from the First Interest Payment Date compared with the weighted average interest rate of the Mortgage Loans is set out in the chart below.

	Reference	Spread until Step-up Date	Interest Rate until Step-up Date	Spread from Step-up Date	Interest Rate from Step-up Date
Class A Notes	-0.329%	0.380%	0.051%	0.760%	0.431%
Class B Notes	-0.329%	0.600%	0.271%	1.200%	0.871%
Subordinated Loan	-0.329%	0.750%	0.421%	1.500%	1.171%
WA Interest Rate from Liabilities			0.100%		0.529%

Weighted Average Interest Rate from the Mortgage Loans = 1.72%

Weighted Average Interest Rate for the Notes (First Interest Payment Date) = 0.109%

Weighted Average Interest Rate for the Notes (rest Interest Payment Date) = 0.092%

The adjusted actual duration of the Notes will also depend on their variable interest rate, and in all of the tables where they appear in this section, the interest rates are assumed as constant for Class A Notes at 0.068% and for Class B Notes at 0.288% for the First Payment Date and 0.051% for Class A Notes and 0.271% for Class B Notes for the rest of the Payment Dates; taking as a reference -0.312% for the First Payment Date (the linear interpolation between three-month and six-month EURIBOR on 9 October 2017) and -0.329% for the rest Payment Dates, plus a maximum margin of 0.380% for the Class A Notes and a maximum margin of 0.600% for the Class B Notes.

Variables (ii), (iii), (iv), (vi) and (vii) above, which are used in the tables below, come from the historical data provided by the Assignor concerning portfolios with similar characteristics to the credit rights granted by UCI to individuals in order to finance transactions involving the acquisition of houses in Spain or for subrogations of individuals in the financings granted to developers for the construction of houses in Spain for sale therein.

In preparing the below tables; each Mortgage Loan has been analysed on an individual basis bearing economic characteristics as at 3 September 2017 (periodicity of the instalments, nominal interest, etc.).

As a consequence, factor vi) disclosed above causes a Cumulative Default Ratio of 4.748%% with a CPR of 0%, 4.302%% with a CPR of 3%, 4.025%% with a CPR of 5% and 3.764%% with a CPR of 7%. Based on the above mentioned Cumulative Default Ratios, it is estimated that there will be no Class A Turbo Amortisation Event.

The average life of the Notes, IRR and Duration for different CPR, assuming the hypothesis described above, would be as follows:

CPR	0%	3%	5%	7%
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Class A Notes				
Average Life (years)	4.54	4.13	3.87	3.62
IRR	0.053%	0.053%	0.053%	0.053%
Duration (years)	4.53	4.12	3.86	3.62
Final maturity	15-Mar-23	15-Mar-23	15-Mar-23	15-Mar-23
(years)	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33
Default Ratio at maturity	4.748%	4.302%	4.025%	3.764%

Class B Notes				
Average Life (years)	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33
IRR	0.276%	0.276%	0.276%	0.276%
Duration (years)	5.29	5.29	5.29	5.29
Final maturity	15-Mar-23	15-Mar-23	15-Mar-23	15-Mar-23
(years)	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33
Default Ratio at maturity	4.748%	4.302%	4.025%	3.764%

FLows for Every Bond without withholding for the holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 0.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	240.44	100,240.44	100,000.00	1,469.77	101,469.77
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	1,641.57	22.48	1,664.04	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	1,050.51	12.82	1,063.33	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	1,056.11	12.96	1,069.07	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	1,656.53	12.41	1,668.94	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	1,645.70	11.79	1,657.49	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	1,634.13	12.38	1,646.50	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	1,621.82	11.77	1,633.60	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	1,609.98	11.56	1,621.54	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	1,596.70	11.36	1,608.06	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	1,584.00	11.15	1,595.15	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	1,570.86	11.07	1,581.92	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	1,558.73	10.74	1,569.47	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	1,545.03	10.43	1,555.45	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	1,532.29	10.46	1,542.75	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	1,519.09	10.26	1,529.35	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	1,507.30	9.95	1,517.25	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	1,494.32	9.65	1,503.96	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	1,482.59	9.67	1,492.26	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	1,470.47	9.47	1,479.95	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	1,459.41	9.18	1,468.59	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	69,762.85	8.89	69,771.74	100,000.00	67.75	100,067.75

FLows for Every Bond without withholding for the holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 3.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	219.07	100,219.07	100,000.00	1,469.77	101,469.77
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	3,167.88	22.48	3,190.36	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	1,935.93	12.62	1,948.55	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	1,918.87	12.64	1,931.51	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	2,477.45	11.99	2,489.44	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	2,436.11	11.28	2,447.39	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	2,394.62	11.73	2,406.35	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	2,353.02	11.04	2,364.07	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	2,312.43	10.74	2,323.17	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	2,271.08	10.44	2,281.52	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	2,230.84	10.15	2,240.99	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	2,190.77	9.97	2,200.74	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	2,152.20	9.58	2,161.78	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	2,112.75	9.20	2,121.95	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	2,074.73	9.13	2,083.86	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	2,036.84	8.86	2,045.70	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	2,000.74	8.50	2,009.24	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	1,964.10	8.15	1,972.25	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	1,929.09	8.08	1,937.16	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	1,894.23	7.83	1,902.05	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	1,860.77	7.50	1,868.27	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	56,285.56	7.18	56,292.74	100,000.00	67.75	100,067.75

FLows for Every Bond without withholding for the holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 5.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	205.69	100,205.69	100,000.00	1,469.77	101,469.77
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	4,200.78	22.48	4,223.26	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	2,524.67	12.49	2,537.16	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	2,484.91	12.42	2,497.33	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	3,008.36	11.70	3,020.06	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	2,939.99	10.94	2,950.93	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	2,872.31	11.30	2,883.61	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	2,805.36	10.57	2,815.93	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	2,740.21	10.21	2,750.41	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	2,675.13	9.85	2,684.98	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	2,611.92	9.51	2,621.42	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	2,549.64	9.27	2,558.91	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	2,489.54	8.84	2,498.38	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	2,429.36	8.43	2,437.79	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	2,371.27	8.30	2,379.56	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	2,314.01	7.99	2,322.00	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	2,259.11	7.60	2,266.72	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	2,204.40	7.23	2,211.63	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	2,151.84	7.11	2,158.95	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	2,100.08	6.83	2,106.90	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	2,050.22	6.48	2,056.70	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	48,216.90	6.15	48,223.04	100,000.00	67.75	100,067.75

FLows for Every Bond without withholding for the holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 7.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	192.95	100,192.95	100,000.00	1,469.77	101,469.77
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	5,246.44	22.48	5,268.92	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	3,112.07	12.35	3,124.42	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	3,043.36	12.20	3,055.57	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	3,525.89	11.42	3,537.31	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	3,425.22	10.61	3,435.82	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	3,326.54	10.87	3,337.42	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	3,229.87	10.10	3,239.96	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	3,136.18	9.68	3,145.86	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	3,043.79	9.28	3,053.07	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	2,954.40	8.88	2,963.28	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	2,867.06	8.60	2,875.66	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	2,782.91	8.13	2,791.05	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	2,699.81	7.69	2,707.50	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	2,619.73	7.51	2,627.24	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	2,541.49	7.17	2,548.65	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	2,466.43	6.76	2,473.19	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	2,392.54	6.37	2,398.92	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	2,321.59	6.20	2,327.79	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	2,252.28	5.90	2,258.18	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	2,185.60	5.55	2,191.15	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	40,826.79	5.21	40,831.99	100,000.00	67.75	100,067.75

The average life of the Notes for 2017 and until the Clean-up Call Date, IRR and duration for different CPR (0%, 3%, 5% and 7% respectively), assuming the hypothesis described above (other than factor (xi) set forth on section 4.10 of the Securities Notes about the exercise of the Optional Redemption on the Step-Up-Date) would be as follows:

CPR	0%	3%	5%	7%
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	Class A Notes			
Average Life (years)	9.67	6.88	5.69	4.82
IRR	0.052%	0.053%	0.053%	0.053%
Duration (years)	9.64	6.86	5.67	4.82
Final maturity	15-Dec-39	15-Mar-35	15-Jun-32	15-Mar-30
(years)	22.09	17.34	14.59	12.33
Default Ratio at maturity	11.893%	8.842%	7.358%	6.203%

	Class B Notes			
Average Life (years)	24.90	20.85	18.11	15.69
IRR	0.275%	0.275%	0.275%	0.275%
Duration (years)	24.07	20.27	17.67	15.35
Final maturity	15-Sep-43	15-Dec-39	16-Mar-37	15-Sep-34
(years)	25.85	22.09	19.34	16.84
Default Ratio at maturity	11.893%	8.842%	7.358%	6.203%

FLows for Every Bond without withholding for the holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 0.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	506.03	100,506.03	100,000.00	6,852.08	106,852.08
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	1,641.57	22.48	1,664.04	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	1,050.51	12.82	1,063.33	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	1,056.11	12.96	1,069.07	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	1,656.53	12.41	1,668.94	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	1,645.70	11.79	1,657.49	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	1,634.13	12.38	1,646.50	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	1,621.82	11.77	1,633.60	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	1,609.98	11.56	1,621.54	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	1,596.70	11.36	1,608.06	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	1,584.00	11.15	1,595.15	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	1,570.86	11.07	1,581.92	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	1,558.73	10.74	1,569.47	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	1,545.03	10.43	1,555.45	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	1,532.29	10.46	1,542.75	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	1,519.09	10.26	1,529.35	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	1,507.30	9.95	1,517.25	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	1,494.32	9.65	1,503.96	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	1,482.59	9.67	1,492.26	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	1,470.47	9.47	1,479.95	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	1,459.41	9.18	1,468.59	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	1,445.28	8.89	1,454.17	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-23	1,429.42	8.90	1,438.32	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-23	1,413.28	8.72	1,422.00	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-23	1,400.51	8.44	1,408.95	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-24	1,388.44	8.26	1,396.70	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Jun-24	1,377.55	8.35	1,385.89	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-24	1,364.05	7.90	1,371.95	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-24	1,350.73	7.73	1,358.46	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-25	1,336.87	7.55	1,344.43	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-25	1,324.05	7.38	1,331.43	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-25	1,313.96	7.21	1,321.17	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-25	1,302.61	7.04	1,309.65	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-26	1,286.21	6.87	1,293.09	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-26	1,268.98	6.71	1,275.68	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-26	1,251.13	6.62	1,257.75	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-26	1,240.71	6.38	1,247.10	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-27	1,229.70	6.15	1,235.85	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-27	1,221.36	6.13	1,227.49	0.00	69.26	69.26

15-Sep-27	1,213.96	5.97	1,219.93	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-27	1,206.55	5.75	1,212.30	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-28	1,194.55	5.59	1,200.14	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-28	1,181.62	5.50	1,187.12	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-28	1,166.90	5.35	1,172.25	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-28	1,156.08	5.14	1,161.22	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-29	1,140.93	4.93	1,145.87	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-29	1,125.01	4.89	1,129.90	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-29	1,106.38	4.85	1,111.23	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-29	1,086.14	4.55	1,090.69	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-30	1,054.54	4.27	1,058.81	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-30	1,025.69	4.42	1,030.11	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-30	996.30	4.15	1,000.45	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-30	973.21	4.02	977.23	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-31	949.00	3.89	952.90	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-31	922.47	3.77	926.24	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-31	890.86	3.65	894.51	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-31	883.64	3.54	887.17	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-32	874.79	3.42	878.21	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-32	866.93	3.35	870.28	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-32	859.85	3.23	863.08	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-32	856.79	3.09	859.88	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-33	855.73	2.94	858.68	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-33	855.77	2.90	858.67	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-33	855.12	2.79	857.90	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-33	858.14	2.65	860.79	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-34	853.51	2.51	856.01	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-34	853.22	2.45	855.67	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-34	854.65	2.34	856.99	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-34	856.49	2.20	858.70	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-35	856.87	2.07	858.94	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-35	855.20	2.01	857.21	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-35	857.14	1.94	859.07	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-35	858.74	1.76	860.50	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-36	858.76	1.65	860.41	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-36	858.91	1.54	860.45	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-36	857.69	1.43	859.12	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-36	858.65	1.32	859.97	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-37	856.37	1.21	857.58	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-37	849.21	1.10	850.31	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-37	843.59	1.00	844.59	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-37	843.35	0.88	844.23	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-38	836.31	0.76	837.07	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-38	827.16	0.67	827.83	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-38	813.99	0.56	814.55	0.00	69.26	69.26

15-Dec-38	804.13	0.45	804.58	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-39	795.95	0.35	796.30	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-39	788.61	0.25	788.86	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-39	783.31	0.15	783.45	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-39	339.27	0.04	339.31	1,936.15	68.50	2,004.66
15-Mar-40	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,393.81	67.18	3,460.99
15-Jun-40	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,366.51	65.56	3,432.07
17-Sep-40	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,342.13	64.61	3,406.74
17-Dec-40	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,332.38	60.26	3,392.63
15-Mar-41	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,308.69	56.06	3,364.75
17-Jun-41	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,277.65	57.54	3,335.19
16-Sep-41	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,233.77	53.46	3,287.23
16-Dec-41	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,215.06	51.25	3,266.31
17-Mar-42	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,143.95	49.04	3,193.00
16-Jun-42	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,050.61	46.89	3,097.50
15-Sep-42	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,984.71	44.80	3,029.51
15-Dec-42	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,950.25	42.76	2,993.01
16-Mar-43	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,915.82	40.73	2,956.56
15-Jun-43	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,859.92	38.74	2,898.66
15-Sep-43	0.00	0.00	0.00	53,688.59	37.18	53,725.77

FLows for Every Bond without withholding for the holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 3.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	361.48	100,361.48	100,000.00	5,738.72	105,738.72
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	3,167.88	22.48	3,190.36	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	1,935.93	12.62	1,948.55	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	1,918.87	12.64	1,931.51	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	2,477.45	11.99	2,489.44	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	2,436.11	11.28	2,447.39	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	2,394.62	11.73	2,406.35	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	2,353.02	11.04	2,364.07	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	2,312.43	10.74	2,323.17	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	2,271.08	10.44	2,281.52	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	2,230.84	10.15	2,240.99	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	2,190.77	9.97	2,200.74	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	2,152.20	9.58	2,161.78	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	2,112.75	9.20	2,121.95	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	2,074.73	9.13	2,083.86	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	2,036.84	8.86	2,045.70	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	2,000.74	8.50	2,009.24	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	1,964.10	8.15	1,972.25	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	1,929.09	8.08	1,937.16	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	1,894.23	7.83	1,902.05	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	1,860.77	7.50	1,868.27	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	1,825.18	7.18	1,832.36	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-23	1,788.66	7.10	1,795.76	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-23	1,752.46	6.86	1,759.33	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-23	1,719.60	6.56	1,726.16	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-24	1,687.80	6.34	1,694.14	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Jun-24	1,657.41	6.33	1,663.74	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-24	1,625.35	5.91	1,631.26	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-24	1,593.90	5.70	1,599.61	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-25	1,562.49	5.50	1,567.99	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-25	1,532.37	5.29	1,537.67	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-25	1,504.84	5.10	1,509.94	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-25	1,476.72	4.90	1,481.62	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-26	1,445.10	4.71	1,449.81	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-26	1,413.33	4.53	1,417.86	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-26	1,381.60	4.39	1,385.99	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-26	1,355.98	4.17	1,360.14	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-27	1,330.28	3.95	1,334.23	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-27	1,306.96	3.86	1,310.82	0.00	69.26	69.26

15-Sep-27	1,284.65	3.69	1,288.34	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-27	1,262.64	3.49	1,266.12	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-28	1,237.59	3.32	1,240.91	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-28	1,212.24	3.20	1,215.44	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-28	1,186.00	3.04	1,189.04	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-28	1,162.93	2.85	1,165.79	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-29	1,137.16	2.67	1,139.83	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-29	1,111.24	2.59	1,113.83	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-29	1,083.86	2.49	1,086.36	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-29	1,055.82	2.28	1,058.09	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-30	1,020.47	2.07	1,022.54	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-30	987.63	2.07	989.70	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-30	955.01	1.88	956.89	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-30	927.20	1.76	928.96	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-31	899.13	1.64	900.77	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-31	870.02	1.52	871.54	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-31	838.12	1.41	839.53	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-31	822.63	1.30	823.94	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-32	806.32	1.20	807.52	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-32	790.89	1.10	792.00	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-32	776.18	1.00	777.18	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-32	764.21	0.89	765.10	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-33	753.65	0.78	754.43	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-33	743.88	0.70	744.58	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-33	733.80	0.60	734.40	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-33	726.07	0.50	726.57	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-34	713.76	0.40	714.17	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-34	704.24	0.32	704.56	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-34	695.84	0.23	696.07	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-34	687.77	0.14	687.91	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-35	374.58	0.05	374.63	1,341.50	67.75	1,409.25
15-Jun-35	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,948.76	68.33	3,017.08
17-Sep-35	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,914.59	67.73	2,982.32
17-Dec-35	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,879.87	63.57	2,943.44
17-Mar-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,841.52	61.59	2,903.11
16-Jun-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,803.92	59.65	2,863.57
15-Sep-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,763.30	57.73	2,821.03
15-Dec-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,728.54	55.83	2,784.37
16-Mar-37	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,686.24	53.97	2,740.20
15-Jun-37	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,632.65	52.12	2,684.77
15-Sep-37	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,583.53	50.87	2,634.40
15-Dec-37	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,547.94	48.55	2,596.49
15-Mar-38	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,496.67	46.29	2,542.96

15-Jun-38	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,441.21	45.59	2,486.80
15-Sep-38	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,377.25	43.90	2,421.15
15-Dec-38	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,321.99	41.80	2,363.79
15-Mar-39	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,271.49	39.76	2,311.25
15-Jun-39	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,223.64	39.07	2,262.72
15-Sep-39	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,181.13	37.53	2,218.66
15-Dec-39	0.00	0.00	0.00	52,014.26	35.63	52,049.89

FLows for every bond without withholding for the holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 5.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	299.89	100,299.89	100,000.00	4,985.09	104,985.09
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	4,200.78	22.48	4,223.26	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	2,524.67	12.49	2,537.16	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	2,484.91	12.42	2,497.33	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	3,008.36	11.70	3,020.06	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	2,939.99	10.94	2,950.93	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	2,872.31	11.30	2,883.61	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	2,805.36	10.57	2,815.93	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	2,740.21	10.21	2,750.41	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	2,675.13	9.85	2,684.98	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	2,611.92	9.51	2,621.42	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	2,549.64	9.27	2,558.91	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	2,489.54	8.84	2,498.38	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	2,429.36	8.43	2,437.79	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	2,371.27	8.30	2,379.56	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	2,314.01	7.99	2,322.00	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	2,259.11	7.60	2,266.72	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	2,204.40	7.23	2,211.63	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	2,151.84	7.11	2,158.95	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	2,100.08	6.83	2,106.90	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	2,050.22	6.48	2,056.70	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	1,999.07	6.15	2,005.22	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-23	1,947.74	6.02	1,953.77	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-23	1,897.34	5.77	1,903.11	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-23	1,850.51	5.46	1,855.98	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-24	1,805.20	5.22	1,810.43	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Jun-24	1,761.69	5.16	1,766.84	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-24	1,717.26	4.76	1,722.02	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-24	1,673.93	4.54	1,678.47	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-25	1,631.17	4.33	1,635.50	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-25	1,590.05	4.12	1,594.17	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-25	1,551.64	3.91	1,555.55	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-25	1,513.21	3.71	1,516.93	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-26	1,472.34	3.52	1,475.85	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-26	1,431.85	3.33	1,435.18	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-26	1,391.92	3.18	1,395.09	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-26	1,357.55	2.96	1,360.51	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-27	1,323.54	2.76	1,326.30	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-27	1,291.91	2.65	1,294.55	0.00	69.26	69.26

15-Sep-27	1,261.49	2.48	1,263.97	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-27	1,231.68	2.29	1,233.97	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-28	1,199.81	2.13	1,201.94	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-28	1,168.09	2.00	1,170.09	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-28	1,136.07	1.84	1,137.91	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-28	1,106.97	1.68	1,108.65	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-29	1,076.11	1.52	1,077.63	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-29	1,045.53	1.41	1,046.94	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-29	1,014.20	1.30	1,015.51	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-29	982.77	1.13	983.90	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-30	946.12	0.97	947.09	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-30	911.88	0.91	912.80	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-30	878.28	0.76	879.05	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-30	848.79	0.65	849.44	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-31	819.49	0.54	820.03	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-31	789.80	0.44	790.24	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-31	758.43	0.33	758.76	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-31	739.70	0.24	739.93	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-32	720.59	0.14	720.73	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-32	373.16	0.05	373.21	1,451.18	69.26	1,520.44
15-Sep-32	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,019.12	68.25	3,087.37
15-Dec-32	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,951.92	65.44	3,017.36
15-Mar-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,890.02	62.72	2,952.74
15-Jun-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,831.41	62.11	2,893.52
15-Sep-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,772.48	60.15	2,832.63
15-Dec-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,721.67	57.60	2,779.27
15-Mar-34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,657.11	55.12	2,712.23
15-Jun-34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,602.00	54.51	2,656.51
15-Sep-34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,551.06	52.71	2,603.76
15-Dec-34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,501.70	50.39	2,552.08
15-Mar-35	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,450.51	48.14	2,498.64
15-Jun-35	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,396.56	47.51	2,444.07
17-Sep-35	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,349.97	46.85	2,396.81
17-Dec-35	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,303.54	43.74	2,347.28
17-Mar-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,255.18	42.16	2,297.34
16-Jun-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,207.91	40.62	2,248.53
15-Sep-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,159.17	39.11	2,198.27
15-Dec-36	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,114.94	37.63	2,152.57
16-Mar-37	0.00	0.00	0.00	52,812.57	36.18	52,848.75

FLows for Every Bond without Withholding for the Holder
(Amounts in EUR)
CPR = 7.00%

Payment Date	Class A Bonds			Class B Bonds		
	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow	Principal Repayment	Gross Interest	Total Flow
TOTALS:	100,000.00	255.28	100,255.28	100,000.00	4,318.53	104,318.53
16-Nov-17						
15-Mar-18	5,246.44	22.48	5,268.92	0.00	95.20	95.20
15-Jun-18	3,112.07	12.35	3,124.42	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-18	3,043.36	12.20	3,055.57	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-18	3,525.89	11.42	3,537.31	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-19	3,425.22	10.61	3,435.82	0.00	66.24	66.24
17-Jun-19	3,326.54	10.87	3,337.42	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-19	3,229.87	10.10	3,239.96	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-19	3,136.18	9.68	3,145.86	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-20	3,043.79	9.28	3,053.07	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-20	2,954.40	8.88	2,963.28	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-20	2,867.06	8.60	2,875.66	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-20	2,782.91	8.13	2,791.05	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-21	2,699.81	7.69	2,707.50	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-21	2,619.73	7.51	2,627.24	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-21	2,541.49	7.17	2,548.65	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-21	2,466.43	6.76	2,473.19	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-22	2,392.54	6.37	2,398.92	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-22	2,321.59	6.20	2,327.79	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-22	2,252.28	5.90	2,258.18	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-22	2,185.60	5.55	2,191.15	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-23	2,118.66	5.21	2,123.86	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-23	2,052.45	5.04	2,057.49	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-23	1,987.94	4.78	1,992.72	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-23	1,927.42	4.47	1,931.89	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-24	1,869.04	4.22	1,873.26	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Jun-24	1,812.99	4.11	1,817.10	0.00	70.76	70.76
16-Sep-24	1,756.89	3.75	1,760.64	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Dec-24	1,702.49	3.52	1,706.01	0.00	68.50	68.50
17-Mar-25	1,649.30	3.30	1,652.60	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Jun-25	1,598.21	3.09	1,601.30	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-25	1,550.10	2.88	1,552.98	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Dec-25	1,502.61	2.68	1,505.29	0.00	68.50	68.50
16-Mar-26	1,453.70	2.49	1,456.19	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-26	1,405.78	2.30	1,408.08	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Sep-26	1,358.96	2.14	1,361.10	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-26	1,317.35	1.94	1,319.30	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-27	1,276.60	1.75	1,278.35	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-27	1,238.31	1.63	1,239.94	0.00	69.26	69.26

15-Sep-27	1,201.52	1.47	1,202.99	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-27	1,165.71	1.30	1,167.00	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-28	1,128.71	1.14	1,129.86	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Jun-28	1,092.34	1.01	1,093.35	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Sep-28	1,056.22	0.87	1,057.08	0.00	69.26	69.26
15-Dec-28	1,022.89	0.72	1,023.61	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-29	988.61	0.58	989.20	0.00	67.75	67.75
15-Jun-29	955.03	0.47	955.50	0.00	69.26	69.26
17-Sep-29	921.32	0.35	921.67	0.00	70.76	70.76
17-Dec-29	887.99	0.22	888.21	0.00	68.50	68.50
15-Mar-30	827.66	0.10	827.76	103.39	66.24	169.63
17-Jun-30	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,599.59	70.69	3,670.27
16-Sep-30	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,451.67	65.97	3,517.64
16-Dec-30	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,319.51	63.60	3,383.11
17-Mar-31	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,189.82	61.33	3,251.15
16-Jun-31	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,060.66	59.14	3,119.80
15-Sep-31	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,927.75	57.05	2,984.80
15-Dec-31	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,837.95	55.04	2,892.99
15-Mar-32	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,748.11	53.10	2,801.21
15-Jun-32	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,662.35	51.78	2,714.12
15-Sep-32	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,580.15	49.93	2,630.08
15-Dec-32	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,506.12	47.62	2,553.75
15-Mar-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,436.89	45.40	2,482.29
15-Jun-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,370.90	44.72	2,415.62
15-Sep-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,305.55	43.08	2,348.63
15-Dec-33	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,246.80	41.03	2,287.84
15-Mar-34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,179.11	39.06	2,218.17
15-Jun-34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,118.95	38.42	2,157.37
15-Sep-34	0.00	0.00	0.00	53,354.73	36.95	53,391.68

The Management Company expressly states that the charts for the debt service of the Notes described above are merely theoretical and for descriptive purposes, and do not represent any obligation to pay, taking into account that:

- The Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes on each Payment Date and, therefore, the interest to be paid on each of them will depend on the prepayment and non-payment of and on the level of actual default on the Mortgage Loans.
- It is assumed that the Management Company will exercise the option of Early Liquidation of the Fund on the Step-Up Date on the first set of tables and on the Clean-up Call date on the second set of tables and with this the Early Redemption of the Notes.

4.11 Representation of the security holders.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 26 of Law 5/2015, the Management Company will act with utmost diligence and transparency in defence of the best interests of the Noteholders and financiers of the Fund.

Additionally, the Meeting of Creditors will be established upon and by virtue of the Deed of Incorporation and will remain in force and in effect until repayment of the Notes in full or cancellation of the Fund. The provisions relating to the Meeting of Creditors are contained in the Rules.

The terms and conditions of the rules for the Creditors' Meeting (the “**Rules**”) are the following:

RULES FOR THE CREDITORS' MEETING

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

General

- 1.1 According to Article 37 of Law 5/2015, the Meeting of Creditors will be validly constituted upon execution of the public deed for the incorporation of the Fund, assignment of the assets and asset-backed securities issuance.
- 1.2 The contents of these Rules are deemed to form part of each Note issued by the Fund.
- 1.3 The Rules also govern the relationship of the Noteholders with the Subordinated Loan provider (the “**Other Creditors**”). No creditor of the Fund other than the Noteholders and Other Creditors shall have the right to vote at any Meeting of Creditors.
- 1.4 Any matter relating to the Meeting of Creditors which is not regulated under these Rules shall be regulated in accordance with Article 37 of the Law 5/2015 and, if applicable, in accordance with the provisions contained in Royal Decree-Law 1/2010 of 2 July approving the Restated Text of the Capital Companies Act (“**Capital Companies Act**”), as amended, relating to the Security-holders' Syndicate.
- 1.5 Any and all Noteholders and Other Creditors are members of the Meeting of Creditors and shall be subject to the provisions established in these Rules as modified by the Meeting of Creditors.
- 1.6 The Meeting of Creditors convened by the Management Company shall have the objective of defending the interests of the Noteholders and Other Creditors, but limited to what is set out in the Transaction Documents and without distinction between the Noteholders and Other Creditors. Any information given to Noteholders must be given to the Other Creditors.

Article 2

Definitions

All capitalised terms of these Rules not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning set forth in the Prospectus and the Deed of Incorporation.

- “**Extraordinary Resolution**” means a resolution passed at a Meeting of Creditors duly convened and held in accordance with the Rules.
- “**Written Resolution**” means a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of all Noteholders and Other Creditors who are then entitled to receive notice of a meeting in accordance with the Rules for the Meeting of Creditors, whether contained in one

document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more such Noteholders or by or on behalf of one or more of the Other Creditors;

- “**Resolution**” means a resolution passed by the Noteholders or Other Creditors at a Meeting of Creditors or by virtue of a Written Resolution.
- “**Transaction Party**” means any person who is a party to a Transaction Document and “**Transaction Parties**” means some or all of them;
- “**Transaction Documents**” means the following documents: (i) Deed of Incorporation of the Fund; (ii) the Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement; (iii) the Subordinated Loan Agreement; (iv) the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement; (v) the Payment Agency Agreement; and (vi) any other documents executed from time to time after the Date of Incorporation in connection with the Fund and designated as such by the relevant parties.

Article 3

Separate and combined meetings

- 3.1 An Extraordinary Resolution which, in the opinion of the Management Company, affects the Noteholders but does not give rise to an actual or potential conflict of interest between the Noteholders and/or Other Creditors shall be transacted at a separate Meeting of Creditors for Noteholders or at a single Meeting of Creditors for both Noteholders and the Other Creditors, as the Management Company shall determine at its absolute discretion.

Article 4

Meetings convened by Noteholders and Other Creditors

- 4.1 A Meeting of Creditors shall be convened by the Management Company upon the request in writing of a Class or Classes of Noteholders holding no less than 10 per cent of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of Notes of the relevant Class or Classes or Other Creditors holding no less than 10 per cent of the outstanding principal amount due to such Other Creditors. Noteholders and Other Creditors can also participate in a Meeting of Creditors convened by the Management Company to consider any matter affecting their interests.
- 4.2 However, unless the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, has an obligation to take such action under these Rules, the Noteholders and the Other Creditors are not entitled to instruct or direct the Management Company to take any actions without the consent of the Meeting of Creditors.

TITLE II MEETING PROVISIONS

Article 5

Convening of Meeting

- 5.1 The Management Company may at its discretion convene a meeting at any time and shall convene a meeting if so instructed by the relevant percentage of Noteholders or Other Creditors set forth in section 4.1 above.

- 5.2 Whenever the Management Company is about to convene any such meeting, it shall immediately give notice of the date thereof and of the nature of the business to be transacted thereat, through the publication of a material event (*hecho relevante*) with the CNMV.
- 5.3 The resources needed and the costs incurred for each Meeting of Creditors shall be provided and borne by the Fund.
- 5.4 For each Meeting of Creditors, the Management Company shall designate a representative and, therefore, no commissioner (*comisario*) shall be appointed for any Meeting of Creditors.

Article 6

Notice

- 6.1 The Management Company shall give at least 21 calendar days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is to be held) specifying the date, time and place of the initial meeting ("**Initial Meeting**") to the Noteholders and Other Creditors.
- 6.2 Without prejudice to the above, the Management Company may adjourn such Initial Meeting for 10 calendar days ("**Adjourned Meeting**").

Article 7

Quorums at Initial Meeting and Adjourned Meetings

- 7.1 The quorum at any Initial Meeting to vote on an Extraordinary Resolution, other than an Initial Meeting regarding a Reserved Matter, relating to a Meeting of a particular Class or Classes of Notes, shall be at least one or more persons holding or representing a majority of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes of each of Class or Classes.
- 7.2 The quorum at any Initial Meeting to vote on an Extraordinary Resolution relating to a Reserved Matter shall be at least one or more persons holding or representing not less than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes of the relevant Class or Classes form a quorum unless the Reserved Matter is to decide the Early Liquidation of the Fund in accordance with Article 23.2 b) of Law 5/2015, in which case it shall be at least one or more persons holding or representing not less than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes of the relevant Class or Classes and seventy-five per cent (75%) of the outstanding principal amount due to each of the Other Creditors.
- 7.3 The quorum at any Adjourned Meeting to vote on an Extraordinary Resolution, other than regarding a Reserved Matter, shall be at least one or more persons being or representing Noteholders of the relevant Class or Classes, whatever the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes so held or represented in such Class or Classes.
- 7.4 The quorum at any Adjourned Meeting to vote on an Extraordinary Resolution relating to a Reserved Matter shall be at least one or more persons holding or representing not less than thirty-three per cent (33%) of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes of the relevant Class or Classes form a quorum, unless the Reserved Matter is to decide

the Early Liquidation of the Fund in accordance with Article 23.2 b) of Law 5/2015, in which case it shall be at least one or more persons holding or representing not less than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes of the relevant Class or Classes and seventy-five per cent (75%) of the outstanding principal amount due to each of the Other Creditors.

- 7.5 There is no minimum quorum of Other Creditors for a valid quorum of any Initial Meeting or Adjourned Meeting except for such Meeting is to decide the Early Liquidation of the Fund in accordance with Article 23.2 b) of Law 5/2015, in which case one or more persons holding or representing not less than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the outstanding principal amount due to each of the Other Creditors shall attend.

For the purposes of calculating the relevant quorum and the required majority, the entitlement of the Noteholders and Other Creditors to attend the meeting or to vote shall be determined by reference to the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes of the relevant Class or Classes or the outstanding principal due to each of the Other Creditors on the immediately preceding Payment Date to the convening of the Meeting.

Article 8

Required Majority

- 8.1 An Extraordinary Resolution is validly passed at any Initial Meeting and/or Adjourned Meeting when (i) in respect of an Extraordinary Resolution other than an Extraordinary Resolution to be passed to decide the Early Liquidation of the Fund in accordance with Article 23.2 b) of Law 5/2015, not less than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the votes cast by the Noteholders attending the relevant meeting have been cast in favour thereof, or (ii) in respect of an Extraordinary Resolution to be passed to decide the Early Liquidation of the Fund in accordance with Article 23.2 b) of Law 5/2015, not less than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the total outstanding principal held by the Noteholders and not less than seventy-five per cent (75%) of the total outstanding principal held by the Other Creditors have been cast in favour thereof, also taking into account those not attending the relevant meeting.

Article 9

Written Resolution

A Written Resolution is validly passed when it has been signed by or on behalf of the Noteholders and Other Creditors holding one hundred per cent (100%) of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes of the relevant Class or Classes form a quorum or the credit affected, as the case maybe. A Written Resolution shall take effect as if it were an Extraordinary Resolution.

Article 10

Matters requiring an Extraordinary Resolution

An Extraordinary Resolution is required to approve any Reserved Matter.

Article 11

Reserved Matters

The following are “**Reserved Matters**”:

- (i) to change any date fixed for the payment of principal or interest in respect of the Notes, to reduce the amount of principal or interest due on any date in respect of the Notes or to alter the method of calculating the amount of any payment in respect of the Notes on redemption or maturity;
- (ii) to change the currency in which amounts due in respect of the Notes are payable;
- (iii) to alter the priority of payment of interest or principal in respect of the Notes;
- (iv) to change the quorum required at any Meeting of Creditors or the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution;
- (v) to authorise the Management Company or (if relevant) any other Transaction Party to perform any act or omission which is not expressly regulated under the Deed of Incorporation and other Transaction Documents;
- (vi) to approve the termination of the Fund in accordance with Article 23.2.b) of Law 5/2015;
- (vii) to approve any proposal by the Management Company for any modification of the Deed of Incorporation or any arrangement in respect of the obligations of the Fund under or in respect of the Notes;
- (viii) to instruct the Management Company or any other person to do all that may be necessary to give effect to any Extraordinary Resolution;
- (ix) to give any other authorisation or approval which under the Deed of Incorporation or the Notes is required to be given by Extraordinary Resolution;
- (x) to appoint any persons as a committee to represent the interests of the Noteholders and to confer upon such committee any powers which the Noteholders could themselves exercise by Extraordinary Resolution; and
- (xi) to amend this definition of Reserved Matters.

Article 12

Relationships between Noteholders and Other Creditors

Resolutions of the Class A Notes will bind holders of the Class B Notes as well as Other Creditors, save where they relate to a Reserved Matter. However neither holders of the Class B Notes nor Other Creditors may bind the Class A Notes.

No Extraordinary Resolution involving a Reserved Matter that is passed by the holders of one Class of Notes shall be effective unless it is sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of each of the other Classes of Notes then outstanding.

Any resolution passed at a Meeting of Creditors duly convened and held in accordance with these Rules and the Deed of Incorporation shall be binding upon all Noteholders and the Other Creditors, whether or not present at such meeting and whether or not voting.

In addition, so long as any Notes are outstanding and there is, in the Management Company's sole opinion, a conflict between the interests of the Noteholders and the Other Creditors, the Management Company shall have regard solely to the interests of the Noteholders in the exercise of its discretion.

Article 13

Domicile

The Meeting of Creditors' domicile is located at the Management Company's registered office, i.e., Gran Vía de Hortaleza, 3, 28033 Madrid.

However, the Meeting of Creditors may meet whenever appropriate at any other venue in the city of Madrid, with express specification in the notice of call to meeting.

TITLE III GOVERNING LAW AND JURISDICTION

Article 14

Governing law and jurisdiction

- 14.1 These Rules and any non-contractual obligations arising therefrom or in connection therewith are governed by, and will be construed in accordance with, the laws of Spain.
- 14.2 All disputes arising out of or in connection with these Rules, including those concerning the validity, interpretation, performance and termination hereof, shall be exclusively settled by the Courts of the city of Madrid.

4.12 Resolutions, authorisations and approvals by virtue of which the securities are issued.

i) Corporate resolutions

Resolution to create the Fund, acquire the Mortgage Loans, subscribe the MTCs and issue the Notes:

The Board of Directors of the Management Company, at its meeting held on 13 September 2017, resolved to (i) incorporate the Fund, (ii) acquire the Mortgage Loans to be pooled in the Fund through the issue of MTCs, (iii) issue the Notes and (iv) appoint PWC as an auditor of the Fund.

Resolution to assign the Mortgage Loans:

The Sole Shareholder of UCI, at its meeting held on 7 June 2017 as well as the Board of Directors of UCI at its meeting held on 7 June 2017, approved the assignment to the Fund of the Mortgage Loans owned by the Assignor through the issue of the MTCs.

ii) Registration by the CNMV

This Prospectus was recorded in the Official Registers of the CNMV on 7 November 2017.

iii) Certification of the Deed of Incorporation of the Fund

Once the registration of this Prospectus has been carried out by the CNMV, the Management Company together with UCI, which acts as the Mortgage Loans Assignor and the issuer of the MTCs, will proceed to grant the Deed of Incorporation of the Fund.

The Management Company represents that the text of the Deed of Incorporation will coincide with the draft of the Deed of Incorporation delivered to the CNMV, and in no case will the terms of the Deed of Incorporation contradict, modify, alter or invalidate the rules set forth in this Prospectus.

The Management Company will forward a copy of the Deed of Incorporation to Iberclear and to the CNMV for filing with the Official Registers.

In case of any discrepancy or inconsistency between this Prospectus and the Deed of Incorporation, the Prospectus shall prevail.

4.13 Issue date.

The issue date of the Notes will be 13 November 2017.

4.13.1 Group of potential investors

The placement of the Notes is aimed at investors qualified for the purposes of Article 39 of Royal Decree 1310/2005, i.e., for descriptive purposes and not limited to, legal persons authorised or regulated to operate in financial markets, including credit institutions, investment services companies, insurance companies, collective investment institutions and their management companies, pension funds and their management companies, other authorised or regulated financial entities, etc.

The issuance of the Notes is directed towards qualified investors (as defined in Article 39 of Royal Decree 1310/2005).

By subscribing the Notes, each Noteholder agrees to the terms of the Deed of Incorporation and this Prospectus.

4.13.2 Subscription Period

The Management Company will enter into a Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement of the Notes by virtue of which UCI will undertake to subscribe all Class A Notes not subscribed by the investors and to subscribe all Class B Notes.

UCI will not charge any fees for the subscription of Class B Notes or Class A notes if applicable. Any placement fees to the Joint Lead Managers will be paid by UCI and not by the Issuer.

The Subscription Period will begin at 09:00 Madrid time on 16 November 2017 and will end on the same day at 12:00 Madrid time. Once the Subscription Period has ended, and before 12:30 Madrid time on the same day, the Joint Lead Managers will notify UCI and the Management Company of the number and amount of the Class A Notes that have been placed. UCI undertakes to subscribe the remaining Class A Notes not placed by the Joint Lead Managers and all of the Class B Notes in accordance with the Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement on 16 November 2017, between 13:00 Madrid time and 13:30 Madrid time.

4.13.3 Disbursement date and form

The Disbursement Date will be 16 November 2017.

The disbursement of the amounts of the Notes will be paid by the subscribing entities.

On the Disbursement Date, the Joint Lead Managers will pay to the Fund into the Payment Agency Account before 15:00 Madrid time through the Paying Agent the amount of the Class A Notes actually placed, for value that same day.

The Class A Noteholders must pay the Joint Lead Managers the price of the issue of each Note placed before 12:30 Madrid time on the Disbursement Date, for value that day.

Furthermore, UCI will pay through the Paying Agent before 13:30 Madrid time the amount of Class B Notes, and if applicable, the amount of Class A Notes that were not placed with qualified

investors into the Payment Agency Account. A failure by UCI to subscribe the amount of Class A Notes that were not placed with qualified investors, if any, will result in the cancellation of the Fund in accordance with Section 4.4.4 (vi) of the Registration Document, the Notes issue and all agreements except for the Subordinated Loan Agreement in relation to the costs incurred in incorporating the Fund, the Notes issue and the transfer of the Notes.

4.14 Restrictions on free transferability of the securities.

The Notes may be freely transferred by any means allowed by law and in accordance with AIAF standards. The ownership of each Note will be transferred by book-entry transfer. The registration of the transfer in favor of the acquirer in the book-entry register will have the same effects as the transfer of the certificates and, as from such time, the transfer may be challenged by third parties.

5. ADMISSION TO LISTING AND DEALING ARRANGEMENTS

5.1 Indication of the market where the securities will be listed and traded.

The Management Company will request the admission of the issue to trading on the AIAF. The Management Company will also, on behalf of the Fund, request the inclusion of the issue in Iberclear so that clearance and settlement may be carried out under the operating norms established or that may be approved in the future by Iberclear with regard to the securities admitted to trading on the AIAF and represented by book entries.

The Management Company undertakes to complete the registration of the issue on the AIAF within a period of thirty (30) days from the Disbursement Date once the corresponding authorisations have been obtained.

The Management Company, in the name and on behalf of the Fund, states that it is aware of the requirements and conditions that may be requested for the listing, maintenance and de-listing of the securities with AIAF in accordance with applicable regulations as well as the requirements by the governing bodies of the latter, and the Management Company undertakes to comply therewith.

In the event of a failure to meet the deadline for admission of the Notes to trading, the Management Company undertakes to provide a notice of material event with the CNMV and make the announcement in the Daily Bulletin of the AIAF or in any other media generally accepted by the market which guarantees adequate dissemination of the information, in time and content, concerning the reasons for such breach and the new date for admission of the issued securities to trading, without prejudice to the possible liability of the Management Company if the breach is due to reasons attributable thereto.

It is not expected that there will be an agreement with any entity to provide liquidity for the Notes during the term of the issue.

5.2 Paying Agent and Depository Agents.

a) Paying Agent:

The Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, appoints BP2S, which undertakes to be the Paying Agent in order to carry out the issue of the Notes. The obligations assumed by BP2S in its condition as Paying Agent include the following:

(i) Disbursement of issue

The Paying Agent will pay the Fund, before 15:00 (Madrid time) on the Disbursement Date and for value that same day, all amounts which are paid thereto by the Noteholders in accordance with the provisions of the Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement, by means of a deposit into the Payment Agency Account of the Fund.

(ii) Notice of EURIBOR Reference Rate

On each of the Rate Setting Dates, the Paying Agent will notify the Management Company of the reference interest rate that will serve as a basis for the Management Company to calculate the nominal interest rate applicable to the Notes.

(iii) Payments from the Fund

On each of the Payment Dates of the Notes, the Paying Agent will make the payment of interest and repayment of the principal of the Notes in accordance with the instructions received from the Management Company and following the Priority of Payments or, where applicable the Liquidation Priority of Payments described in sections 3.4.6 b) and 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block.

The payments to be made by the Paying Agent will be made through the corresponding Iberclear participants in whose registers the Notes are recorded, in accordance with the procedures in force regarding this service.

One (1) Business Day before each Payment Date, the Management Company will transfer from the Cash Flow Account to the Payment Agency Account the sufficient amount in order to make the corresponding payment of interest and repayment of the principal of the Notes. If there are no Available Funds in the Payment Agency Account on a Payment Date, the Paying Agent will not be required to make any payments.

Pursuant to the Paying Agency Agreement:

- (a) the Management Company may terminate the appointment of the Paying Agent and appoint a new paying agent upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice; and
- (b) the Paying Agent may resign upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to the Management Company

provided that the conditions precedent set out therein are satisfied (and in particular but without limitation that a new paying agent, which must meet the minimum required FITCH and MOODY'S rating for long-term debt, has been appointed).

In the case of replacement due to the resignation of the Paying Agent, any costs resulting from the replacement as well as any fee for the new Paying Agent will be considered Extraordinary Expenses of the Issuer.

As consideration for the services to be provided by the Paying Agent, the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, shall pay on each Payment Date a fee agreed under the Paying Agency Agreement following the Priority of Payments or, where applicable, the Liquidation Priority of Payments described in sections 3.4.6 b) and 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block.

FITCH Criteria

The Paying Agent must have a long-term risk rating on the Fitch scale of no less than A- in the long term or F1 in the short term.

In the event that the Paying Agent loses the minimum rating required herein or any of the ratings are withdrawn, the Management Company must, with prior notice to the Rating Agencies and within a maximum period of thirty (30) calendar days from the date on which such situation arises, adopt one of the options described below to allow an appropriate level of assurance to be maintained with respect to the commitments deriving from the duties set forth in the respective agreement and to ensure that the Fitch Rating awarded to the Class A Notes is not downgraded:

- i. obtain similar guarantees or commitments from a credit entity or entities having a Fitch Rating of no less than A- in the long term or F1 in the short term, so as to guarantee the undertakings assumed by the Paying Agent. In such case, all expenses will be considered Extraordinary Expenses of the Issuer.
- ii. replace the Paying Agent with an entity having an Fitch Rating of no less than A- in the long term or F1 in the short term, in order for the new entity to assume, under the same conditions, the duties of the affected Paying Agent as established in its respective agreement. In such case, all expenses will be considered Extraordinary Expenses of the Issuer.

MOODY'S Criteria

The Paying Agent must have a long-term Counterparty Risk Assessment risk rating on the Moody's scale of no less than Baa3 (cr).

In the event that the Paying Agent loses the minimum rating required herein or any of the ratings are withdrawn, the Management Company must, with prior notice to the Rating Agencies and within a maximum period of thirty (30) calendar days from the date on which such situation arises, adopt one of the options described below to allow an appropriate level of assurance to be maintained with respect to the commitments deriving from the duties set forth in the respective agreement and to ensure that the Moody's Rating awarded to the Class A Notes is not downgraded:

- i. obtain similar guarantees or commitments from a credit entity or entities having a long-term Counterparty Risk Assessment rating of no less than Baa3 (cr) on the Moody's scale, so as to guarantee the undertakings assumed by the Paying Agent. In such case, all expenses will be considered Extraordinary Expenses of the Issuer.
- ii. replace the Paying Agent with an entity having a long-term Counterparty Risk Assessment rating of no less than Baa3 (cr) on the Moody's scale, in order for the new entity to assume, under the same conditions, the duties of the affected Paying Agent as established in its respective agreement. In such case, all expenses will be considered Extraordinary Expenses of the Issuer.

b) Depository Agents:

Not applicable.

6. EXPENSES OF ADMISSION TO LISTING AND TRADING

The following expenses are expected:

	Euros
Costs of incorporation and issuance (expenses relating to documentation, advertising, official charges and others):	
CNMV charges (for the offer and admission to trading): 0.01% of the Notes	41,500.00
If for any reason the Notes are not admitted to trading, there will be a fixed fee of €5,050.	
AIAF charges:	25,258.75
Iberclear charges:	605.00
Other (rating agencies, legal advice, notarial services, auditing and more)	462,636.25
Management, Placement and Underwriting Fee	45,000.00
TOTAL	575,000.00

The expenses of incorporation and issuance reflected herein will be paid from the Subordinated Loan; “Other” includes the amount allocated to partially finance the acquisition of assets.

7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

7.1 Persons and entities advising the issue.

CUATRECASAS participates as legal advisor with respect to the structure of the transaction and has reviewed the legal and tax matters applicable to the Fund set forth in section 4.5.d) of the Registration Document, in its capacity as an independent third party.

ASHURST LLP participates as legal advisor of the Joint Lead Managers and the Joint Arrangers and has reviewed the Prospectus and the structure of the transaction for the benefit of the Joint Lead Managers and the Joint Arrangers.

7.2 Information in the Securities Note reviewed by auditors.

Not applicable.

7.3 Statement or report attributed to a person as an expert.

Not applicable.

PWC audits the annual accounts of the Management Company.

7.4. Information sourced from third parties.

The Management Company confirms that the information provided by UCI in its capacity as Assignor has been accurately reproduced in sections 2.2.2, 2.2.6 and 2.2.8 of the Additional Building Block and that, as far as it is aware and has been able to ascertain based on the information provided by UCI, no facts have been omitted that would render the information inaccurate or misleading.

7.5 Ratings given by rating agency.

On 23 October 2017, the Class A Notes included in this Securities Note were given the following provisional ratings by the Rating Agencies, which are FITCH and MOODY'S, respectively:

Notes	FITCH	MOODY'S
Class A Notes	AA+ (sf)	Aa2 (sf)

Class B Notes have not been rated.

Considerations regarding ratings:

Final ratings may be reviewed, suspended or withdrawn at any time by the Rating Agencies. These situations, which will not constitute grounds for Early Liquidation of the Fund, will be immediately reported to the CNMV and to the Noteholders in accordance with section 4.b of the Additional Building Block.

The abovementioned credit ratings are intended purely as an opinion and should not prevent potential investors from conducting their own analyses of the securities to be acquired.

In the event that, on or before the Disbursement Date of the Notes, the Rating Agencies do not confirm as final any of the provisional ratings assigned by the Rating Agencies, this circumstance will be immediately reported to the CNMV and made public as provided in section 4.b of the Additional Building Block. This circumstance will result in termination of the incorporation of the

Fund, the Notes issue and all agreements except for the Subordinated Loan Agreement in relation to the costs incurred from incorporating the Fund, the Notes issue and the transfer of the Notes.

As of 31 October 2011, the abovementioned Rating Agencies are registered and authorised by the ESMA as European Union Credit Rating Agencies in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on Credit Rating Agencies.

ADDITIONAL BUILDING BLOCK TO THE SECURITIES NOTE
(Annex VIII of Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004)

1. THE SECURITIES

1.1 Amount of the issue.

The Fund, which is represented by the Management Company, will be incorporated with the Receivables that UCI will assign to the Fund on the Date of Incorporation, the principal amount of which will be equal to or slightly greater than FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN MILLION EUROS (€415,000,000), which amount represents the nominal value of the issue of the Class A and B Notes.

1.2 Confirmation that the information relating to an undertaking/obligor not involved in the issue has been reproduced.

Not applicable.

2. THE UNDERLYING RECEIVABLES

2.1 Confirmation that the Receivables have the capacity to produce funds to service payments on the securities.

The Management Company confirms that the flows of principal, ordinary interest and any other amounts generated by the Receivables permit the payments due and payable under the Notes that are issued to be paid in accordance with the contractual nature thereof.

However, in order to cover possible failures of Obligor to pay, in accordance with the applicable law, credit enhancement will be put in place in order to increase the security or regularity of the payment of the Notes and mitigate or neutralise differences in interest rates on the assets, and which are described in sections 3.4.2, 3.4.3, 3.4.4 and 3.4.7 of this Additional Building Block. Such enhancements, however, may prove to be insufficient in exceptional circumstances.

2.2 Receivables backing the issue.

The Fund will pool in its assets the credit rights derived from the Mortgage Loans granted by UCI to individual's resident in Spain in order to finance transactions involving the acquisition of finished houses in Spain or the subrogation of individuals to the financing provided to developers for the construction of houses in Spain for sale (the "**Mortgage Loans**"). None of the Mortgage Loans have been granted to real estate developers or to finance renovation of houses. All Mortgage Loans are secured with finished houses.

The assignment of the Mortgage Loans will be implemented by means of the issue by the Assignor and the subscription/acquisition by the Fund of MTCs (the "**Mortgage Transfer Certificates**" or "**MTCs**") as the Mortgage Loans do not meet all the requirements set forth in Law 2/1981 and Chapter II of Royal Decree 716/2009.

Special Securitisation Report on Assignable Portfolio of Mortgage Loans portfolio.

In order to comply with the provisions of Article 22 of Law 5/2015, the preliminary Mortgage Loans portfolio was the subject of a Special Securitisation Report on assignable portfolio of Mortgage Loans prepared by Deloitte, upon the terms set forth in articles 22.1.(i) and 35 of Law 5/2015, which dealt with a number of qualitative and quantitative items (attributes) of a sample of this preliminary portfolio. The final composition of the portfolio that will be assigned to the Fund will be taken from this preliminary portfolio. The

sampling of attributes assumes the acquisition of a random sample (on 9 October 2017, of a total of 3,477 Mortgage Loans in the amount of € 420.065.198,27.

The attributes dealt with in the special report are as follows:

- Nature of the Obligor and Mortgage Loan formalisation;
- Ownership of the Mortgage Loan;
- Identification of the Borrower;
- Transfer of the Mortgage Loan;
- Purpose of the Mortgage Loan;
- Date of execution of the Mortgage Loan;
- Date of maturity of the Mortgage Loan;
- Initial amount of the Mortgage Loan;
- Current amount of the Mortgage Loan;
- Reference interest rate;
- Spread over the reference interest rate;
- Interest rate applied;
- Delays in payment;
- Mortgage security;
- Address of the property mortgaged and/or property registration;
- Valuation;
- Initial Valuation (including VPO);
- Finished dwelling;
- Mortgage Loans given to developers;
- Refinancing and restructuring;
- Loan to Value (LTV).

The Mortgage Loans that during the verification of the sample do not fulfil the above mentioned attributes will not be assigned to the Fund.

2.2.1 Legal jurisdiction governing the Receivables pool.

The assets securitised are governed by Spanish law.

2.2.2 General characteristics of the Obligors.

a) General characteristics of the Obligors

The Obligors of the Mortgage Loans are individuals resident in Spain who have been granted a particular Mortgage Loan for the acquisition of finished houses in Spain or the subrogation of individuals to the financing provided to developers for the construction of houses in Spain for sale. None of the Mortgage Loans have been granted to real estate developers or to finance renovation of houses. All Mortgage Loans are secured with finished houses.

97.57% of the Mortgage Loans are granted for the financing of primary residences and the residual 2.43% of the Mortgage Loans are granted for the financing of secondary residences. The Mortgage Loans (i) are backed by first-priority mortgages over the relevant properties, with the exception of those which have been economically cancelled but in respect of which prior entry in the relevant registry is still pending cancellation;

(ii) have no grace period (neither for principal nor for interest); and (iii) are based on monthly instalments (principal and interest) and on the French amortisation system.

As described in section 2.2.2.c.15 below, 2.84% of the Obligors have non-Spanish nationality (of which 2.05% have OECD origin).

Several stratified analysis charts of the Mortgage Loan portfolio are included in this section (2.2.2.) and the following sections (up to 2.2.6.). All of these charts were prepared on 9 October 2017.

b) Distribution of the Mortgage Loans according to type of security, options and type of product.

b.1.) Distribution of the Mortgage Loans according to type of security:

12.58% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables are secured by a house guaranteed as Official Protection Housing (*Vivienda de Protección Oficial*) ("VPO").

VPO is considered to be housing which is used as a habitual and permanent residence and qualified as such, the type, dimension and price of which is regulated by the government, establishing conditions for the purchaser to obtain specific economic and tax benefits, which should in turn comply with conditions established with respect to ownership title and individual or household earnings. The qualification of a home as VPO entails the existence of a number of legal obligations and restrictions on property rights, although it does not preclude the foreclosure of mortgage related to the property. These obligations are maintained during the period that the legal provisions governing Official Protection Housing remain in force. The mortgages do not have any judicial restriction.

b.2.) Distribution of the Mortgage Loans according to the Obligors' options

LIMITATIONS OF INSTALMENTS BASED ON THE CPI ("Consumer Price Index")

Certain Mortgage Loans provide Obligors with the option of restricting the annual growth of the instalments in the event of possible increases in their interest rates to a maximum amount equal to 200.00% or 100.00% of the CPI based on the term for revision of interest rates (12 months or 6 months, respectively). The effect of this limitation on instalments means a lower repayment of the Mortgage Loan in the relevant instalment.

The Mortgage Loans with an initial fixed-rate period provide Obligors, once the fixed-rate period has finished and only at the Obligors request, with the option of restricting the annual growth of the instalments.

The following table shows the CPI limitation availability based on the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables. The CPI limitation is not available for 75.50% of the Mortgage Loans. As of 2025, none of the Mortgage Loans will have the option to limit instalments based on the CPI. 24,5% of the Mortgage Loans are entitled to this option for the first ten (10) years of the term of its the and the right may be exercised at the time of revising the interest rate. Historically, few Obligors have exercised this CPI option. 94.15% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables that have the CPI limitation option (i.e., from the 24,5% of the Mortgage Loans) may limit the interest rate up to a maximum amount equal to 100% of the CPI (based on the number of loans) while the remaining 5.85% (i.e., from the 24,5% of the Mortgage Loans) may limit the interest rate up to a maximum amount equal to 200% of the CPI. The average period of this CPI limitation option is 20 February 2020 for those Mortgage Loans that still have the option available.

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
NO option	75.50%	75.29%	80.41%	87.78%	93.79%	98.07%	99.19%	99.91%	100.00%
CPI automatically	0.46%	0.40%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
CPI at client's request	24.04%	24.30%	19.53%	12.22%	6.21%	1.93%	0.81%	0.09%	0.00%

Depending on the Mortgage Loan in question, there is a period in which the limitation is applied automatically and in the following period it is applied at the Obligor's request. In the latter the interest rate applied would be with no CPI limitation if the Obligor does not show the intention (and ask) to use this CPI limitation. The lowest repayment of the loan produced by limitation of instalments based on the CPI is normalised at the time of calculating the new instalment, based on revision of the interest rate established in the corresponding loan document.

0% of the Mortgage Loans with CPI limitation availability entitled the relevant Obligor to exercise this option until the maturity of such Mortgage Loans (maximum until 2024).

In 2015, the instalment limitation option was only applied to less than 2.5% of Obligors of the entire UCI portfolio (value based on the number of Mortgage Loans). In 2016 the instalment limitation option was never been applied and so far it has not been applied in 2017.

b.3.) Distribution of the Mortgage Loans according to the interest type.

The portfolio is comprised of fixed, mixed and variable interest rate Mortgage Loans which are revised annually or every six months, and with no distinguishing feature or peculiarity other than the CPI limitation options described in Section 2.2.2 b2).

The following chart shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans based on their interest type and benchmark indices:

Interest Type (*)						
Interest Type (*)	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Nominal Interest	Weighted Spread
Variable Rated Loans	2,708	77.88%	326,424,362.35	77.70%	1.42	0.87
IRPH	694	19.96%	105,381,027.05	25.09%	2.33	0.37
Euribor 12M	1,695	48.75%	212,418,682.21	50.57%	0.99	1.10
Mibor 12M	319	9.17%	8,624,653.09	2.05%	1.09	1.21
Mixed Rated Loans	265	7.62%	37,204,778.70	8.86%	2.62	1.37
IRPH	16	0.46%	2,568,402.36	0.61%	4.31	0.37
Euribor 12M	249	7.16%	34,636,376.34	8.25%	2.50	1.44
Fixed Rated Loans	504	14.50%	56,436,057.22	13.44%	2.83	0.00
Fixed Rated Loans	504	14.50%	56,436,057.22	13.44%	2.83	0.00
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	1.72	0.86

(*) For Fixed loans refer to Additional Building Block to the Securities Note 2.2.2 c) 4.

	Nominal Interest	
	Maximum	Minimum
Variable Rated Loans	4.26	0.22
Mixed Rated Loans	2.10	0.59
Fixed Rated Loans	5.50	3.45

The reference interest rate for 58.82% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables is 1-year EURIBOR. 25.70% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables are indexed to the IRPH (including Mixed Loans once they have switched to variable rate). The reference interest rate for 2.05% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables is 1-year MIBOR (equivalent to 1-year EURIBOR published by BdE). The remaining 13.44% Outstanding Balance of the Receivables are fixed rate.

A) Fixed Mortgage Loans:

13.44% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables are Fixed Mortgage Loans with a weighted average nominal interest rate of 2.83%. The weighted average maturity date of the Fixed Mortgage Loans is 4 September 2044 (26 years, or 322 months), with the latest date being 1 July 2047.

B) Mixed Mortgage Loans:

8.86% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables are Mixed Mortgage Loans, that have an initial fixed-rate period of up to twenty (20) years and then switch to a variable interest rate.

The variable interest rate will be reset on an annual or semi-annual basis.

The weighted average maturity date of the Mixed Mortgage Loans is 18 December 2044 (27 years, or 326 months), with the latest date being 01 April 2051. The weighted average nominal interest rate during the fixed-rate period is 2.62%.

The following table shows the distribution of the Mixed Mortgage Loans based on the remaining to switch from a fixed-rate to a variable interest rate.

The weighted average switch date is 24 December 2026

The scope of the intervals are defined as including the first and excluding the last amount of such intervals. Where an interval is omitted, it is due to the lack of data.

Mixed Loans: Years to switch to variable loans							
Mixed Loans: Years to switch to variable loans	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Switch Date	Weighted Months	
0 1	37	13.96%	5,489,770.97	14.76%	13/02/2018	4.26	
1 2	49	18.49%	5,164,954.83	13.88%	12/03/2019	17.32	
2 3	12	4.53%	1,101,624.68	2.96%	07/04/2020	30.40	
4 5	28	10.57%	3,298,438.17	8.87%	02/04/2022	54.53	
6 7	5	1.89%	575,698.73	1.55%	05/03/2024	77.98	
8 9	7	2.64%	774,064.82	2.08%	03/03/2026	102.24	
9 10	43	16.23%	8,060,371.86	21.66%	18/03/2027	114.91	
14 15	24	9.06%	3,731,267.66	10.03%	06/04/2032	176.46	
18 19	1	0.38%	64,991.51	0.17%	01/10/2036	231.07	
19 20	59	22.26%	8,943,595.47	24.04%	03/04/2037	237.23	
Total	265	100.00%	37,204,778.70	100.00%	24/12/2026	112.13	

	Maximum	Minimum
Date	01/07/2037	01/11/2017
Month	240.17	0.77

C) Variable Mortgage Loans

77.71% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables are Variable Mortgage Loans, with a weighted average nominal interest rate of 1.42%. The weighted average maturity date of the Variable Mortgage Loans is 31 July 2043 (25 years or 309 months), with the latest date being 1 January 2052.

Mortgage Loan portfolio statistics based on various criteria.

c1.) Revisions of interest rates on the Mortgage Loans

The following table shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans based on the semi-annual or annual revision of the interest rates.

Interest Rate Reset Period (*)				
Interest Rate Reset Period (*)	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
annually	1,413	40.64%	57,033,791.95	13.58%
Variable Rated Loans	1,411	40.58%	56,476,231.82	13.44%
Mixed Rated Loans	2	0.06%	557,560.13	0.13%
semiannually	1,560	44.87%	306,595,349.10	72.99%
Variable Rated Loans	1,297	37.30%	269,948,130.53	64.26%
Mixed Rated Loans	263	7.56%	36,647,218.57	8.72%
fixed	504	14.50%	56,436,057.22	13.44%
Fixed Rated Loans	504	14.50%	56,436,057.22	13.44%
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%
(*) Mixed Rated Loans have already switched from fixed rates to floating rates.				

For the avoidance of doubt, the interest reset period for the Mixed Loans refers to the interest reset frequency once the initial fixed-rate period has ended and switched to variable.

Mixed Loans. Interest Reset Period, Interest Type and Years to Switch.

The following chart shows the Mixed Loans based on: (i) the annual or semiannual revision of the interest rate, (ii) the reference interest rate and (iii) the remaining years to switch from fixed rate to variable.

The weighted average spread of the Mixed Loans once they have switched to variable is 1.37%.

The scope of the intervals are defined as including the first and excluding the last amount of such intervals. Where an interval is omitted it is due to the lack of data.

Mixed Loans: Interest Reset Period, Interest Type and Years to Switch							
Mixed Loans: Interest Reset Period, Interest Type and Years to Switch	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding	% Principal Outstanding (€)	Weighted Nominal Interest	Weighted Spread	Weighted Switch Date
Semiannually	263	99.25%	36,647,218.57	98.50%	2.60	1.38	25/01/2027
IRPH	16	6.04%	2,568,402.36	6.90%	4.31	0.37	26/01/2018
0-1	16	6.04%	2,568,402.36	6.90%	4.31	0.37	26/01/2018
Euribor 12M	247	93.21%	34,078,816.21	91.60%	2.48	1.45	30/09/2027
0-1	20	7.55%	2,461,470.62	6.62%	3.58	1.37	19/03/2018
1-2	49	18.49%	5,164,954.83	13.88%	2.00	1.57	12/03/2019
2-3	12	4.53%	1,101,624.68	2.96%	2.36	1.62	07/04/2020
4-5	28	10.57%	3,298,438.17	8.87%	2.21	1.59	02/04/2022
6-7	5	1.89%	575,698.73	1.55%	2.26	1.59	05/03/2024
8-9	7	2.64%	774,064.82	2.08%	2.36	1.46	03/03/2026
9-10	43	16.23%	8,060,371.86	21.66%	2.33	1.39	18/03/2027
14-15	24	9.06%	3,731,267.66	10.03%	2.60	1.43	06/04/2032
18-19	1	0.38%	64,991.51	0.17%	2.80	1.39	01/10/2036
19-20	58	21.89%	8,845,933.33	23.78%	2.66	1.39	04/04/2037
Annually	2	0.75%	557,560.13	1.50%	3.75	0.90	15/04/2021
Euribor 12M	2	0.75%	557,560.13	1.50%	3.75	0.90	15/04/2021
0-1	1	0.38%	459,897.99	1.24%	3.95	0.79	01/12/2017
19-20	1	0.38%	97,662.14	0.26%	2.80	1.39	01/03/2037
Total	265	100.00%	37,204,778.70	100.00%	2.62	1.37	24/12/2026

c2.) Maximum, minimum and average value of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables

The Outstanding Balance of the Receivables is between €10,499.59 and €638,984.96, with an average outstanding principal of €120,812.54.

The following chart shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans by the outstanding principal amount.

The scope of the intervals are defined as including the first and excluding the last amount of such intervals.

Principal Outstanding					
Interval		Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
0	25,000	543	15.62%	10,343,804.39	2.46%
25,000	50,000	790	22.72%	27,992,490.18	6.66%
50,000	75,000	320	9.20%	19,800,864.74	4.71%
75,000	100,000	287	8.25%	24,993,061.26	5.95%
100,000	125,000	240	6.90%	27,184,013.59	6.47%
125,000	150,000	196	5.64%	26,712,878.72	6.36%
150,000	175,000	187	5.38%	30,189,783.81	7.19%
175,000	200,000	155	4.46%	29,100,428.90	6.93%
200,000	225,000	139	4.00%	29,486,821.96	7.02%
225,000	250,000	130	3.74%	30,838,961.26	7.34%
250,000	275,000	99	2.85%	25,756,516.26	6.13%
275,000	300,000	97	2.79%	27,857,689.51	6.63%
300,000	325,000	75	2.16%	23,414,417.15	5.57%
325,000	350,000	58	1.67%	19,478,069.07	4.64%
350,000	375,000	47	1.35%	16,881,684.94	4.02%
375,000	400,000	35	1.01%	13,550,125.61	3.23%
400,000	425,000	22	0.63%	9,039,949.61	2.15%
425,000	450,000	21	0.60%	9,183,346.73	2.19%
450,000	475,000	14	0.40%	6,462,274.45	1.54%
475,000	500,000	6	0.17%	2,924,735.98	0.70%
500,000	525,000	5	0.14%	2,578,633.09	0.61%
525,000	550,000	5	0.14%	2,701,510.46	0.64%
550,000	575,000	1	0.03%	563,757.18	0.13%
575,000	600,000	2	0.06%	1,167,010.20	0.28%
600,000	625,000	2	0.06%	1,223,384.26	0.29%
625,000	650,000	1	0.03%	638,984.96	0.15%
Total		3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%

Maximum	Minimum
638,984.96	10,499.59

c3.) Maximum, minimum and average values of the initial principal amounts of the Mortgage Loans

The initial principal amounts of the Mortgage Loans are between €20,000.00 and €680,000.00, with an initial average of €155,503.34.

The following chart shows the initial principal amount of the Mortgage Loans:

The scope of the intervals are defined as including the first and excluding the last amount of such intervals.

Initial Outstanding					
Interval		Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Initial Outstanding (€)	% Principal Initial
0	25,000	12	0.35%	264,812.08	0.05%
25,000	50,000	456	13.11%	18,379,937.99	3.40%
50,000	75,000	670	19.27%	41,538,496.71	7.68%
75,000	100,000	472	13.57%	40,609,636.70	7.51%
100,000	125,000	293	8.43%	32,560,702.68	6.02%
125,000	150,000	231	6.64%	31,395,264.01	5.81%
150,000	175,000	196	5.64%	31,777,179.48	5.88%
175,000	200,000	156	4.49%	29,032,092.82	5.37%
200,000	225,000	134	3.85%	28,459,089.97	5.26%
225,000	250,000	138	3.97%	32,501,581.56	6.01%
250,000	275,000	134	3.85%	35,050,794.16	6.48%
275,000	300,000	88	2.53%	25,133,491.22	4.65%
300,000	325,000	107	3.08%	33,224,382.49	6.14%
325,000	350,000	82	2.36%	27,489,051.00	5.08%
350,000	375,000	75	2.16%	27,140,682.32	5.02%
375,000	400,000	57	1.64%	22,003,452.50	4.07%
400,000	425,000	50	1.44%	20,576,974.00	3.81%
425,000	450,000	28	0.81%	12,167,450.00	2.25%
450,000	475,000	26	0.75%	11,943,800.00	2.21%
475,000	500,000	17	0.49%	8,333,095.00	1.54%
Greater than 500.000		55	1.58%	31,103,151.00	5.75%
Total		3,477	100.00%	540,685,117.69	100.00%

Maximum	Minimum
680,000.00	20,000.00

c4.) Nominal interest rate and spreads

The following chart shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans at intervals of 0.50% of the current nominal interest rate. The nominal interest rate of the Mortgage Loans is between 0.22% and 5.50%.

The Obligors with Mortgage Loans originated prior to 14 April 2015 and with their paycheck directly deposited in Banco Santander, S.A. enjoy a 0.10% bonification on the nominal interest rate of the Mortgage Loans. Other than that, there is no other bonification on the nominal interest rate of the Mortgage Loans.

The scope of the intervals are defined as including the first and excluding the last amount of such intervals.

Nominal Interest						
Interval	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Nominal Interest	
0.00 0.50	117	3.36%	30,810,060.39	7.33%	0.40	
0.50 1.00	602	17.31%	91,105,620.28	21.69%	0.77	
1.00 1.50	1,127	32.41%	78,701,204.24	18.74%	1.20	
1.50 2.00	211	6.07%	29,757,014.92	7.08%	1.87	
2.00 2.50	653	18.78%	96,728,453.73	23.03%	2.25	
2.50 3.00	650	18.69%	77,161,188.75	18.37%	2.78	
3.00 3.50	60	1.73%	6,627,199.57	1.58%	3.18	
3.50 4.00	36	1.04%	5,129,549.54	1.22%	3.75	
4.00 4.50	10	0.29%	1,729,436.36	0.41%	4.13	
4.50 5.00	10	0.29%	2,279,737.14	0.54%	4.50	
5.50 6.00	1	0.03%	35,733.35	0.01%	5.50	
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	1.72	

Maximum	Minimum
5.50	0.22

The weighted average nominal interest rate of the Mortgage Loans is 1.72%.

Spread intervals for Mixed Loans						
Interval	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Nominal Interest	Weighted Spread
0.50 1.00	13	4.91%	2,073,568.14	5.57%	4.10	0.65
1.00 1.50	8	3.02%	1,429,397.59	3.84%	4.20	0.26
1.50 2.00	96	36.23%	10,623,432.19	28.55%	2.32	1.60
2.00 2.50	146	55.09%	22,907,041.99	61.57%	2.52	1.39
2.50 3.00	1	0.38%	104,026.33	0.28%	3.75	2.84
3.00 3.50	1	0.38%	67,312.46	0.18%	3.50	2.25
Total	265	100.00%	37,204,778.70	100.00%	2.62	1.37

Maximum	Minimum
2.84	0.00

The scope of the intervals are defined as including the first and excluding the last amount of such intervals. Where an interval is omitted, it is due to the lack of data.

Spread intervals for Variable Loans							
Interval	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Nominal Interest	Weighted Spread	
-							
0.50 0.00	8	0.30%	1,713,383.78	0.52%	2.02	-0.10	
0.00 0.50	457	16.88%	76,871,890.45	23.55%	2.01	0.23	
0.50 1.00	587	21.68%	103,942,843.56	31.84%	1.07	0.70	
1.00 1.50	1,211	44.72%	97,782,481.67	29.96%	1.15	1.17	
1.50 2.00	404	14.92%	39,901,613.26	12.22%	1.72	1.59	
2.00 2.50	23	0.85%	3,719,299.81	1.14%	2.18	2.16	
2.50 3.00	14	0.52%	1,765,258.45	0.54%	2.60	2.73	
3.00 3.50	4	0.15%	727,591.37	0.22%	2.99	3.13	
Total	2,708	100.00%	326,424,362.35	100.00%	1.42	0.87	

Maximum	Minimum
3.30	-0.15

The average global margin for Mortgage Loans (Variable Mortgage Loans and Mixed Mortgage Loans after becoming variable) indexed to 12-month EURIBOR is 1.15%, 0.37% for the ones indexed to the IRPH and 1.21 for the ones indexed to MIBOR 12M.

Index Rate						
Index Rate	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Nominal Interest	Weighted Spread
Euribor 12M	1,944	55.91%	247,055,058.55	58.81%	1.20	1.15
Fixed Rated Loans	504	14.50%	56,436,057.22	13.44%	2.83	0.00
IRPH	710	20.42%	107,949,429.41	25.70%	2.37	0.37
Mibor 12M	319	9.17%	8,624,653.09	2.05%	1.09	1.21
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	0.00	0.86

None of the Mortgage Loans are subject to a floor or to a cap.

The Mortgage Loan agreements do not refer to a scenario in which the reference interest rate plus the margin could result in a negative interest rate. However, if that occurs, the Assignor understands that the nature of the Mortgage Loans does not foresee any payment of interest to the Obligors. Thus, if the reference interest rate, plus the margin, were to be negative, it would mean that neither would the Obligor pay any interest amount (he would pay only the relevant principal repayment) nor would the Assignor pay any amount to the Obligor for the negative interest. Notwithstanding the above, if the law changes or consolidated case law of a High Court shows an opposing opinion, any potential cost would be paid by the Assignor.

c5.) Newest and oldest dates of origination of the Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans have origination dates which fall between 17 July 1995 (266 months or 22.16 years) and 30 June 2017 (3 months).

Origination Date						
Interval	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Orig. Date	Weighted Months
Until						
2004	1,356	39.00%	43,293,556.80	10.31%	21/05/2000	208.60
2005	3	0.09%	298,049.54	0.07%	13/11/2005	142.87
2006	11	0.32%	1,619,443.95	0.39%	09/08/2006	134.00
2007	192	5.52%	35,764,913.11	8.51%	11/09/2007	120.93
2008	392	11.27%	85,456,346.04	20.34%	16/06/2008	111.77
2009	258	7.42%	61,037,742.82	14.53%	30/06/2009	99.30
2010	227	6.53%	53,694,428.42	12.78%	28/06/2010	87.37
2011	168	4.83%	35,693,597.26	8.50%	30/05/2011	76.30
2012	27	0.78%	3,190,974.49	0.76%	08/06/2012	64.03
2013	13	0.37%	1,348,915.99	0.32%	20/09/2013	48.63
2014	10	0.29%	892,065.84	0.21%	07/08/2014	38.07
2015	30	0.86%	2,615,218.62	0.62%	29/08/2015	25.33
2016	196	5.64%	22,022,471.06	5.24%	04/11/2016	11.17
2017	594	17.08%	73,137,474.33	17.41%	01/04/2017	6.27
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	16/04/2010	89.77

	Maximum	Minimum
Date	30/06/2017	17/07/1995
Month	3.37	270.67

The weighted average origination date for the whole portfolio is 16 April 2010 (89 months or 7.41 years).

c6.) Final maturity date

The Mortgage Loans have final maturities which fall between 5 January 2023 (63.80 months or 5.31 years) and 1 January 2052 (416.73 months or 34.72 years).

The repayment of the Mortgage Loans takes place throughout the remaining life until full repayment, a period during which the Obligors must pay monthly instalments including the repayment of the principal and interest or financial charges.

The following chart shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans according to the date of final repayment thereof in annual intervals:

Maturity Date						
Interval	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted Mat. Date	Weighted Months
Until						
2036	1,603	46.10%	68,070,591.19	16.20%	16/09/2030	155.23
2037	74	2.13%	8,920,702.94	2.12%	15/06/2037	236.20
2038	72	2.07%	12,784,365.02	3.04%	26/06/2038	248.57
2039	52	1.50%	9,443,120.93	2.25%	03/06/2039	259.80
2040	45	1.29%	8,083,594.94	1.92%	07/05/2040	270.93
2041	59	1.70%	10,194,292.08	2.43%	29/05/2041	283.67
2042	155	4.46%	23,045,698.06	5.49%	01/05/2042	294.73
2043	59	1.70%	12,176,403.76	2.90%	27/04/2043	306.60
2044	61	1.75%	12,731,875.87	3.03%	20/05/2044	319.37
2045	63	1.81%	12,539,464.97	2.99%	29/06/2045	332.67
2046	97	2.79%	17,185,774.95	4.09%	31/05/2046	343.73
2047	576	16.57%	86,871,315.35	20.68%	08/05/2047	354.97
2048	232	6.67%	55,830,541.95	13.29%	31/05/2048	367.73
2049	129	3.71%	32,563,405.85	7.75%	06/06/2049	379.90
2050	116	3.34%	29,519,180.19	7.03%	07/06/2050	391.93
2051	82	2.36%	19,739,306.58	4.70%	28/04/2051	402.63
2052	2	0.06%	365,563.64	0.09%	01/01/2052	410.73
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	07/11/2043	312.93

	Maximum	Minimum
Date	01/01/2052	05/01/2023
Month	416.73	63.80

The weighted average maturity date for the whole portfolio is 7 November 2043 (312.93 months or 26.07 years).

c7.) Distribution by geographical region

The following locations are the locations of the property for which the Mortgage Loan was granted.

Property Location by Autonomous Community				
Property Location by Autonomous Community	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
Andalucía	934	26.86%	95,254,919.43	22.68%
Aragón	53	1.52%	6,835,958.33	1.63%
Asturias	87	2.50%	6,117,131.99	1.46%
Islas Canarias	249	7.16%	23,642,739.97	5.63%
Cantabria	25	0.72%	2,459,825.88	0.59%
Castilla la Mancha	99	2.85%	13,218,722.43	3.15%
Castilla y León	80	2.30%	6,730,892.46	1.60%
Cataluña	607	17.46%	100,722,408.42	23.98%
Valencia	256	7.36%	34,615,401.33	8.24%
Extremadura	79	2.27%	5,739,691.19	1.37%
Galicia	145	4.17%	6,670,626.36	1.59%
Islas Baleares	58	1.67%	9,854,356.60	2.35%
La Rioja	6	0.17%	494,093.46	0.12%
Madrid	726	20.88%	97,931,621.40	23.31%
Murcia	33	0.95%	4,471,099.92	1.06%
Navarra	5	0.14%	870,635.71	0.21%
País Vasco	35	1.01%	4,435,073.39	1.06%
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%

c8.) Delinquency in the Mortgage Loan pool transferred by UCI

UCI warrants that on the Date of Incorporation of the Fund, none of the Mortgage Loans to be assigned to the Fund will be more than thirty (30) days in arrears.

Days in arrears				
Days in arrears	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
Current	3,391	97.53%	408,994,313.70	97.36%
1-15	86	2.47%	11,070,884.57	2.64%
Total	86	2.47%	11,070,884.57	2.64%

c9.) Distribution of Mortgage Loans by concentration of Obligors

The following table shows the ten (10) largest Obligors.

Debtor's concentration (*)					
Debtor's concentration	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	CC.AA.
Debtor nº 1	1	0.03%	638,984.96	0.15%	Madrid
Debtor nº 2	1	0.03%	618,602.85	0.15%	Islas Baleares
Debtor nº 3	1	0.03%	604,781.41	0.14%	Cataluña
Debtor nº 4	1	0.03%	585,759.30	0.14%	Cataluña
Debtor nº 5	1	0.03%	581,250.90	0.14%	Cataluña
Debtor nº 6	1	0.03%	563,757.18	0.13%	Madrid
Debtor nº 7	1	0.03%	548,361.53	0.13%	Cataluña
Debtor nº 8	1	0.03%	547,636.47	0.13%	Madrid
Debtor nº 9	1	0.03%	546,313.40	0.13%	Cataluña
Debtor nº 10	1	0.03%	532,825.35	0.13%	Cataluña
Rest of Debtors	3,467	99.71%	414,296,924.92	98.63%	
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	

(*) Only first debtor in the loan considered; one debtor per loan for each operation.

The risk per Obligor is not concentrated. No Obligor has more than one Mortgage Loan, the largest of which is €638,984.96, equal to 0.15% of the principal outstanding. The top 10 is equal to 1.37% of the principal outstanding and the top 20 is equal to 2.58% of the principal outstanding.

c10.) Distribution of Mortgage Loans by type of dwelling

The following table shows the distribution of Mortgage Loans into unrestricted and VPO dwellings.

Type of Dwelling				
Type of Dwelling	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
Free Dwellings	2,992	86.05%	367,236,002.98	87.42%
Official Protection Housing (VPO)	485	13.95%	52,829,195.29	12.58%
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%

c11.) Distribution of Mortgage Loans by origination channel

The following table shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans based on origination channel. The distinction among different categories in the origination channel is UCI's internal classification for monitoring purposes.

Origination Channel				
Origination Channel	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
Branch UCI	121	3.48%	27,186,361.43	6.47%
Broker	165	4.75%	32,228,102.16	7.67%
Developers*	57	1.64%	12,077,677.91	2.88%
Financial Entities	18	0.52%	4,203,637.75	1.00%
Hipotecas.com	307	8.83%	46,296,340.16	11.02%
Insurance	54	1.55%	2,744,027.12	0.65%
Other	241	6.93%	9,263,477.35	2.21%
Real Estate Agents	2,514	72.30%	286,065,574.39	68.10%
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%

* Subrogation from promoter loans.

All origination channels, in particular the Real Estate Agents, follow the same risk management policies as the ones originated by UCI and they are always approved by UCI following its Granting Policy.

c12.) Residence

The following table shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans based on the type of residence.

Residence Type				
Residence Type	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
Second Residence	125	3.60%	10,219,329.72	2.43%
First Residence	3,352	96.40%	409,845,868.55	97.57%
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%

c13.) Distribution of Mortgage Loans by initial debt-to-income (DTI) ratio.

The following table shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans according to the initial DTI ratio.

The DTI ratio compares, on an annual basis, the income level of the Obligors to their total debt level. For the calculation of the DTI ratio, UCI takes into account not only UCI's Mortgage Loan but also any other loans that the client may have with any other credit entities at the time of analysing the risk of the transaction and that appear in CIRBE or in any other documentation requested to the Obligor. For calculating income, UCI takes into account the documented income of the Obligors at such time.

The initial DTI ratio is between 2% and 60%, with a simple average of 33.17% and a weighted average of 34.68%.

The Mortgage Loans originated after December 2011, representing a 24.6% of the portfolio (€103,336,038.77 of the Outstanding Balance), have a weighted average initial DTI of 26.3%. For the Mortgage Loans originated between 2007-2011, representing a 64.7% of the portfolio (€271,782,183.28 of the Outstanding Balance), the weighted average initial DTI is 35.2% (being the Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans with initial DTI higher than 35.2% equal to €151,633,418.26) and for those Mortgage Loans with a higher seasoning (period 1995-2006), representing a 10.7% of the portfolio (€44,946,976.21 of the Outstanding Balance), the weighted average initial DTI is 39%.

Initial Debt to Income Ratio (DTI)						
Initial DTI		Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted DTI
0.00%	10.00%	22	0.63%	2,510,587.16	0.60%	6.36%
10.00%	20.00%	355	10.21%	32,553,282.62	7.75%	15.61%
20.00%	30.00%	927	26.66%	95,426,200.66	22.72%	24.83%
30.00%	40.00%	1,194	34.34%	147,006,490.08	35.00%	34.61%
40.00%	50.00%	727	20.91%	111,956,860.37	26.65%	44.10%
50.00%	60.00%	249	7.16%	30,258,672.35	7.20%	53.79%
60.00%	70.00%	3	0.09%	353,105.03	0.08%	60.00%
Total		3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	34.68%

Maximum	Minimum
60.00%	2.00%

c14.) Distribution of Mortgage Loans according to the number of current security and Property Type

The following table shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans according to the number of current security (mortgages). Any additional security has the same characteristics as the financed residence, since they are located in Spain and are also first-priority mortgages.

Number of securities				
Number of securities	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
1	1,952	56.14%	138,092,252.46	32.87%
2	1,213	34.89%	201,337,587.59	47.93%
3	312	8.97%	80,635,358.22	19.20%
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%

67.13% of the Outstanding Balance has more than 1 security backing the related Mortgage Loan, having a total of 5,314 Properties backing 3,477 Mortgage Loans.

In the following table a split by property type.

Type of current property		
Property	Properties	% Properties
Flat-Apartment	3,777	71.08%
semi-detached house	796	14.98%
Detached house	366	6.89%
Garage	337	6.34%
Cellar	38	0.72%
Total	5,314	100.00%

The garages and the cellars are securities in addition to the first residences (flat/house).

c15.) Distribution of Mortgage Loans by Obligor's nationality

The following table shows the distribution of the Mortgage Loans by the Obligor's nationality.

Borrower's nationality				
Borrower's nationality	Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding
Spanish	3,395	97.64%	408,126,683.98	97.16%
Other	82	2.36%	11,938,514.29	2.84%
Total	3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%

All Obligors are Spanish residents. 2.84% have non-Spanish nationality (of which 2.05% have OECD origin and 0.79% have a non-OECD origin).

2.2.3 Legal nature of the Receivables.

The Receivables securitised by means of their assignment to the Fund are credit rights deriving from Mortgage Loans provided by UCI.

The Receivables will be assigned by means of the issuance by UCI of the MTCs which will be fully subscribed by the Fund through its Management Company, in accordance with the Deed of Incorporation and upon the terms established therein and in this Prospectus.

The MTCs will be issued and subscribed in accordance with Fourth Additional Provision of Law 5/2015, Law 2/1981, Royal Decree 716/2009, and other regulations in force at the time of transfer and relating to the acquisition of mortgage market titles.

The MTCs will be represented in one Multiple Title containing the minimum details provided for in Royal Decree 716/2009.

Each MTC relates to 100% of the outstanding principal of each of the Mortgage Loans which it assigns; it will have the same term and will accrue an interest rate equal to the nominal rate duly accrued on the corresponding Mortgage Loan.

2.2.4 Expiry or maturity date(s) of the Receivables.

Each of the selected Mortgage Loans matures in accordance with the particular terms thereof, without prejudice to partial periodic repayment instalments.

The Obligors may prepay all or part of the outstanding principal at any time during the term of the Mortgage Loans, ceasing the accrual of interest on the prepaid portion as from the date of repayment.

The last final maturity of the selected Mortgage Loans is 1 January 2052. Therefore, the Final Maturity Date of the Mortgage Loans is 1 January 2052, as previously described in section 2.2.2 c.6) of the Additional Building Block.

2.2.5 Amount of the Receivables.

The Receivables of the Fund will be made up of the MTCs, assigned and issued by UCI and selected from among those comprising the portfolio, until reaching an amount equal to or marginally greater than FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN MILLION EUROS (€415,000,000).

The selected Mortgage Loan portfolio, from which the Mortgage Loans to be assigned to the Fund on the Date of Incorporation will be extracted, is made up of 3,477 Mortgage Loans, the outstanding principal of which amounts to €420,065,198.27 as of 9 October 2017. Mortgage Loans with arrears of more than thirty (30) days will not be assigned.

2.2.6 Loan-to-value ratio or level of collateralisation.

The original LTV ratio, expressed as a percentage of the amount of the initial principal and the initial valuation assessment of the properties mortgaged through the selected Mortgage Loans (on the date the Mortgage Loan was provided), was between 11.07% and 98.96%, and the average weighted ratio was 69.42%. In the case of Officially Protected Housing, the appraised value used is the lower of (i) the maximum official value and (ii) the market value.

The value of any asset securing the Mortgage Loans has been taken into account in calculating the original LTV.

Original Loan-to-Value (LTV) (*)						
Original Loan-to-Value (LTV) (*)		Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Initial Outstanding (€)	% Principal Initial	Initial Weighted LTV
10.00%	20.00%	5	0.14%	258,424.52	0.06%	15.12%
20.00%	30.00%	29	0.83%	1,535,919.55	0.37%	26.76%
30.00%	40.00%	72	2.07%	5,144,902.66	1.22%	36.26%
40.00%	50.00%	227	6.53%	21,531,330.86	5.13%	45.75%
50.00%	60.00%	478	13.75%	66,382,855.70	15.80%	55.80%
60.00%	70.00%	705	20.28%	113,955,298.74	27.13%	65.47%
70.00%	80.00%	1,310	37.68%	141,490,810.41	33.68%	75.55%
80.00%	90.00%	498	14.32%	50,210,903.12	11.95%	84.50%
90.00%	100.00%	153	4.40%	19,554,752.71	4.66%	94.51%
Total		3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	69.42%
(*) Original Property Value						

Maximum	Minimum
98.96%	11.07%

The current LTV ratio, expressed as a percentage of the outstanding principal amount and the original property valuation (in accordance with the provisions of Order ECO/805/2003) of the properties currently mortgaged through the selected Mortgage Loans (for the avoidance of doubt, without considering the initial valuation of the properties already released), is between 4.33% and 98.47%, and the average weighted ratio is 59.91%. In the case of Officially Protected Housing, the appraised value used is the lower of (i) the maximum official value and (ii) the market value, both of them as of the signing date of the relevant Mortgage Loan.

Current Loan to Value (LTV)						
Current Loan to Value (LTV)		Credit Rights	% Credit Rights	Principal Outstanding (€)	% Principal Outstanding	Weighted LTV
0.00%	10.00%	16	0.46%	437,596.85	0.10%	7.83%
10.00%	20.00%	100	2.88%	3,371,475.73	0.80%	16.36%
20.00%	30.00%	351	10.09%	12,589,246.10	3.00%	25.90%
30.00%	40.00%	559	16.08%	29,649,352.28	7.06%	35.39%
40.00%	50.00%	798	22.95%	65,250,270.19	15.53%	45.05%
50.00%	60.00%	416	11.96%	83,017,096.58	19.76%	55.22%
60.00%	70.00%	564	16.22%	119,550,731.32	28.46%	64.94%
70.00%	80.00%	358	10.30%	59,883,594.49	14.26%	73.96%
80.00%	90.00%	236	6.79%	35,735,630.79	8.51%	84.74%
90.00%	100.00%	79	2.27%	10,580,203.94	2.52%	93.52%
Total		3,477	100.00%	420,065,198.27	100.00%	59.91%

Maximum	Minimum
98.47%	4.33%

2.2.7 Method of origination or creation of the Receivables by UCI and principal lending criteria.

The Mortgage Loans granted from 1 January 2010 up to 30 June 2017 have followed the procedures established by UCI for the granting of mortgage loans (the “**Granting Policy**”) and represent a total of 45.85% of the Outstanding Balance Receivables. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the rest of the Mortgage Loans, representing a total of 54.15% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables, have followed risk policies that do not differ substantially from the Granting Policy (in particular the DTI and LTV criteria do not differ substantially from the Granting Policy). Such previous risk policies were not less strict than the Granting Policy and fulfilled the characteristics described in this section.

1. **Granting Policy**

a) **Introduction**

The basic documentation generally used to be able to proceed to study the operation is as follows:

- a.1** *The application form, plus the identification data of the holders.*
- a.2** *Concerning the dwelling to be purchased:* documentation provided by the applicant on the dwelling to be financed or any other dwelling provided as additional collateral to the operation (Land Registry report and title deed, if applicable.)
- a.3** *Concerning the applicant’s income.*
 - Salaried workers: Last three (3) pay slips and Income Tax return for the last year.
 - Professionals and self-employed workers: Income Tax return for the last year.

b) **Data codification.**

The capture and encoding of the data of the operation in the UCI loan management IT system was performed by the C.A.N. (*Centro de Autorización Nacional* – National Authorisation Centre) reporting to the Risks Department, thus ensuring uniformity of criteria and independence with respect to commercial agencies. Between 2006 and 2011, owing to the strong increase in production, a sub-department known as “Encoding Control” was created, which dealt with, among other matters, the aspects relating to capture, encoding, calculation of revenue and verification of different risk files to which we have access, and conducting telephone surveys, where necessary, of the companies where the applicants work.

Additionally, from the year 2013 onwards, the C.A.N. risk analysts have systematically contacted all customers by telephone to verify the information provided.

c) **Powers.**

Currently, all the decisions are taken centrally in the C.A.N. The analysts have delegated decision-making powers based on their experience, years of seniority in the post, amount of the Mortgage Loan and other characteristics identified by the computer application. The analysts’ function is to verify the information provided by customers and, depending on their level of power, to approve the operations conditional upon the fulfilment of certain conditions (direct debit of salary, provision of additional guarantees, sureties, justifying documentation, etc.). Only from early 2005 until the end of 2008, the managers of some of the commercial agencies had

limited powers to approve certain kinds of operations, depending on their seniority in the post and years of experience.

c.1 Agency decision

Operations that were subject to the decision of the agency managers with relevant powers had to meet a series of requirements.

In addition, and also reporting to the Risks Department, there is a team of people – Risks and Methods Managers (*Responsables de Riesgos y Métodos*) (RRM) – forming part of the Policies and Methods Department whose function was, among others, overseeing agency decisions “online”. To ensure the quality of those decisions, an objective review was established for a minimum of 30% of the transactions formalised by agency decision.

c.2 C.A.N. Decision

The C.A.N. risk analysts approve operations where empowered to do so. Those that exceed these powers are subject to a decision of the C.A.N. Committee or the Risks Committee, as appropriate. Similarly, the RRM team oversees decisions made by analysts from a representative sample of cases.

d) Evaluation

When using their powers, the operation decision-maker (analyst, Agency Manager with powers, C.A.N. Committee or Risks Committee) evaluates the Mortgage Loan and issues a first provisional authorisation subject to a final appraisal carried out by the Appraisal Firm on the property to be mortgaged and also subject to the verification of the land registry data by administrative managers who collaborate with UCI. UCI’s clients can work with all the appraisers authorised and approved by Bank of Spain. However when they delegate this decision, the three companies with which UCI collaborates are Valtecnic, Tinsa and JLL.

For decision-taking, the following basic criteria are followed:

d.1 Purpose: purchase or renovation of dwelling or re-mortgaging of mortgage loans from other institutions.

d.2 Holders: Individuals of legal age with access to the ownership of their homes or wishing to refinance their mortgage after verification of the following requirements:

d.2.1. The professional stability of the applicant is examined, considering both the type of employment contract and professional history, reinforcing operations with insufficient stability through additional guarantees.

d.2.2. Up to 2009, the maximum percentage of financing depended on the type of employment contract, with a general maximum (with exceptions) of 70% for liberal professions and 60% for self-employed workers, these percentages increasing in the case of salaried employees. In the case of government workers, the percentage of financing could reach 105%, and may exceptionally rise to 120%. However, none of the financing granted to government workers in the Prado V portfolio had a percentage greater than 100%.

Nowadays, it is the initial contribution the key factor taken into account for the approval of operations. Therefore, the threshold an operation needs for its approval goes from a 15% for civil/public

servants (married) to a 40% for workers without an indefinite/permanent employment contract. The denominator used for calculating this rating includes both the price of the property together with its additional expenses.

Besides, the source of the client's down payment is always checked by UCI's risk department to make sure that the level of commitment with their mortgage is high enough (as their level of engagement with the loan is always higher when this source comes from their personal savings). In addition, the Risk Department performs a verification of clients' tax data using the CSV included in their draft/income statement.

- d.2.3. The selection process is supported by a statistical "score" based on the probability of default according to the customer profile, an expert system (which includes all the rules of UCI's risk acceptance policy) that checks if the operation complies with all of UCI's risk acceptance policy rules and includes a system of geographical population studies.
- d.2.4. The presence of the holders and guarantors, if applicable, is systematically checked in the risk records held by ASNEF (*Asociación Nacional de Entidades de Financiación* – National Association of Financing Entities). If necessary, the CIRBE (*Central de Información de Riesgos del Banco de España* – Bank of Spain Risk Information Centre) and VEDACON are also consulted.

UCI's possible origination channels are the following:

1. Real Estate Agents: Agencies that intervene in the process of sale and purchase of properties.
2. Broker: Financial intermediaries whose main activity is to obtain financing for their clients, usually not intervening in the process of sale and purchase of properties.
3. Hipotecas.com: UCI's online origination channel (www.hipotecas.com).
4. Developers: Real estate agents whose main activity is intervention in the sale of developments that can be reconciled with intervention in the sale and purchase of second-hand housing.
5. Financial Entities: Financial institutions, banks or savings banks (*cajas de ahorros*) with which UCI has signed a cooperation agreement in order to manage its clients' financial transactions.
6. Insurance: Insurance agents that reconcile their main activity of insurance intermediation with financial intermediation.
7. Branch UCI: Financial transactions with clients that arrive directly at UCI's offices.

In addition, UCI can also enter into cooperation agreements with any other originator of operations, which in any case, will be subject to a strict acceptance policy by the Risk Management Division (*Dirección de Riesgos*). Such policy includes, with prior consent from the originator, consultation of risk files (ASNEF, CIRBE, Worldcheck and so on), request of commercial and asset information, and analysis of potential effects of the relationship with such intermediary on UCI's image. Furthermore, any mortgage loan originated by a third party is always approved by

UCI following its Granting Policy. Only 18 Mortgage Loans of the portfolio (less than 1%) have been originated through cooperation agreements with other financial entities.

Procedures established by UCI for the formalisation of transactions are independent from the origination channel. No exceptions have been defined to such procedures on the basis of the type of contributor.

e) *Disbursement of the Mortgage Loan.*

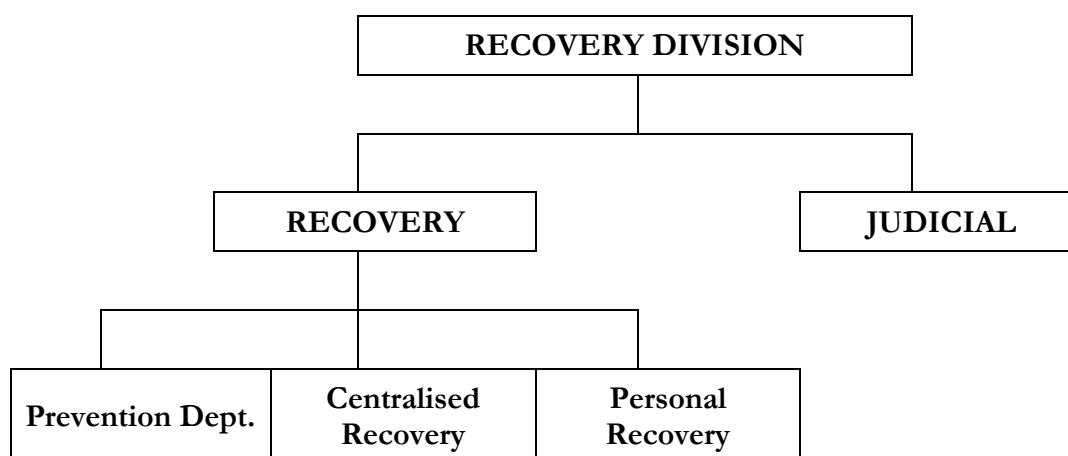
After completing the final evaluation and authorisation procedures, the Mortgage Loan deed is signed before a Notary Public at which time UCI disburses the funds.

In the case of any prior charges on the Mortgage Loan, the representative appointed by UCI will ensure these are cancelled, retaining the necessary funds for this purpose and overseeing the whole land registry procedure until UCI's mortgage is registered as a first-priority mortgage.

During the formalisation of the operation, UCI is represented by a professional lawyer who oversees the correct completion thereof with a civil liability insurance policy and a first-demand bank guarantee, and who receives both the instructions for signing and the text for the loan deed instruments from a UCI Department that supervises the professional lawyer's activity through a system of prior authorisations.

2. *Collection and claims policy*

Collection management is performed through the Recovery Division, which is structured as follows:



The Prevention Department is the first stage of the Recovery Division and deals with customers not in default who are experiencing financial difficulties. This department adopts appropriate measures to prevent customers from defaulting and aggravating their financial situation with UCI.

Between the second and eighth day of each month, the majority of missed payments are assigned to a team to notify the customer, which leads to an early recovery process.

If a customer subsequently makes a first definitive default, this is handled by the Centralised Recovery Department. This department uses telephone management to recover the debt contracted by the customer, to prevent aggravating the default situation and to ensure the possible future payment of instalments using the tools and mechanisms at UCI's disposal to resolve the customer's payment problems.

If the customer's normal payment situation cannot be re-established and the customer subsequently reaches two defaults, the matter is forwarded to the Recovery Agency Network. The main difference from previous departments is this network's personal contact with the customer.

The tools used in assisting customers to pay are applied based on the individualised study of their economic/personal situation at all times and are as follows:

1. Restructuring. In this operation, for reasons related to the customer's financial difficulties (current or foreseeable), the initial loan conditions are modified to facilitate payment (of principal and interest) because the holder cannot or is not likely to comply with the initial conditions in a timely manner.
2. Payment in kind. In this operation, UCI accepts the dwelling, or any of the dwellings guaranteeing the loan, as payment or part-payment of the debt. Should there be a remnant, it is possible to implement a restructuring to adapt the instalments to the customer's real payment capabilities.
3. Remortgage. Through this operation, UCI formalises a new mortgage adequate to the client's conditions with the aim of facilitating them the payment of their instalment.
4. Novation. Modification of the client's contract (either in its rate or term) to facilitate them the payment of their instalment.
5. Sales mandate. Working with the clients, UCI can help selling the property through its real estate agencies according to the price the client indicates (price that is also checked by the internal risk department monitoring appraisals). This solution avoids UCI increasing its REO (Real Estate Owned) stock and paying taxes (ITP, IBI).

UCI subscribes to the Code of Good Practices for the feasible restructuring of debts secured with a mortgage over primary residences, published in the State Official Gazette (Boletín Oficial del Estado) on 21 October 2014, a government initiative to ensure that all customers that have a legitimate problem receive a practical solution. The aforementioned Code of Good Practices reflects the measures foreseen in the Royal Decree-law 6/2012, of 9 March, on urgent measures to protect mortgagors with limited resources, as modified by the Law 1/2013, and in the Royal Decree-law 1/2015, of 27 February, on the second chance mechanism, debt reduction and other social agenda.

UCI subscribes as well to the Code of Good Practices for the relaxation of the criteria that the debtor must meet to avail themselves of the measures adopted in the rules that modify and incorporate his right to obtain a social rent for 5 years of duration, extendable to another 5 years, as foreseen in the Royal Decree-law 5/2017, of 17 March, which modifies the aforementioned Royal Decree-law 6/2012 and the Law 1/2013; maintaining its commitment to collaborate to provide adequate solutions to customers without resources.

If it is not possible to reach an amicable solution with the customer despite the efforts made, the Legal Department will be responsible for claiming repayment of the debt in court, notwithstanding the possibility of reaching an amicable solution during the proceedings.

Several teams are involved at this stage:

1. Pre-trial team. Responsible for obtaining the documentation prior to filing the claim.
2. Litigation team. Responsible for monitoring the assigned court proceedings and overseeing portfolios assigned to the team of outside lawyers.
3. Law firms. Responsible for the direct monitoring of court proceedings assigned and distributed by geographical area (External Team).

4. Solicitors. Representatives of the Institution, responsible for managing Court proceedings in progress (External Team).

Once the property is owned by UCI, either by payment in kind or Court Allocation, the Real Estate Marketing Division through its Branch Network will select, manage and monitor the Real Estate Brokers in charge of marketing and selling the properties.

2.2.8 Representations and other warranties given to the Issuer relating to the Receivables.

2.2.8.1.- Representations

The Management Company reproduces below the representations and warranties that the Assignor, as the owner of the Mortgage Loans and issuer of the MTCs, will make to the Management Company, acting on behalf of the Fund, on the Date of Incorporation of the Fund on the deed of incorporation of the Fund:

a) UCI:

1. UCI is a company duly organised in accordance with applicable law and is registered with the Commercial Registry of Madrid and in the Registry of Financial Credit Entities of the Bank of Spain, and is equally empowered to participate in the mortgage market.
2. UCI has not been in a situation of insolvency, suspension of payments, bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings (in accordance with the provisions of the Insolvency Act) on the date of this Prospectus or at any time since its incorporation.
3. The corporate decision-making bodies of UCI have validly adopted all resolutions required to (i) assign the Mortgage Loans through the issuance of the MTCs, and (ii) validly execute the agreements and commitments undertaken therein.
4. UCI is in possession of the annual accounts for the last two completed fiscal years, which are duly audited. The Auditors' Report for 2016 is unqualified. The audited annual accounts for the fiscal years 2016 and 2015 are deposited with the CNMV and the Commercial Registry.
5. The Assignor complies with current data protection legislation and any anti-money laundering regulations.
6. As stated in Section 2.2.8.2 below, UCI will comply with the Retention by holding Class B Notes.

b) Mortgage Loans:

1. UCI is the sole owner of the Mortgage Loans, which are free of liens and encumbrances and has no knowledge that any Obligor may raise any objections to the payment of any amount regarding the Mortgage Loans.
2. UCI has no knowledge that any Obligor is insolvent.
3. UCI warrants that on the Date of Incorporation there will be no arrears greater than thirty (30) days.
4. The Mortgage Loans exist, are valid, binding and enforceable in accordance with Spanish law. In particular, the Mortgage Loans comply with applicable consumer and mortgage laws in Spain.

5. The data concerning the Mortgage Loans included in sections 2.2.2, 2.2.6 and 2.2.8 of this Additional Building Block are complete and faithfully and accurately reflect the reality of such Mortgage Loans.
6. The Mortgage Loans have not been subject to any change, amendment, modification or waiver of any kind which in any material way adversely affects the enforceability or collectability of all or a material portion of the Receivables being transferred.
7. As regards the Mortgage Loans, no person has a preferential right to the Fund.
8. All the Obligors are natural persons residing in Spain.
9. The Mortgage Loans have been provided by UCI to individuals (customers) to finance transactions involving the acquisition of finished houses in Spain or the subrogation of individuals to the financing provided to developers for the construction of houses in Spain for sale. None of the Mortgage Loans have been granted to real estate developers. All Mortgage Loans are secured with finished houses.
10. None of the Mortgage Loans refinances existing Mortgage Loans.
11. None of the Mortgage Loans have Wildcard Instalments.
12. 98.23% of the Mortgage Loans have never been in arrears for more than thirty (30) days. 1.77% of the Mortgage Loans have had a maximum of ninety (90) days in arrears (with the most recent arrears having not occurred in the last 36 months). To the best of UCI's knowledge, the Obligors have not defaulted on any other obligation under the Mortgage Loans.
13. The Mortgage Loans are repaid by the Obligors via direct debit.
14. None of the Mortgage Loans includes Self-Certified Mortgage Loans or Equity Release Mortgage Loans.
15. Each Mortgage Loan is denominated and payable exclusively in euros.
16. Each Obligor has made at least one scheduled payment under the relevant Mortgage Loan.
17. UCI is not aware of any Obligor holding any credit right against UCI that may entitle them to exercise any set-off rights.
18. The information contained in this Prospectus regarding the Mortgage Loan portfolio is complete and faithfully conforms to reality.
19. Both the assignment of the Mortgage Loans and the issue of the MTCs, as well as all the acts relating thereto, have been legally and validly performed or will be legally and validly performed based on market standards.
20. For 45.85% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables, UCI has faithfully followed the standard set forth in the lending policy appearing in section 2.2.7 of this Additional Building Block as regards the policy on the assignment of Mortgage Loans and for the remaining Mortgage Loans, representing a total of 54.15% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables, UCI has followed risk policies that do not differ substantially from lending policy described in section 2.2.7 of this Additional Building Block.

21. All the original deeds of the mortgages securing the Mortgage Loans have been duly deposited with the company Recall, S.A., and are available to the Management Company.
22. The Mortgage Loans were originated in the ordinary course of business of UCI and have been and are being administered by UCI in accordance with customary market procedures.
23. UCI is not aware of the existence of litigation of any kind as regards the Mortgage Loans that may prejudice the validity thereof or give rise to the application of Article 1,535 of the Civil Code (regarding an Obligor's right to terminated a disputed loan that is being sold).
24. All the Mortgage Loans have a maturity prior to three (3) years before the Legal Maturity Date.
25. UCI, as Servicer, undertakes to provide the Management Company with all periodical information regarding the Mortgage Loans in accordance with the software applications of the Management Company.
26. The Variable Mortgage Loans and the Mixed Mortgage Loans (after the initial fixed rate period) will accrue a variable interest rate indexed to an official benchmark index (Euribor 12M/IRPH), and no maximum or minimum limit of the applicable interest rate is agreed.
27. The payments of the Obligors deriving from the Mortgage Loans are not subject to any withholding tax.
28. The Mortgage Loan agreements are governed by Spanish law.
29. At the Date of Incorporation, UCI has received no notification of total or partial prepayment of the Mortgage Loans.
30. The Mortgage Loans are secured by a first-priority real estate mortgage over the relevant properties (all of them over finished houses), with the exception of those which have been economically cancelled but in respect of which prior entry in the relevant registry is still pending cancellation, and the properties mortgaged are not affected by prohibitions concerning their disposal, cancellation or any other ownership limitation.
31. All the Mortgage Loans are recorded in public instruments ("*escritura pública*"), and all the mortgages are duly granted and registered in the corresponding Land Registries. The registration of the properties mortgaged is in force and with no contradictions and is not subject to any limitation with priority over the mortgage, in accordance with applicable legal provisions.
32. The mortgages cover properties that are wholly owned by the mortgagor, and the Assignor is not aware of any litigation regarding the ownership thereof.
33. All the homes mortgaged have been previously appraised by an appraiser duly registered in the corresponding Official Registry of the Bank of Spain, and such appraisal is shown in the relevant certificate. In the case of Official Protection Housing (*Vivienda de Protección Oficial*) (VPO), the appraisal is equal to or less than the maximum legal value.

34. The Mortgage Loans do not meet any of the characteristics of excluded or restricted credits under Articles 12.1 a), c), d), f) and 12.2 of Royal Decree 716/2009.
35. For purposes of credit risk enhancement, 63.15% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables have more than one asset with first-priority mortgage security backing the same loan, i.e., the Obligor has granted a first-priority mortgage, not only over the home financed, but also over another home. All such additional security has the same characteristics as the financed home.
36. The properties mortgaged by virtue of the Mortgage Loans are not excluded assets in accordance with Article 11.1 of Royal Decree 716/2009.
37. The Mortgage Loans are not subject to any issue of mortgage notes or MTCs other than the issuance of the MTCs.
38. UCI is not aware of the existence of any circumstance preventing the enforcement of the mortgage security.
39. On the Date of Incorporation, the outstanding balance of each of the Mortgage Loans is equal to the principal amount of the corresponding MTC.
40. The Mortgage Loans are fully drawn.
41. 3.64% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables derives from UCI 7 Fund (cancelled on 19 June 2017) and 5.99% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables derives from UCI 8 Fund (cancelled on 18 September 2017).
Out of the total loans originated from UCI 7 Fund, 0.32% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables have had some sort of default more than 36 months ago and 0.14% have been restructured more than 36 months ago. In the case of UCI 8 Fund, those percentages are 0.49% and 0.12% respectively.
42. Other than the small number of Receivables stated in paragraph 41 above, no Receivable derives from a Restructured Receivable.
43. The average origination date of the loans integrated from Fund UCI 7 is 25 September 1999 while from Fund UCI 8 is 30 August 2000.
44. The Assignor may freely transfer its interest in the Mortgage Loans and their security related thereto without breaching any term or condition of the Mortgage Loans.
45. There are sufficient Receivables in the Mortgage Loan preliminary portfolio to incorporate the Fund.
46. None of the Mortgage Loans have increasing instalments nor balloon payments.

c) MTCs:

1. The MTCs are issued in accordance with the provisions of (i) Royal Decree 716/2009 and (ii) the Fourth Additional Provision of Law 5/2015.
2. The MTCs are issued to the extent the Mortgage Loans are not eligible under Article 3 of Royal Decree 716/2009, for purposes of being subject to mortgage shares ("*Participaciones Hipotecarias*"). This is consistent with the information provided to Bank of Spain.

3. The MTCs are issued for the same period that remains until maturity and for the same interest rate as each of the corresponding Mortgage Loans.
4. On the Date of Incorporation, the outstanding balance of each of the Mortgage Loans, which are fully drawn, will be equivalent to the principal amount of the corresponding MTC.
5. The respective corporate decision-making body of the Assignor has validly adopted all resolutions required for the issuance of the MTCs.

The aforementioned characteristics of the Assignor, of the Mortgage Loans and of the MTCs must exist on the Date of Incorporation.

The Management Company has obtained from the Assignor the representations and warranties regarding both the Mortgage Loans and the Assignor itself, as described in this section and as will be ratified in the Deed of Incorporation.

2.2.8.2.- Compliance with EU Risk Retention Requirements

The Assignor will retain a material net economic interest of not less than 5% of the nominal value of the securitisation in accordance with Article 405 of Regulation 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (the “**CRR**”), Article 51 of the Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of Alternative Investment Funds Managers (the “**AIFMR**”) and article 254 of the Regulation (UE) 2015/35 of 10 October 2014 supplementing Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and Council on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (“**Solvency II Regulation**”) until the Final Maturity Date of the Notes (the “**Retention**”).

The Retention will be done by way of a retention in accordance with paragraph 1(d) of Article 405 of the CRR, paragraph 1(d) of Article 51 of the AIFMR and paragraph 2 (d) of Article 254 of the Solvency II Regulation (as in force at the Disbursement Date of the Notes) of the first loss tranche and, if necessary, other tranches having the same or a more severe risk profile than those transferred or sold to investors so that the total retention amounts to no less than 5% of the nominal value of the securitised exposures (such retention being in the form of its holding of Class B Notes).

In compliance with the provisions of article 409 of the Regulation on CRR and 52(e), (f) and (g) of the AIFMR, the Assignor must ensure that potential investors can easily access all relevant data on the credit quality and performance of the individual underlying exposures, cash flows and collateral supporting the securitisation exposures as well as such information that is necessary to conduct comprehensive and well informed stress tests on the cash flows and collateral values supporting the underlying exposures

Also under article 409 mentioned above, the Assignor will undertake in the Deed of Incorporation to include on the website www.uci.es (or any other site that may hereafter replace it) a reference of the level of its commitment under Article 405 to maintain a net economic interest in the securitisation.

According to the Deed of Incorporation, the Assignor will undertake to notify the Management Company each month of the fulfilment of the retention so that the latter can publish such information on its website. The Assignor must explicitly declare that it has not taken any action (hedging of the credit risk, sale, taking short positions, etc.) that may have undermined the application of the retention requirement.

2.2.9 Substitution of the Receivables.

In the case of prepayment of the Receivables initially pooled together due to the prepayment of the corresponding Mortgage Loan, the affected Receivables will not be replaced.

If subsequent to the Date of Incorporation, it is detected that a Receivable does not conform on the Date of Incorporation to the conditions and characteristics contained in section 2.2.8 of this Additional Building Block, as the corresponding Mortgage Loan does not so conform, the party that has become aware of such circumstance, whether it be the Assignor or the Management Company, shall notify the other party of such circumstance in writing. UCI undertakes within a fifteen (15) calendar days period from the mentioned notification to immediately replace or, if applicable, prepay the corresponding MTC subject to the prior consent of the Management Company and the Rating Agencies so that such substitution does not entail a reduction in the credit rating of the Class A Notes.

The replacement will be made through the issue of MTCs for Mortgage Loans in UCI'S portfolio that can be included within a securitisation fund with the same characteristics as the Mortgage Loan underpinning the MTC being replaced.

UCI will thereafter immediately cancel such MTC through the corresponding stamp on the title which has been duly itemised for this purpose, and issue another MTC with similar remaining period, interest rate, outstanding balance and credit quality in terms of the relationship between (i) the outstanding balance of the Mortgage Loan and (ii) the appraisal of the property covered by the security for the underlying Mortgage Loan, after verification of the suitability of the replacement of the Mortgage Loan by the external auditor prior to the substitution, in accordance with the provisions of section 2.2.2 of the Additional Building Block, such that the financial structure of the Fund and the rating of the Class A Notes will not be affected by the replacement.

This issue of MTCs by UCI and the replacement by the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, will be made through the corresponding notarial certificate, which will include the data concerning the MTC to be replaced and the underlying Mortgage Loan, and the new MTC issued, with the data on the new Mortgage Loan, as well as the reason for the replacement and the variables determining the homogeneous character of the MTCs, as described above.

A copy of such notarial certificate will be delivered to the CNMV and to Iberclear.

In addition, the Management Company will deliver the Multiple Title representing the MTCs to UCI, and UCI will deliver a new Multiple Title including all MTCs owned by the Fund (excluding the substituted MTC and including the new MTC).

In the event that once fifteen (15) calendar days have elapsed from the notification above mentioned, there are no Mortgage Loans in UCI'S portfolio with characteristics similar to the Mortgage Loan underpinning the replaced MTC, UCI undertakes to prepay the affected MTCs, immediately repaying the outstanding principal in cash, the interest due and unpaid as well as any amount that may correspond to the Fund at such date by virtue of the corresponding MTC.

2.2.10 Relevant insurance policies relating to the Mortgage Loans.

The assets securing the Mortgage Loans were insured against damages at the time of granting the Mortgage Loans, in accordance with the provisions of Order ECO/805/2003.

Initially, insurance policies are obtained from Santander Seguros (Santander Group), BNP Paribas Cardif (BNP Paribas Group) and Liberty Seguros, Compañía de Seguros y Reaseguros S.A. However, the Obligors may transfer them to another insurer of their choice such that the mortgaged property is insured at all times.

Data on insurance company concentration are not included because the insurance policies signed by the Obligors and the details thereof are not supported by or updated in UCI's computer records. However, there may be a concentration of the abovementioned insurance companies given that the casualty insurance policies were initially obtained from such insurance companies.

As of the date of registration of this Prospectus, there is no evidence that the damage insurance policies purchased at the time of granting the Mortgage Loans are still in place.

2.2.11. Information relating to the Obligors where the Receivables comprise obligations of five (5) or fewer Obligors which are legal persons, or where an Obligor accounts for twenty percent (20%) or more of the Receivables, or where an Obligor accounts for a material portion of the Receivables.

Not applicable.

2.2.12 Details of the relationship between the Issuer, the guarantor and the Obligor if it is material to the issue.

It is not known whether there are significant relationships concerning the issue of the Notes as regards the Fund, the Assignor, the Management Company or other persons involved in the transaction other than those included in section 5.2 of the Registration Document and in sections 2.2.8.2 and 3.2 of this Additional Building Block.

2.2.13 Where the Receivables comprise fixed income securities, a description of the principle terms and conditions

Not applicable.

2.2.14 Where the Receivables comprise equity securities, a description of the principal terms and conditions.

Not applicable.

2.2.15 Where more than ten percent (10%) of the Receivables comprise equity securities that are not traded on a regulated or equivalent market, a description of the principal terms and conditions.

Not applicable.

2.2.16 Where a material portion of the Receivables is secured on or backed by real property, a valuation report relating to the property setting out both the valuation of the property and cash flow/income streams.

As concerns the Receivables deriving from Mortgage Loans, the valuation of the property securing the real estate mortgage has been mostly performed by one appraiser (Valtecnic, S.A.), and residually by other appraisers (Tasaciones Hipotecarias, Tinsa and Sivasa). All of them are ratified by and registered in the corresponding registry of the Bank of Spain. Such appraisal is carried out in accordance with the provisions of Order ECO/805/2003.

The appraisals of the properties relating to the Mortgage Loans were performed on the date of the Mortgage Loans and the properties have not been re-appraised.

2.3 Actively managed assets backing the issue.

Not applicable.

2.4 Where an Issuer proposes to issue further securities backed by the same Receivables, a prominent statement to that effect and description of how the holders of that class will be informed.

Not applicable.

3. STRUCTURE AND CASH FLOW

3.1 Description of the structure of the transaction, including, if necessary, a diagram.

UCI will assign the Receivables deriving from Mortgage Loans to the Fund through the issuance of the MTCs. The Fund will acquire the Receivables and will issue the Notes from which it will obtain the funds or resources for the purchase of the Receivables. It will periodically obtain funds from the repayment of the principal and interest on the Mortgage Loans which will be used to repay the Notes and to pay interest to the holders thereof. This transaction will be formalised through the Deed of Incorporation, which will be executed by the Management Company, on behalf and at the expense of the Fund, and by UCI. Thus, through the Deed of Incorporation of the Fund the following will take place:

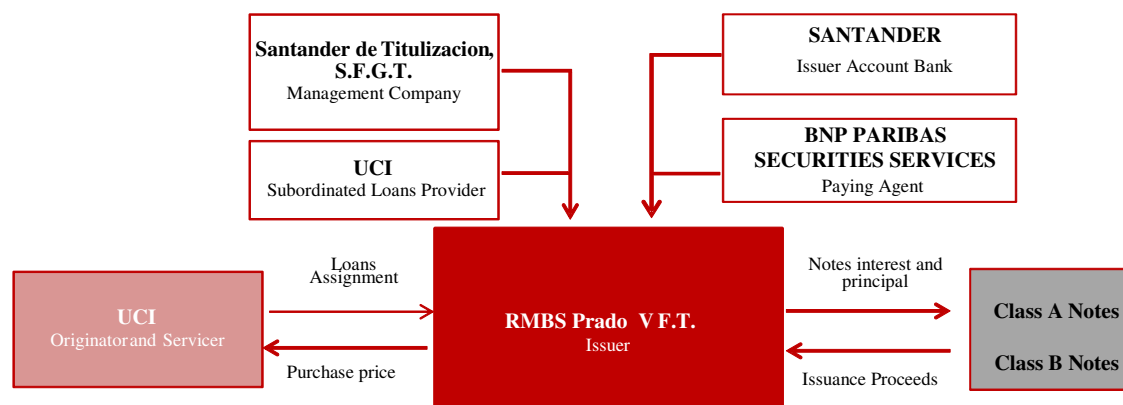
- a) the assignment to the Fund of the Receivables deriving from Mortgage Loans (through the issuance by UCI and the subsequent subscription by the Fund of the corresponding MTCs), and
- b) the issuance of Notes in the amount of FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN MILLION EUROS (€415,000,000), distributed in two (2) classes of Notes.

A copy of the Deed of Incorporation will be delivered to the CNMV and to Iberclear to be included in their official registers prior to the Subscription Period.

In order to consolidate its financial structure and achieve the broadest possible hedge of the risks inherent to the issue of Notes, the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, will enter into, among others, the following agreements:

- (i) Subordinated Loan Agreement, with UCI, which will be used to finance the Reserve Fund, the expenses of the incorporation of the Fund and the issuance of the Notes, to partially finance the acquisition of the Receivables, and to cover the temporary mismatch in the First Interest Accrual Period, and which will be applied to comply with the payment obligations set forth in the Priority of Payments described in sections 3.4.6 b) and 3.4.6 d) of the Additional Building Block, respectively.
- (ii) Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement with Santander.
- (iii) Payment Agency Agreement with BP2S.

The following is an explanatory diagram of the transaction:



Initial balance sheet of the Fund

The balance sheet of the Fund at the Disbursement Date will be as follows:

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Credit Rights	415,000,000	Notes Issuance	
Assets (credit rights from mortgage loans)	415,000,000	Class A	339,000,000
Working Capital	10,975,000	Class B	76,000,000
Treasury Account	10,975,000		
* Reserve Fund	10,400,000	Other L/T debts	10,975,000
* Initial expenses	575,000	Subordinated Loan	10,975,000
		* Reserve Fund	10,400,000
		* Initial expenses	575,000
Total Assets	425,975,000	Total Liabilities	425,975,000

The estimated initial expenses of the incorporation of the Fund and the issuance of the Notes are described in section 6 of the Securities Note.

It is assumed that all the initial expenses of the Fund and the issue of the Notes will be paid on the Disbursement Date. These expenses therefore appear on the above Balance Sheet.

3.2 Description of the entities participating in the issue and description of the functions to be performed by them.

The description of the entities which are participating in the issue and the functions they carry out are contained in sections 5.2 of the Registration Document and 3.1 of the Securities Note.

3.3 Description of the method and of the date of sale, transfer, novation or assignment of the Receivables.

a) *Assignment of the Receivables.*

The assignment of the Mortgage Loans by UCI will be effective from the Date of Incorporation of the Fund. It will be implemented through the Deed of Incorporation and will be carried out as determined below.

The Obligors will not be notified of the assignment of the Mortgage Loans to the Fund by UCI. However, in the event of insolvency proceedings, or indications of insolvency, or if the Management Company considers it to be reasonably justified, the Management Company may request the Servicer to notify the Obligors and any respective guarantors thereof, of the transfer of the outstanding Mortgage Loans to the Fund, as well as the fact that the payments deriving from such Mortgage Loans will only release the debt if payment is made into the Cash Flow Account opened in the name of the Fund. However, if the Servicer has not given the notice to the Obligors within five (5) Business Days of receipt of the request, or in the case of insolvency proceedings as regards the Servicer, the Management Company itself, either directly or through a new servicer it has designated, will notify the Obligors and any respective guarantors thereof.

The Assignor will assume the expenses involved in notifying the Obligors even when notification is made by the Management Company.

The Mortgage Loans will be assigned through the issuance of the MTCs by UCI.

These MTCs will be subscribed by the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, to be pooled in the Fund, by virtue of the Deed of Incorporation and upon the terms thereof, in accordance with the legislation on the mortgage market (Law 2/1981, Royal Decree 716/2009, the Fourth Additional Provision of Law 5/2015 and other applicable legal provisions).

The participation in the Mortgage Loans through the issue of MTCs will be for the whole of the remaining period until the final maturity of the Mortgage Loans.

The MTCs issued pursuant to the provisions of the Deed of Incorporation will be represented by one Multiple Title issued by the Assignor, representing all MTCs issued. This Multiple Title will be deposited with the Management Company.

Both in the event that any MTC should be substituted as prescribed in section 2.2.9 of this Additional Building Block, and in the event that the Management Company, acting for and on behalf of the Fund, should proceed to foreclose a Mortgage Loan, and moreover if upon Early Liquidation of the Fund, in the events and on the terms of section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document, the MTCs have to be sold to a third party, UCI agrees to split, as the case may be, any multiple title into such individual or multiple titles as may be required, or to substitute or exchange the same for the above purposes.

UCI, as issuing entity, will keep a special book in which it will note the MTCs issued and the changes of address of which it has been notified by the holder of each one

of the Mortgage Loans, and will also record (i) the dates of execution and maturity of the Mortgage Loans, (ii) their amounts and form of settlement, and (iii) the registration data of the mortgages securing the Mortgage Loans.

The Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, will subscribe the MTCs issued by UCI in the Deed of Incorporation so that they may be immediately included within the Fund.

Given the nature of the Fund as a qualified investor and the subscription by the latter of the MTCs, for the purposes of paragraph two, Article 29.1 of Royal Decree 716/2009, the issuance of the MTCs shall not be subject to a marginal notation in each recording of the mortgage pertaining to each of the Mortgage Transfers with the Land Registry.

As established by Royal Decree 716/2009, the MTCs shall be transferable through a written declaration on the certificate itself and, in general, by any of the means permitted by law. Notice of the transfer of the MTC and the address of the new holder shall be given by the transferee to the Assignor.

The transferor will not be liable as regards the solvency of UCI or for the solvency of the Obligor, or for the sufficiency of the mortgage it guarantees.

b) *Terms and conditions of the assignment of the Receivables.*

The assignment of the Mortgage Loans will be full and unconditional and for the whole of the remaining period up to the maturity of each Mortgage Loan. UCI, as Assignor of the MTCs and in accordance with Article 348 of the Commercial Code and Article 1,529 of the Civil Code, will be responsible to the Fund for the existence and lawfulness of the Mortgage Loans, as well as for its legal standing to effect the assignment and issue of the MTCs, but it will not be responsible for the solvency of the Obligors.

The Assignor does not assume the risk of non-payment of the Mortgage Loans and therefore does not assume any liability for non-payment by the Obligors, whether of principal, interest or of any other amount they may owe with respect to the Mortgage Loans, nor does it assume the effectiveness of the security therefor. Nor will it in any other manner assume liability as regards directly or indirectly guaranteeing the success of the transaction, or give security or Notes or enter into repurchase or substitution agreements as regards the Mortgage Loans, except as described in section 2.2.9 of this Additional Building Block or, if applicable, a potential repurchase further to the exercise of the Optional Redemption set forth in section 4.9.4 of the Securities Note.

The assignment of each Mortgage Loan will be made for the whole of the outstanding balance on the Date of Incorporation and will be for the whole of the ordinary and default interest with respect to each Mortgage Loan being assigned on such date.

Specifically, and by way of description and not limitation, the assignment will include all accessory rights in accordance with the provisions of Article 1,528 of the Civil Code; thus, it will give the Fund the following rights as regards the Mortgage Loans:

1. All amounts due for the repayment of the principal of the Mortgage Loans.
2. All amounts due for the ordinary interest on the Mortgage Loans.
3. All amounts due for the default interest on the Mortgage Loans.

4. All fees due for the early cancellation or partial prepayment of the Mortgage Loans payable in case of advance payments of any Mortgage Loans, as well as any compensation fees for fixed interest rates.

The early cancellation or partial prepayment fees are calculated according to Bank of Spain policy: 0.5% of the prepaid amount if such prepayment occurs during the first five years of the life of the Mortgage Loans and 0.25% of the prepaid amount if such prepayment occurs at any time after the first five years.

The purpose of the fixed interest rates compensation is to pay UCI for the possible damage that the total or partial prepayment of the Fixed Mortgage Loans with an initial fixed-interest period longer than twelve (12) months could cause.

This is only recoverable from the customer if there is a loss for UCI, which will usually occur if market interest rates are lower than the applicable interest rate at the time of prepayment. In order to know if this applies in each case and to be able to calculate the market value of the Mortgage Loan at the time of the prepayment, the provisions set forth in Rule Fifteen of Bank of Spain Circular 5/2012 of 27 June shall apply. Such fixed compensation could be up to 3% of the prepaid amount in fixed interest rate loans.

Compensation fees for fixed interest rates are in addition to the early cancellation or partial prepayment fees.

5. Any amounts or assets received through judicial or notarial enforcement of the guarantees or due to the availability or use of the property awarded to the Fund in enforcement of the mortgage security or in the temporary administration or possession of the property (in the process of foreclosure) up to the amount owed by the respective Obligor, the acquisition at the auction price or for the amount determined by judicial resolution.
6. All potential rights or indemnities in favor of UCI, including those arising from any accessory right to the Mortgage Loans as well as from the insurance agreements (either as indemnification or advance payment).

In the event of prepayment of the Mortgage Loans by total or partial advanced repayment of the principal, the substitution of the affected Receivables will not take place.

All the abovementioned rights will accrue in favour of the Fund as from the Date of Incorporation.

The rights of the Fund arising from the Mortgage Loans are linked to the payments made by the Obligors against the Mortgage Loans and are therefore directly affected by the evolution, delays, prepayments or any other incidents regarding these Mortgage Loans.

All possible expenses or costs that may arise for the Assignor from recovery actions in the event of the Obligor failing to comply with its obligations, including enforcement actions against such Obligors, will be paid by the Fund.

c) *Price for sale or assignment of the Receivables.*

The price of the sale or assignment of the Receivables will be at par, that is to say, for the unpaid principal of the Mortgage Loans, and will be paid into the Payment Agency Account on the Disbursement Date.

The Assignor will not receive interest for the deferral of the payment of the sale price from the Date of Incorporation to the Disbursement Date.

In the event of termination of the incorporation of the Fund, and thus the assignment of the Receivables, (i) the obligation of the Fund to pay the price for the acquisition of the Receivables will be extinguished, (ii) the Management Company will be obliged to reimburse UCI as regards any rights that may have accrued to the Fund due to the assignment of the Receivables, and (iii) it will cancel the MTCs.

3.4 Explanation of the flow of funds.

3.4.1 How the cash flow from the Receivables will meet the Issuer's obligations to the holders of the securities.

The amounts received by the Fund deriving from the Receivables will be deposited by the Servicer into the Cash Flow Account before midnight (12:00 p.m.) on the day following receipt. Therefore, the Fund will be receiving daily income in the Cash Flow Account due to the amounts received for the Receivables.

The collection dates of the Fund will be all the Business Days on which payments are made by the Obligors as regards the Mortgage Loans.

In the event that it is considered necessary in order to better defend the interests of the Noteholders and on the condition that there is a compulsory substitution of the Assignor as Servicer of the Mortgage Loans, the Management Company will instruct the Assignor to give notice thereof to each of the Obligors of the Mortgage Loans, and, from the time this notification takes effect, the Obligors will directly pay the amounts they are obliged to pay as regards the Mortgage Loans into the Cash Flow Account, opened in the name of the Fund with the Fund's counterparty to the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement.

In no case will the Assignor pay any amounts to the Fund that it has not previously received from the Obligors in payment of Mortgage Loans.

On a quarterly basis, on each Payment Date, the holders of the Notes will be paid the interest due and the repayment of the principal of the Notes will occur in accordance with the sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 of the Securities Note and the Priority of Payments included in section 3.4.6 of this Additional Building Block.

On each Payment Date, the Available Funds to pay the obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders will be the income obtained for the Mortgage Loans (detailed in section 3.3 b) of the Additional Building Block) calculated on each Determination Date, the interest due from the Cash Flow Account, the amount in the Reserve Fund, the proceeds of any liquidation, and when applicable, the Receivables of the Fund.

For that purposes, the Management Company shall transfer the relevant amount to make the corresponding payment to the Noteholders from the Cash Flow Account to the Payment Agency Account one (1) Business Day before each Payment Date provided the Cash Flow Account has enough Available Funds.

3.4.2 Information on any credit enhancements

3.4.2.1 Credit enhancements

In order to strengthen the financial structure of the Fund, to increase the security or the regularity of the payment of the Notes, to cover temporary mismatches of the schedule of flows of principal and interest on the Mortgage Loans and the Notes, or generally to transform the financial characteristics of the Notes issued, and to complement the management of the Fund, the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, will enter into the agreements and transactions described below in the instrument of execution of the Deed of Incorporation, in accordance with applicable legal provisions.

The credit enhancements included in the structure of the Fund are as follows:

a) Reserve Fund.

Mitigates the credit risk and the liquidity or commingling risk of the Mortgage Loans. It is included using funds from Subordinated Loan, as specified in section 3.4.2.2 below. On the Date of Incorporation, the Reserve Fund will be equal to 2.50% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables.

b) Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement

The account opened in the name of the Fund by the Management Company (Cash Flow Account) is remunerated at certain rates, with a minimum rate of zero per cent (0.00%) so the yield of the Cash Flow Account will not under any circumstances be negative.

c) Subordination and postponement of payment of principal and interest between the Class A Notes and Class B Notes.

Class B Notes will be repaid after full repayment of the Class A Notes.

3.4.2.2 Reserve Fund

The Reserve Fund will initially be financed from the partial pay-out from Subordinated Loan on the Disbursement Date.

UCI, in its condition of provider of Subordinated Loan will not be required to replenish the Reserve Fund or to pay any additional amount after the Date of Incorporation. If the Reserve Fund needs to be adjusted in order to comply with the Reserve Fund Required Amount, such adjustment shall be made by the Management Company, to the extent there are Available Funds, up to the “**Reserve Fund Required Amount**” pursuant to the applicable Priority of Payment.

• ***Reserve Fund Required Amount:***

1. On the Date of Incorporation, equal to TEN MILLION FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€10,400,000), equivalent to 2.50% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables.
2. On each Payment Date after the Date of Incorporation, equal to 2.50% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables.
3. Zero, following the earlier of:
 - a. Repayment in full of interest and principal due in respect of the Class A Notes.
 - b. Payment Date on which the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables is zero but the Notes have not been redeemed in full.

c. Legal Maturity Date.

Provided that:

1. in case of 1 and 2, the Reserve Fund Required Amount shall not be less than 1.00% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables as of the Date of Incorporation.
2. if a Reserve Fund Shortfall occurred on the preceding Payment Date, the Reserve Fund Required Amount shall not be less than the Reserve Fund Required Amount as of the Payment Date immediately preceding such Payment Date.

The amount of this Reserve Fund will be paid into the Cash Flow Account on the Disbursement Date, and will be the subject of the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement of the Cash Flow Account to be signed with Santander.

- ***Use:***

The Reserve Fund will be applied on each Payment Date in order to comply with the payment obligations contained in the Priority of Payments included in section 3.4.6 b) below.

3.4.3 Details of any subordinated debt finance

Subordinated Loan Agreement

The Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, will enter into a Subordinated Loan Agreement with UCI in the total amount of TEN MILLION NINE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND EUROS (€10,975,000), and which will be used for (i) financing the Reserve Fund as described above, (ii) financing the expenses of incorporation of the Fund, (iii) financing the expenses of the issuance of the Notes, (iv) partially financing the acquisition of the Receivables (for the difference between the total nominal capital of the acquisition amount of the Mortgage Loans and subscription to the MTCs and the nominal amount of the Notes), and (v) covering the initial temporary mismatch in the First Interest Accrual Period (due to the difference which will be generated between the interest on the Receivables charged from the Date of Incorporation through First Payment Date and the interest on the Notes to be paid on the First Payment Date).

The Subordinated Loan Agreement shall be fully terminated in the event that (i) the Rating Agencies do not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Notes as final ratings prior to or on the Disbursement Date, or (ii) UCI does not subscribe the amount of Class A Notes that were not allocated to qualified investors, if any, except for the initial expenses of incorporation of the Fund and the issuance of the Notes.

All amounts due under the Subordinated Loan Agreement corresponding to the principal used for purposes (ii) to (v) above shall be payable on a quarterly basis during the first five (5) years from the Date of Incorporation of the Fund, as long as the Available Funds allow such payment in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

All amounts due under the Subordinated Loan Agreement corresponding to the principal used for financing the Reserve Fund will be repaid on each Payment Date in instalments equal to the difference between the balances required of the Reserve Fund on the two (2) Determination Dates immediately prior to the Payment Date in question. This shall be subject to the Fund having sufficient liquidity in accordance with the Priority of Payments or, where applicable, the Liquidation Priority of Payments described in sections 3.4.6 b) and 3.4.6 d) below, respectively.

Subordinated Loan will accrue nominal annual interest, calculated each quarter for each Interest Accrual Period, which will be the higher of (i) zero and (ii) the sum of (a) the 3-month EURIBOR reference rate or, in the absence thereof, its substitute (described in section 4.8 e) of the Securities Note) plus (b) a margin of +0.75% per annum to (and including) the Step-Up Date and +1.50% per annum from (but excluding) the Step-Up Date to (and including) the Final Maturity Date of the Notes. Interest will only be paid if the Fund has sufficient liquidity in accordance with the Priority of Payments or, where applicable, the Liquidation Priority of Payments described in sections 3.4.6 b) and 3.4.6 d) below, respectively. Interest accrued, which should be paid on a particular Payment Date, will be calculated on the basis of (i) the number of days in each Interest Accrual Period and (ii) a year containing three hundred and sixty (360) days.

Interest accrued and not paid on a Payment Date will accumulate at a rate of interest applied at the same rate as the nominal interest rate on Subordinated Loan for the Reserve Fund and shall be paid, if the Fund has sufficient liquidity, in accordance with the Priority of Payments or, where applicable, the Liquidation Priority of Payments described in sections 3.4.6 b) and 3.4.6 d) below, respectively.

3.4.4 An indication of any investment parameters for the investment of temporary liquidity surpluses and description of the parties responsible for such investment

The Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, and Santander will enter into the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement under which Santander will guarantee a return for the amounts deposited by the Fund through its Management Company in the Cash Flow Account.

Specifically, the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement will determine the amounts the Fund receives as:

- (i) principal and interest on the Receivables;
- (ii) any other amounts that are received in payment of the ordinary principal or interest and default interest regarding the Receivables;
- (iii) the amount which constitutes the Reserve Fund at any time;
- (iv) the return obtained from amounts deposited in the Cash Flow Account; and
- (v) any income received from early cancellation or partial prepayment fees;

which will be deposited into the Cash Flow Account.

All collections and payments during the entire life of the Fund will be centralised in the Cash Flow Account.

On the Disbursement Date, (i) the Payment Agency Account will receive the effective amount of the payment for the subscription of the issued Notes; will pay the price to acquire the Receivables assigned by UCI at the initial amount and (ii) the Cash Flow Account will receive the effective amount of the Subordinated Loan Agreement, will pay the expenses of constituting the Fund and will finance the initial amount of the Reserve Fund.

Santander warrants to the Fund, through its Management Company, for each period of liquidation, an annual yield variable quarterly, with monthly liquidations and daily calculation of interests, on the amounts deposited into the Cash Flow Account, equal to the reference interest rate of the Notes (Euribor 3 months) in force the last day of each Determination Period, with a minimum rate of zero per cent (0.00%) so the yield of the Cash Flow Account will not under any circumstances be negative.

The calculation of the return on the Cash Flow Account will be made by taking the effective days based on a year of three hundred and sixty-five (365) days. The interest settlement will be monthly, the fifth (5th) day of each month, or if any of these dates are not a Business Day, the Business Day immediately following.

The temporary liquidity surpluses of the Cash Flow Account shall be reinvested in Eligible Investments, according to the Rating Agencies criteria and pursuant to the provisions set out in the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement.

Pursuant to the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement, if so instructed by the Management Company on behalf of the Issuer, Santander shall invest the balance of the Cash Flow Account in Eligible Investments on the Business Day immediately following each Payment Date.

FITCH Criteria

The entity providing the Cash Flow Account or the account opened by the Fund to replace or complement it must have a minimum rating of at least A- in the long term or F1 in the short term according to Fitch Rating.

In the event that the provider of the account concerned loses the minimum rating required herein, or any of the ratings are withdrawn, the Management Company must, with prior notice to the Rating Agencies and within a maximum period of thirty (30) calendar days from the date on which this situation arises, adopt one of the options described below to allow an appropriate level of guarantee to be maintained with respect to the commitments relating to the Cash Flow Account:

- i. obtain an unconditional and irrevocable guarantee on first demand from one or more entities with a minimum Fitch Rating of at least A- in the long term or F1 in the short term, securing, upon request of the Management Company, the timely performance by the account holder of its obligation to repay the amounts deposited therein, for as long as the situation remains downgraded; or
- ii. transfer the balances deposited in the account opened with the affected provider to another account or accounts opened on behalf of the Fund with one or more entities with minimum Fitch Rating of at least A- in the long term or F1 in the short term. The Management Company will arrange the highest possible return for the balance of the aforementioned accounts, which may be equal to or higher than that arranged with the Cash Flow Account Provider.

All costs, expenses and taxes incurred by the implementation and execution of the above options will be considered Extraordinary Expenses of the Fund.

MOODY'S Criteria

The entity providing the Cash Flow Account or the account opened by the Fund to replace or complement it must have a minimum long-term Bank Deposit rating of at least Baa3 according to Moody's Rating.

In the event that the provider of the account concerned loses the minimum rating required herein, or any of the ratings are withdrawn, the Management Company must, with prior notice to the Rating Agencies and within a maximum period of thirty (30) calendar days from the date on which this situation arises, adopt one of the options described below to allow an appropriate level of guarantee to be maintained with respect to the commitments relating to the Cash Flow Account:

- i. obtain an unconditional and irrevocable guarantee on first demand from one or more entities with a minimum long-term Bank Deposit rating according to Moody's Rating of at least Baa3, securing, upon request of the Management Company, the timely performance by the account holder of its obligation to repay the amounts deposited therein, for as long as the situation remains downgraded; or
- ii. transfer the balances deposited in the account opened with the affected provider to another account or accounts opened on behalf of the Fund with one or more entities with minimum Moody's Rating of at least Baa3 in the long term. The Management Company will arrange the highest possible return for the balance of the aforementioned accounts, which may be equal to or higher than that arranged with the Cash Flow Account Provider.

All costs, expenses and taxes incurred by the implementation and execution of the above options will be considered Extraordinary Expenses of the Fund.

3.4.5 How payments are collected in respect of the Receivables.

As is specified in section 3.7.1 (5) of the present Additional Building Block, as the collection agent on behalf of the Fund in an account opened with Santander, UCI will receive any amounts paid by the Obligors deriving from both principal and interest on the Mortgage Loans, plus amounts for prepayment of the Mortgage Loans and for the insurance policies assigned to the Fund, depositing such amounts in the Cash Flow Account in favor of the Fund. At the same time, it will receive whatever amounts are paid by the Obligors by way of cancellation and prepayment fees and will deposit them daily in the Cash Flow Account.

The Servicer will diligently ensure that the payments to be made by the Obligors are collected in accordance with the contractual terms and conditions of the respective Mortgage Loans.

In no case will the Servicer pay any amount that has not been previously received from the Obligors in payment of the Mortgage Loans.

UCI, as Servicer of the Mortgage Loans, will apply the same due diligence and carry out the same procedure for claiming any unpaid amounts as in all the loans in its portfolio.

Foreclosure proceeding against Obligors on the Mortgage Loans

The Fund, as holder of the Receivables, shall be entitled to use all legal actions deriving from the ownership of the Receivables, in accordance with applicable legal provisions. Such action must be taken using the appropriate judicial procedure pursuant to the procedures of Articles 517 *et seq.* of the Civil Procedure Act.

For purposes of the foregoing, in the Deed of Incorporation, the Management Company will grant to UCI a power of attorney as broad and sufficient as required by law so that UCI, acting through any of its representatives with sufficient powers for such purpose, in accordance with the instructions of the Management Company on behalf and in representation of the Fund or in its own name but on behalf of the Management Company as the legal representative of the Fund, may request the Obligors of the Mortgage Loans to pay their debt and enforce court action against them, as well as other powers required to perform its duties as Servicer. These powers may also be granted in a document other than the Deed of Incorporation and may be expanded or modified if necessary in order to perform such duties.

By virtue of the power given thereto by the Fund, the Servicer may generally seek foreclosure on behalf of the Fund with regard to the Mortgage Loans if the Obligor, in breach of its payment obligations, does not recommence payments to the Servicer within a

period of three (3) months, and the Servicer, acting with the consent of the Management Company, fails to achieve a payment commitment that is satisfactory for the interests of the Fund. In any case, the Servicer must immediately seek foreclosure if the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund and after a prior analysis of the specific circumstances of the case, deems such action appropriate.

Some of the Mortgage Loans underpinning the MTCs may have recorded mortgages relating to prior mortgage loans in the Land Register, even though, pursuant to UCI's representations in section 2.2.8.1 b) of this Additional Building Block, the debts giving rise to such recording of active mortgage have been fully repaid.

Therefore, for registration purposes, these Mortgage Loans do not have first-priority mortgages but rather come after the registered mortgages. However, the debts relating to the first-priority mortgages are fully repaid.

In the event of mortgage foreclosure, if the Servicer finds that the Land Register contains other mortgages with priority over the asset encumbered by the mortgage to be enforced but which have been repaid prior to or at the same time as the creation of the enforceable mortgage, it will take such legal steps as are necessary to ensure that the Register entry reflects the actual legal circumstances. If the Servicer has the necessary documentation, it will act in accordance with Article 40 of Part IV of the Mortgage Act, and otherwise in accordance with Article 209 of such Act.

Action against the Servicer

The Management Company, on behalf of the Fund and as holder of the MTCs, may bring an enforcement action against UCI as Issuer thereof regarding the effectiveness of the maturities of the MTCs as regards principal and interest, if the breach of the obligation to pay such items is not a result of the Obligors' failure to pay the Mortgage Loans.

Neither the Noteholders nor any other creditor of the Fund will have the right to any action against the Assignor, as the Management Company will take such action as representative of the Fund holding the MTCs.

Once the Mortgage Loans are cancelled, the Fund, through its Management Company, will have an action against UCI until it has complied with its obligations.

The Noteholders will bear the risk of non-payment of the Mortgage Loans. Therefore, UCI will not assume any liability for non-payment of the Mortgage Loans by the Obligors, whether for principal, interest or any other amount that the Obligors may owe by virtue of the Mortgage Loans.

Actions in case of non-payment of the Mortgage Loans

In the event of a failure of the Obligor to pay the Mortgage Loan, the Management Company, acting on behalf of the Fund, will have the following powers:

- (i) To compel the Assignor, to commence foreclosure on the mortgage.
- (ii) To participate with the same rights as UCI, as the entity issuing the MTCs, in UCI's enforcement against the Obligor, and to appear in any enforcement proceedings commenced thereby and receive its entire claim from the proceeds from the auction.
- (iii) If UCI does not commence the procedure within sixty (60) calendar days of the notarial request for payment of the debt, in the case of the Mortgage Loans, to have the subsidiary power to enforce the mortgage action on the Mortgage Loan in the amount corresponding to the percentage of its participation, as regards both principal and interest, and the Assignor will be required to issue a certificate of the existing balance of the Mortgage Loan.

- (iv) If the proceedings brought by UCI are halted, the Fund, duly represented by the Management Company, as holder of the corresponding MTC, may subrogate to its position and continue the enforcement proceedings without waiting for the passage of such period.

In the cases set forth in paragraphs (iii) and (iv), the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, may request a competent court to commence or continue the corresponding mortgage foreclosure proceeding, and will attach the original title of the itemised MTC, the notarial request provided for in paragraph (iii) above, and the certificate of mortgage registration and continuance, and the document showing the balance claimed.

If legally required, and for purposes of the provisions of Articles 581.2 and 686.2 of the Civil Procedure Act, UCI will grant an irrevocable power of attorney in the Deed of Incorporation as broad and sufficient as required by law for the Management Company, acting on behalf of UCI, to make notarial demand to any Mortgage Loans' Obligors to pay their debts.

The Fund, in its capacity as holder of the MTCs and through the Management Company, may participate in the foreclosure proceeding with rights equal to those of UCI; along these lines, as regards the Mortgage Loans, it may request an award of the mortgaged property in payment of its claim upon the terms set forth in Articles 691 et seq. of the Civil Procedure Act. The Management Company will sell the properties awarded as soon as possible on market terms.

The costs and financing of the foreclosure proceedings described in this section will be paid by the Fund.

3.4.6 Source and application of Funds.

On the Disbursement Date, the Fund will receive the amounts from the subscription of the Notes and the Subordinated Loan and will apply such amounts to the following payments: sale price for assignment of the MTCs, payment of the expenses of incorporation of the Fund and issuance of the Notes, and endowment of the Reserve Fund.

From the Date of Incorporation until the total repayment of the Notes, the source and application of the amounts that may be drawn by the Fund will be as described below:

a) Source:

The Available Funds on each Payment Date will come from the following:

1. Revenue obtained from the Mortgage Loans as interest, calculated on each Determination Date as follows: the revenue obtained from the previous Determination Date, exclusive, to the current Determination Date, inclusive, except for the first Determination Date, which will be the revenue obtained between the Date of Incorporation, inclusive, and the Determination Date, inclusive.
2. The return obtained during each preceding Determination Period from the reinvestment of the Reserve Fund as well as from the amounts deposited in the Cash Flow Account.
3. Revenue obtained from the Mortgage Loans as principal, calculated on each Determination Date as follows: the revenue obtained from the previous Determination Date, exclusive, to the current Determination Date, exclusive, except for the first Determination Date which will be the revenue obtained

between the Date of Incorporation, inclusive, and the Determination Date, inclusive.

4. Any income obtained from fees due for the early cancellation or partial prepayment of the Mortgage Loans payable in case of advance payments of any Mortgage Loans, as well as any compensation fees for fixed interest rates.
5. The amount corresponding to the Reserve Fund.
6. Any other amounts that the Fund may receive, including the revenue from the enforcement of the security for the Receivables.

The Available Funds will be applied in order to address the payments described in the Priority of Payments described below in section b).

b) Application

On each Payment Date, the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, will apply the Available Funds amount (regardless of when it accrues, and except point 1 and 2 below that will be applied at any time when due and payable) to the following payments and retentions, in accordance with the Priority of Payments described below.

1. Payment to the Management Company of the Ordinary Expenses and Extraordinary Expenses of the Fund and the administration fee if there is a replacement of UCI as Servicer.
2. Payment of interest due and payable on the Class A Notes.
3. Retention of a sufficient amount to duly maintain the Reserve Fund at its required level, in accordance with the stipulations in section 3.4.2.2 of this Additional Building Block.
4. Repayment of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class A Notes by the Class A Target Amortisation Amount unless occurrence of a Class A Turbo Amortisation Event. Upon the occurrence of a Class A Turbo Amortisation Event the repayment of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class A Notes will be the full Available Funds after payment of (1) to (3) above.
5. Payment of interest due and payable on the Class B Notes.
6. Repayment of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class B Notes once the Class A Notes have been redeemed in full as described in Section 4.9.3 b) of the Securities Note (“*Redemption Rules for the Class B Notes*”).
7. Payment of interest due and payable on the Subordinated Loan Agreement.
8. Payment of principal due on the Subordinated Loan Agreement.
9. Payment to UCI, on each Payment Date, of the fee for the administration of the Mortgage Loans, equal to **SIX THOUSAND EUROS (€6,000)** quarterly, V.A.T. included, up to and including the Legal Maturity Date on which total repayment of the issue takes place (or up to the Payment Date on which the Early Redemption of the issue takes place).
10. A quarterly payment of a variable amount to UCI as remuneration or compensation for the financial intermediation performed, which will be equal to the difference between the income and expenses booked for the Fund on the corresponding Payment Date.

The Ordinary Expenses in first place in the above order of priority are broken down, solely for purposes of information, into the following:

- Expenses incurred in verifying registrations and compulsory official authorisations.
- Expenses incurred in keeping the book-entry registry of the Notes and placing them on organised secondary markets;
- Expenses incurred in administering the Fund (management fees);
- Expenses incurred in repaying the Notes (paying agent fees);
- Expenses deriving from the annual audits of the financial statements of the Fund;
- Notary expenses;
- Expenses deriving from the maintenance of the ratings of the Notes;
- Expenses related to the notifications that must be made to the holders of outstanding Notes in accordance with the provisions of this Prospectus.
- In general, any other expenses incurred by the Management Company and deriving from their work of representation and management of the Fund.

The estimated Ordinary Expenses represent a 0.0025% of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes and it is expected that they will decrease over the life of the Fund.

The Ordinary Expenses may be advanced by the Management Company prior to a Payment Date.

The Extraordinary Expenses in first place in the above order of priority are broken down, solely for purposes of information, into the following:

- Expenses derived from preparation and execution of the amendment of the Deed of Incorporation and the agreements, and by the execution of additional agreements;
- The amount of the initial expenses of incorporation of the Fund and issuance of Notes exceeding the principal amount of Subordinated Loan;
- The extraordinary expenses of audits and legal advice;
- All expenses that may arise from the sale of credit rights and the remaining assets of the Fund for the liquidation thereof;
- All costs related to convening a Meeting of Creditors
- Those necessary to commence enforcement of the Mortgage Loans and those arising from the required actions for recovery; and
- Generally, all other extraordinary expenses borne by the Fund or by the Management Company in representation or on behalf thereof.

If an item remains unpaid on a Payment Date prior to the current Payment Date, the Priority of Payments will be followed strictly in this section, beginning with the oldest item.

c) Exceptional rules of priority of payments for the account of the Fund.

If UCI is replaced by another entity as Servicer of the Receivables, an administration fee will accrue for the third party (as new servicer), which will pass from the ninth (9th) position to the first (1st) position in the Priority of Payments included in section 3.4.6 b) above.

d) Liquidation Priority of Payments

The Management Company will liquidate the Fund when its liquidation takes place on the Legal Maturity Date or at any time at which the Early Liquidation takes place according to sections 4.4.3 and 4.4.4 of the Registration Document, by applying the following available funds (the “**Available Funds for Liquidation**”): (i) Available Funds, and (ii) amounts obtained by the Fund from time to time upon disposing of the MTCs and the remaining assets, in the following order of payment priority (the “**Liquidation Priority of Payments**”):

1. Payment to the Management Company of the Ordinary Expenses, Extraordinary Expenses and Liquidation Expenses of the Fund and the administration fee if there is a replacement of UCI as Servicer.
2. Payment of the interest of the Class A Notes.
3. Payment of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class A Notes.
4. Payment of the interest and Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class B Notes.
5. Payment of the interest and Outstanding Principal Balance of the Subordinated Loan Agreement.
6. Payment to UCI of the fees for the administration of the Mortgage Loans.
7. Payment to UCI of the remuneration or compensation for financial intermediation.

3.4.7 Details of other agreements conditioning the payment of interest and principal of Noteholders.

3.5 Name, address and significant business activities of the Assignor

The Assignor of the Receivables is UCI, with a registered office at c/ Retama 3, 28045, Madrid. As a financial credit entity (*establecimiento financiero de crédito*), its main activity consists of financing the purchase and renovation of homes, mainly through personal and Mortgage Loans, in accordance with the provisions of law.

The following table shows a comparison of the individual financial information of UCI at June 2016 and 2017; and December 2016, as well as the variations between June 2016 and June 2017.

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	30/06/2016	Δ
UCI EFC Balance Sheet (k€)				
Total Assets Balance	12,107,224	12,141,628	12,204,857	-1%
Total net loans and advances to customers and others	11,041,146	11,084,741	11,133,560	-1%
+90 days Non Performing Loans	1,083,342	1,083,202	1,134,074	-4%
Computable Equity UCI EFC (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	507,838	518,529	481,843	5%
CET 1 / Tier 1	383,712	383,649	371,863	3%
Tier 2	124,126	134,879	109,979	13%
Income Statement UCI EFC (k€)				
Net Interest Income	89,106	150,140	78,100	14%
Gross Income	102,314	214,029	110,903	-8%
Net Operating Income	21,214	51,820	33,498	-37%
Operating Profit before Tax	5,382	13,287	13,526	-60%
Net Income	5,433	11,741	6,116	-11%
Key Ratios UCI EFC (%)				
% Non Performing Loans on Total Loans (*)	9.9%	9.9%	10.2%	-3%
Coverage Rate (**)	25.8%	26.1%	26.5%	-2%
Cost-Income Ratio (***)	23.1%	21.5%	20.7%	11%
Solvency Ratio	9.7%	9.9%	8.9%	9%
CET 1 / Tier 1	7.3%	7.3%	6.9%	6%
Tier 2	2.4%	2.6%	2.0%	17%
Additional information				
Number of staff Spain	569	568	569	0%
Number of staff rest Europe	118	120	122	-3%
Number of branches Spain	23	23	23	0%
Number of branches rest Europe	9	9	9	0%
Number of loans managed	121,200	121,600	122,700	-1%
(*) Calculated on the outstanding loans with arrears > 90 days on total gross loans, included on UCI EFC Balance Sheet and on the Consolidated UCI Balance Sheet				
(**) The coverage rate compares the specific provisions to the outstanding loans with arrears > 90 days, included on UCI EFC Balance Sheet and on the Consolidated UCI Balance Sheet				
(***) Excluding the positive impact of the restructuring of the UCI EFC liabilities in 2015-2016				

The individual annual financial statements of the Assignor for 2015 and 2016 have been audited and deposited with the CNMV.

They have been prepared in accordance with Bank of Spain Circular 4/2004. Bank of Spain has not yet declared the applicability of the International Financial Reporting Standards to the financial establishments, such as UCI.

3.6 Return on and/or repayment of the security is linked to others which are not Receivables of the Issuer.

Not applicable.

3.7 Servicer of the Mortgage Loans and responsibilities of the Management Company as Servicer.

3.7.1 Servicer of the Mortgage Loans

UCI, the Assignor of the Receivables pursuant to the provisions of Law 2/1981 and Article 26.3 of Royal Decree 716/2009, is required to provide custody and administration of the Mortgage Loans, and the relationship between UCI and the Fund is governed by the provisions of the Deed of Incorporation.

If UCI ceases to be the Servicer of the Mortgage Loans, insofar as this is legally possible, the Management Company, according to Article 26.1.b) of Law 5/2015 shall be responsible for the servicing and management of the Mortgage Loans as “**Master Servicer**”.

Notwithstanding, it shall be entitled to subdelegate to third parties in accordance with article 30.4 of Law 5/2015. This is without prejudice to the responsibility of the Management Company for the servicing and management of the Mortgage Loans in accordance with article 26.1 b) of Law 5/2015.

In addition, the Management Company has appointed Banco Santander, S.A., as Back-Up Servicer Facilitator to perform the duties of searching for a new servicer in case UCI is replaced as Servicer and without prejudice to the responsibility of the Management Company as Master Servicer.

UCI will accept the mandate received from the Management Company to act as servicer of the Mortgage Loans (the “**Servicer**”) and, by virtue of such mandate, undertakes as follows:

- (i) To carry out the administration and management of the Receivables acquired by the Fund as established by the ordinary rules and procedures of administration and management set out in the Deed of Incorporation;
- (ii) To continue to administer the Mortgage Loans, dedicating the same time and attention and the same level of expertise, care and diligence in its administration as it would dedicate and exercise in the administration of its own loans. In any case, it will exercise an appropriate level of expertise, care and diligence as regards the provision of the services stipulated in this Additional Building Block and in the Deed of Incorporation;
- (iii) That the procedures it applies and will apply for the administration and management of the Mortgage Loans are and will continue to be in accordance with applicable laws and legal provisions;
- (iv) To faithfully comply with the instructions given by the Management Company;
- (v) To compensate the Fund for the damages that may derive from failure to comply with the obligations acquired.

A brief description of the ordinary rules and procedures of administration and custody of the Mortgage Loans governed by the Deed of Incorporation of the Fund is set forth in the following sections.

(1) Term

The services will be provided by UCI until all obligations assumed by UCI in relation to such Mortgage Loans are extinguished upon full repayment of the Mortgage Loans, without prejudice to the possible early revocation of its mandate if legally possible.

In the case of a breach by the Servicer of the obligations established in this Additional Building Block due to a drop in its credit rating that entails a prejudice or risk to the financial structure of the Fund or to the rights and interests of the Noteholders, as well as due to insolvency of the Servicer, or if the Management Company considers it to be reasonably justified, the Management Company, if legally possible, with prior notice to the Rating Agencies and the CNMV, may subcontract or delegate the servicing of the Mortgage Loans or have the performance of such obligations guaranteed by another entity, that, in the opinion of the Management Company, has the suitable legal and technical capacity, provided that the rating of the Notes is not adversely affected.

In the case of insolvency of the Servicer, subdelegation shall be the only possible action.

For purposes of replacing the Servicer, if this is legally possible, according to Article 26.1.b) of Law 5/2015, the Management Company will become the Master Servicer thereof. Notwithstanding, as stated above, it will be entitled to delegate to a third party to exercise the administration and custody of the Mortgage Loans, on the same terms and conditions provided in this Prospectus.

Banco Santander, S.A., in its capacity as Back-Up Servicer Facilitator pursuant to the Guideline of the European Central Bank ECB/2013/4, of 20 March 2013 (as amended and consolidated), will agree in a public instrument, if so required, to perform the duties of searching for an entity so that within sixty (60) days the Master Servicer can subdelegate the servicing of the Mortgage Loans to replace UCI as the Servicer, all in compliance with the aforementioned Guideline ECB/2013/4, of 20 March 2013 (as amended and consolidated).

Without prejudice to the Back-Up Servicer Facilitator's obligations, the Management Company will take into account UCI's proposals in connection with the entity to whom the Master Servicer might subdelegate the servicing obligations.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, will have the final decision as regards of the new entity that would perform the aforementioned actions.

The Servicer may voluntarily resign from the administration and management of the Mortgage Loans if allowed by applicable law, provided that (i) the Master Servicer has designated a new servicer, (ii) the Servicer has compensated the Fund for the damages that the resignation and substitution may cause thereto, and (iii) there is no negative impact on the rating of the Notes.

(2) Liability of UCI as to custody and administration of the Mortgage Loans

UCI undertakes to act with due diligence as regards the custody and administration of the Mortgage Loans and will be responsible to the Fund, through its Management Company, for any damage that may derive from its negligence.

UCI will indemnify the Fund, through its Management Company, for any damage, loss or expense it may incur due to the failure to comply with its obligations concerning custody and/or administration of the Mortgage Loans.

(3) Liability of UCI in collection management

In the management of collections of the Mortgage Loans, UCI undertakes to act with due diligence and will be responsible to the Fund, through its Management Company, for any damages that arise from its negligence.

UCI does not assume liability in any form as regards directly or indirectly guaranteeing the success of the transaction, nor will it provide security or Notes or enter into agreements for the repurchase of the Mortgage Loans other than those that do not conform to the representations and warranties set forth in section 2.2.8 of this Additional Building Block on the Date of Incorporation or, if applicable, any repurchase after the exercise of the Optional Redemption contained in Section 4.9.4 of the Securities Note.

(4) Custody of agreements, deeds, documents and files.

The Servicer will keep all the agreements, copies of instruments, documents and computer files on the Mortgage Loans and casualty insurance policies in safe custody and will not abandon the possession, custody or control thereof without prior written consent of the Management Company for such purpose, unless the

document is requested in order to commence proceedings for the enforcement of a Mortgage Loan.

The Servicer will at all times reasonably provide the Management Company or the duly authorised auditor of the Fund with access to such agreements, instruments, documents and records. If the Management Company so requests, the Servicer will also provide a free-of-charge copy or photocopy of any of such agreements, instruments and documents within five (5) Business Days following such request. The Servicer must act in the same way in the case of requests for information from the auditor of the Fund.

In any case, the Servicer waives the privileges which the law confers thereon in its condition as manager of collections for the Fund and of the custody of the Mortgage Loan agreements, and particularly those established in Articles 1,730 and 1,780 of the Civil Code (regarding the retention of pledged items) and 276 of the Commercial Code (a security of similar nature to the retention of pledged items).

(5) Collection management

UCI, as the manager of collections, will receive on behalf of the Fund any amounts paid by the Obligors arising from the Mortgage Loan, including principal, early cancellation or partial prepayment fees, fees for fixed interest rates and any other amount (but excluding fees other than those mentioned above) and from the insurance agreements assigned to the Fund (either as indemnification or advance payment), and will deposit the amounts belonging to the Fund in the Cash Flow Account before midnight (12:00 p.m.) on the day following receipt. Therefore, the Fund will receive daily income in the Cash Flow Account due to the amounts received for the Receivables.

During the same period of time, UCI will also deposit into the Cash Flow Account any amounts belonging to the Fund that it receives from the Obligors for prepayment of the Mortgage Loans.

(6) Setting of interest rate.

For Mortgage Loans subject to a variable interest rate, the Servicer will continue to set such interest rates in accordance with the provisions of the corresponding Mortgage Loans, and will prepare the communications and notices provided for such purpose in the respective agreements.

(7) Advance of funds

In no event will UCI advance any amount that has not been previously received from the Obligors as principal or an outstanding instalment, interest or financial charge, prepayment or other item arising from the Mortgage Loan.

(8) Insurance policies

In the Deed of Incorporation, UCI will assign to the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, the rights belonging thereto (either as compensation or advance payment) as beneficiary of any casualty insurance policies, if any.

(9) Reporting

The Servicer must periodically inform the Management Company and the Rating Agencies of the Obligors' level of compliance with their obligations deriving from the Mortgage Loans, of the compliance by the Servicer with its obligation to deposit the amounts received from the Mortgage Loans, of the actions taken in the event of

delay and the auction of property, and of the existence of hidden defects in the Mortgage Loans.

The Servicer must prepare and deliver to the Management Company the additional information that the Management Company may reasonably request regarding the Mortgage Loans or the rights deriving therefrom.

(10) Subrogation of the Obligor to the Mortgage Loans

The Servicer will be authorised to permit subrogations to the position of the Obligor in the Mortgage Loan agreements only in those cases in which the new Obligor has similar features in respect of risk profile and others to those of the previous Obligor and such features conform to the Loan assignment standards described in section 2.2.7 of this Additional Building Block, and provided that the expenses deriving from such subrogation are paid in full by the Obligor.

The Management Company may totally or partially limit this authority of the Servicer, or subject the power to conditions, if such subrogations may negatively affect the ratings of the Notes given by the Rating Agencies.

The Management Company must in any case be immediately notified of any subrogation by the Servicer in accordance with the preceding paragraph. The subrogation of the Mortgage Loan must not adversely or otherwise affect the Mortgage Loan portfolio.

In addition, the Obligor may request subrogation of the Mortgage Loans to the Servicer pursuant to Law 2/1994 on the subrogation and amendment of mortgage loans.

The subrogation of a new creditor in the Mortgage Loan and the resulting payment of the amount owed will give rise to a mandatory prepayment of the Mortgage Loan and of the corresponding MTC.

(11) Powers and actions relating to procedures for renegotiation of the Mortgage Loans.

The Management Company generally authorises the Servicer to enter into renegotiations with respect to the Mortgage Loans, without its prior consent, under the terms and conditions described below.

The Servicer may not release security for any reason other than the payment of the Mortgage Loans, waive or compromise on such security, forgive the Mortgage Loans in whole or in part, or generally perform any act that reduces the rank, legal effectiveness or economic value of the Mortgage Loans.

Under no circumstances may UCI enter into renegotiations on the interest rate that could result in a reduction in the interest rate applicable to an asset on its own initiative and without a request to this end from an Obligor.

The Management Company authorises UCI to renegotiate the interest rate on loans when requested to do so by an Obligor. The renegotiation of the applicable interest rate cannot result in the interest rate being adjusted to a level or index other than the interest rates or indices used in loans provided by UCI. Any such renegotiation will need to comply with the following requirements:

- a) In renegotiating the interest rate clause of the loans, UCI must ensure that the new terms are at the market interest rate and are no different than those applied by the Servicer in renegotiating its loans. For purposes of this

procedure, a market interest rate is the interest rate offered by lenders in the Spanish loan market.

- b) Interest rates may be renegotiated to change a given variable interest rate to another fixed rate of interest. However, renegotiations from variable to fixed interest rate cannot amount to more than 5% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables as of the Date of Incorporation.

The powers of renegotiation given to UCI in this section are subject to the following limitations:

- a. No increase in the amount of credit will be allowed.
- b. No modification in the frequency of repayments throughout the remaining term of the Mortgage Loans will be allowed.
- c. A reduction in the instalments agreed to through the Recovery Division or the commercial division will be allowed, with a limit of 20% of the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables as of the Date of Incorporation.
- d. The margin on the reference index may not be renegotiated below 0.38% if the reference rate used is Euribor, or below a negative zero point twenty-five percent (-0.25%) if the reference rate used is the Mortgage Loan Benchmark Index (*Índice de Referencia de Préstamos Hipotecarios*).
- e. The maturity date on a Mortgage Loan may be extended, provided that the new maturity date of such loan does not occur after the Final Maturity Date of the Notes.

In any event, after any renegotiation in accordance with the provisions of this section, UCI will immediately inform the Management Company of the terms and conditions resulting from such renegotiation.

Under exceptional circumstances, the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, may suspend or amend the authorisation and requirements for renegotiation by the Servicer set forth in this section.

If the Servicer fails to comply with the provisions of this section in relation to the renegotiation of any of the Mortgage Loans, the replacement procedure described in section 2.2.9 of this Additional Building Block shall apply with respect to the Mortgage Loan in question (without prejudice to the liability of the Servicer for such circumstance). This does not mean that the Servicer guarantees the successful conclusion of the transaction, but rather the remedy of the effects of the breach of its obligations, in accordance with Article 1,124 of the Civil Code. The Management Company will immediately inform the CNMV of the repayment of the Receivables resulting from the Servicer's breach. The costs incurred to cure the Servicer's breach must be paid by the Servicer and cannot be passed on to the Fund.

(12) Fee for provision of services

A fixed quarterly fee of **SIX THOUSAND EUROS (€6,000)**, including V.A.T., will accrue to UCI on each Payment Date for servicing the Mortgage Loans. As stated on section 3.4.6 c) of this Additional Building Block, if UCI is replaced in its work of servicing the Receivables under the Mortgage Loans, the Master Servicer or the entity in which the later might subdelegate the servicing duties will have the right to receive an administration fee that will occupy the first (1st) place in the Priority of Payments or in Priority of Payments upon Liquidation the set forth in section 3.4.6 b) and 3.4.6 d) of this Additional Building Block, as applicable.

If the Fund, through its Management Company, fails to pay the entire fee on a Payment Date due to a lack of sufficient liquidity in the Cash Flow Account, in accordance with the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 b), the unpaid amounts will accrue without penalty to the fee that must be paid on the following Payment Date, and will be paid at that time.

In addition, on each Payment Date, UCI will have the right to the repayment of all expenses of an exceptional nature that it may have incurred in relation to the Mortgage Loans, after reporting such expenses to the Management Company. These expenses, which will include, among others, those arising from the enforcement of the security and any sale of properties, will be paid if the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Cash Flow Account and in accordance with the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 b) of this Additional Building Block.

(13) Other expenses and compensation.

On an annual basis, as remuneration or compensation for the financial intermediation process, UCI will also have the right to receive a subordinated and variable amount equal to the difference between the booked revenue and the expenses for the Fund in a fiscal year, such that the financial margin is extracted. The payments for this item may be made quarterly on each Payment Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments set forth in section 3.4.6 b) of the Additional Building Block, and will be considered payments on account.

(14) Set-off

If any of the Obligors on the Mortgage Loans has a liquid, due and payable credit right against the Servicer, with the result that one or more of the Mortgage Loans are set off against such right, the Servicer will remedy this circumstance such that the set-off does not apply, or if it is not possible to remedy it, the Servicer will deposit in the appropriate account with the Fund the amount which was set off plus the interest due from the date of set off until the date on which the deposit is made, calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions applicable to the corresponding Mortgage Loan.

(15) Subcontracting

The Servicer may subcontract any of the services which it has undertaken to provide by virtue of the above provisions and those of the Deed of Incorporation, except for those services that cannot be delegated pursuant to applicable law. In no case will such subcontracting entail any additional cost or expense for the Fund or the Management Company, and it must not give rise to a downward revision of the rating of the Notes by the Rating Agencies. Notwithstanding any subcontracting or delegation, the Servicer will not be discharged or released through such subcontracting or delegation from any of the liabilities that it has assumed and that are legally attributable to or enforceable against the Servicer.

(16) Notices

Notice is not a requirement for the validity of the issuance of the MTCs or for the validity of the assignment of the MTCs to the Fund.

However, the Assignor will grant to the Management Company the broadest powers as are necessary under law so that it may, on behalf of the Fund, notify the Obligors of the issuance or the assignment of the MTCs at the time it deems appropriate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of insolvency or indications thereof, liquidation or the replacement of the Servicer, or because the Management Company considers it to be reasonably justified, the Management Company may request the Servicer to notify the Obligors of the transfer of the outstanding Mortgage Loans to the Fund, as well as of the fact that the payments deriving therefrom these will only act as a release if they are made into the Cash Flow Account opened in the name of the Fund. However, both in the case that the Servicer has not notified the Obligors within five (5) Business Days following receipt of the request, and in the case of insolvency of the Servicer, the Management Company itself, either directly or through a new servicer designated thereby, will notify the Obligors and any respective guarantors thereof.

The Assignor will assume the expenses involved in notifying the Obligors even if notification is provided by the Management Company.

3.7.2 Management Company.

The administration and legal representation of the Fund is vested in the Management Company, whose name, address and significant business activities are described in section 6 of the Registration Document upon the terms established by Law 5/2015 and other applicable regulations, without prejudice to the provisions of the Deed of Incorporation.

The Management Company is also responsible for representing and defending the interests of the Noteholders and of the Other Creditors of the Fund. Accordingly, the Management Company shall at all times take into account the interests of the Noteholders, acting in the defence thereof and adhering to applicable law and regulations for such purpose.

By way of example and without prejudice to other actions provided for in this Additional Building Block, the actions to be performed by the Management Company in furtherance of its duties of administration and legal representation of the Fund are as follows:

- (i) open the Cash Flow Account, initially with Santander, in the name of the Fund and ensure that the proceeds from collections are deposited into the Cash Flow Account, in accordance with the terms set forth in this Prospectus;
- (ii) open the Payment Agency Account, initially with BP2S, in the name of the Fund and ensure that the sufficient amounts are transferred from the Cash Flow Account to the Payment Agency Account in order to make the corresponding payments on each Payment Date;
- (iii) exercise the rights attaching to ownership of the Receivables of the Fund, and generally carry out any such acts of administration and disposal as are necessary for the proper performance of the administration and legal representation of the Fund;
- (iv) carry out the financial servicing of the Receivables with diligence and rigor, without prejudice to the management duties assumed by the Assignor in its capacity as Servicer in accordance with the provisions of section 3.7.1 above;
- (v) verify that the amount of income actually received by the Fund corresponds to the amounts to be received by the Fund in accordance with the terms and conditions of each Receivable and the terms and conditions of the various contracts;
- (vi) validate and control the information it receives from the Servicer regarding the Mortgage Loans as regards collections of ordinary payments, prepayments of principal, payments of unpaid instalments, and status and control of non-payments;
- (vii) calculate the Available Funds and the movements of funds it will have to make once they have been applied in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments, ordering

transfers of funds between the various asset and liability accounts and making the applicable payment instructions, including those allocated to pay the financial servicing on the Notes;

- (viii) calculate and settle the amounts for interest and fees that must be received and paid by the various asset and liability financial accounts, as well as the fees to be paid for the various agreed financial services and the amounts pertaining to the Notes for the repayment of principal and for interest;
- (ix) perform its calculation obligations as contemplated in this Additional Building Block and in the Subordinated Loan Agreement and in the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement, which are described in sections 3.4.3 and 3.4.4 of this Additional Building Block;
- (x) monitor the actions of the Servicer for recovery of non-payments, giving instructions, when applicable, in order to commence a foreclosure proceeding and, if applicable, with regard to the position to be adopted in property auctions. Bring the relevant actions when such circumstances occur;
- (xi) handle the accounting of the Fund with due separation thereof from that of the Management Company, and render accounts and comply with the tax or other legal obligations applicable to the Fund;
- (xii) furnish the holders of Notes issued against the Fund, the CNMV and the Rating Agencies with such information and notices as are established by applicable legal provisions, and especially those contemplated in this Prospectus;
- (xiii) enter into, extend or amend agreements it has executed on behalf of the Fund, replace each of the providers of services to the Fund by virtue of such agreements, and also, if necessary, enter into additional agreements, all of the foregoing subject to applicable law, after obtaining the prior authorisation, if required, from the CNMV or competent governmental body, and after notifying the Rating Agencies, and provided that such actions do not lead to a decrease in the rating of the Notes and do not impair the interests of the Noteholders, so as to ensure that the Fund operates in accordance with the terms set forth herein by the law in effect from time to time;
- (xiv) appoint and replace, as applicable, the financial auditor charged with auditing the annual financial statements of the Fund;
- (xv) prepare and submit to the CNMV and other competent bodies all documents and information that must be submitted pursuant to applicable legal provisions and the terms of this Prospectus, or when so requested by the CNMV and other competent bodies, and prepare and submit to the Rating Agencies any information they may reasonably request;
- (xvi) make appropriate decisions in relation to the liquidation of the Fund, including the decision for early termination of the Notes issued and liquidation of the Fund, in accordance with the provisions of this Prospectus;
- (xvii) not take actions that could decrease the rating of the Notes, and procure the adoption of those measures which are reasonably within its reach in order for the rating on the Notes not to be adversely affected at any time;
- (xviii) manage the Fund in such a manner that the shareholders' equity therein is always zero; and,
- (xix) pay the Ordinary Expenses and the Extraordinary Expenses incurred by the Management Company on behalf of the Fund.

The Management Company must perform its activities with the diligence required thereof in accordance with Law 5/2015, representing the Fund and defending the interests of the Noteholders and of the Other Creditors of the Fund as if handling its own interests, caring for the levels of diligence, reporting and defence of the interests of the former and avoiding situations involving conflicts of interest, and giving priority to the interests of the Noteholders and to those of the Other Creditors of the Fund over its own. The Management Company will be liable to the Noteholders and Other Creditors of the Fund for all damages caused thereto by a breach of its obligations. It will be liable for the penalties applicable thereto pursuant to the provisions of Law 5/2015.

The Management Company has the necessary resources, including suitable technology information systems, to discharge its duties of administering the Fund as attributed thereto by Law 5/2015.

In accordance with Article 29.1.j) of the Law 5/2015, the Management Company has adhered to the Santander Group's General Code of Conduct, which it can be viewed on its website

(http://www.santander.com/csgs/Satellite/CFWCSancomQP01/es_ES/Corporativo/Accionistas-e-Inversores/Gobierno-corporativo/Codigos-de-conducta.html).

For the purposes of Article 5 of the Restated Text of the Spanish Securities Market Act approved by Royal Decree-Law 4/2015, SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., S.A. is part of the Santander Group.

Replacement of the Management Company

The Management Company will be replaced in the administration and representation of the Fund in accordance with the provisions established by applicable law. Thus, in accordance with the provisions of Articles 27, 32 and 33 of Law 5/2015, the Management Company will be replaced using the following procedure:

- (i) In accordance with Article 32 of Law 5/2015, the Management Company may resign from its duties of management and representation of all or part of the funds managed whenever it deems appropriate, applying to be substituted which shall be authorised by the CNMV in accordance with the procedure and on the terms which may be established by way of subsequent implementing regulations. The Management Company may in no event resign its duties until and unless all requirements and formalities have been complied with in order for the entity replacing it to take over its duties. The substitution expenses originated shall be borne by the resigning management company and may in no event be passed on to the Fund.

All expenses arising from such replacement must be paid by the Management Company itself, and may not in any event be attributed to the Fund.

- (ii) The Management Company will be replaced if it is subject to any of the grounds for dissolution under Articles 360 *et seq.* of the Capital Companies Act (***Ley de Sociedades de Capital***). The Management Company must notify the CNMV of the occurrence of any of such grounds. In such case, the Management Company must comply with the provisions of paragraph (i) above prior to its dissolution.
- (iii) If the Management Company is declared insolvent in accordance with Article 33 of Law 5/2015 or its authorisation revoked, a management company must be appointed to replace it. The replacement must become effective within four (4) months of the date of occurrence of the event causing the replacement. If the Management Company has not appointed a new management company within four (4) months of

the event causing the replacement, there will be an Early Liquidation of the Fund and redemption of the Notes, requiring the actions contemplated in section 4.4.5 of the Registration Document.

- (iv) The replacement of the Management Company and appointment of the new company, approved by the CNMV in accordance with the provisions of the above paragraphs, shall be reported to the Rating Agencies and shall be published within a period of fifteen (15) days by means of an announcement in two nationally-circulated newspapers and in the bulletin of the AIAF.

The Management Company undertakes to execute any public or private documents needed to proceed with the replacement thereof by another management company in accordance with the procedure explained in the preceding paragraphs of this section. The replacement management company shall subrogate to the rights and obligations of the Management Company as established in this Additional Building Block. Furthermore, the Management Company must deliver to the new management company any documents and accounting and database records relating to the Fund that are in its possession.

Subcontracting of the Management Company

Pursuant to the provisions of the Prospectus, the Management Company will be entitled to subcontract or delegate the provision of any of the services to be performed in its duties of administration and legal representation of the Fund to reputable third parties, provided that the subcontractor or delegate waives any actions against the Fund for liability.

In any case, the subcontracting or delegation of any service (i) cannot involve any additional cost or expense for the Fund, (ii) must be lawful, (iii) must not cause a decrease in the rating of the Notes by the Rating Agencies, and (iv) shall be communicated to the CNMV, and if legally required shall have the prior approval thereof. Such subcontracting or delegation will not be a waiver of or release the Management Company from any of the liabilities assumed by virtue of this Prospectus that are legally attributable thereto or that may be enforced against it.

The responsibility of the Management Company will not be affected for delegating its duties.

Compensation of the Management Company for the performance of its duties

The Deed of Incorporation shall provide that the Management Company has the right to, on each Payment Date of the Notes, provided the Fund has Available Funds in the Cash Flow Account in accordance with the Priority of Payments contemplated under section 3.4.6 b) of the Additional Building Block, to a periodic administration fee equal to 0.020% per annum, with a minimum of TEN THOUSAND EUROS (€10,000) per quarter, including any indirect taxes, to accrue on the actual days of each Interest Accrual Period, payable quarterly on each Payment Date, and calculated on the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes, on the Determination Period corresponding to such Payment Date. The fee accruing from the Date of Incorporation of the Fund to the First Payment Date of the Notes shall be adjusted in proportion to the days elapsing between both dates, calculated on the nominal value of the Notes issued.

The periodic management fee payable on a given Payment Date will be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$A = B \times 0.020 \times \frac{d}{365 \times 100}$$

where:

A = Fee payable on a given Payment Date.

B = Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes on the Determination Date corresponding to such Payment Date.

d = Number of calendar days in the Interest Accrual Period in question.

3.8 Name and address and brief description of any swap counterparties and any providers of other material forms of credit/liquidity enhancement or accounts.

Section 5.2 of the Registration Document contains a brief description of the counterparties to the contracts described below.

a) Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement.

Santander is the Fund's counterparty to the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement.

A description of the agreement is included in section 3.4.4 of this Additional Building Block.

b) Subordinated Loan Agreement

UCI is the Fund's counterparty to the Subordinated Loan Agreement. A description of the Subordinated Loan Agreement is included in section 3.4.3 of this Additional Building Block.

4. POST-ISSUANCE REPORTING

a) Obligations and deadlines envisaged for the preparation, auditing and approval of the annual and quarterly financial statements and management report.

The Management Company will present the Fund's annual financial statements mentioned in sub-section 1 of Article 35 of Law 5/2015, together with the auditors' report in respect thereof, to the CNMV within four (4) months following the close of the Fund's financial year, which will coincide with the calendar year (i.e. prior to 30 April of each year).

Additionally, according to sub-section 3 of Article 35 of Law 5/2015, the Management Company must present the Fund's quarterly financial statements to the CNMV within two (2) months of the end of each calendar quarter.

b) Obligations and deadlines contemplated for availability to the public and delivery to the CNMV and the Rating Agency of periodic information on the economic/financial status of the Fund.

The Management Company, in its management and administration of the Fund, undertakes to supply the information described below and any other additional information as may be reasonably requested thereof with the utmost diligence possible and within the deadlines provided.

b.1. Regular periodic notices.

Furthermore, prior to the Date of Incorporation, the Issuer will make available to the investors such information as is required, including loan-level data and, either directly or indirectly, a cash flow model setting out the transaction cash flows assuming zero losses. The Issuer must make available updates to such information on a periodic basis from the Date of Incorporation to the Final Maturity Date of the Notes.

For so long as the Class A Notes remain outstanding, during the period between the Rate Setting Date and the Payment Date (unless such dates fall on a bank holiday in Madrid, in which case they will change to the following Business Days) and at least two (2) calendar days in advance of each Payment Date, the Management Company undertakes to provide the notices described below to the CNMV, AIAF and Iberclear:

- i. The resulting interest on the Notes for the current Interest Accrual Period;
- ii. The repayment of the principal of the Notes for the current Interest Accrual Period;
- iii. The actual average prepayment rates of the Receivables, as of the Determination Date corresponding to the Payment Date in question;
- iv. The average residual life of the Notes calculated pursuant to the assumptions regarding such actual average prepayment rate;
- v. The Outstanding Principal Balance of each Note (after the repayment to be made on the Payment Date in question), and the percentage that such Outstanding Principal Balance represents of the total initial face value of each Note;
- vi. The amounts outstanding for matured principal/interest payments on the Notes;
- vii. The nominal interest rates resulting for the Notes for the following Interest Accrual Period;
- viii. A cash flow model setting out the transaction cash flows assuming zero losses.

In addition, the Management Company will submit quarterly to the CNMV the interim financial information of the Fund, in the terms and formats prescribed by Circular 2/2016 of the CNMV.

In accordance with article 34 of Law 5/2015, the Management Company must publish the following information on its website (www.santanderdetitulizacion.es):

- i. its deeds of incorporation, and any public deeds granted subsequently;
- ii. the Issue Prospectus and any supplements thereto; and
- iii. the Annual Financial Statements and quarterly reports.

The notices will be provided according to the provisions of section b.3. below.

In the first investor report, the Issuer will also disclose the amount of Notes:

- (a) privately placed with investors that are not the Assignor or part of the Assignor's group;
- (b) retained by the Assignor or by a member of the Assignor's group; and
- (c) publicly placed with investors that are not part of the Assignor's group.

As regards any amount initially retained by a member of the Assignor's group but subsequently placed with investors that are not part of the Assignor's group, the Issuer may also disclose (to the extent possible) such placement in the next investor report.

Each investor report will contain a glossary of the defined terms used in such report.

From the Date of Incorporation until each Note has been redeemed in full, copies of each investor report will be made available for inspection in physical form during customary business hours on any Business Day at the registered office of the Issuer.

b.2. Special notices.

Pursuant to Article 36 of Law 5/2015, the Management Company must give immediate notice to the CNMV and to its creditors of any material event specifically relevant to the situation or development of the Fund. Material facts specifically relevant to the Fund will be those that could have a significant impact on the Notes issued or on the Receivables.

In particular, material facts will include any relevant modification to the assets or liabilities of the Fund, any amendment to the Deed of Incorporation, and, if applicable, the resolution on the setting-up of the Fund or any eventual decision regarding the Early Liquidation of the Fund and Early Liquidation of the Notes for any of the causes established in this Prospectus. In the case of the latter, the Management will also submit to the CNMV the certificate executed before a public notary evidencing the winding-up of the Fund and subsequent liquidation procedure described in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.

Notice of any change to the Deed of Incorporation must be provided by the Management Company to the Rating Agencies and will be published by the Management Company in the regular public information on the Fund, and must also be published on the website of the Management Company. When required, a Prospectus supplement must be prepared and released as relevant information in accordance with the terms of Article 228 of the Restated Text of the Securities Market Act, approved by Royal Decree-Law 4/2015.

Prior to the Disbursement Date, and only if not included in the Deed of Incorporation, the Management Company will also inform the CNMV of the applicable interest rate for the First Interest Accrual Period as well as Class A margin.

This section also includes, among other things, changes in the ratings of the Notes and the steps to be taken if triggers are activated due to a downgrade in the rating of the counterparty to the financial agreements or due to any other cause.

b.3. Procedure.

Notices to Noteholders which, pursuant to the above, must be provided by the Fund, through its Management Company, will be provided as follows:

1. The regular periodic notices referred to in section b.1. *supra*, by publication in the AIAF daily bulletin, or any other that may hereafter replace it or another of similar characteristics, or by publication as a material event with the CNMV, or by publication in a newspaper with a broad circulation in Spain. The requirements set forth in article 34 of Law 5/2015 will be complied with via the website of the Management Company (www.santanderdetitulizacion.es).
2. The special notices described under section b.2) *supra*, except, if applicable, the notice relating to the interest rate and Class A Margin for the First Interest Accrual Period, by publication with the CNMV as a material event.

The above notices may also be provided by publication in other mainstream media.

These notices will be deemed to be provided on the date of publication thereof, and are appropriate for any day of the calendar, whether or not a Business Day (for purposes of this Prospectus).

(c) Reporting to the CNMV.

Information regarding the Fund will be forwarded to the CNMV according to the formats contained in Circular 2/2016, of 20 April, regarding accounting rules, annual accounts, public and reserved financial statements of statistical information regarding securitisation funds, as well as any information in addition to the above that is required by the CNMV or pursuant to the applicable legal provisions at any time.

(d) Reporting to the Rating Agencies.

The Management Company will provide the Rating Agencies with periodic information on the status of the Fund and the performance of the Mortgage Loans so that they may monitor the ratings of the Notes and the special notices. It will also use its best efforts to provide such information when reasonably requested to do so and, in any case, when there is a significant change in the conditions of the Fund, in the agreements entered into by the Fund through its Management Company, or in the interested parties.

(e) Information to be furnished by UCI to the Management Company.

In addition, UCI undertakes to inform the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, on a quarterly basis and in any case at the request thereof, of any non-payments, prepayments or changes in interest rates, and give prompt notice to UCI of payment demands, judicial actions, and any other circumstances that affect the Mortgage Loans.

UCI will also provide the Management Company with all documentation the latter may request in relation to such Mortgage Loans, and particularly the documentation required by the Management Company to commence any judicial actions.

MR IGNACIO ORTEGA GAVARA, for and on behalf of SANTANDER DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.G.F.T., acting in his capacity as General Manager of the Management Company, hereby signs this Prospectus in Madrid on 7 November 2017.

DEFINITIONS

In order to properly interpret this Prospectus, capitalised terms will be understood in accordance with the definitions given for each one below, unless they are expressly given another meaning and also according to the definition which was attributed thereto as defined terms in this Prospectus. Terms that are not expressly defined will be understood in their natural and obvious meanings in accordance with general usage. Terms in singular include the plural and vice-versa to the extent that the text so requires.

“12-month EURIBOR” (*“EURIBOR a 12 meses”*) means, for a given day, the rate for deposits in euros for a period of 12 months which appears on the REUTERS Screen “EURIBOR1” Page.

“Additional Building Block” (*“Módulo Adicional a la Nota de Valores”*) means the Additional Building Block to the Securities Note regarding the issuance of Notes prepared in accordance with Annex VIII of Regulation (EC) No 809/2004, approved by the CNMV on 18 October 2016.

“AIFMR” means the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012, supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.

“AIAF” means AIAF Mercado de Renta Fija, S.A., the securities exchange for fixed-income securities located in Madrid on which the Notes are expected to be listed.

“Assignor” (*“Cedente”*) means UCI, Unión de Créditos Inmobiliarios, S.A., Establecimiento Financiero de Crédito.

“Available Funds” (*“Fondos Disponibles”*) means the amounts received by the Fund as principal of and interest on the Receivables, the returns on the Cash Flow Account, the Reserve Fund, and any amounts that the Fund may receive as established in section 3.4.6 a) of the Additional Building Block, which will be applied on each Payment Date to the payments established in the Priority of Payments included in section 3.4.6 b) of the Additional Building Block.

“Back-Up Servicer Facilitator” (*“Administrador de Respaldo”*) means Banco Santander, S.A., who has agreed, if so required, to perform the duties of searching for a new servicer.

“BP2S” means BNP Paribas Securities Services, Sucursal en España.

“BNP PARIBAS, London Branch” means BNP Paribas, London Branch.

“Business Day” (*“Día Hábil”*) means any day that is not one of the following:

- (i) Saturday;
- (ii) Sunday;
- (iii) A holiday according to the TARGET2 calendar (only for the purposes of determining the nominal interest rate applicable for each Interest Accrual Period). Apart from the days recognised in paragraphs (i) and (ii) above, it also includes 1 January, Good Friday, Easter Monday, 1 May, and 25 and 26 December; and
- (iv) Public holidays in Madrid (for the purposes of determining the nominal interest rate applicable for each Interest Accrual Period and for the other terms and conditions of the issue).

“Capital Companies Act” (*“Ley de Sociedades de Capital”*) means Royal Decree-Law 1/2010 of 2 July approving the Restated Text of the Capital Companies Act.

“Cash Flow Account” (*“Cuenta de Tesorería”*) means the account to be opened in the name of the Fund by the Management Company at Santander, the operation of which will be covered by the Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement.

“**Civil Code**” (“*Código Civil*”) means the Civil Code published by virtue of the Royal Decree of 24 July 1889 and the other preparatory provisions.

“**Civil Procedural Act**” or “**Law 1/2000**” (“*Ley de Enjuiciamiento Civil*” or “*Ley 1/2000*”) means Law 1/2000 of 7 January on Civil Procedure.

“**Class**” (“*Clase*”) means each class of Notes.

“**Class A Margin**” (“*Margen de la Clase A*”) (means a margin of +0.38% per annum to (and including) the Step-Up Date and margin of +0.76% per annum from (but excluding) the Step-Up Date to (and including) the Final Maturity Date of the Notes.

“**Class B Margin**” (“*Margen de la Clase B*”) means a margin of +0.60% per annum to (and including) the Step-Up Date and margin of +1.20% per annum from (but excluding) Step-Up Date to (and including) the Final Maturity Date of the Notes.

“**Class A Notes**” (“*Bonos de Clase A*”) means the securitisation notes issued against the Fund in the total nominal amount of THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY NINE MILLION EUROS (€339,000,000), made up of THREE THOUSAND, THREE HUNDRED AND NINETY (3,390) notes each with a nominal value of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000).

“**Class B Notes**” (“*Bonos de Clase B*”) means the securitisation notes issued against the Fund in the total nominal amount of SEVENTY-SIX MILLION EUROS (€76,000,000), made up of SEVEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY (760) notes each with a nominal value of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€100,000).

“**Class A Target Amortisation Amount**” (“*Importe Objetivo de Amortización de los Bonos de la Clase A*”) means an amount equal to the positive difference on that Payment Date between (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes and (ii) the aggregate of the Outstanding Balance of the Non-Defaulted Receivables on the last date of the Calculation Period immediately prior to the Payment Date.

“**Class A Turbo Amortisation Event**” (“*Evento de Amortización Acelerada de los Bonos de la Clase A*”) means:

- (a) the Determination Date preceding any Payment Date, including the Determination Date preceding the First Payment Date, in which the Cumulative Default Ratio is equal to or higher than the following percentages:
 1. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 1 year after the Date of Incorporation: 1%;
 2. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 2 years after the Date of Incorporation: 2%;
 3. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 3 years after the Date of Incorporation: 3%;
 4. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 4 years after the Date of Incorporation: 4%;
 5. Until Determination Date (inclusive) immediately preceding the Payment Date falling in 5 years after the Date of Incorporation: 5%;
- (b) Any Payment Date date after the Step-Up Date.

“Clean-up Call” (*“Opción de Compra por Clean-Up Call”*) means when the Management Company exercises its right to early liquidation of the Fund if at any time, the aggregate Outstanding Balance of the Receivables less non-principal collections applied to reduce principal balance, falls below 10% of the aggregate outstanding balance thereof on the Date of Incorporation, in accordance with section 4.4.3. of the Registration Document.

“CNMV” means the National Securities Market Commission (*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*).

“Commercial Code” (*“Código de Comercio”*) means the Commercial Code published by virtue of the Royal Decree of 22 August 1885.

“CPI” (*“IPC”*) means the Consumer Price Index for the last twelve (12) months published in the National Statistics Institute bulletin (*Boletín del Instituto Nacional de Estadística*), one (1) month before the revision of the interest rates of the Mortgage Loans.

“CPR” (*“Tasa Anual Constante de Prepago”*) means Constant Annual Pre-Payment Rate.

“CRR” (*“Reglamento CRR”*) means Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 26 June 2013, on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012.

“Cumulative Default Ratio” (*“Ratio de Fallidos Acumulado”*) means on any Determination Date, the cumulative balance of the Defaulted Receivables since the Date of Incorporation divided by the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables on the Date of Incorporation.

“Date of Incorporation” (*“Fecha de Constitución”*) means the day on which the Deed of Incorporation is authorised. The Date of Incorporation is scheduled for 13 November 2017.

“Deed of Incorporation” (*“Escritura de Constitución”*) means the Deed of Incorporation of the Fund for the Securitisation of Receivables, RMBS PRADO V, Assignment of Receivables and the Issue of Securitisation Notes.

“Defaulted Receivable” (*“Derecho de Crédito Fallido”*) means, at any time, any Receivable that (i) has instalments pending payment for twelve (12) or more months, or (ii) whose debt, in the opinion of UCI, has been deemed not recoverable by the Servicer.

“Delinquency Ratio” (*“Ratio de Morosidad”*) means the Outstanding Balance of the Delinquent Receivables divided by the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables.

“Delinquent Receivable” (*“Derecho de Crédito Moroso”*) means, at any time, any Receivable which is ninety (90) days or more in arrears and is not a Defaulted Receivable.

“Deloitte” means Deloitte, S.L.

“Determination Date” (*“Fecha de Determinación”*) means the date on which the Management Company will carry out the calculations required to determine the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes and the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables in the name of the Fund. The Determination Dates will be those which correspond to the fifth (5th) Business Day before each Payment Date.

“Determination Period” (*“Periodo de Determinación”*) means each of the periods included between two consecutive Determination Dates, including the initial Determination Date of the corresponding period in each Determination Period and excluding the Determination Date at the end of the corresponding period.

“Disbursement Date” (*“Fecha de Desembolso”*) means 16 November 2017.

“Early Liquidation” (*“Liquidación Anticipada”*) means the liquidation of the Fund and, thus, the prepayment of the issue of Notes on a date prior to the Legal Maturity Date, in accordance with the cases and procedure set out in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.

“Early Redemption” (*“Amortización Anticipada”*) means the redemption of the Notes on a date prior to the Final Maturity Date of the Notes in the event of Early Liquidation of the Fund in accordance with the requirements set forth in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document, including an Optional Redemption pursuant to section 4.9.4 of the Securities Note.

“EEA” means the European Economic Area, constituted under the Agreement on the European Economic Area, which includes the Member States of the European Union and the EFTA States (Iceland, Lichtenstein and Norway).

“Eligible Investment” (*“Inversión Elegible”*) means (i) any dematerialised euro-denominated senior (unsubordinated) debt securities, (ii) other debt instruments (including, for the avoidance of doubt, deposits), or (iii) commercial paper issued by, or fully and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsubordinated basis by, an institution whose unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations have at least the following ratings:

(a) with respect to Fitch:

(1) to the extent such Eligible Investment has a maturity not exceeding thirty (30) calendar days: a long-term rating of at least A- or a short-term rating of at least F1, or (2) to the extent such Eligible Investment has a maturity exceeding thirty (30) calendar days but not exceeding the immediately following Payment Date after the relevant investment is made: a long-term rating of at least AA- or F1+;

(b) with respect to Moody’s:

A long term rating of at least A2 (or, if such Eligible Investment has no long term rating, a short term rating of at least P-1);

Or in case of money markets funds rated, at all times, “AAAmf” by Fitch or “AAA-mf” by Moody’s or in the case it is not rated by Fitch or Moody’s, having an equivalent rating from at least two other global rating agency.

provided that, in all cases, such investments (1) are immediately repayable on demand, disposable without penalty and in any case have a maturity date falling on no later than one (1) Business Day before the immediately following Payment Date, and (2) provide a fixed principal amount at maturity (such amount not being lower than the initially invested amount) or in case of repayment or disposal, the principal amount upon repayment or disposal is at least equal to the principal amount invested; and further provided that in no case shall such investment be made, in whole or in part, actually or potentially, in (a) tranches of other asset-backed securities; or (b) credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivative instruments, or synthetic securities; or (c) any other instrument not allowed by the European Central Bank monetary policy regulations applicable from time to time for the purpose of qualifying the Class A Notes as eligible collateral; and further provided that in the event of downgrade below the rating allowed under this definition, the relevant securities shall be sold, if this can be achieved without a loss, or otherwise shall be allowed to mature.

“Equity Release Mortgage Loan” (*“Préstamo Hipotecario con Liberación de Capital”*) means a residential mortgage loan where borrowers have monetised their properties for either a lump sum of cash or regular periodic income.

“ESMA” means the European Securities and Markets Authority.

“**Eurosystem Eligible Collateral**” means a collateral that is eligible for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations.

“**Extraordinary Expenses**” (“*Gastos Extraordinarios*”) means, as applicable, all expenses derived from preparation and execution of the amendment of the Deed of Incorporation and the agreements, and by the execution of additional agreements; the amount of the initial expenses of incorporation of the Fund and issuance of Notes exceeding the principal amount of Subordinated Loan; the extraordinary expenses of audits and legal advice; all expenses that may arise from the sale of credit rights and the remaining assets of the Fund for the liquidation thereof; all costs related to convening a Meeting of Creditors; those necessary to commence enforcement of the Mortgage Loans and those arising from the required actions for recovery; and generally, all other extraordinary expenses borne by the Fund or by the Management Company in representation or on behalf thereof.

“**FFI**” means Foreign Financial Institution.

“**Final Maturity Date of the Mortgage Loans**” (“*Fecha de Vencimiento Final de los Préstamos Hipotecarios*”) means the last date of maturity of the Mortgage Loans included in the Mortgage Loan preliminary portfolio, i.e., 1 January 2052, or, if this is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day.

“**Final Maturity Date of the Notes**” (“*Fecha de Vencimiento Final de los Bonos*”) means the last Payment Date of the Notes, i.e., 15 March 2052, or, if this is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day.

“**First Interest Accrual Period**” (“*Primer Periodo de Devengo de Intereses*”) means the period from the Disbursement Date (inclusive) to the First Payment Date (exclusive).

“**First Interest Rate**” (“*Primer Tipo de Interés*”) means the applicable interest rate for the First Interest Accrual Period.

“**First Payment Date**” (“*Primera Fecha de Pago*”) means 15 March 2018 .

“**FITCH**”, means FITCH Ratings España, S.A.U.

“**Fixed Mortgage Loan**” (“*Préstamo Hipotecario a Tipo Fijo*”) means the Mortgage Loans with a fixed interest rate.

“**Fixed and Mixed Mortgage Loans**” (“*Préstamos Hipotecarios a Tipo Fijo y Mixto*”) means the Fixed Mortgage Loans and the Mixed Mortgage Loans in their initial fixed rate period only.

“**Fund**” or “**Issuer**” (“*Fondo*” o “*Emisor*”) means FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V.

“**Guaranteed Reinvestment Agreement**” (“*Contrato de Reinversión a Tipo Garantizado*”) means the guaranteed interest-rate reinvestment agreement of the Cash Flow Account to be signed by the Management Company, acting on behalf and in representation of the Fund, and Santander, by virtue of which Santander will guarantee on the amounts deposited into the Cash Flow Account, a return equal to the reference interest rate of the Notes (Euribor 3 months) in force on the last day of each Determination Period, with a minimum rate of zero per cent (0.00%) so the yield of the Cash Flow Account will not under any circumstances be negative.

“**Iberclear**” means the Sociedad de Gestión de los Sistemas de Registro, Compensación y Liquidación de Valores.

“**IGA**” means the Intergovernmental Agreement Between the United States of America and the Kingdom of Spain to Improve International Tax Compliance and to Implement FATCA.

“Initial Reserve Fund” (*“Fondo de Reserva Inicial”*) means the Reserve Fund created on the Disbursement Date in an amount equal to TEN MILLION, FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND EUROS (€10,400,000).

“Interest Accrual Periods” (*“Periodo de Devengo de Intereses”*) means each of the periods into which the issue of the Notes is divided, and includes the days actually elapsed between each Payment Date, including the initial Payment Date of the corresponding period in each Interest Accrual Period and excluding the final Payment Date of the corresponding period.

“Investment Company Act” (*“Ley de Sociedades de Inversión”*) means the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

“IRPH” means the benchmark index for determining the rate for mortgage loans with a term in excess of three years granted by credit institutions as a whole. Available at <http://www.bde.es/webbde/es/estadis/infoest/tipos/tipos.html>.

“IRR” means the Internal Rate of Return for the Noteholders.

“Issuer” or the **“Fund”** (*“Emisor”* o *“Fondo”*) means FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN, RMBS PRADO V.

“Joint Arrangers” (*“Entidades Directoras”*) means Santander and BNP Paribas, London Branch.

“Joint Lead Managers” (*“Entidades Colocadoras”*) means Santander and BNP Paribas, London Branch.

“Law 2/1981” (*“Ley 2/1981”*) means Law 2/1981 of 25 March on the Mortgage Market.

“Law 37/1992” (*“Ley 37/1992”*) means Law 37/1992 of 28 December on Value Added Tax.

“Law 2/1994” (*“Ley 2/1994”*) means Law 3/1994 of 3 March on subrogation and modification of Mortgage Loans.

“Law 22/2003” or **“Insolvency Act”** (*“Ley 22/2003”* or *“Ley Concursal”*) means Law 22/2003 of 9 July on Insolvency.

“Law 1/2013” (*“Ley 1/2013”*) means Law 1/2013 of 14 May, on measures to strengthen the protections for mortgage debtors, debt restructuring and social rent.

“Law 5/2015” (*“Ley 5/2015”*) means Law 5/2015 of 27 April on the Promotion of Enterprise Funding.

“Law 25/2015” (*“Ley 25/2016”*) means Law 25/2015 of 28 July on the second-chance mechanism, reduction of financial burden and other social measures.

“Legal Maturity Date” (*“Fecha de Vencimiento Legal”*) means 15 March 2055.

“Liquidation Expenses” (*“Gastos de Liquidación”*) means those that arise from the liquidation of the Fund.

“Liquidation Priority of Payments” (*“Orden de Prelación de Pagos de Liquidación”*) means the order of priority of the payment or deduction obligations of the Fund as regards the application of the Available Funds for Liquidation.

“LTV” means “Loan-to-Value”, i.e., the ratio between the outstanding principal balance and the appraisal of each Mortgage Loan.

“Management Company” (*“Sociedad Gestora”*) means Santander de Titulización, S.G.F.T., S.A.

“Management, Placement and Subscription Agreement” (*“Contrato de Dirección, Colocación y Suscripción”*) means the management, placement and subscription agreement to be entered into by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, the Joint Lead Managers and UCI.

“Meeting of Creditors” (*“Junta de Acreedores”*) means the meeting of the Noteholders, and the Subordinated Loan provider that shall be established upon and by virtue of the issuance of the Notes and shall remain in force and in effect until repayment in full or cancellation of the Fund.

“MIBOR” means the Madrid Interbank Offered Rate.

“Mixed Mortgage Loan” (*“Préstamos a Tipo Mixto”*) means the Mortgage Loans with an initial fixed-rate period of three (3), five (5), seven (7) or ten (10) years and then switch to a variable interest rate.

“MIFID” means Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments amending Council Directives 85/611/EEC and 93/6/EEC and Directive 2000/12/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directive 93/22/EEC.

“MIFID II” means Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU.

“MOODY’S” means Moody’s Investors Service España, S.A.

“Mortgage Loans” (*“Préstamos Hipotecarios”*) means mortgage loans secured by first-priority property mortgages provided by UCI to individuals to finance transactions involving the acquisition of finished houses in Spain or the subrogation of individuals to the financing provided to developers for the construction of houses in Spain for sale. None of the Mortgage Loans have been granted to real estate developers or to finance renovation of houses. All Mortgage Loans are secured with finished houses.

“Mortgage Transfer Certificates” or **“MTC”** (*“Certificados de Transmisión de Hipoteca”* o *“CTH”*) means the mortgage transfer certificates to be issued by UCI regarding the Mortgage Loans in accordance with the provisions of section 3.3.a) 41) of the Additional Building Block.

“Multiple Title” (*“Título Múltiple”*) means the security instrument representing the MTCs issued by UCI on the Mortgage Loans.

“Nominal Interest Rate” (*“Tipo de Interés Nominal”*) means the interest rate applicable to the Class A Notes on each Payment Date obtained from adding the margin corresponding to the Notes to the Reference Interest Rate.

“Non-Business Day” (*“Día Inhábil”*) means any day of the calendar that is not included in the definition of Business Day given above.

“Non-Defaulted Receivable” (*“Crédito No Fallido”*) means, at any time, any Receivable that is not considered as a Defaulted Receivable.

“Notes” (*“Bonos”*) means Class A Notes and Class B Notes.

“Noteholders” (*“Bonistas”*) means holders of the Notes.

“Obligors” (*“Deudores”*) means the natural persons residing in Spain to whom UCI has provided the Mortgage Loans from which the securitised Receivables derive.

“Optional Redemption” (*“Amortización Opcional”*) means any decision to redeem the Notes in whole (but not in part) at the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class A Notes together with all accrued unpaid interest thereon in accordance with the requirements set forth in Section 4.9.4 of the Securities Note.

“Outstanding Balance of the Defaulted Receivables” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Derechos de Crédito Fallidos”*): means the sum of the principal amounts not yet due and of the principal amounts due and uncollected by the Fund of the Defaulted Receivables.

“Outstanding Balance of the Delinquent Receivables” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Derechos de Crédito Morosos”*): means the sum of the principal amounts not yet due and the principal amounts due and uncollected by the Fund of the Delinquent Receivables.

“Outstanding Balance of the Non-Defaulted Receivables” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Derechos de Crédito No Fallidos”*): means the Outstanding Balance of the Receivables less the Outstanding Balance of the Defaulted Receivables.

“Outstanding Balance of the Receivables” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Derechos de Crédito”*): means at any time and with respect to any Receivable the principal amounts due and uncollected together with the principal amounts of the Receivables not yet due.

“Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class A Notes” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Bonos de la Clase A”*): means, on each day, the principal amount of the Class A Notes upon issue less the aggregate amount of all principal payments on the Class A Notes that have been repaid on or prior to such date.

“Outstanding Principal Balance of the Class B Notes” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Bonos de la Clase B”*): means, on each day, the principal amount of the Class B Notes upon issue less the aggregate amount of all principal payments on the Class B Notes that have been repaid on or prior to such date.

“Outstanding Principal Balance of the Notes” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Bonos”*): means, on any Payment Date the principal amount of the aggregate of Class A and Class B Notes upon issue less the aggregate amount of principal payments made on such Notes on or prior to such date.

“Paying Agent” (*“Agente de Pagos”*) means BP2S.

“Payment Agency Account” (*“Cuenta de Agencia de Pagos”*) means the account to be opened in the name of the Fund by the Management Company at BP2S, the operation of which will be covered by the Payment Agency Agreement

“Payment Agency Agreement” (*“Contrato de Agencia de Pagos”*) means the payment agency agreement to be entered into by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and the Paying Agent.

“Payment Dates” (*“Fechas de Pago”*) means the 15th day of March, June, September and December of each year, or, if any of such dates is not a Business Day, the Business Day immediately thereafter.

“PCS Label” means prime collateralised securities label awarded by the Prime Collateralised Securities (PCS) UK Limited, a company whose information can be found in the website www.pcsmarket.org/.

“Performing Outstanding Balance of Fixed and Mixed Mortgage Loans” (*“Saldo Vivo de los Préstamos Hipotecarios a Tipo Fijo y Tipo Mixto No Morosos”*) means the sum of the principal amounts not yet due and of the principal amounts due and uncollected by the Fund in relation to the performing Fixed and Mixed Mortgage Loans. For the purposes of this definition, performing Fixed and Mixed Mortgage Loans shall be those Fixed and Mixed Mortgage Loans which do not give rise to Receivables considered Delinquent Receivables nor Defaulted Receivables.

“PRIIPS REGULATION” means Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products.

“Priority of Payments” (*“Orden de Prelación de Pagos”*) means the order of priority for the application of the payment or deduction obligations of the Fund, both as regards the application of the Available Funds.

“Prospectus” (*“Folleto”*) means, collectively, the table of contents, the document describing the risk factors, the Registration Document, the Securities Note, the Additional Building Block and the document containing the definitions.

“**PWC**” means Pricewaterhousecoopers Auditores, S.L.

“**Rate Setting Date**” (“*Fecha de Fijación del Tipo*”) means the second Business Day in accordance with the Tran-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System (TARGET2) calendar prior to the commencement of each Interest Accrual Period. For the avoidance of doubt, the Rate Setting Date for the First Interest Accrual Period will be the Date of Incorporation.

“**Rating Agencies**” (“*Agencias de Calificación*”) means FITCH and MOODY’S.

“**Receivables**” (“*Derechos de Crédito*”) means the credit rights arising from the Mortgage Loans provided by UCI and which are being assigned to the Fund.

“**Reference Interest Rate**” (“*Tipo de Interés de Referencia*”) means the interest rate used as the base rate for purposes of calculating the Nominal Interest Rate.

“**Registration Document**” (“*Documento de Registro*”) means the Registration Document, prepared in accordance with Annex VII of Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 and approved by the CNMV on 7 November 2017.

“**Regulation (EC) No 809/2004**” (“*Reglamento (CE) n° 809/2004*”) means Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 of 29 April 2004 implementing Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards information contained in prospectuses as well as the format, incorporation by reference and publication of such prospectuses and dissemination of advertisements.

“**Regulation (EC) 1606/2002**” (“*Reglamento (CE) 1606/2002*”) means Regulation (EC) 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards.

“**Reserve Fund**” (“*Fondo de Reserva*”) means the reserve fund to be funded by the Management Company, in representation and on behalf of the Fund, in accordance with the provisions of section 3.4.2 of the Additional Building Block.

“**Reserve Fund Required Amount**” (“*Importe Requerido del Fondo de Reserva*”) means the minimum Reserve Fund amount in accordance with the provisions of section 3.4.2.2 of the Additional Building Block.

“**Reserve Fund Shortfall**” (“*Deficit del Fondo de Reserva*”) shall occur if the amount of the Reserve Fund as of any Payment Date, after replenishment in accordance with priority of payment, falls short of the Reserve Fund Required Amount.

“**Reserve Fund Decrease Amount**” (“*Importe de Minoración del Fondo de Reserva*”) means the positive difference (if any) between the credit balance of the Reserve Fund as of the previous Payment Date (after application of the Priority of Payment) and the Reserve Fund Required Amount as at such Payment Date.

“**Restructured Receivable**” (“*Derechos de Crédito Restructurados*”): means a Receivable where a Restructuring has occurred.

“**Restructuring**” (“*Reestructuración*”): means, with respect to a Receivable, the forgiveness, reduction or postponement of principal, interest or fees or a change in the ranking, priority or subordination of such obligation (together, the “Restructuring Events”), provided that such decision, with respect to the Restructuring Events, will be made: (i) with regard to the standards of a reasonable and prudent holder of such obligation (disregarding for such purposes the effect of any securitisation of such Receivable but taking into account any security or collateral allocable to that Receivable); and (ii) with the intent that such Restructuring is (a) to minimise any expected loss in respect of such Receivable, or (b) to respond to a reasonable commercial request from the associated Obligor.

“Royal Decree 1065/2007” (*“Real Decreto 1065/2007”*) means Royal Decree 1065/2007 of 27 July, which enacted the General Regulations on tax inspection and management actions and procedures and implementing the common rules on applicable tax procedures.

“Royal Decree 716/2009” (*“Real Decreto 716/2009”*) means Royal Decree 716/2009 of 24 April implementing certain aspects of Law 2/1981 of 25 March on regulation of the mortgage market and other rules of the mortgage and financial systems.

“Royal Decree 1310/2005” (*“Real Decreto 1310/2005”*) means Royal Decree 1310/2005 of 4 November partially implementing Law 24/1988 of 28 July on the Stock Market as regards the admission to negotiation of securities on official secondary markets, public offers of sale or subscription and the prospectus required for such purposes.

“Royal Decree 634/2015” (*“Real Decreto 634/2015”*) means Royal Decree 634/2015 of 10 July approving the Corporate Income Tax Regulations.

“Royal Decree 878/2015” (*“Real Decreto 878/2015”*) means Royal Decree 878/2015 of 2 October on the registration, clearing and settlement and registration of negotiable securities represented by book entries representations, on the legal regime of the securities central depositories and the central counterparties and the transparency requirements for security issuers admitted to trading on an official secondary market.

“Royal Decree-Law 4/2015” (*“Real Decreto 4/2015”*) means Royal Decree-law 4/2015 of 23 October approving the restated text of the Spanish Securities Market Act.

“Rules” (*Reglamento*) means the rules applicable to the Meeting of Creditors.

“Santander” means Banco Santander, S.A.

“Screen Rate” means the rate offered in the eurozone interbank market for three-month euro deposits (except for the First Interest Period) appearing on the Reuters-EuriborØ1 page or (A) such other page as may replace the Reuters-EuriborØ1 page for similar service for the purpose of displaying such information or (B) if that service ceases to display similar information, such other page or such equivalent service that displays this information (or, if more than one, the one which is used by the Paying Agent) or may replace the Reuters-EuriborØ1 page.

“Securities Market Act” (*“Ley del Mercado de Valores”*) means Royal Decree-law 4/2015 of 23 October approving the restated text of the Spanish Securities Market Act.

“Securities Note” (*“Nota de Valores”*) means the Securities Note regarding the issuance of Notes prepared in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 809/2004, approved by the CNMV on 7 November 2017.

“Self-Certified Mortgage Loans” (*“Préstamos Hipotecarios Certificados”*) means mortgage loans sold and underwritten on the basis that the applicants and/or intermediaries representing them were made aware before the start of the Assignor's assessment that income could be self-certified.

“Servicer” (*“Administrador”*) means UCI, Unión de Créditos Inmobiliarios, S.A., Establecimiento Financiero de Crédito.

“Step-Up Date” (*“Fecha de Incremento del Margen”*) means the Payment Date falling on 15 March 2023. From this date, (i) Class A Margin and Class B Margin increases in accordance to section 4.8 of the Securities Note; and (ii) the Management Company may exercise an Optional Redemption pursuant to section 4.9.4 of the Securities Note.

“STS Regulation” means the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down common rules on securitisation and creating a European framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation and amending Directives 2009/65/EC, 2009/138/EC, 2011/61/EU and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 648/2012.

“Subordinated Loan” (“*Préstamo Subordinado*”) means the loan formalised pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement defined below.

“Subordinated Loan Agreement” (“*Contrato de Préstamo Subordinado*”) means the subordinated loan agreement in the amount of TEN MILLION NINE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND EUROS (€10,975,000), to be signed by the Management Company on behalf of the Fund and UCI, which will be used to finance the Reserve Fund, the expenses of incorporation of the Fund and the issuance of the Notes, to partially finance the acquisition of the Receivables and to cover the temporary mismatch in the First Interest Accrual Period caused by the difference between the interest on the Receivables covered during the First Interest Accrual Period and the interest on the Notes to be paid on the First Payment Date.

“Subscription Period” (“*Periodo de Suscripción*”) means 16 November 2017, from 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.

“UCI” means Unión de Créditos Inmobiliarios S.A., Establecimiento Financiero de Crédito.

“UCITS” (“*OICVM*”) means Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities.

“V.A.T.” (“*IVA*”) means Value Added Tax.

“Variable Mortgage Loan” (“*Préstamos a Tipo Variable*”) means the Mortgage Loans with a variable interest rate.

“VPO” (“*Vivienda de Protección Oficial*”) means those dwellings designed as permanent customary residences that are classified as officially protected, the type, size and price of which are regulated by the authorities, establishing economic and tax conditions for the benefit of the purchaser, who must meet certain conditions with respect to property ownership rights and individual or household income.

“Wildcard Instalment” (“*Cuota Comodín*”) means the option belonging to the Obligors under certain Mortgage Loans to pay, once (1) per year during the first three (3) years of the term of the Mortgage Loan, one (1) of the monthly instalments through capitalisation of the interest of the instalment used to repay the principal, together with the remainder of the principal pending payment.