STS Checklist Domi 2023-1 B.V.



PRIME COLLATERALISED SECURITIES (PCS) EU SAS

24 February 2023

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This is the STS Term Verification Checklist for STS Term Verifications.

This STS Term Verification Checklist must be read together with the PCS Procedures Manual and the PCS Term Evidentiary Standards Manual. This document is based upon the materials received by PCS as at the date of this document. Any references in this document are to the Prospectus unless otherwise stated.

PCS comments in this STS Term Verification Checklist are based on PCS' interpretation of the STS Regulation (the "**Regulation**") informed by (a) the text of the Regulation itself, (b) the EBA guidelines and recommendations issued in accordance with Article 19(2) of the Regulation (the "**EBA Guidelines**") and (c) any relevant national competent authorities' interpretation of the STS criteria to the extent known to PCS.

It is important that the reader of this checklist reviews and understands the disclaimer referred to on the following page.

24 February 2023



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PRIME COLLATERALISED SECURITIES (PCS) - STS Verification

Mark Lewis
24 February 2023
Domi 2023-1 B.V.

Issuer	Domi 2023-1 B.V.
Originator	Domivest B.V.
Joint Lead Managers	Barclays Bank Ireland PLC, BNP Paribas, Macquarie Bank International Limited, London Branch and Macquarie Bank Europe Designated Activity Company
Transaction Legal Counsel	Allen & Overy
Rating Agencies	Moody's and S&P
Closing Date	24 February 2023

PCS confirms that all checklist points have been verified as detailed in the associated comment box in the checklist below.

A summary of the checklist points by article is set out in the table of contents on the next page together with a reference to the respective article contents. To examine a specific article from the list below, please click on the article description to be taken directly to the relevant section of the checklist.

Within the checklist, the relevant legislative text is set out in blue introductory boxes with specific criteria for our verification listed underneath.



Article	Summary of Article Contents	PCS Veri	fied
Article 2	D – Simplicity		
20(1)	<u>True sale</u>	1	✓
20(2-4)	Severe clawback	2	✓
20(4)	<u>True sale with intermediate steps</u>	3	✓
20(5)	Assignment perfection	4	✓
20(6)	Encumbrances to enforceability of true sale	5	✓
20(7)	Eligibility criteria, active portfolio management, and exposure transferred after closing	6 - 8	✓
20(8)	Homogeneity, enforceability, full recourse, periodic payment streams, no transferable securities	9 - 14	✓
20(9)	No securitisation positions	15	✓
20(10)	Origination, underwriting standards, unverified residential loans, assessment of creditworthiness, originator expertise	16 - 21	✓
20(11)	No undue delay after selection, no exposures in default or to credit-impaired or insolvent debtors/guarantors, portion of restructured debtors, adverse credit history, higher pool risk	22 - 30	✓
20(12)	At least one payment made	31	✓
20(13)	No predominant dependence on the sale of asset	32	✓
Article 2	1 - Standardisation		
21(1)	Risk retention	33	✓
21(2)	Appropriate mitigation of interest-rate and currency risks and disclosure, no further derivatives and hedging derivatives according to common standards	34 - 39	✓
21(3)	Referenced interest payments	40	✓
21(4)	Requirements in the event of enforcement or delivery of acceleration notice: no cash trap, sequential amortisation, no reversal, no automatic liquidation	41 - 44	✓
21(5)	Non-sequential priority of payments	45	✓
21(6)	Early amortisation provisions/triggers for termination of revolving period	46 - 49	✓
21(7)	<u>Duties, responsibilities</u> , <u>and replacement of transaction parties</u>	50 - 52	✓
21(8)	Expertise of the servicer	53 - 54	✓
21(9)	Remedies and actions by servicer related to delinquency and default of debtor, priorities of payments, triggers for changes, obligation to report	55 - 59	✓
21(10)	Resolution of investor conflicts and fiduciary party responsibilities and duties	60 - 61	✓
Articles 2	22 and 7 - Transparency		
22(1)	Historical asset data	62 - 64	✓
22(2)	AUP/asset verification	65 - 66	✓
22(3)	<u>Liability cashflow model</u>	67 - 68	✓
22(4)	Environmental performance of asset	69	✓
22(5)	Responsibility for article 7, information disclosure before pricing and 15 days after closing	70 - 73	✓
7(1)	<u>Transparency requirements: underlying loan data, documentation, priority of payments, transaction summary, STS notification, investor report, inside information, significant event report, simultaneous, without delay</u>	74 - 83	✓
7(2)	Transparency requirements: securitisation repository, designation of responsible entity	84 - 85	✓





Article 20.1. The title to the underlying exposures shall be acquired by the SSPE by means of a true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect in a manner that is enforceable against the seller or any other third party. The transfer of the title to the SSPE shall not be subject to severe clawback provisions in the event of the seller's insolvency.

STS Criteria

1. The title to the underlying exposures shall be acquired by the SSPE by means of a true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect in a manner that is enforceable against the seller or any other third party.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

The portfolio comprises mortgage loans originated by Domivest B.V. and secured over non-owner occupied residential and mixed-use real estate properties located in the Netherlands.

See 7. PORTFOLIO DOCUMENTATION, 7.1 Purchase of Mortgage Receivables.

The Issuer (i) will on the Closing Date purchase and accept the assignment of the Mortgage Receivables selected to be part of the Mortgage Portfolio as of the Cut-off Date.

The Issuer shall purchase and accept assignment of the Mortgage Receivables relating thereto from the Seller by means of the Mortgage Receivables Purchase Agreement and the Deed of Assignment and Pledge as notarial deed, as a result of which legal title to the Mortgage Receivables is transferred from the Seller to the Issuer and will be enforceable against the Seller and any other relevant third party. The Assignment has not and will not be notified to the Borrowers, except upon the occurrence of any Assignment Notification Event. Until notification of Assignment, the Borrowers will only be entitled to validly pay (bevrijdend betalen) to the Seller.

Section 7.1 discusses the method by which legal title is transferred.

The Risk Factors Section contains a specific sub-section headed "2.3, Risks Relating to the Underlying Assets", "2.8, Legal, Regulatory and Taxation Risks", discusses the risk issues further.

Section 4.4 – EU STS Securitisation (a) provides additional information.

PCS has been provided with the transaction legal opinion by Allen & Overy, a reputable law firm in the Netherlands.

"True sale" is not a legal concept but a rating agency creation. The essence of a "true sale" is that the property in the securitised assets has legally moved from the originator/seller to the SSPE in such a way that the SSPE's ownership will be recognised as a matter of law, including and especially in the case of the insolvency of the originator/seller. In a "true sale" the insolvency officer and creditors of the insolvent originator/seller are not able s satisfy the claims of the originator/seller's creditor out of the proceeds of the securitised assets. Following a "true sale" there is no legal device by which the assets can automatically revert to the originator/seller's ownership. Such automatic reversion is associated with security interests and anathema to a "true sale".

This is clearly stated in the wording of the Regulation (20.1). The expression "transfer to the same effect" indicates that, as long as the conditions in the preceding paragraph are met, the Regulation does not seek to limit the type of legal devices which can be used to effect such transfer of title. The issue of "true sale" is separate from the issue of "clawback". "Clawback" refers to legal processes through which, in the insolvency of the seller of an asset, an insolvency officer is entitled to reverse the sale – even in cases where a "true sale" has taken place.

All European jurisdictions, to PCS' knowledge, have rules allowing for clawbacks. Clawbacks are usually rules to avoid a company heading towards insolvency from "defrauding" its existing creditors either by selling assets at very low prices (to friends and relations) or unfairly preferring certain creditors over others.

The Regulation (20.1) therefore does not require STS "true sales" to be clawback-proof, since this would mean that no European securitisation could ever be STS. It does require the sale not to be subject to "severe clawback". The Regulation does not define "severe clawback" but gives an example (20.2) where a clawback may occur. The Regulation (20.3) also explicitly excludes from the definition of "severe clawback" the traditional European basis for such devices which all come under the general category of "preferences". PCS further notes that the examples (20.2 and 20.3) refer to the insolvency law of a jurisdiction and therefore believes that clawback risk is to be assessed on a jurisdictional basis rather than on



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 & 7 - Transparency



a transactional basis. Finally, PCS does not believe and nor is there any evidence that the legislators or regulatory authorities are seeking to craft a higher standard than that which has been used for decades by the market and was the basis for the legislative text. Based on the above considerations, PCS believes that transfers from a jurisdiction meeting the following criteria – absent any other indications – shall not fall within the definition of "severe clawback": • Clawback requires an unfair preference "defrauding" creditors. Clawback puts the burden of proof on the insolvency officer or creditors – in other words it cannot be automatic nor require the purchaser to prove their innocence.

Since "severe clawback" is a jurisdictional concept, in analysing this issue PCS will therefore first seek to determine the Seller's jurisdiction for the purposes of insolvency proceedings affecting the originator. As confirmed in the above-mentioned opinion, the laws of The Netherlands would apply in the case of insolvency procedures affecting the Seller, since The Netherlands is the (regulatory) home member state of Domivest B.V.

On the basis of the Winding-up Directive, the administrative or judicial authorities of the home member state of the Seller, being Dutch, shall alone be empowered to decide on the implementation of one or more reorganisation measures in a bank, including branches in other member states, or the opening of winding-up proceedings concerning such bank.

The second step would be to determine whether the laws of the relevant jurisdiction contains severe claw back provisions in their insolvency legislation.

In the case of the Transaction, title to the assets is transferred by a traditional Dutch assignment.

The legal opinion from Allen & Overy confirms that this assignment meets the definition of "true sale" outlined above.

Dutch insolvency laws provide for clawback in the cases of preferences and transactions at an undervalue and require the insolvency officer to prove that case. Therefore, and as confirmed by the Opinions, the transfer is not, in our opinion, subject to "severe clawback".

Article 20.1 [...] The transfer of the title to the SSPE shall not be subject to severe clawback provisions in the event of the seller's insolvency.

Article 20.2 For the purpose of paragraph 1, any of the following shall constitute severe clawback provisions:

- (a) provisions which allow the liquidator of the seller to invalidate the sale of the underlying exposures solely on the basis that it was concluded within a certain period before the declaration of the seller's insolvency;
- (b) provisions where the SSPE can only prevent the invalidation referred to in point (a) if it can prove that it was not aware of the insolvency of the seller at the time of sale.

Article 20.3. For the purpose of paragraph 1, clawback provisions in national insolvency laws that allow the liquidator or a court to invalidate the sale of underlying exposures in case of fraudulent transfers, unfair prejudice to creditors or of transfers intended to improperly favour particular creditors over others, shall not constitute severe clawback provisions.

2 STS Criteria

2. The transfer of the title to the SSPE shall not be subject to severe clawback provisions in the event of the seller's insolvency.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See Section 4.4. EU STS securitisation

"(b) For the purpose of compliance with Article 20(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller and the Issuer confirm that the Dutch Bankruptcy Act (Faillissementswet) does not contain severe clawback provisions as referred to in Article 20(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the Seller will represent on the relevant purchase date to the Issuer in the Mortgage Receivables Purchase Agreement that (a) its centre of main interest is situated in the Netherlands..."

Refer to Section 4.4, EU STS Securitisation, EU STS Securitisation (b). The transaction legal opinion has been provided and have been reviewed.





Article 20.4. Where the seller is not the original lender, the true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect of the underlying exposures to the seller, whether that true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect is direct or through one or more intermediate steps, shall meet the requirements set out in paragraphs 1 to 3.

3 STS Criteria

3. Where the seller is not the original lender, the true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect of the underlying exposures to the seller, whether that true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect is direct or through one or more intermediate steps, shall meet the requirements set out in paragraphs 1 to 3.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See 7.2 Representations and Warranties "(r) each Mortgage Receivable results from a Mortgage Loan originated by the Seller as original lender of such Mortgage Loan..."

Article 20.5. Where the transfer of the underlying exposures is performed by means of an assignment and perfected at a later stage than at the closing of the transaction, the triggers to effect such perfection shall, at least include the following events:

- (a) severe deterioration in the seller credit quality standing;
- (b) insolvency of the seller; and
- (c) unremedied breaches of contractual obligations by the seller, including the seller's default.

4 STS Criteria

4. Where the transfer of the underlying exposures is performed by means of an assignment and perfected at a later stage than at the closing of the transaction, the triggers to effect such perfection shall, at least include the following events:

Verified? YES

- (a) severe deterioration in the seller credit quality standing;
- (b) insolvency of the seller; and
- (c) unremedied breaches of contractual obligations by the seller, including the seller's default.

PCS Comments

Notification to the borrowers is not applicable to perfect the transfer of legal title by means of an assignment and pledge. See section 4.4. EU STS Securitisation (a)

Criterion 4 requires two steps:

- To determine whether the transfer of the assets is by means of an unperfected assignment; and
- If it is, whether the transaction contains the requisite triggers.

Although the transfer is not notified to the borrowers, the legal opinion confirms that such notification is not required to fully perfect the transfer of ownership in the mortgage loans to the SSPE. Accordingly, this transaction does not operate by way of an unperfected assignment and the issue of triggers does not arise.



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 & 7 - Transparency

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Article 20.6. The seller shall provide representations and warranties that, to the best of its knowledge, the underlying exposures included in the securitisation are not encumbered or otherwise in a condition that can be foreseen to adversely affect the enforceability of the true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect.

5 STS Criteria

5. The seller shall provide representations and warranties that, to the best of its knowledge, the underlying exposures included in the securitisation are not encumbered or otherwise in a condition that can be foreseen to adversely affect the enforceability of the true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

Section 4.4 EU STS securitisation (d) and 7.2 Representations and Warranties, (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f).

Article 20.7. The underlying exposures transferred from, or assigned by, the seller to the SSPE shall meet pre-determined, clear and documented eligibility criteria which do not allow for active portfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of representations and warranties shall not be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the initial underlying exposures.

STS Criteria

6. The underlying exposures transferred from, or assigned by, the seller to the SSPE shall meet pre-determined, clear and documented eligibility criteria....

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See Section 7.2, Representations and Warranties including in particular item (a) regarding compliance together with the Mortgage Loan Criteria as detailed in Section 7.3.

See also Repurchase of Individual Mortgage Receivables, Exercise of the Option Holder Call Option or Risk Retention Regulatory Change Call Option, organisation of a Portfolio Auction and the Sale of Mortgage Receivables.

The EBA Guidelines clarify that "clear" does not mean easily readable or comprehended by a non-expert. In the Regulation a criterion is "clear" when a court or tribunal could determine whether, presumably in all cases, the criterion is met for each asset. In the Regulation, "clear" is about certainty of determination.

PCS has read the eligibility criteria in the Prospectus. As they are mandatory, they meet the "predetermined" requirement. As they are in the Prospectus and in the Mortgage Receivables Purchase Agreement they meet the "documented" requirement. PCS has also concluded that they allow determination in each case and so meet the "clear" requirement.

7 STS Criteria

7. Which do not allow for active portfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of representations and warranties shall not be considered active portfolio management.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See section 7.1, No active portfolio management on a discretionary basis

The Portfolio is not subject to any active portfolio management on a discretionary basis and the Seller does not have any discretionary rights to repurchase all or part of the Mortgage Receivables owned by the Issuer.





8

STS Criteria

8. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the initial underlying exposures.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

Not applicable.

See also 7.3, Mortgage Loan Criteria

See 7.2 Representations and Warranties

"The Seller will represent and warrant to the Issuer and the Security Trustee on the Signing Date and the Closing Date with respect to the Mortgage Loans as of the Cut-off Date and the Mortgage Receivables resulting therefrom, and in respect of the representations and warranties set forth in (c) and (d) as of the Closing Date among other things:..."

Article 20.8. The securitisation shall be backed by a pool of underlying exposures that are homogeneous in terms of asset type, taking into account the specific characteristics relating to the cash flows of the asset type including their contractual, credit risk and prepayment characteristics. A pool of underlying exposures shall only comprise one asset type. The underlying exposures shall contain obligations that are contractually binding and enforceable, with full recourse to debtors and, where applicable, guarantors.

9 5

STS Criteria

9. The securitisation shall be backed by a pool of underlying exposures that are homogeneous in terms of asset type, taking into account the specific characteristics relating to the cash flows of the asset type including their contractual, credit risk and prepayment characteristics. A pool of underlying exposures shall only comprise one asset type.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, EU STS securitisation (f)

See 6.1, "The Mortgage Portfolio satisfies the homogeneous conditions of Article 1(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the RTS Homogeneity as all Mortgage Loans (i) have been underwritten according to similar approaches to the assessment of credit risk associated with the Mortgage Loans and without prejudice to Article 9(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, (ii) are serviced according to similar servicing procedures with respect to monitoring, collection and administration of Mortgage Receivables from the Mortgage Loans, (iii) fall within the same asset category of residential loans secured with one or several mortgages on residential immovable property and (iv) in accordance with the homogeneity factors set forth in Articles 2(1)(a), (b) and (c) of the RTS Homogeneity (a) are secured by a first-ranking Mortgage (eerste recht van hypotheek) over real estate (onroerende zaak), an apartment right (appartementsrecht), or a long lease (erfpacht) situated in the Netherlands and governed by Dutch law and (b) income-producing properties. The criteria set out in (i) up to and including (iv) are derived from Article 20(8) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the RTS Homogeneity."

See section 6.3 Origination and Servicing, Credit policy and underwriting criteria.

- (ii) Property
- (A) Residential properties within liquid urban areas of the Netherlands.
- (B) Residential properties, not owner occupied, but including a small amount mixed-use real estate, in respect of which the commercial real estate part shall not exceed 20 per cent. of the value of the property and in which case a haircut to the LTV may apply

Particularly, see section 6.1 Stratification Tables, section 6.3 Origination and Servicing.



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 & 7 - Transparency

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The definition of "homogeneity" in the Regulation is the subject of a Regulatory Technical Standard ("RTS"). Being set out in an RTS, rather than a guideline or recommendation issued by the EBA, the definition of "homogeneity" will be legally binding on all regulatory authorities.

PCS notes that the RTS currently in force is being amended, in accordance with a final draft RTS which has recently been published, but that has not yet come into force as at today's date. However, the changes contained in such final draft RTS are not expected to affect the asset class in question.

Based on the above, it seems clear to PCS that the Regulation would not seek to exclude from the STS category securitisations that have performed extremely well and are universally considered "homogenous" by market participants. This does not exonerate any transaction from being analysed against this criterion but does set the background for such analysis.

Turning, for guidance, to the RTS adopted by the European Commission and to the final draft RTS, four elements require examination: (a) "similar underwriting standards", (b) "similar servicing standards", (c) same asset class and (d) relevant risk factors.

In the Transaction, the mortgages were underwritten on a similar basis, they are being serviced on the same platform, they are a single asset class – buy-to-let mortgages – and, based on the EBA's suggested approach, the mortgages are all originated in the same jurisdiction. PCS also takes great comfort from the fact that transactions containing pools with similar characteristics are considered to be "homogenous" by a wide variety of market participants.

PCS acknowledges the RTS and EBA final draft RTS on homogeneity together with the ESA Q&A Q.10 on mortgages secured by non-owner occupied residential/and mixed-use real estate properties. PCS notes that due diligence confirms that none of the Originator's underwriting process, the rating agency analysis or the Bloomberg cashflow model relies upon any commercial rent in their respective cashflow, credit or underwriting analysis. In light of the above, the transaction can therefore be seen as a single asset class based on (a) the perspective of the Originator's internal methodologies, parameters and underwriting standards and (b) that investors are able to assess the underlying risks of the resulting pool on the basis of common methodologies and parameters.

10 STS Criteria

10. The underlying exposures shall contain obligations that are contractually binding and enforceable.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See 7.3 Mortgage Criteria:

"(h) each Mortgage Loan, Mortgage Receivable and each Mortgage and Borrower Pledge securing such Mortgage Receivable is legal, valid, binding and enforceable and constitutes legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligations of the relevant Borrower vis-à-vis the Seller;"

"(jj) the Mortgage Conditions applicable to the Mortgage Receivables contain obligations that are contractually binding and enforceable with full recourse to the Borrower (and, where applicable, any guarantor of such Borrower), subject, as to enforceability, to any applicable bankruptcy laws or similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally; and"

11 STS Criteria

11. With full recourse to debtors and, where applicable, guarantors.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See 7.3 Mortgage Criteria:

"(jj) the Mortgage Conditions applicable to the Mortgage Receivables contain obligations that are contractually binding and enforceable with full recourse to the Borrower (and, where applicable, any guarantor of such Borrower), subject, as to enforceability, to any applicable bankruptcy laws or similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally; and"





Article 20.8. The underlying exposures shall have defined periodic payment streams, the instalments of which may differ in their amounts, relating to rental, principal, or interest payments, or to any other right to receive income from assets supporting such payments. The underlying exposures may also generate proceeds from the sale of any financed or leased assets.

12 STS Criteria

12. The underlying exposures shall have defined periodic payment streams, the instalments of which may differ in their amounts.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

Section 7.3: Mortgage Loan Criteria

"(n) all payments in respect of the Mortgage Receivable by the Borrowers are made in arrear in monthly instalments and are executed by way of direct debit procedures;"

"(bb) the interest rate on the Mortgage Loan (or, if the Mortgage Loan consists of more than one Loan Part, on each Loan Part) is a fixed rate, subject to an interest reset from time to time and with an interest period not exceeding ten (10) years;"

Section 6.2: Description of Mortgage Loans, Mortgage Loan Types

"The Mortgage Loans may consist of any of the following types of redemption:

- (a) Interest-only Mortgage Loans (aflossingsvrije hypotheken); and
- (b) Mortgage Loans with combinations of Linear Mortgage Loan Parts (lineaire leningdelen) and Interest-only Mortgage Loan Parts (aflossingsvrije leningdelen)."

See also section 6.3, Origination and Servicing, Credit policy and underwriting criteria

- (iii) Loan characteristics and portfolio concentration limits
- "(F) Domivest offers fixed rate mortgage loans only. The fixed rate interest periods of the mortgage loans Domivest offers are 1,3,5,7 and 10 years."
- "(G) Each mortgage loan has a maturity not exceeding 30 years from its origination date."

13 STS Criteria

13. Relating to rental, principal, or interest payments, or to any other right to receive income from assets supporting such payments. The underlying exposures may also generate proceeds from the sale of any financed or leased assets.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See point 12 above and section 7.2, Representations and Warranties:

"(e) all receivables under a Mortgage Loan (hypothecaire lening) which are secured by the same Mortgage are pledged to the Security Trustee pursuant to the Issuer Mortgage Receivables Pledge Agreement:"

"(f) each Mortgage Loan constitutes the entire mortgage loan granted to the relevant Borrower and not merely one or more Loan Parts (leningdelen);"





The underlying exposures are residential loans secured with one or several mortgages on residential immovable property and (iv) in accordance with the homogeneity factors set forth in Articles 2(1)(a), (b) and (c) of the RTS Homogeneity (a) are secured by a first-ranking Mortgage (eerste recht van hypotheek) over real estate (onroerende zaak), an apartment right (appartementsrecht), or a long lease (erfpacht) situated in the Netherlands and governed by Dutch law and (b) income-producing properties. The criteria set out in (i) up to and including (iv) are derived from Article 20(8) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the RTS Homogeneity.

Article 20.8. The underlying exposures shall not include transferable securities, as defined in Article 4(1), point 44 of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council other than corporate bonds, provided that they are not listed on a trading venue.

14 STS Criteria

14. The underlying exposures shall not include transferable securities, as defined in Article 4(1), point 44 of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council other than corporate bonds, provided that they are not listed on a trading venue.

Verified?
YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS securitisation (f) and 7.3 Mortgage Loan Criteria (i).

Article 20.9. The underlying exposures shall not include any securitisation position.

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STS Criteria

15. The underlying exposures shall not include any securitisation position.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS securitisation (g) and 7.3 Mortgage Loan Criteria (ill).

Article 20.10. The underlying exposures shall be originated in the ordinary course of the originator's or original lender's business pursuant to underwriting standards that are no less stringent than those that the originator or original lender applied at the time of origination to similar exposures that are not securitised.

16 STS Criteria

16. The underlying exposures shall be originated in the ordinary course of the originator's or original lender's business.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS securitisation (h) and 7.3 Mortgage Loan Criteria (ee).

17 STS Criteria

Verified? YES





17. Pursuant to underwriting standards that are no less stringent than those that the originator or original lender applied at the time of origination to similar exposures that are not securitised.

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS securitisation (h) and 7.3 Mortgage Loan Criteria (ee).

Article 20.10. The underwriting standards pursuant to which the underlying exposures are originated and any material changes from prior underwriting standards shall be fully disclosed to potential investors without undue delay.

18

STS Criteria

18. The underwriting standards pursuant to which the underlying exposures are originated and any material changes from prior underwriting standards shall be fully disclosed to potential investors without undue delay.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See section 6.3 Origination and Servicing.

"Any material changes from the Seller's prior underwriting policies and lending criteria shall be disclosed without undue delay to the extent required under Article 20(10) of the EU Securitisation Regulation."

Article 20.10. In the case of securitisations where the underlying exposures are residential loans, the pool of loans shall not include any loan that was marketed and underwritten on the premise that the loan applicant or, where applicable intermediaries, were made aware that the information provided might not be verified by the lender.

19

STS Criteria

19. In the case of securitisations where the underlying exposures are residential loans, the pool of loans shall not include any loan that was marketed and underwritten on the premise that the loan applicant or, where applicable intermediaries, were made aware that the information provided might not be verified by the lender.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See section 7.3, Mortgage Loan Criteria (hh)

"None of the Mortgage Loans was marketed and underwritten of the premise that the Borrower or where applicable intermediaries, were aware that the information provided might not be verified by the Seller;"



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 & 7 - Transparency

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Article 20.10. The assessment of the borrower's creditworthiness shall meet the requirements set out in Article 8 of Directive 2008/48/EC or paragraphs 1 to 4, point (a) of paragraph 5, and paragraph 6 of Article 18 of Directive 2014/17/EU or, where applicable, equivalent requirements in third countries.

20

STS Criteria

20. The assessment of the borrower's creditworthiness shall meet the requirements set out in Article 8 of Directive 2008/48/EC or paragraphs 1 to 4, point (a) of paragraph 5, and paragraph 6 of Article 18 of Directive 2014/17/EU or, where applicable, equivalent requirements in third countries.

Verified?
YES

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS securitisation (h) and 7.2 (u).

Article 20.10. The originator or original lender shall have expertise in originating exposures of a similar nature to those securitised.

21

STS Criteria

21. The originator or original lender shall have expertise in originating exposures of a similar nature to those securitised.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS securitisation (h) (see also sections 3.4 (Seller) and 6.3 (Origination and servicing).

"it has a minimum of 5 years' experience in originating mortgage loans."

PCS has also reviewed due diligence materials to confirm the point.

Article 20.11. The underlying exposures shall be transferred to the SSPE after selection without undue delay and shall not include, at the time of selection, exposures in default within the meaning of Article 178(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013...

22

STS Criteria

22. The underlying exposures shall be transferred to the SSPE after selection without undue delay...

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See Cut-Off Date definition.

See sections 4.4, EU STS securitisation (i)



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 & 7 - Transparency

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	PCS has assumed that any period of three and a half months or less between pool cut date and closing will meet the requirements of the criterion. This is in line with market standards.	
23	STS Criteria	Verified?
	23. And shall not include, at the time of selection, exposures in default within the meaning of Article 178(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See 7.2 Representations and Warranties (g), (k) and 7.3 Mortgage Loan Criteria (gg).	

Article 20.11. The underlying exposures shall be transferred to the SSPE after selection without undue delay and shall not include, at the time of selection, exposures in default within the meaning of Article 178(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 or exposures to a credit-impaired debtor or guarantor, who, to the best of the originator's or original lender's knowledge:

- (a) has been declared insolvent or had a court grant his creditors a final non-appealable right of enforcement or material damages as a result of a missed payment within three years prior to the date of origination or has undergone a debt-restructuring process with regard to his non-performing exposures within three years prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE, except if:
- (i) a restructured underlying exposure has not presented new arrears since the date of the restructuring which must have taken place at least one year prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE; and
- (ii) the information provided by the originator, sponsor and SSPE in accordance with points (a) and (e)(i) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) explicitly sets out the proportion of restructured underlying exposures, the time and details of the restructuring as well as their performance since the date of the restructuring;
- (b) was, at the time of origination, where applicable, on a public credit registry of persons with adverse credit history or, where there is no such public credit registry, another credit registry that is available to the originator or original lender; or
- (c) has a credit assessment or a credit score indicating that the risk of contractually agreed payments not being made is significantly higher than for comparable exposures held by the originator which are not securitised.

24 STS Criteria 24. Or exposures to a credit-impaired debtor or guarantor, who, to the best of the originator's or original lender's knowledge: YES

PCS Comments

See section 7.3, Mortgage Loan Criteria (v) and (w)

- (v) it, to the best of its knowledge, is not aware of any Borrower who has been declared insolvent or in respect of whom a court had granted his creditors a final non-appealable right of enforcement or material damages as a result of a missed payment within three years prior to the date of origination of the relevant Mortgage Loan; and
- (w) no Mortgage Loan, so far as the Seller is aware, having made all reasonable enquiries, is a loan to a Borrower who is (i) a "credit-impaired obligor" as described in Article 13(2)(j) of the LCR Regulation or paragraph 2(k) of Article 177 of the Solvency II Regulation (or, in each case, if different, the equivalent provisions in any such enacted version of such



	Commission Delegated Regulation) or (ii) a "credit-impaired debtor" as described in Article 20(11) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, and, in each case, in accordificial guidance issued in relation thereto.	dance with any
25	STS Criteria 25. (a) has been declared insolvent or had a court grant his creditors a final non-appealable right of enforcement or material damages as a result of a missed payment within three years prior to the date of origination	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See item 24 above.	
26	STS Criteria 26. Or has undergone a debt-restructuring process with regard to his non-performing exposures within three years prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE, except if:	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See item 24 above.	
27	STS Criteria 27. (i) a restructured underlying exposure has not presented new arrears since the date of the restructuring which must have taken place at least one year prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE; and	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See item 24 above.	
28	STS Criteria 28. (ii) the information provided by the originator, sponsor and SSPE in accordance with points (a) and (e)(i) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) explicitly sets out the proportion of restructured underlying exposures, the time and details of the restructuring as well as their performance since the date of the restructuring;	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See item 24 above.	
29	STS Criteria 29. (b) was, at the time of origination, where applicable, on a public credit registry of persons with adverse credit history or, where there is no such public credit registry, another credit registry that is available to the originator or original lender;	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See item 24 above.	



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30

STS Criteria

30. (c) has a credit assessment or a credit score indicating that the risk of contractually agreed payments not being made is significantly higher than for comparable exposures held by the originator which are not securitised.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See item 24 above.

Article 20.12. The debtors shall at the time of transfer of the exposures, have made at least one payment, except in the case of revolving securitisations backed by exposures payable in a single instalment or having a maturity of less than one year, including without limitation monthly payments on revolving credits.

31

STS Criteria

31. The debtors shall at the time of transfer of the exposures, have made at least one payment, except in the case of revolving securitisations backed by exposures payable in a single instalment or having a maturity of less than one year, including without limitation monthly payments on revolving credits.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See 7.3, Mortgage Loan Criteria:

"(cc) in respect of each Mortgage Loan at least one (interest) payment has been received prior to (i) the Closing Date;"

Article 20.13. The repayment of the holders of the securitisation positions shall not have been structured to depend predominantly on the sale of assets securing the underlying exposures. This shall not prevent such assets from being subsequently rolled-over or refinanced.

The repayment of the holders of the securitisation positions whose underlying exposures are secured by assets the value of which is guaranteed or fully mitigated by a repurchase obligation by the seller of the assets securing the underlying exposures or by another third party shall not be considered to depend on the sale of assets securing those underlying exposures.

32

STS Criteria

32. The repayment of the holders of the securitisation positions shall not have been structured to depend predominantly on the sale of assets securing the underlying exposures.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS securitisation (k).

Also, reference to Section 6.2, Mortgage Loan Types.

Although there was some uncertainty over the status of interest-only mortgages, this has been definitively cleared up by the EBA Guidelines specific statement that this criterion was not designed to capture these products.

Accordingly, none of the assets in the pool display any predominant reliance on the sale of the assets.





Article 21.1. The originator, sponsor or original lender shall satisfy the risk retention requirement in accordance with Article 6.

33

STS Criteria

33. The originator, sponsor or original lender shall satisfy the risk retention requirement in accordance with Article 6.

Verified? **YES**

PCS Comments

See section 4.4 Regulatory and Industry Compliance, EU and UK Risk Retention. The seller is the Originator for purposes of art. 2 STS definition of "Originator" and is the risk retention. party for purposes of article 6 of the Securitisation Regulation.

"The Seller, in its capacity as the 'originator' within the meaning of Article 2(3)(a) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, has undertaken to the Issuer, the Security Trustee, the Arrangers and the Joint Lead Managers to retain, on an ongoing basis, an interest that qualifies as a material net economic interest of not less than 5 per cent. in the securitisation transaction in accordance with Article 6(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (which does not take into account any relevant national measures)...

As at the Closing Date, such material net economic interest will be held in accordance with paragraph 3 item (a) of Article 6 of the EU Securitisation Regulation..."

Article 21.2. The interest rate and currency risks arising from the securitisation shall be appropriately mitigated and any measures taken to that effect shall be disclosed.

34

STS Criteria

34. The interest rate...risks arising from the securitisation shall be appropriately mitigated.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.4. EU STS securitisation:

"(m) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer will hedge the interest rate exposure by entering into the Swap Agreement in order to appropriately mitigate such interest rate exposure and to reduce the potential interest rate mismatch between the interest payable by Borrowers on the Mortgage Receivables and interest payable on the Floating Rate Notes. See section 5.4 (Hedging). In addition, for the purpose of compliance with the relevant requirements stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, other than the Swap Agreement, no derivative contracts are entered into by the Issuer and the underlying exposures to be sold and assigned to the Issuer shall not include derivatives (see also 5.4 (Hedging) and section 7.3 (Mortgage Loan Criteria)). Furthermore, there is no currency risk as the Notes will be denominated in euro, the interest on the Notes will be payable guarterly in arrear in euro and the Mortgage Loans are denominated in euro. (see also Condition 1 (Form, Denomination, and title). Condition 4(b) (Interest Periods and Notes Payment Dates)), Finally, the Swap Agreement will be documented on the basis of the standard ISDA documentation."

See 5.4 Hedging, Risk related to the Swap Agreement, Interest Rate Hedging.

See Risk Factors, 2.4, both "Risk related to the Swap Agreement" and "Interest rate risk in respect of the Floating Rate Notes".

PCS has also reviewed the transaction cashflow model.



	In the case of the Transaction, the analysis is relatively straightforward as confirmed in the prospectus sections and cashflow model noted above.	
35	STS Criteria 35. Currency risks arising from the securitisation shall be appropriately mitigated.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments Not applicable, the transaction assets and liabilities are both in Euro.	
36	STS Criteria 36. Any measures taken to that effect shall be disclosed.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See item 34 above.	

Article 21.2. Except for the purpose of hedging currency risk or interest rate risk, the SSPE shall not enter into derivative contracts and shall ensure that the pool of underlying exposures does not include derivatives.

Those derivatives shall be underwritten and documented according to common standards in international finance.

37 STS Criteria

37. Except for the purpose of hedging currency risk or interest rate risk, the SSPE shall not enter into derivative contracts and...

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, EU STS securitisation:

"(m) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer will hedge the interest rate exposure by entering into the Swap Agreement in order to appropriately mitigate such interest rate exposure and to reduce the potential interest rate mismatch between the interest payable by Borrowers on the Mortgage Receivables and interest payable on the Floating Rate Notes. See section 5.4 (Hedging). In addition, for the purpose of compliance with the relevant requirements stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, other than the Swap Agreement, no derivative contracts are entered into by the Issuer and the underlying exposures to be sold and assigned to the Issuer shall not include derivatives (see also 5.4 (Hedging) and section 7.3 (Mortgage Loan Criteria)). Furthermore, there is no currency risk as the Notes will be denominated in euro, the interest on the Notes will be payable quarterly in arrear in euro and the Mortgage Loans are denominated in euro. (see also Condition 1 (Form, Denomination, and title), Condition 4(b) (Interest Periods and Notes Payment Dates)). Finally, the Swap Agreement will be documented on the basis of the standard ISDA documentation."



See also definition of Swap Agreement and Credit Support Annex.



	See 4.3, Terms and Conditions, 3. Covenants of the Issuer (I)	
38	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	38Shall ensure that the pool of underlying exposures does not include derivatives.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 7.3, Mortgage Loan Criteria (ii) and section 4.4, EU STS securitisation:	
	"(m) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer will hedge the interest rate exposure be into the Swap Agreement in order to appropriately mitigate such interest rate exposure and to reduce the potential interest rate mismatch between the interest payable by B on the Mortgage Receivables and interest payable on the Floating Rate Notes. See section 5.4 (Hedging). In addition, for the purpose of compliance with the relevant require stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, other than the Swap Agreement, no derivative contracts are entered into by the Issuer and the underlying exto be sold and assigned to the Issuer shall not include derivatives (see also 5.4 (Hedging) and section 7.3 (Mortgage Loan Criteria)). Furthermore, there is no currency risk at Notes will be denominated in euro, the interest on the Notes will be payable quarterly in arrear in euro and the Mortgage Loans are denominated in euro. (see also Condition Denomination, and title), Condition 4(b) (Interest Periods and Notes Payment Dates)). Finally, the Swap Agreement will be documented on the basis of the standard ISDA documentation."	
39	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	39. Those derivatives shall be underwritten and documented according to common standards in international finance.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 4.4, EU STS securitisation:	
	"(m) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer will hedge the interest rat into the Swap Agreement in order to appropriately mitigate such interest rate exposure and to reduce the potential interest rate mismatch between the interest on the Mortgage Receivables and interest payable on the Floating Rate Notes. See section 5.4 (Hedging). In addition, for the purpose of compliance with the rel stemming from Article 21(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, other than the Swap Agreement, no derivative contracts are entered into by the Issuer and the to be sold and assigned to the Issuer shall not include derivatives (see also 5.4 (Hedging) and section 7.3 (Mortgage Loan Criteria)). Furthermore, there is no cu Notes will be denominated in euro, the interest on the Notes will be payable quarterly in arrear in euro and the Mortgage Loans are denominated in euro. (see al Denomination, and title), Condition 4(b) (Interest Periods and Notes Payment Dates)). Finally, the Swap Agreement will be documented on the basis of the standard documentation."	payable by Borrowers levant requirements underlying exposures urrency risk as the so Condition 1 (Form,





Article 21.3. Any referenced interest payments under the securitisation assets and liabilities shall be based on generally used market interest rates, or generally used sectoral rates reflective of the cost of funds, and shall not reference complex formulae or derivatives.

40

STS Criteria

40. Any referenced interest payments under the securitisation assets and liabilities shall be based on generally used market interest rates, or generally used sectoral rates reflective of the cost of funds and shall not reference complex formulae or derivatives.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

The Mortgage Loans carry a fixed rate of interest. The terms and conditions of the Mortgage Loans provide that the interest rates will be reset at the end of the applicable interest period. See Section 7.5 (Interest rate reset in respect of Mortgage Receivables).

The liabilities are floating rate 3-month Euribor based except the Class Z Notes (for which see Class Z Notes Amount and Class Z Notes Senior Amount – neither of which fall into concern here).

Article 21.4. Where an enforcement or an acceleration notice has been delivered:

- (a) no amount of cash shall be trapped in the SSPE beyond what is necessary to ensure the operational functioning of the SSPE or the orderly repayment of investors in accordance with the contractual terms of the securitisation, unless exceptional circumstances require that amount is trapped in order to be used, in the best interests of investors, for expenses in order to avoid the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures;
- (b) Principal receipts from the underlying exposures shall be passed to investors via sequential amortisation of the securitisation positions, as determined by the seniority of the securitisation position;
- (c) Repayment of the securitisation positions shall not be reversed with regard to their seniority; and
- (d) No provisions shall require automatic liquidation of the underlying exposures at market value.

41

STS Criteria

- 41. Where an enforcement or an acceleration notice has been delivered:
- (a) no amount of cash shall be trapped in the SSPE beyond what is necessary to ensure the operational functioning of the SSPE or the orderly repayment of investors in accordance with the contractual terms of the securitisation, unless exceptional circumstances require that amount is trapped in order to be used, in the best interests of investors, for expenses in order to avoid the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures;

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, EU STS securitisation:

"(o) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 21(4) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller and the Issuer confirm that upon the issuance of an Enforcement Notice, (i) no amount of cash shall be trapped in the Issuer Accounts and (ii) no automatic liquidation for market value of the Mortgage Receivables is required under the Transaction Documents (see also Conditions 6 (Redemption), 10 (Events of Default) and 11 (Enforcement) and section 5.2 (Priorities of Payment)). In addition, for the purpose of compliance with article 21(4) and article 21(9) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, (i) the delivery of an Enforcement Notice by the Security Trustee delivery of which will trigger a change from the Revenue Priority of Payments and the Principal Priority of Payments into the Post-Enforcement Priority of Payments and (ii) any change in the priorities of payment





	which will materially adversely affect the repayment of the Notes which will be reported to the Noteholders without undue delay (see also Condition 10 (Events 5.2 (Priority of Payment))."	of Default) and section
	There is no cash trapping for STS purposes.	
42	STS Criteria 42. (b) Principal receipts from the underlying exposures shall be passed to investors via sequential amortisation of the securitisation positions, as determined by the seniority of the securitisation position;	Verified? YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 5.2, Priorities of Payment, Post-Enforcement and Condition 6(D), (E) and (F) Priority of Payments.	
	On this basis PCS is prepared to verify this requirement.	
43	STS Criteria 43. (c) Repayment of the securitisation positions shall not be reversed with regard to their seniority; and	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 5.2, Priorities of Payment, Post-Enforcement and Condition 6(D), (E) and (F) Priority of Payments.	
	On this basis PCS is prepared to verify this requirement.	
44	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	44. (d) No provisions shall require automatic liquidation of the underlying exposures at market value.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 4.4, EU STS securitisation:	
	"(o) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 21(4) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller and the Issuer confirm that	t upon the issuance of

an Enforcement Notice, (i) no amount of cash shall be trapped in the Issuer Accounts and (ii) no automatic liquidation for market value of the Mortgage Receivables is required under

the Transaction Documents (see also Conditions 6 (Redemption), 10 (Events of Default) and 11 (Enforcement) and section 5.2 (Priorities of Payment)). In addition, for the purpose of compliance with article 21(4) and article 21(9) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, (i) the delivery of an Enforcement Notice by the Security Trustee delivery of which will trigger a change from the Revenue Priority of Payments and the Principal Priority of Payments into the Post-Enforcement Priority of Payments and (ii) any change in the priorities of payment which will materially adversely affect the repayment of the Notes which will be reported to the Noteholders without undue delay (see also Condition 10 (Events of Default) and section 5.2 (Priority of Payment))."





Article 21.5. Transactions which feature non-sequential priority of payments shall include triggers relating to the performance of the underlying exposures resulting in the priority of payments reverting to sequential payments in order of seniority. Such performance-related triggers shall include at least the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures below a pre-determined threshold.

45

STS Criteria

45. Transactions which feature non-sequential priority of payments shall include triggers relating to the performance of the underlying exposures resulting in the priority of payments reverting to sequential payments in order of seniority. Such performance-related triggers shall include at least the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures below a pre-determined threshold.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

The transaction is fully sequential. See section 5.2, Priority of Payments in respect of principal

Article 21.6. The transaction documentation shall include appropriate early amortisation provisions or triggers for termination of the revolving period where the securitisation is a revolving securitisation, including at least the following:

- (a) a deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures to or below a pre-determined threshold;
- (b) the occurrence of an insolvency-related event with regard to the originator or the servicer;
- (c) the value of the underlying exposures held by the SSPE falls below a pre-determined threshold (early amortisation event);
- (d) a failure to generate sufficient new underlying exposures that meet the pre-determined credit quality (trigger for termination of the revolving period).

46	STS Criteria
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46. The transaction documentation shall include appropriate early amortisation provisions or triggers for termination of the revolving period where the securitisation is a revolving securitisation, including at least the following:

Verified? YES

(a) a deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures to or below a pre-determined threshold;

PCS Comments

The transaction does not include a revolving feature.

47 STS Criteria

47. (b) the occurrence of an insolvency-related event with regard to the originator or the servicer;

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

The transaction does not include a revolving feature.

48 STS Criteria

48. (c) the value of the underlying exposures held by the SSPE falls below a pre-determined threshold (early amortisation event);

Verified? YES

PCS Comments





		The transaction does not include a revolving feature.	
4	9	STS Criteria	Verified?
		49. (d) a failure to generate sufficient new underlying exposures that meet the pre-determined credit quality (trigger for termination of the revolving period).	YES
		PCS Comments	
		The transaction does not include a revolving feature.	

Article 21.7. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify:

- (a) the contractual obligations, duties and responsibilities of the servicer and the trustee, if any, and other ancillary service providers;
- (b) the processes and responsibilities necessary to ensure that a default by or an insolvency of the servicer does not result in a termination of servicing, such as a contractual provision which enables the replacement of the servicer in such cases; and
- (c) provisions that ensure the replacement of derivative counterparties, liquidity providers and the account bank in the case of their default, insolvency, and other specified events, where applicable.

50 STS Criteria 50. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify: YES

(a) the contractual obligations, duties and responsibilities of the servicer and the trustee, if any, and other ancillary service providers;

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, EU STS securitisation (q)

See also summaries in sections 3.3 Security Trustee, 3.5 Master Servicer, 3.6 Back-up Servicer Facilitator, 3.7 Issuer Administrator and section 4.1 Terms and Conditions citing the Trust Deed.

See also the following descriptions on agreements: Servicing Agreement – section 7.4, the Administration Agreement and Cash Administration Agreement in section 5.6.

PCS has reviewed the underlying transaction documentation to its satisfaction.

51 STS Criteria

51. (b) the processes and responsibilities necessary to ensure that a default by or an insolvency of the servicer does not result in a termination of servicing, such as a contractual provision which enables the replacement of the servicer in such cases; and

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

The Issuer has, in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement, appointed Domivest as master servicer and Trustmoore Netherlands B.V. as the Back-up Servicer Facilitator to act as back-up servicer facilitator with effect from and including the occurrence of a Servicer Termination Event and until a substitute servicer has been appointed (and such appointment has become effective).

See 7.4, Servicing Agreement, Appointment of the Seller and Back-up Servicer Facilitator to act on behalf of the Issuer.



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 &7 - Transparency



The Issuer has appointed Stater as stand-by primary servicer in respect of the Mortgage Loans as detailed in the Servicing Agreement.

PCS has reviewed the underlying transaction documentation to its satisfaction.

52 STS Criteria

52. (c) provisions that ensure the replacement of derivative counterparties, liquidity providers and the account bank in the case of their default, insolvency, and other specified events, where applicable.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

The respective replacement languages are in:

See Risk Factors, Risk related to the Swap Agreement:

"In circumstances where the Swap Agreement is terminated, endeavours will be made, but no assurance can be given as to the ability of the Issuer to enter into one or more replacement transactions, or if one or more replacement transactions are entered into, as to the credit rating(s) of the swap counterparty(s) for the replacement transaction(s). The credit rating of a replacement swap counterparty may adversely affect the credit rating(s) and/or the marketability of the Notes."

Section 5.4, Hedging

Section 5.5, Issuer Accounts, Rating Issuer Account Bank

PCS has reviewed the underlying transaction documentation to its satisfaction.

Article 21.8. The servicer shall have expertise in servicing exposures of a similar nature to those securitised and shall have well documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk management controls relating to the servicing of exposures.

53 STS Criteria

53. The servicer shall have expertise in servicing exposures of a similar nature to those securitised

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS securitisation:

"(r) The Master Servicer is of the opinion that it has the required expertise in servicing mortgage loans which are of a similar nature as the Mortgage Loans within the meaning of Article 21(8) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, as (i) it has a minimum of 5 years' experience in servicing mortgage loans and (ii) the Master Servicer has appointed Stater and Hypocasso. Stater has undertaken to provide primary servicing in respect of the Mortgage Loans. Furthermore, Stater has undertaken to act as Stand-by Primary Servicer in respect of the Mortgage Loans to the Issuer upon notice of the occurrence of a Servicer Termination Event and termination of the Servicing Agreement, provided that Stater shall not (i) provide any arrears management services or (ii) take any commercial decision in respect of interest resets, subject to in accordance with a letter executed by, inter alios, the Master Servicer and Stater. HypoCasso has undertaken to provide the arrears management services in respect of the Mortgage Loans in default. Each of Stater and HypoCasso holds a licence as an intermediary (bemiddelaar) under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act. The Master Servicer is of the opinion that it and its stand-by special servicer and stand-by primary servicer have





well documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk management controls relating to the servicing of mortgage receivables (see also section 3.5 (Master Servicer) and 6.3 (Origination and servicing))."

PCS due diligence into Domivest, Stater and Hypocasso confirms the relevant experience required.

54 STS Criteria

54. And shall have well documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk management controls relating to the servicing of exposures.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS securitisation:

"(r) The Master Servicer is of the opinion that it has the required expertise in servicing mortgage loans which are of a similar nature as the Mortgage Loans within the meaning of Article 21(8) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, as (i) it has a minimum of 5 years' experience in servicing mortgage loans and (ii) the Master Servicer has appointed Stater and Hypocasso. Stater has undertaken to provide primary servicing in respect of the Mortgage Loans. Furthermore, Stater has undertaken to act as Stand-by Primary Servicer in respect of the Mortgage Loans to the Issuer upon notice of the occurrence of a Servicer Termination Event and termination of the Servicing Agreement, provided that Stater shall not (i) provide any arrears management services or (ii) take any commercial decision in respect of interest resets, subject to in accordance with a letter executed by, inter alios, the Master Servicer and Stater. HypoCasso has undertaken to provide the arrears management services in respect of the Mortgage Loans in default. Each of Stater and HypoCasso holds a licence as an intermediary (bemiddelaar) under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act. The Master Servicer is of the opinion that it and its stand-by special servicer and stand-by primary servicer have well documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk management controls relating to the servicing of mortgage receivables (see also section 3.5 (Master Servicer) and 6.3 (Origination and servicing))."

PCS has undertaken due diligence to confirm the requirements have been met.

Article 21.9. The transaction documentation shall set out in clear and consistent terms definitions, remedies and actions relating to delinquency and default of debtors, debt restructuring, debt forgiveness, forbearance, payment holidays, losses, charge offs, recoveries and other asset performance remedies

55 STS Criteria

55. The transaction documentation shall set out in clear and consistent terms, remedies and actions relating to delinquency and default of debtors debt restructuring, debt forgiveness, forbearance, payment holidays, losses, charge offs, recoveries and other asset performance remedies.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

Prospectus section 6.3, 7.4 and Servicing Agreement.

See also definition of "Realised Loss" in section 5.3





56	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	56. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify the priorities of payment,	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 5.2, Priorities of Payment.	
57	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	57. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify the events which trigger changes in such priorities of payment.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 5.2, Priorities of Payment. Post-Enforcement and Condition 6(D), (E) and (F) Priority of Payments.	
	"Any change in the priorities of payment which will materially adversely affect the repayment of the Notes shall be disclosed without undue delay to the extent r 21(9) of the EU Securitisation Regulation."	equired under Article
58	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	58. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify the obligation to report such events.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 5.2, Priorities of Payment. Post-Enforcement and Condition 6(D), (E) and (F) Priority of Payments.	
	"Any change in the priorities of payment which will materially adversely affect the repayment of the Notes shall be disclosed without undue delay to the extent r 21(9) of the EU Securitisation Regulation."	equired under Article
59	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	59. Any change in the priorities of payments which will materially adversely affect the repayment of the securitisation position shall be reported to investors without undue delay.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section 5.2, Priorities of Payment. Post-Enforcement and Condition 6(D), (E) and (F) Priority of Payments.	
	occ design 6.2,1 Horities of Fayment. Foot Emolocinent and containing (b), (b) and (f) Fhority of Faymento.	





Article 21.10. The transaction documentation shall include clear provisions that facilitate the timely resolution of conflicts between different classes of investors, voting rights shall be clearly defined and allocated to bondholders and the responsibilities of the trustee and other entities with fiduciary duties to investors shall be clearly identified.

60

STS Criteria

60. The transaction documentation shall include clear provisions that facilitate the timely resolution of conflicts between different classes of investors, voting rights shall be clearly defined and allocated to bondholders

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, EU STS securitisation:

- "(t) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 21(10) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Trust Deed and Condition 14 (Meetings of Noteholders; Modification; Consents; Waiver) contain provisions for convening meetings of Noteholders, the maximum timeframe for setting up a meeting or conference call, voting rights of the Noteholders, the procedures in the event of a conflict between Classes and the responsibilities of the Security Trustee in this respect (see also Condition 14 (Meetings of Noteholders; Modification; Consents; Waiver))"
- (a) the method for calling meetings; as for method: Trust Deed, Schedule 1 and Terms and Conditions 14. Meetings of Noteholders; Modification; Consents; Waiver; Alternative Benchmark Rate
- (b) the maximum timeframe for setting up a meeting: Trust Deed, Schedule 1
- (c) the required quorum: Trust Deed, Schedule 1 and Terms and Conditions 14. Meetings of Noteholders; Modification; Consents; Waiver; Alternative Benchmark Rate
- (d) the minimum threshold of votes to validate such a decision, with clear differentiation between the minimum thresholds for each type of decision: extraordinary: Trust Deed, Schedule 1
- (e) where applicable, a location for the meetings which should be in the EU: Trust Deed, Schedule 1. Clause 3.1, If a physical meeting, Amsterdam

Article 21.10. The transaction documentation shall include clear provisions that facilitate the timely resolution of conflicts between different classes of investors, voting rights shall be clearly defined and allocated to bondholders and the responsibilities of the trustee and other entities with fiduciary duties to investors shall be clearly identified.

61

STS Criteria

61. and the responsibilities of the trustee and other entities with fiduciary duties to investors shall be clearly identified.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.1 Terms and Conditions and the Trust Deed, which outline the responsibilities of the trustee. Also, in section 3.3 (Security Trustee) and 3.7 (Issuer Administrator) the responsibilities and duties are described.

The underlying documents confirm the relevant points are met.



Article 22.1. The originator and the sponsor shall make available data on static and dynamic historical default and loss performance, such as delinquency and default data, for substantially similar exposures to those being securitised, and the sources of those data and the basis for claiming similarity, to potential investors before pricing. Those data shall cover a period no shorter than five years.

sho	orter than five years.			
62	STS Criteria 62. The originator and the sponsor shall make available data on static and dynamic historical default and loss performance, such as delinquency and default data, for substantially similar exposures to those being securitised,	Verified? YES		
	PCS Comments			
	See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation:			
	(u) The Seller has provided to potential investors (i) data on static and dynamic historical default and loss performance, such as delinquency and default data, mortgage loans and mortgage receivables to those being securitised, and the sources of those data and the basis for claiming similarity, which data cover a perfive (5) years, as required by Article 22(1) of the Securitisation Regulation as set out in section 6.3 (Origination and servicing), a draft of which was made availation investors prior to the pricing of the Notes and (ii) the liability cash flow model as referred to in Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation published by Bloomberg and Intex Noteholders and, upon request, to potential investors in accordance with Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation." Section 6.1, Data on static and dynamic historical default and loss performance of mortgage receivables similar to the Mortgage Receivables	riod of not shorter than ble to such potential comberg and Intex prior		
63	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>		
	63. and the sources of those data and the basis for claiming similarity, to potential investors before pricing.	YES		
	PCS Comments			
	See item 62 above.			
64	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>		
	64. Those data shall cover a period no shorter than five years.	YES		
	PCS Comments			

Article 22.2. A sample of the underlying exposures shall be subject to external verification prior to issuance of the securities resulting from the securitisation by an appropriate and independent party, including verification that the data disclosed in respect of the underlying exposures is accurate.

e	65 <u>STS</u>	S Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
			YES



See item 62 above.



65. A sample of the underlying exposures shall be subject to external verification prior to issuance of the securities resulting from the securitisation by an appropriate and independent party,

PCS Comments

See 6.1 Stratification Tables

"The Seller has engaged an appropriate and independent party to undertake an agreed-upon procedures review on the Mortgage Loans comprising the Portfolio in accordance with article 22(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation. The agreed-upon procedure review includes the review of various loan characteristics which include, but are not limited to Borrower(s) Name, Property address, Loan Origination Date, Property tenure, Amount advanced, Original Term, Valuation amount, Valuation Date, Property Type, Rental Confirmation, Document signatories, Repayment Type, Interest Rate, Interest Rate Type, Fixed-rate Period, Lien, Current balance, Arrears balance.

For the review of the Mortgage Loans a confidence level of 99.00% is applied. In addition, a sample of the Mortgage Loan Criteria against the entire loan-by-loan data tape is verified by an appropriate and independent party and the Seller confirms that no adverse findings have been found."

See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation:

"(v) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 22(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, a sample of Mortgage Receivables has been externally verified by an appropriate and independent party prior to the date of this Prospectus (see also section 6.1 (Stratification tables)). The Seller confirms no significant adverse findings have been found. Furthermore, a sample of the Mortgage Loan Criteria against the entire loan-level has been verified by an appropriate and independent party and the Seller confirms that no adverse findings have been found."

66 STS Criteria

66. Including verification that the data disclosed in respect of the underlying exposures is accurate.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See item 65 above.

Article 22.3. The originator or the sponsor shall, before the pricing of the securitisation, make available to potential investors a liability cash flow model which precisely represents the contractual relationship between the underlying exposures and the payments flowing between the originator, sponsor, investors, other third parties and the SSPE, and shall, after pricing, make that model available to investors on an ongoing basis and to potential investors upon request.

67 STS Criteria

67. The originator or the sponsor shall, before the pricing of the securitisation, make available to potential investors a liability cash flow model which precisely represents the contractual relationship between the underlying exposures and the payments flowing between the originator, sponsor, investors, other third parties and the SSPE.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation:

(u) The Seller has provided to potential investors (i) data on static and dynamic historical default and loss performance, such as delinquency and default data, for substantially similar mortgage loans and mortgage receivables to those being securitised which data cover a period of not shorter than five (5) years, as required by Article 22(1) of the Securitisation



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 &7 - Transparency

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Regulation as set out in section 6.3 (Origination and servicing), a draft of which was made available to such potential investors prior to the pricing of the Notes and (ii) the liability
cash flow model as referred to in Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation published by Bloomberg and Intex prior to the pricing of the Notes and will, after the date of this
Prospectus, on an ongoing basis make the liability cash flow model published by Bloomberg and Intex available to Noteholders and, upon request, to potential investors in accordance
with Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation."

68

STS Criteria

68. And shall, after pricing, make that model available to investors on an ongoing basis and to potential investors upon request.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation:

(u) The Seller has provided to potential investors (i) data on static and dynamic historical default and loss performance, such as delinquency and default data, for substantially similar mortgage loans and mortgage receivables to those being securitised which data cover a period of not shorter than five (5) years, as required by Article 22(1) of the Securitisation Regulation as set out in section 6.3 (Origination and servicing), a draft of which was made available to such potential investors prior to the pricing of the Notes and (ii) the liability cash flow model as referred to in Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation published by Bloomberg and Intex available to Noteholders and, upon request, to potential investors in accordance with Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation."

Article 22.4. In case of a securitisation where the underlying exposures are residential loans or car loans or leases, the originator and sponsor shall publish the available information related to the environmental performance of the assets financed by such residential loans or car loans or leases, as part of the information disclosed pursuant to point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1).

By way of derogation from the first subparagraph, originators may, from 1 June 2021, decide to publish the available information related to the principal adverse impacts of the assets financed by underlying exposures on sustainability factors.

22.6 By 10 July 2021, the ESAs shall develop, through the Joint Committee of the European Supervisory Authorities, draft regulatory technical standards in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010, (EU) No 1094/2010 and (EU) No 1095/2010 on the content, methodologies and presentation of information referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 4 of this Article, in respect of the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impacts on the climate and other environmental, social and governance-related adverse impacts.

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STS Criteria

69. In case of a securitisation where the underlying exposures are residential loans or car loans or leases, the originator and sponsor shall publish the available information related to the environmental performance of the assets financed by such residential loans or car loans or leases, as part of the information disclosed pursuant to point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1).

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See EU STS Securitisation:



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 &7 - Transparency



"(w) For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 22(4) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller confirms that it will report on the environmental performance of the Mortgage Receivables, to the extent such information is available, in accordance with Article 22(4) of the EU Securitisation Regulation."

See Section 8, General, 19.

Article 22.5. The originator and the sponsor shall be responsible for compliance with Article 7 of this Regulation. The information required by point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available to potential investors before pricing upon request. The information required by points (b) to (d) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available before pricing at least in draft or initial form.

70

STS Criteria

70. The originator and the sponsor shall be responsible for compliance with Article 7 of this Regulation.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation, 5.7 Transparency Reporting Agreement and Section 8, General, 13.

Article 22.5. The originator and the sponsor shall be responsible for compliance with Article 7 of this Regulation. The information required by point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available to potential investors before pricing upon request. The information required by points (b) to (d) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available before pricing at least in draft or initial form.

71.	The	inform
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STS Criteria

nation required by point (a) the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available to potential investors before pricing upon request.

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x) and 8 General, 13.

72 **STS Criteria**

72. The information required by points (b) to (d) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available before pricing at least in draft or initial form.

Verified? **YES**

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x) and 8 General, 13.

Article 22.5. The final documentation shall be made available to investors at the latest 15 days after closing of the transaction.





73

STS Criteria

73. The final documentation shall be made available to investors at the latest 15 days after closing of the transaction.

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x), Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (C) (a) and 8 General, 11, 12 and 13.

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

(a) information on the underlying exposures on a quarterly basis, or, in the case of ABCP, information on the underlying receivables or credit claims on a monthly basis;

74 STS Criteria

74. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

Verified? YES

(a) information on the underlying exposures on a quarterly basis,

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (A) (ii), 5.7 Transparency Reporting Agreement and Section 8, General, 13

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

- (b) all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction, including but not limited to, where applicable, the following documents:
- (i) the final offering document or the prospectus together with the closing transaction documents, excluding legal opinions;
- (ii) for traditional securitisation the asset sale agreement, assignment, novation or transfer agreement and any relevant declaration of trust;
- (iii) the derivatives and guarantee agreements as well as any relevant documents on collateralisation arrangements where the exposures being securitised remain exposures of the originator;
- (iv) the servicing, back-up servicing, administration and cash management agreements;
- (v) the trust deed, security deed, agency agreement, account bank agreement, guaranteed investment contract, incorporated terms or master trust framework or master definitions agreement or such legal documentation with equivalent legal value;
- (vi) any relevant inter-creditor agreements, derivatives documentation, subordinated loan agreements, start-up loan agreements and liquidity facility agreements;

75

STS Criteria

Verified?

YES





- 75. (b) all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction, including but not limited to, where applicable, the following documents:
- (i) the final offering document or the prospectus together with the closing transaction documents, excluding legal opinions
- (ii) for traditional securitisation the asset sale agreement, assignment, novation or transfer agreement and any relevant declaration of trust;
- (iii) the derivatives and guarantee agreements as well as any relevant documents on collateralisation arrangements where the exposures being securitised remain exposures of the originator;
- (iv) the servicing, back-up servicing, administration and cash management agreements;
- (v) the trust deed, security deed, agency agreement, account bank agreement, guaranteed investment contract, incorporated terms or master trust framework or master definitions agreement or such legal documentation with equivalent legal value;
- (vi) any relevant inter-creditor agreements, derivatives documentation, subordinated loan agreements, start-up loan agreements and liquidity facility agreements;

PCS Comments

See 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x), Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (C) (a) and 8 General, 11, 12 and 13.

Article 7.1. That underlying documentation shall include a detailed description of the priority of payments of the securitisation;

76

STS Criteria

76. That underlying documentation shall include a detailed description of the priority of payments of the securitisation;

Verified?

PCS Comments

See Item 75 above.

- Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:
- (c) where a prospectus has not been drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, a transaction summary or overview of the main features of the securitisation, including, where applicable:
- (i) details regarding the structure of the deal, including the structure diagrams containing an overview of the transaction, the cash flows and the ownership structure;
- (ii) details regarding the exposure characteristics, cash flows, loss waterfall, credit enhancement and liquidity support features;
- (iii) details regarding the voting rights of the holders of a securitisation position and their relationship to other secured creditors;
- (iv) a list of all triggers and events referred to in the documents provided in accordance with point (b) that could have a material impact on the performance of the securitisation position;



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STS Criteria

- 77. (c) where a prospectus has not been drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, a transaction summary or overview of the main features of the securitisation, including, where applicable:
- (i) details regarding the structure of the deal, including the structure diagrams containing an overview of the transaction, the cash flows and the ownership structure;
- (ii) details regarding the exposure characteristics, cash flows, loss waterfall, credit enhancement and liquidity support features;
- (iii) details regarding the voting rights of the holders of a securitisation position and their relationship to other secured creditors;
- (iv) a list of all triggers and events referred to in the documents provided in accordance with point (b) that could have a material impact on the performance of the securitisation position;

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

Not applicable.

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

(d) in the case of STS securitisations, the STS notification referred to in Article 27;

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STS Criteria

78. (d) in the case of STS securitisations, the STS notification referred to in Article 27;

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, EU STS Securitisation and section 8, General, 11.

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

- (e) quarterly investor reports, or, in the case of ABCP, monthly investor reports, containing the following:
- (i) all materially relevant data on the credit quality and performance of underlying exposures;
- (ii) information on events which trigger changes in the priority of payments or the replacement of any counterparties, and, in the case of a securitisation which is not an ABCP transaction, data on the cash flows generated by the underlying exposures and by the liabilities of the securitisation;
- (iii) information about the risk retained, including information on which of the modalities provided for in Article 6(3) has been applied, in accordance with Article 6.

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STS Criteria

79. (e) quarterly investor reports, or, in the case of ABCP, monthly investor reports, containing the following:

(i) all materially relevant data on the credit quality and performance of underlying exposures;

Verified?

YES



- (ii) information on events which trigger changes in the priority of payments or the replacement of any counterparties,
- (ii)...and, in the case of a securitisation which is not an ABCP transaction, data on the cash flows generated by the underlying exposures and by the liabilities of the securitisation;
- (iii) information about the risk retained, including information on which of the modalities provided for in Article 6(3) has been applied, in accordance with Article 6.

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (A) (i), 5.7 Transparency Reporting Agreement and Section 8, General, 13

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

(f) any inside information relating to the securitisation that the originator, sponsor or SSPE is obliged to make public in accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on insider dealing and market manipulation;

80 STS Criteria

80. (f) any inside information relating to the securitisation that the originator, sponsor or SSPE is obliged to make public in accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on insider dealing and market manipulation;

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (Y), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (B), 5.7 Transparency Reporting Agreement and Section 8, General, 14.

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

- (g) where point (f) does not apply, any significant event such as:
- (i) a material breach of the obligations laid down in the documents provided in accordance with point (b), including any remedy, waiver or consent subsequently provided in relation to such a breach;
- (ii) a change in the structural features that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation;
- (iii) a change in the risk characteristics of the securitisation or of the underlying exposures that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation;
- (iv) in the case of STS securitisations, where the securitisation ceases to meet the STS requirements or where competent authorities have taken remedial or administrative actions;
- (v) any material amendment to transaction documents.

1 STS Criteria

81. (g) where point (f) does not apply, any significant event such as:

Verified? YES





- (i) a material breach of the obligations laid down in the documents provided in accordance with point (b), including any remedy, waiver or consent subsequently provided in relation to such a breach;
- (ii) a change in the structural features that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation
- (iii) a change in the risk characteristics of the securitisation or of the underlying exposures that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation;
- (iv) in the case of STS securitisations, where the securitisation ceases to meet the STS requirements or where competent authorities have taken remedial or administrative actions;
- (v) any material amendment to transaction documents.

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (Y), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (B), 5.7 Transparency Reporting Agreement and Section 8, General, 14.

Article 7.1. The information described in points (a) and (e) of the first subparagraph shall be made available simultaneously each quarter at the latest one month after the due date for the payment of interest [...ABCP provisions]

STS Criteria

82. The information described in points (a) and (e) of the first subparagraph shall be made available simultaneously each quarter at the latest one month after the due date for the payment of interest [...ABCP provisions]

Verified? YES

PCS Comments

See sections 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (A) (i)/(A) (ii), 5.7 Transparency Reporting Agreement and Section 8, General, 13.

Article 7.1. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 596/2014, the information described in points (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph shall be made available without delay

When complying with this paragraph, the originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall comply with national and Union law governing the protection of confidentiality of information and the processing of personal data in order to avoid potential breaches of such law as well as any confidentiality obligation relating to customer, original lender or debtor information, unless such confidential information is anonymised or aggregated.

In particular, with regard to the information referred to in point (b) the originator, sponsor and SSPE may provide a summary of the concerned documentation.

Competent authorities referred to in Article 29 shall be able to request the provision of such confidential information to them in order to fulfil their duties under this Regulation.

83 STS Criteria

83. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 596/2014, the information described in points (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph shall be made available without delay

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments





14.

See sections 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (Y), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (B), 5.7 Transparency Reporting Agreement and Section 8, General,

Article 7.2. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall designate amongst themselves one entity to fulfil the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1.

The entity designated in accordance with the first subparagraph shall make the information for a securitisation transaction available by means of a securitisation repository. Or

The obligations referred to in the second and fourth subparagraphs shall not apply to securitisations where no prospectus has to be drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC.

84 **STS Criteria**

84. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall designate amongst themselves one entity to fulfil the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1.

The entity designated in accordance with the first subparagraph shall make the information for a securitisation transaction available by means of a securitisation repository.

Or

The obligations referred to in the second and fourth subparagraphs shall not apply to securitisations where no prospectus has to be drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC.

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, EU STS Securitisation (x), 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation (D) and 5.6 Administration Agreement and Cash Management Agreement, Issuer Services (r).

The Securitisation Repository, see 8 General 12 and 13.

"In addition, the Seller (or any agent on its behalf) will publish or make otherwise available the reports and information referred to above as required under Article 7 and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation by means of the EU SR Repository."

EU SR Repository means European Datawarehouse GMBH, https://edwin.eurodw.eu/edweb/;

STS Criteria 85

85. The entity responsible for reporting the information, and the securitisation repository where the information is made available shall be indicated in the documentation regarding the securitisation.

Verified? YES

Verified?

YES

PCS Comments

See section 4.4, Reporting and disclosure under the EU Securitisation Regulation. The Reporting Entity is The Seller.

The Securitisation Repository, see 8 General 12 and 13.



Article 21 - Standardisation

Article 22 &7 - Transparency



"In addition, the Seller (or any agent on its behalf) will publish or make otherwise available the reports and information referred to above as required under Article 7 and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation by means of the EU SR Repository."

EU SR Repository means European Datawarehouse GMBH, https://edwin.eurodw.eu/edweb/;checklist

