### STS Term Verification Checklist MASTER CREDIT CARDS PASS COMPARTMENT FRANCE NOTE SERIES 2022-1



PRIME COLLATERALISED SECURITIES (PCS) EU SAS

27 June 2022

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This is the STS Term Verification Checklist for STS Term Verifications.

This STS Term Verification Checklist must be read together with the PCS Procedures Manual and the PCS Term Evidentiary Standards Manual. This document is based upon the draft materials received by PCS as at the date of this document. Any page references in this document are to the base prospectus and Final Terms unless otherwise stated.

PCS comments in this STS Term Verification Checklist are based on PCS' interpretation of the STS Regulation (the "Regulation") informed by (a) the text of the Regulation itself, (b) the EBA guidelines and recommendations issued in accordance with Article 19(2) of the Regulation (the "EBA Guidelines") and (c) any relevant national competent authorities interpretation of the STS criteria to the extent known to PCS.

It is important that the reader of this checklist reviews and understands the disclaimer referred to on the following page.

27 June 2022



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#### PRIME COLLATERALISED SECURITIES (PCS) STS Verification

Individual(s) undertaking the assessment	Mark Lewis
Date of Verification	27 June 2022
The transaction to be verified (the "Transaction")	MASTER CREDIT CARDS PASS COMPARTMENT FRANCE NOTE SERIES 2022-1

Issuer	MASTER CREDIT CARDS PASS COMPARTMENT FRANCE
Originator	Carrefour Banque
Lead Manager(s)	CACIB, Natixis and Société Générale
Transaction Legal Counsel	Ashurst
Rating Agencies	DBRS and S&P
Stock Exchange	Euronext Paris
Closing Date	27 June 2022

PCS confirms that all checklist points have been verified as detailed in the associated comment box in the checklist below.

A summary of the checklist points by article is set out in the table of contents on the next page together with a reference to the respective article contents. To examine a specific article from the list below, please click on the article description to be taken directly to the relevant section of the checklist.

Within the checklist, the relevant legislative text is set out in grey introductory boxes with specific criteria for our verification listed underneath.



Article	Summary of Article Contents	PCS Veri	fied
Article 2	) – Simplicity		
20(1)	True sale	1	✓
20(2-4)	Severe clawback	2	✓
20(3)	True sale with intermediate steps	3	✓
20(5)	Assignment perfection	4	✓
20(6)	Encumbrances to enforceability of true sale	5	✓
20(7)	Eligibility criteria, active portfolio management, and exposure transferred after closing	6 - 8	✓
20(8)	Homogeneity, enforceability, full recourse, periodic payment streams, no transferable securities	9 - 14	✓
20(9)	No securitisation positions	15	✓
20(10)	Origination, underwriting standards, unverified residential loans, assessment of creditworthiness, originator expertise	16 - 21	✓
20(11)	No undue delay after selection, no exposures in default or to credit-impaired or insolvent debtors/guarantors, portion of restructured debtors, adverse credit history, higher pool risk	22 - 30	~
20(12)	At least one payment made	31	$\checkmark$
20(13)	No predominant dependence on the sale of asset	32	✓
Article 2 <sup>°</sup>	- Standardisation		
21(1)	Risk retention	33	✓
21(2)	Appropriate mitigation of interest-rate and currency risks and disclosure, no further derivatives and hedging derivatives according to common standards	34 - 39	$\checkmark$
21(3)	Referenced interest payments	40	✓
21(4)	Requirements in the event of enforcement or delivery of acceleration notice: no cash trap, sequential amortisation, no reversal, no automatic liquidation	41 - 44	✓
21(5)	Non-sequential priority of payments	45	✓
21(6)	Early amortisation provisions/triggers for termination of revolving period	46 - 49	✓
21(7)	Duties, responsibilities, and replacement of transaction parties	50 - 52	✓
21(8)	Expertise of the servicer	53 - 54	✓
21(9)	Remedies and actions by servicer related to delinquency and default of debtor, priorities of payments, triggers for changes, obligation to report	55 - 59	✓
21(10)	Resolution of investor conflicts and fiduciary party responsibilities and duties	60 - 61	✓
	22 and 7 – Transparency		
22(1)	Historical asset data	62 - 64	✓
22(2)	AUP/asset verification	65 - 66	✓
22(3)	Liability cashflow model	67 - 68	✓
22(4)	Environmental performance of asset	69	✓
22(5)	Responsibility for article 7, information disclosure before pricing and 15 days after closing	70 - 73	✓
7(1)	Transparency requirements: underlying loan data, documentation, priority of payments, transaction summary, STS notification, investor report, inside information, significant event report, simultaneous, without delay	74 - 83	~
7(2)	Transparency requirements: securitisation repository, designation of responsible entity	84 - 85	✓



Article 20.1. The title to the underlying exposures shall be acquired by the SSPE by means of a true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect in a manner that is enforceable against the seller or any other third party. The transfer of the title to the SSPE shall not be subject to severe clawback provisions in the event of the seller's insolvency. STS Criteria 1 Verified? 1. The title to the underlying exposures shall be acquired by the SSPE by means of a true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect in a YES manner that is enforceable against the seller or any other third party. **PCS Comments** Note: all references are to the base prospectus unless otherwise noted. Regarding the assignment of title, see section "Sale and Purchase of the Receivables", sub-section "Transfer of the Receivables", where it is stated: "Pursuant to Article L. 214-169 V 1° and Article L. 214-169 V 2° of the French Monetary and Financial Code, the transfer of the Receivables and their Ancillary Rights by the Seller to the Compartment shall be made by way of a "deed of transfer" (acte de cession de créances) satisfying the requirements of Article L. 214-169 V 2° and Article D. 214-227 of the French Monetary and Financial Code." "Pursuant to Article L. 214-169 V 2° of the French Monetary and Financial Code "the assignment of receivables shall take effect between the parties (i.e. the assignor and the fund in its capacity as transferee) and shall be enforceable vis-à-vis third parties as of the date specified in the deed of transfer (acte de cession de créances), irrespective of the origination date, the maturity date or the due date of such receivables with no further formalities regardless of the law governing the transferred receivables and the law of the domicile of the assigned debtors." "Pursuant to Article L. 214-169 V 3° of the French Monetary and Financial Code "the delivery (remise) of the deed of transfer (acte de cession de créances) shall, as a matter of French law, entail the automatic (de plein droit) transfer of any ancillary rights (including any security interest, guarantees and other ancillary rights) attached to each receivable and the enforceability (opposabilité) of such transfer vis-à-vis third parties, without any further formalities (sans qu'il soit besoin d'autre formalité)." "Pursuant to Article L. 214-169 V 4° of the French Monetary and Financial Code "the assignment of the receivables and of their ancillary rights shall remain valid (la cession conserve ses effets après le jugement d'ouverture) notwithstanding that the seller is in a state of cessation of payments (cessation des paiements) on the relevant purchase date (au moment de cette cession) and notwithstanding the opening of any proceeding governed by Book VI of the French Commercial Code (dispositions du Livre VI du Code de Commerce) or any equivalent proceeding governed by any foreign law (procédure équivalente sur le fondement d'un droit étranger) against the seller after such purchase (postérieurement à cette cession)." It is confirmed that the Seller is located in a jurisdiction without severe clawback. Pursuant to article D. 214-227 of the French Monetary and Financial Code the Seller and the Servicer shall, when required to do so by the Management Company, carry out any act of formality in order to protect, amend, perfect, release or enforce any of the Ancillary Rights relating to the Purchased Receivables." PCS has been provided with and reviewed a draft of the French law legal opinion provided by Ashurst LLP. Confirmation of true sale i.e. enforceability of assignment, an assessment of the re-characterisation risks is made in the Legal Opinion. "True sale" is not a legal concept but a rating agency creation. The essence of a "true sale" is that the property in the securitised assets has legally moved from the originator(s)/seller to the SSPE in such a way that the SSPE's ownership will be recognised as a matter of law, including and especially in the case of the insolvency of the originator(s)/seller. In a "true sale" the insolvency officer and creditors of the insolvent originator/seller are not able to satisfy the claims of the originator/seller's creditor out of the proceeds of the securitised assets. Following a "true sale" there is no legal device by which the assets can automatically revert to the originator/seller's ownership. Such automatic reversion is associated with security interests and anathema to a "true sale".



This is clearly stated in the wording of the Regulation (20.1). The expression "transfer to the same effect" indicates that, as long as the conditions in the preceding paragraph are met, the Regulation does not seek to limit the type of legal devices which can be used to effect such transfer of title. The issue of "true sale" is separate from the issue of "clawback". "Clawback" refers to legal processes through which, in the insolvency of the seller of an asset, an insolvency officer is entitled to reverse the sale – even in cases where a "true sale" has taken place. The issue of "true sale" is separate from the issue of "clawback". "Clawback" refers to legal processes through which, in the insolvency of the seller of an asset, an insolvency officer is entitled to reverse the sale – even in cases where a "true sale" has taken place.

All European jurisdictions, to PCS' knowledge, have rules allowing for clawbacks. Clawbacks are usually rules to avoid a company heading towards insolvency from "defrauding" its existing creditors either by selling assets at very low prices (to friends and relations) or unfairly preferring certain creditors over others.

The Regulation (20.1) therefore does not require STS "true sales" to be fully clawback-proof since this would mean that no European securitisation could ever be STS. It does require the sale not to be subject to "severe clawback". The Regulation does not define "severe clawback" but gives an example (20.2) where a clawback may occur. The Regulation (20.3) also explicitly excludes from the definition of "severe clawback" the traditional European basis for such devices which all come under the general category of "preferences".

PCS further notes that the examples (20.2 and 20.3) refer to the insolvency law of a jurisdiction and therefore believes that clawback risk is to be assessed on a jurisdictional basis rather than on a transactional basis.

Finally, PCS does not believe and nor is there any evidence that the legislators or regulatory authorities are seeking to craft a higher standard than that which has been used for decades by the market and was the basis for the legislative text. Based on the above considerations, PCS believes that transfers from a jurisdiction meeting the following criteria – absent any other indications – shall not fall within the definition of "severe clawback":

· Clawback requires an unfair preference "defrauding" creditors;

• Clawback puts the burden of proof on the insolvency officer or creditors – in other words it cannot be automatic nor require the purchaser to prove their innocence.

Since "severe clawback" is a jurisdictional concept, in analysing this issue, PCS will therefore first seek to determine the Seller's jurisdiction for the purposes of insolvency law. This would be its centre of main interest ("COMI") or its "home member state".

The second step would be to determine whether the relevant COMI and/or "home member state" contains severe claw back provisions in its insolvency legislation.

Although the determination of a COMI can be a technically fraught analysis of international conflicts of law, PCS notes that in the vast majority of securitisations there is no real issue as the COMI is self-evident. In the case of the Transaction, title to the assets is transferred by means of assignments from a French bank to a French fund compartment.

The legal opinion from Ashurst LLP confirmed that the assignment from the Seller to the Issuer meets the definition of "true sale" outlined above.

The Seller is incorporated in France (See "Description of the Seller" and "Origination, Underwriting, Servicing and Collections procedures".

French insolvency law provides for clawback in the cases of preferences and transactions at an undervalue and require the insolvency officer to prove that case. Therefore, and as generally outlined in the French legal opinion, the transfer is not, in our view, subject to "severe clawback".

The Seller is incorporated and authorised as a credit institution in France (see "The Seller" of the Prospectus) and in case of its insolvency, French law would be applicable to the relevant insolvency actions. In the Republic of France, no severe claw-back provisions apply to securitisation transactions.



Article 20.1 [...] The transfer of the title to the SSPE shall not be subject to severe clawback provisions in the event of the seller's insolvency.

Article 20.2 For the purpose of paragraph 1, any of the following shall constitute severe clawback provisions:

(a) provisions which allow the liquidator of the seller to invalidate the sale of the underlying exposures solely on the basis that it was concluded within a certain period before the declaration of the seller's insolvency;

(b) provisions where the SSPE can only prevent the invalidation referred to in point (a) if it can prove that it was not aware of the insolvency of the seller at the time of sale..

Article 20.3. For the purpose of paragraph 1, clawback provisions in national insolvency laws that allow the liquidator or a court to invalidate the sale of underlying exposures in case of fraudulent transfers, unfair prejudice to creditors or of transfers intended to improperly favour particular creditors over others, shall not constitute severe clawback provisions.

2	STS Criteria	Verified?
	2. The transfer of the title to the SSPE shall not be subject to severe clawback provisions in the event of the seller's insolvency.	YES

#### PCS Comments

The Seller is incorporated and authorised as a credit institution in France (see "The Seller" of the Prospectus) and in case of its insolvency, French law would be applicable to the relevant insolvency actions. In the Republic of France, no severe claw-back provisions apply to securitisation transactions.

Neither clawback provision above applies.

In the Republic of France, no severe claw-back provisions apply to assignments of receivables made in the context of securitisation transactions.

Article 20.4. Where the seller is not the original lender, the true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect of the underlying exposures to the seller, whether that true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect is direct or through one or more intermediate steps, shall meet the requirements set out in paragraphs 1 to 3.

## STS Criteria Where the seller is not the original lender, the true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect of the underlying exposures to the seller, whether that true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect is direct or through one or more intermediate steps, shall meet the requirements N/A set out in paragraphs 1 to 3.

#### PCS Comments

This requirement does not apply to this transaction since the Loans have been originated by the Seller.

See definition of Eligibility Criteria, "Eligibility Criteria with respect to any Receivable" 1. (b) (iii), confirming that "The Seller is the sole holder the Receivable and did not purchase it or acquire it otherwise from a third party. "Eligibility Criteria with respect to any Receivable" 1. (b) (iv), "Each Receivable is free and clear of any right that could be exercised by third parties against the Seller, or the Compartment".



-	medied breaches of contractual obligations by the seller, including the seller's default.	
4	STS Criteria 4. Where the transfer of the underlying exposures is performed by means of an assignment and perfected at a later stage than at the closing of the transaction, the triggers to effect such perfection shall, at least include the following events:	Verified?
	(a) severe deterioration in the seller credit quality standing;	YES
	<ul> <li>(b) insolvency of the seller; and</li> <li>(c) unremedied breaches of contractual obligations by the seller, including the seller's default.</li> </ul>	
	PCS Comments	
	See Section "SALE AND PURCHASE OF THE RECEIVABLES", Transfer of the Receivables	
	Pursuant to Article L. 214-169 V 2° of the French Monetary and Financial Code "the assignment of receivables shall take effect between the parties (i.e. the as its capacity as transferee) and shall be enforceable vis-à-vis third parties as of the date specified in the deed of transfer (acte de cession de créances), irresp date, the maturity date or the due date of such receivables with no further formalities regardless of the law governing the transferred receivables and the law assigned debtors."	ective of the originati
	Pursuant to Article D. 214-227 of the French Monetary and Financial Code the Seller or the Servicer shall, when required to do so by the Management Compar formality in order to protect, amend, perfect, release or enforce any of the Ancillary Rights relating to the Purchased Receivables.	ny, carry out any act c
	Therefore, legal title to the Purchased Receivables and the Ancillary Rights will be validly transferred from the Seller to the Compartment on the date of the de Transfer Document by the Seller to the Management Company without any other formality being required. For the avoidance of doubt, no perfection of title is L.214-169 V of the French Monetary and Financial Code to perfect the Compartment's legal title to the Purchased Receivables.	
	Criterion 4 requires two steps: (i) To determine whether the transfer of the assets is by means of an unperfected assignment; and If it is, (ii) whether the trans	action contains the

Although the transfer is not notified to the borrowers, the French legal opinion confirms that such notification is not required to fully perfect the transfer of ownership in the loans to the SSPE. Accordingly, this transaction does not operate by way of an unperfected assignment and the issue of triggers does not arise.



	STS Criteria 5. The seller shall provide representations and warranties that, to the best of its knowledge, the underlying exposures included in the securitisation are not encumbered or otherwise in a condition that can be foreseen to adversely affect the enforceability of the true sale or assignment or transfer with the same legal effect.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
E	PCS Comments	
(	The Seller in representation and warranty set forth in §(i) of section "Sale and Purchase of the Receivables – Seller's Representations and Warranties with res Credit Agreements, the Receivables and the Client Accounts" confirms that "to the best of the Seller's knowledge, the Receivables which will be assigned by it on such Purchase Date are not encumbered or otherwise in a condition that can be foreseen to adversely affect the enforceability of the assignment with the	to the Compartmen
S	See also definition of Eligibility Criteria 1. (b) (iv) and 1 (b) (viii).	
"	"The Receivable is free and clear of any right that could be exercised by third parties against the Seller, or the Compartment."	
	"The Receivable and the Ancillary Rights are not subject, either totally or partially, to assignment, delegation or pledge, attachment claim, set off claims or enc type which would constitute an impediment to the purported assignment."	umbrance of whatev
ve por Il not l osure:	0.7. The underlying exposures transferred from, or assigned by, the seller to the SSPE shall meet pre-determined, clear and documented eligibility criteria which ortfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of represent be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to es. STS Criteria	ations and warrantie
ve por Il not l osure:	ortfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of represent be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to es.	ations and warrantie the initial underlying
ve por Il not l osure:	ortfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of represent be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to es. <u>STS Criteria</u>	ations and warrantie the initial underlying <u>Verified?</u>
ve por Il not l osures 6 <u>6</u> <u>6</u>	ortfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of represent be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to es. <u>STS Criteria</u> 6. The underlying exposures transferred from, or assigned by, the seller to the SSPE shall meet pre-determined, clear and documented eligibility criteria	ations and warrantie the initial underlying <u>Verified?</u>
ve por Il not l osures <u>e</u> <u>f</u> <u>f</u> s s t	ortfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of represent be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to es. <u>STS Criteria</u> 6. The underlying exposures transferred from, or assigned by, the seller to the SSPE shall meet pre-determined, clear and documented eligibility criteria <u>PCS Comments</u>	ations and warrantie the initial underlying <u>Verified?</u> YES arranties with respect will be assigned by
ve por Il not l osures 6 <u>6</u> 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	<ul> <li>be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the set.</li> <li><u>STS Criteria</u></li> <li>6. The underlying exposures transferred from, or assigned by, the seller to the SSPE shall meet pre-determined, clear and documented eligibility criteria</li> <li><u>PCS Comments</u></li> <li>See APPENDIX – GLOSSARY OF DEFINED TERMS, "Eligibility Criteria".</li> <li>See also the Representations and Warranties of the Seller set forth in §(b) of section "Sale and Purchase of the Receivables – Seller's Representations and Warranties and the Client Accounts", which confirms that "each Revolving Credit Agreement, the Receivables and the Client Accounts", which confirms that "each Revolving Credit Agreement from which a Receivable</li> </ul>	ations and warrantie the initial underlying <u>Verified?</u> YES arranties with respect will be assigned by urchase Date".
ve por Il not I osures <u>§</u> ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	be considered active portfolio management. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the set. STS Criteria 6. The underlying exposures transferred from, or assigned by, the seller to the SSPE shall meet pre-determined, clear and documented eligibility criteria PCS Comments See APPENDIX – GLOSSARY OF DEFINED TERMS, "Eligibility Criteria". See also the Representations and Warranties of the Seller set forth in §(b) of section "Sale and Purchase of the Receivables – Seller's Representations and W to the Revolving Credit Agreements, the Receivables and the Client Accounts", which confirms that "each Revolving Credit Agreement from which a Receivable the Seller to the Compartment on such Purchase Date will comply with the Eligibility Criteria by reference to the facts and circumstances as at the Effective P The EBA Guidelines clarify that "clear" does not mean easily readable or comprehended by a non-expert. In the Regulation a criterion is "clear" when a court or present of the seller is applied to the seller is applied to the compartment on such Purchase Date will comply with the Eligibility Criteria by reference to the facts and circumstances as at the Effective P The EBA Guidelines clarify that "clear" does not mean easily readable or comprehended by a non-expert. In the Regulation a criterion is "clear" when a court or present to the compartment on such Purchase Date will complex with the Eligibility Criteria by reference to the facts and circumstances as at the Effective P The EBA Guidelines clarify that "clear" when a court or present of the seller is the seller is the seller is the seller is the mean easily readable or comprehended by a non-expert. In the Regulation a criterion is "clear" when a court or present of the seller is the seller i	ations and warrantie the initial underlyin <u>Verified?</u> YES arranties with respe- e will be assigned by urchase Date". tribunal could

7	STS Criteria	
	7. Which do not allow for active portfolio management of those exposures on a discretionary basis. For the purpose of this paragraph, substitution of exposures that are in breach of representations and warranties shall not be considered active portfolio management.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
ļ	PCS Comments	
1	See statement of no active portfolio management in section "Sale and Purchase of the Receivables". In this respect we also note the "Optional Repurchase E	vents.
1	The EBA Guidelines set out seven devices to repurchase securitised assets which are not to be considered indicative of "active portfolio management". To th transaction only contains some or all of those seven devices and does not provide any other form of repurchase, then the STS criterion will be met. If the tran a repurchase device that is not included in the	
	EBA's list, then an analysis will need to be conducted as to whether this additional device offends against the principles set out in the EBA Guidelines (15.a ar portfolio management".	nd b) as defining "act
ļ	PCS has reviewed all the repurchase devices set out in the Base Prospectus and these are acceptable within the context of the EBA final guidelines.	
, i	PCS also notes that there is an explicit affirmative statement in the Prospectus to the effect that no active management of the assets backing the Transactio	n applies.
	STS Criteria 8. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the initial underlying exposures.	Verified? YES
		Verified?
	8. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the initial underlying exposures.	Verified? YES
	8. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the initial underlying exposures.  PCS Comments The transaction is revolving. See section "Sale and Purchase of the Receivables" and sub-sections "Seller's Commitment to Transfer the Receivables to the C	Verified? YES ompartment", "Initial iteria.
	8. Exposures transferred to the SSPE after the closing of the transaction shall meet the eligibility criteria applied to the initial underlying exposures. PCS Comments The transaction is revolving. See section "Sale and Purchase of the Receivables" and sub-sections "Seller's Commitment to Transfer the Receivables to the C Transfers and Additional Transfers", "Assignment and Transfer of the Receivables" and "Selection of Eligible Receivables"). Also see definition of Eligibility Cr This criterion is a future event criterion. In other words, it cannot be either met or failed at the outset of the transaction. But if, at a later stage, it is not met, the	Verified? YES ompartment", "Initial iteria. en the originator will nt on the part of the



9	<ul> <li>STS Criteria</li> <li>9. The securitisation shall be backed by a pool of underlying exposures that are homogeneous in terms of asset type, taking into account the specific characteristics relating to the cash flows of the asset type including their contractual, credit risk and prepayment characteristics. A pool of underlying exposures shall only comprise one asset type.</li> </ul>	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See STATISTICAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POOL OF RECEIVABLES.	
	"For the purpose of compliance with the requirements stemming from Article 20(8) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller considers that the Pur homogeneous in terms of asset type, taking into account the cash flows, credit risk and prepayment characteristics of the Eligible Receivables within the m the EU Securitisation Regulation and the Purchased Receivables satisfy the homogeneity conditions of Article 1(a), (b), (c) and (d) and Article 2(5)(a) an Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1851 of 28 May 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council with rega standards on the homogeneity of the underlying exposures in securitisation."	eaning of Article 20(8) d (b) of the Commissio
	In the Transaction, the loans were underwritten on a similar basis and serviced on the same platform, they are a single asset class – consumer loans – suggested approach, the loans are all originated in the same jurisdiction.	and, based on the EBA
	PCS also takes great comfort from the fact that transactions containing pools with similar characteristics have always been considered to be "homogenous market participants.	" by a wide consensus
	See also EBA Final non-ABCP STS Guidelines – statements on background and rationale	
0	STS Criteria 10. The underlying exposures shall contain obligations that are contractually binding and enforceable.	Verified? YES
	PCS Comments	
	See definition of Eligibility Criteria sub 1. (a) (vii)	
	"Each Revolving Credit Agreement constitutes legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligations with full recourse to the relevant Borrower in accordance with all material respects against the relevant Borrower and third parties, which does not contravene in any material respect any relevant applicable laws, rules of	
11	STS Criteria	Verified?
1		



"Each Revolving Credit Agreement constitutes legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligations with full recourse to the relevant Borrower in accordance with its respective terms in all material respects against the relevant Borrower and third parties, which does not contravene in any material respect any relevant applicable laws, rules or regulations."

See definition of "Borrower" means, in relation to any Revolving Credit Agreement (i) the individual who has entered into such Revolving Credit Agreement as principal obligor to the Seller and (ii) any person who is an additional borrower or guarantor of the obligations of the principal obligor.

Article 20.8. The underlying exposures shall have defined periodic payment streams, the instalments of which may differ in their amounts, relating to rental, principal, or interest payments, or to any other right to receive income from assets supporting such payments. The underlying exposures may also generate proceeds from the sale of any financed or leased assets.

12	STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u>
	12. The underlying exposures shall have defined periodic payment streams, the instalments of which may differ in their amounts.	YES

#### PCS Comments

See section The Revolving Credit Agreements and The Receivables, sub-section "Monthly Instalments".

"Each of the aggregate outstanding balance due under the Main Drawings and the outstanding balance due under each Special Drawing respectively, together with the interest accrued, shall be repaid in separate constant monthly instalments, providing that with respect to Main Drawings the applicable monthly instalment may be adjusted from time to time inter alia upon each new Main Drawing being made or reset of the applicable interest rate.

In respect of the Main Drawings, the amount of each monthly payment due by the Borrower is specified in each statement (relevé d'opérations) sent by the Seller to the Borrower and is at least equal to the minimum monthly instalment.

The minimum monthly instalments with respect to the aggregate outstanding balance due under the Main Drawings is determined at inception date (and recalculated upon each further Main Drawings) in accordance with the provision of the French Consumer Code so as to comply with the maximum term requirements of 36 months (in respect of Revolving Credit Agreements having a Credit Limit equal to or lower than EUR 3,000) or 60 months (in respect of Revolving Credit Agreements having a Credit Limit higher than EUR 3,000).

The amount of the Minimum Instalment comprises ordinary interest accrued on the related calendar month and the repayment of principal and capitalised interest, and may comprise an Insurance Premium (where applicable)."

Main Drawings:

Main Drawings under a Revolving Credit Agreement relate to the standard utilisation by the Borrower pursuant to the general terms of such Revolving Credit Agreement.

The interest rate applicable to each Main Drawing made under a Revolving Credit Agreement is contractually agreed between the Seller and the Borrower, subject to the applicable provisions of the French Consumer Credit Legislation (such as the maximum legal rate authorised for the same kind of product in France). Such interest rate can be adjusted from time to time by the Seller, provided that the Borrower is entitled to refuse such adjustment, in which case (i) the Borrower will repay all outstanding drawings made under the relevant Revolving Credit Agreement in accordance with the Revolving Credit Agreement, (ii) the interest rate applicable to such Main Drawings will be the interest rate applicable to the proposed adjustment and (iii) the Borrower will not be entitled to make any further drawings under the relevant Revolving Credit Agreement.



#### Special Drawings:

The Seller may also, at its discretion, offer to certain selected Borrowers to make Special Drawings (tirages spéciaux) under the relevant Revolving Credit Agreement at preferential interest rates.

See also definition of Eligibility Criteria (b) (i).

#### 13 STS Criteria

13. Relating to rental, principal, or interest payments, or to any other right to receive income from assets supporting such payments. The underlying exposures may also generate proceeds from the sale of any financed or leased assets.

<u>Verified?</u> YES

#### PCS Comments

See section The Revolving Credit Agreements and The Receivables, sub-section "Monthly Payments".

"The purpose of the Revolving Credit Agreements is to provide consumer credit facility to the Borrowers up to a Credit Limit.

The credit facility made available by Carrefour Banque to the Borrowers under the Revolving Credit Agreements is of revolving nature, meaning that any principal repayment will reconstitute the credit available to the Borrower and may be re-drawn by the Borrower."

"The interest rate applicable to each drawing made under a Revolving Credit Agreement is contractually agreed between the Seller and the Borrower, subject to Consumer Credit Legislation (such as the maximum legal rate authorised for the same kind of product in France)."

#### Insurance Policies:

The majority of the Revolving Credit Agreements are insured with CARMA, at the Borrower's choice and at the Borrower's expense, against death, total and irreversible loss of independence (perte totale et irreversible d'autonomie), complete work disability (incapacité totale de travail), loss of employment and non payment of alimony (défaut de perception de pension alimentaire) suffered by the Borrower. Insurance Premiums relating to such insurances are calculated as a fixed percentage of proportional to the Outstanding Principal Balance of the corresponding Receivables and are payable by the Borrowers on a monthly basis. The subscription to such insurance is optional and occurs at the time of the execution of the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The benefit of the Insurance Policies attached to the Purchased Receivables shall be transferred to the Compartment by the Seller pursuant to the Master Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement. Insurance Policies are proposed to the Borrowers in connection with each Revolving Credit Agreement.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Insurance Premiums shall not be assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Compartment and shall not be part of the Available Collections and consequently the Insurance Premiums shall not be paid by the Servicer to the Compartment.



	Article 20.8. The underlying exposures shall not include transferable securities, as defined in Article 4(1), point 44 of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council other than corporate bonds, provided that they are not listed on a trading venue.		
14	STS Criteria 14. The underlying exposures shall not include transferable securities, as defined in Article 4(1), point 44 of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council other than corporate bonds, provided that they are not listed on a trading venue.	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	PCS Comments		
	See definition "Eligibility Criteria" (b) (ix):		
"The Receivable is not a transferable security as defined in Article 4(1), point 44 of EU MiFID II, a securitisation position within the meaning of the UK Securitisation Regulation or a derivative."		sation Regulation or the	

Article	Article 20.9. The underlying exposures shall not include any securitisation position.	
15	STS Criteria	Verified?
	15. The underlying exposures shall not include any securitisation position.	YES
	DCS Commente	

#### PCS Comments

See definition "Eligibility Criteria" (b) (ix):

"The Receivable is not a transferable security as defined in Article 4(1), point 44 of MiFID II, a securitisation position within the meaning of the EU Securitisation Regulation or the UK Securitisation Regulation or a derivative."

Article 20.10. The underlying exposures shall be originated in the ordinary course of the originator's or original lender's business pursuant to underwriting standards that are no less stringent than those that the originator or original lender applied at the time of origination to similar exposures that are not securitised.

16	STS Criteria	Verified?
	16. The underlying exposures shall be originated in the ordinary course of the originator's or original lender's business.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See definition of Eligibility Criteria 1. (b) (ii).	
	"The Receivable was originated in the ordinary course of the Seller's business in accordance with the Seller's Revolving Credit Guidelines."	



# STS Criteria Verified? 17. Pursuant to underwriting standards that are no less stringent than those that the originator or original lender applied at the time of origination to similar exposures that are not securitised. YES PCS Comments See Seller's Representations and Warranties with respect to the Revolving Credit Agreements, the Receivables and the Client Accounts. (k) it has applied to the Receivables which will be transferred by it to the Compartment the same sound and well-defined criteria for credit-granting which it applies to non-securitised Receivables. To that end, the same clearly established processes for approving and, where relevant, amending, renewing and refinancing credits have been applied. It has effective systems in place to apply those criteria and processes in order to ensure that credit-granting is based on a thorough assessment of the Borrower's creditworthiness taking appropriate account of factors relevant to verifying the prospect of the Borrower meeting his obligations under the Revolving Credit Agreement;

(g) in compliance with Article 6(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 6(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation (as if such provisions were applicable to it) it has not selected (and shall not select in the future) Eligible Receivables to be transferred to the Compartment with the aim of rendering losses on the Purchased Receivables transferred to the Compartment; as measured over four (4) years, higher than the losses over the same period on comparable receivables held on the balance sheet of the Seller;

Article 20.10. The underwriting standards pursuant to which the underlying exposures are originated and any material changes from prior underwriting standards shall be fully disclosed to	
potential investors without undue delay.	

18	STS Criteria 18. The underwriting standards pursuant to which the underlying exposures are originated and any material changes from prior underwriting standards shall be fully disclosed to potential investors without undue delay.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	A summary of the underwriting standards is disclosed in the Base Prospectus.	
	See Authority of the Servicer	
	"(iii) the Servicer will notify without undue delay the Management Company of any material amendment to the Servicing Procedures (together with an explanation accour such amendment);"	
	See also SALE AND PURCHASE OF THE RECEIVABLES - Confirmations and Undertakings of the Seller with respect to the Revolving Credit Agreements, the Re Client Accounts.	eceivables and the



"(v) notify without undue delay the Management Company (which shall in turn inform without undue delay the Noteholders and any potential investors of the same) and the Relevant Rating Agencies of any material amendment to the Seller's Revolving Credit Guidelines pursuant to which the Receivables have been originated together with an explanation accounting for such amendment".



	Article 20.10. In the case of securitisations where the underlying exposures are residential loans, the pool of loans shall not include any loan that was marketed and underwritten on the premise that the loan applicant or, where applicable intermediaries, were made aware that the information provided might not be verified by the lender.		
19	STS Criteria 19. In the case of securitisations where the underlying exposures are residential loans, the pool of loans shall not include any loan that was marketed and underwritten on the premise that the loan applicant or, where applicable intermediaries, were made aware that the information provided might not be verified by the lender.	<u>Verified?</u> N/A	
	PCS Comments Not applicable – credit cards		

Article 20.10. The assessment of the borrower's creditworthiness shall meet the requirements set out in Article 8 of Directive 2008/48/EC or paragraphs 1 to 4, point (a) of paragraph 5, and paragraph 6 of Article 18 of Directive 2014/17/EU or, where applicable, equivalent requirements in third countries.

20	STS Criteria	Verified?
	20. The assessment of the borrower's creditworthiness shall meet the requirements set out in Article 8 of Directive 2008/48/EC or paragraphs 1 to 4, point (a) of paragraph 5, and paragraph 6 of Article 18 of Directive 2014/17/EU or, where applicable, equivalent requirements in third countries.	YES

#### PCS Comments

See SALE AND PURCHASE OF THE RECEIVABLES with sub-section "Seller's Representations and Warranties with respect to the Revolving Credit Agreements, the Receivables and the Client Accounts – (I)".

"the assessment of each Borrower's creditworthiness by the Seller met the requirements set out in Article 8 of Directive 2008/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2008 on credit agreements for consumers and repealing Council Directive 87/102/EEC (which was implemented in the French Consumer Code by law n° 2010-737 dated 1st July 2010 amending consumer credit (portant réforme du crédit à la consommation));"

	Article 20.10. The originator or original lender shall have expertise in originating exposures of a similar nature to those securitised.		
	21	STS Criteria	Verified?
		21. The originator or original lender shall have expertise in originating exposures of a similar nature to those securitised.	YES
		PCS Comments	
See the "THE SELLER" and SALE AND PURCHASE OF THE RECEIVABLES with sub-section "Seller's Representations a the Receivables and the Client Accounts – (h)".		See the "THE SELLER" and SALE AND PURCHASE OF THE RECEIVABLES with sub-section "Seller's Representations and Warranties with respect to the Revolv the Receivables and the Client Accounts – (h)".	ing Credit Agreements,



"the business of the Seller has included the origination of exposures of a similar nature as the Purchased Receivables for at least five (5) years prior to the date of this Base Prospectus;"

This meets the requirements of the EBA.

Article 20.11. The underlying exposures shall be transferred to the SSPE after selection without undue delay and shall not include, at the time of selection, exposures in default within the meaning of Article 178(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013			
22	STS Criteria 22. The underlying exposures shall be transferred to the SSPE after selection without undue delay	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	PCS Comments See BASE PROSPECTUS definitions of "Selection Date" and "Determination Date". This meets the necessary requirements.		
23	STS Criteria 23. And shall not include, at the time of selection, exposures in default within the meaning of Article 178(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	PCS Comments See definition of Eligibility Criteria, 1 (b) (x)) pursuant to which "The Receivable is not a defaulted receivable within the meaning of Article 178(1) of the CRR"		

Article 20.11. The underlying exposures shall be transferred to the SSPE after selection without undue delay and shall not include, at the time of selection, exposures in default within the meaning of Article 178(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 or exposures to a credit-impaired debtor or guarantor, who, to the best of the originator's or original lender's knowledge:

(a) has been declared insolvent or had a court grant his creditors a final non-appealable right of enforcement or material damages as a result of a missed payment within three years prior to the date of origination or has undergone a debt-restructuring process with regard to his non-performing exposures within three years prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE, except if:

(i) a restructured underlying exposure has not presented new arrears since the date of the restructuring which must have taken place at least one year prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE; and

(ii) the information provided by the originator, sponsor and SSPE in accordance with points (a) and (e)(i) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) explicitly sets out the proportion of restructured underlying exposures, the time and details of the restructuring as well as their performance since the date of the restructuring;

(b) was, at the time of origination, where applicable, on a public credit registry of persons with adverse credit history or, where there is no such public credit registry, another credit registry that is available to the originator or original lender; or



<u>STS Cr</u> 24. Or	<mark>iteria</mark> exposures to a credit-impaired debtor or guarantor, who, to the best of the originator's or original lender's knowledge:	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
PCS Co	omments		
See de	finition of "Eligible Borrower", §(f). The note below applies to points from 24 to 30.		
	o the best of the Seller's knowledge, on the basis of information obtained (i) from the Borrower, (ii) in the course of the Seller's servicing of the Receiva ement procedures or (iii) from a third party, is not a credit-impaired borrower meaning a person who:	bles or the Seller	
years p	been declared insolvent or had a court grant his creditors a final non-appealable right of enforcement or material damages as a result of a missed pay rior to the execution of the relevant Revolving Credit Agreement or has undergone a debt-restructuring process with regard to his non-performing expo rior to the relevant Purchase Date except if:		
(i) no re and	eceivable from such Borrower has presented new arrears since the date of the last restructuring, which must have taken place at least one year prior to	o the Purchase Da	
	information provided by the Seller and the Compartment in accordance with points (a) and (e)(i) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Sectory sets out the proportion of restructured receivables, the time and details of the restructuring as well as their performance since the date of the restructured receivables.		
(2) was, at the time of origination, where applicable, on a public credit registry of persons with adverse credit history or, where there is no such public credit registry, another credit registry that is available to the Seller; and			
	a credit assessment or a credit score indicating that the risk of contractually agreed payments not being made is significantly higher than for compar- er and which are not assigned to the Compartment."	able receivables l	
Althou issue a	gh the text of the STS Regulation is quite vague, the EBA guidelines on defining "credit impaired" debtors are very helpful. For PCS, the key points of the re:	e EBA guidelines	
	that the three listed conditions of credit impaired status (set out in article 20.11 (a) to (c) of the Regulation) amount to a full definition of what it mean d". So that it is not necessary to reflect at what the term "credit impaired" could mean above and beyond those three items.	s to be "credit	
Providi	ndly, in relation to entries in a credit registry, the EBA is very clear that the criterion should not be interpreted as excluding debtors with any entry on a sing further guidance, the example given in the EBA Guidelines of a credit registry entry that would not be indicative of a "credit impaired" debtor is the e t can "reasonably be ignored" for the purposes of credit assessment.		
	ore, the criterion, to be met, does not require the elimination from the pool of all debtors with any negative entry in a credit registry but only those whos onable to ignore for the purposes of credit assessments.	e entries it would	
	any further clarification from the EBA or a national competent authority regarding what it is reasonable to ignore, a judgement would still be necessar for does include in the pool some debtors with some negative entries in a credit registry.	y in cases where	
	ng this judgement, PCS takes comfort from the intent of the legislators – including, crucially, the legislators' belief that the STS Regulation was justifie nance of most "plain vanilla" European securitisation. It is clear to PCS that the "credit impaired" prohibition is driven by the desire of legislators to exc		



	category deals generally coming under the definition of "sub-prime". Therefore, it is unreasonable to refuse STS status to a transaction considered by universa "prime/plain vanilla" transaction with no "sub-prime" aspects.	al consensus to be a
	Indeed, this approach seems to be the rationale behind the EBA Guidelines on this matter.	
	To determine whether this requirement is met, PCS has discussed this matter with the Seller and uses its knowledge of the market and market stakeholders a statements made in the prospectus and transaction documentation.	as well as the explicit
	c. Thirdly, the EBA Guidelines on guaranteed obligations make it clear that the criterion is met so long as either the debtor or the guarantor are not "credit imp	aired".
25	STS Criteria 25.(a) has been declared insolvent or had a court grant his creditors a final non-appealable right of enforcement or material damages as a result of a missed payment within three years prior to the date of origination.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See point 24 above.	
26	STS Criteria 26. Or has undergone a debt-restructuring process with regard to his non-performing exposures within three years prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE, except if:	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See point 24 above.	
27	STS Criteria 27. (i) a restructured underlying exposure has not presented new arrears since the date of the restructuring which must have taken place at least one year prior to the date of transfer or assignment of the underlying exposures to the SSPE; and	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See point 24 above.	
28	STS Criteria 28. (ii) the information provided by the originator, sponsor and SSPE in accordance with points (a) and (e)(i) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) explicitly sets out the proportion of restructured underlying exposures, the time and details of the restructuring as well as their performance since the date of the restructuring;	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See point 24 above.	



29	STS Criteria 29. (b) was, at the time of origination, where applicable, on a public credit registry of persons with adverse credit history or, where there is no such public credit registry, another credit registry that is available to the originator or original lender;	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See point 24 above.	
30	STS Criteria 30. (c) has a credit assessment or a credit score indicating that the risk of contractually agreed payments not being made is significantly higher than for comparable exposures held by the originator which are not securitised.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See point 24 above.	

Article 20.12. The debtors shall at the time of transfer of the exposures, have made at least one payment, except in the case of revolving securitisations backed by exposures payable in a single instalment or having a maturity of less than one year, including without limitation monthly payments on revolving credits.

#### 31 STS Criteria

31. The debtors shall at the time of transfer of the exposures, have made at least one payment, except in the case of revolving securitisations backed by exposures payable in a single instalment or having a maturity of less than one year, including without limitation monthly payments on revolving credits.

<u>Verified?</u> YES

#### PCS Comments

See definition of "Eligibility Criteria" (a) (xvii)

"The Revolving Credit Agreement has already given rise to the effective and full payment of at least one Instalment by the Borrower under the Client Account before the Purchase Date."



Article 20.13. The repayment of the holders of the securitisation positions shall not have been structured to depend predominantly on the sale of assets securing the underlying exposures. This shall not prevent such assets from being subsequently rolled-over or refinanced.

The repayment of the holders of the securitisation positions whose underlying exposures are secured by assets the value of which is guaranteed or fully mitigated by a repurchase obligation by the seller of the assets securing the underlying exposures or by another third party shall not be considered to depend on the sale of assets securing those underlying exposures.

32	STS Criteria 32. The repayment of the holders of the securitisation positions shall not have been structured to depend predominantly on the sale of assets securing the underlying exposures.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	In PCS' view, this requirement does not apply to unsecured credit card receivables as in this transaction. Accordingly, none of the assets in the pool display an reliance on the sale of the assets	ny predominant



3	STS Criteria	Verified?			
	33. The originator, sponsor or original lender shall satisfy the risk retention requirement in accordance with Article 6.	YES			
	PCS Comments				
	See "EU/UK Securitisation Regulation Compliance".				
"Pursuant to the Master Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and each Class A Notes Subscription Agreement, the Seller, as "originator" for the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 6(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, has undertaken that, for so long as any Class A Note remains outstan basis a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than five (5) per cent. The Seller undertakes to retain a material net economic interest of not less than five (5) per cent. in the securitisation as required by paragraph (d) of A Securitisation Regulation and paragraph (d) of Article 6(3) of the UK Securitisation Regulation (as if such provisions were applicable to it) through the securitisation the securities of all Note Series and all Class S Notes."					

34	STS Criteria 34. The interest raterisks arising from the securitisation shall be appropriately mitigated.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments See base prospectus, The Hedging Agreements, the Final Terms and Risk Factors 1.7, Interest rate risk linked to the adjustable fixed interest rate of the Receiva PCS considers this item as met.	ibles.
35	STS Criteria 35. Currency risks arising from the securitisation shall be appropriately mitigated.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments There is no currency risk as the notes, assets and hedging instruments are all in Euros.	



36	STS Criteria	Verified?
	36. Any measures taken to that effect shall be disclosed.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See point 34.	



37	STS Criteria	Verified?
	37. Except for the purpose of hedging currency risk or interest rate risk, the SSPE shall not enter into derivative contracts and	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH	
	"The Compartment Available Cash shall never be invested in any asset-backed securities, credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, synthetic claims."	securities or similar
	See definition of Eligibility Criteria (b) (ix).	
	See section "the Compartment - Hedging Strategy of the Compartment".	
	"In accordance with Article 21(2) of the Securitisation Regulation, the Compartment will not enter into any derivative instrument except for the purpose of hedgi any Class A Notes of any Note Series bearing a floating interest rate."	ing the interest rate o
38	STS Criteria	Verified?
	38Shall ensure that the pool of underlying exposures does not include derivatives.	YES
	DCC Comments	
	PCS Comments	
	See COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH	
		securities or similar
	See COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH "The Compartment Available Cash shall never be invested in any asset-backed securities, credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, synthetic	securities or similar
89	See COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH "The Compartment Available Cash shall never be invested in any asset-backed securities, credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, synthetic claims."	securities or similar <u>Verified?</u>
39	See COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH "The Compartment Available Cash shall never be invested in any asset-backed securities, credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, synthetic claims." See definition of Eligibility Criteria (b) (ix)	
39	See COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH "The Compartment Available Cash shall never be invested in any asset-backed securities, credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, synthetic claims." See definition of Eligibility Criteria (b) (ix) <u>STS Criteria</u>	Verified?
39	See COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH "The Compartment Available Cash shall never be invested in any asset-backed securities, credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, synthetic claims." See definition of Eligibility Criteria (b) (ix) STS Criteria 39. Those derivatives shall be underwritten and documented according to common standards in international finance.	Verified?



Article 21.3. Any referenced interest payments under the securitisation assets and liabilities shall be based on generally used market interest rates, or generally used sectoral rates reflective of the cost of funds, and shall not reference complex formulae or derivatives.		
40	STS Criteria 40. Any referenced interest payments under the securitisation assets and liabilities shall be based on generally used market interest rates, or generally used sectoral rates reflective of the cost of funds and shall not reference complex formulae or derivatives.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	As for Assets: definition of Eligibility Criteria 1. (a) (viii)	
	"Any drawn amount under the Revolving Credit Agreement bears interest payable monthly in arrears at a fixed interest rate which depends on the Outstanding Principal Balance any case greater than zero (0) per cent.), and which may be adjusted by the Seller from time to time at the Seller's discretion in accordance with its terms and subject to application laws and regulations and in any case capped at the applicable usury rate."	
	As for liabilities: Final Terms - Euribor linked notes.	
	See also TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES OF ANY NOTE SERIES regarding a base rate modification:	
	"provided that in accordance with Article 21(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, such Alternative Base Rate shall be based on generally used market interest used sectoral rates reflective of the cost of funds and shall not reference complex formulae or derivatives;"	rates, or generally



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Art	Article 21.4. Where an enforcement or an acceleration notice has been delivered:		
cor	(a) no amount of cash shall be trapped in the SSPE beyond what is necessary to ensure the operational functioning of the SSPE or the orderly repayment of investors in accordance with the contractual terms of the securitisation, unless exceptional circumstances require that amount is trapped in order to be used, in the best interests of investors, for expenses in order to avoid the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures;		
	(b) Principal receipts from the underlying exposures shall be passed to investors via sequential amortisation of the securitisation positions, as determined by the seniority of the securitisation position;		
(c)	(c) Repayment of the securitisation positions shall not be reversed with regard to their seniority; and		
(d)	(d) No provisions shall require automatic liquidation of the underlying exposures at market value.		
41	STS Criteria         41. Where an enforcement or an acceleration notice has been delivered:         (a) no amount of cash shall be trapped in the SSPE beyond what is necessary to ensure the operational functioning of the SSPE or the orderly repayment of investors in accordance with the contractual terms of the securitisation, unless exceptional circumstances require that amount is trapped in order to be used, in the best interests of investors, for expenses in order to avoid the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures;	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	PCS Comments See "Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series", point 6 (b). "Priority of Payments during the Programme Accelerated Amortisation Period". There is no cash trapping.		
42	<ul> <li><u>STS Criteria</u></li> <li>42. (b) Principal receipts from the underlying exposures shall be passed to investors via sequential amortisation of the securitisation positions, as determined by the seniority of the securitisation position;</li> </ul>	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	PCS Comments See point 41 above. Payments are sequential.		
43	STS Criteria         43. (c) Repayment of the securitisation positions shall not be reversed with regard to their seniority; and	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	PCS Comments See "Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series", point 6, repayments are not reversed with regards to seniority		



44	STS Criteria 44. (d) No provisions shall require automatic liquidation of the underlying exposures at market value.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	There are no provisions in the transaction documents that shall require automatic liquidation of the underlying exposures at market value.	

Article 21.5. Transactions which feature non-sequential priority of payments shall include triggers relating to the performance of the underlying exposures resulting in the priority of payments reverting to sequential payments in order of seniority. Such performance-related triggers shall include at least the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures below a pre-determined threshold.

#### 45 STS Criteria

45. Transactions which feature non-sequential priority of payments shall include triggers relating to the performance of the underlying exposures resulting in the priority of payments reverting to sequential payments in order of seniority. Such performance-related triggers shall include at least the deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures below a pre-determined threshold.

<u>Verified?</u> YES

#### **PCS Comments**

The first step in analysing this criterion is to determine whether the transaction features non-sequential priorities of payment in relation to the amortisation of the Notes.

See "Terms and Conditions of any Note Series, point 6" Priority of Payments during the Programme Revolving Period, the Programme Amortisation Period and the Programme Accelerated Amortisation Period - Principal Priority of Payments.

The priority of payments is not sequential on the Programme Revolving Period since the payment of principal under the Class S Notes ranks pari passu with the payment of principal under the Class A Notes during this period. However, the priority of payments will be sequential during the Programme Amortisation Period and Programme Accelerated Amortisation Period based on the Programme Revolving Period Termination Events having occurred (which include performance related items).

This criterion is therefore met.



rticle 21.6. The transaction documentation shall include appropriate early amortisation provisions or triggers for termination of the revolving period where the secur ecuritisation, including at least the following:	itisation is a revolving
) a deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures to or below a pre-determined threshold;	
) the occurrence of an insolvency-related event with regard to the originator or the servicer;	
) the value of the underlying exposures held by the SSPE falls below a pre-determined threshold (early amortisation event);	
l) a failure to generate sufficient new underlying exposures that meet the pre-determined credit quality (trigger for termination of the revolving period).	
6 <u>STS Criteria</u>	
46. The transaction documentation shall include appropriate early amortisation provisions or triggers for termination of the revolving period where the securitisation is a revolving securitisation, including at least the following:	<u>Verified?</u> YES
(a) a deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying exposures to or below a pre-determined threshold;	
PCS Comments	
This provision applies to transactions with a revolving period and this transaction contemplates a revolving period. Therefore, this requirement applies.	
Upon the occurrence of a Programme Revolving Period Termination Event, the Programme Revolving Period will terminate and the Programme Amortisation Period will commence. this point, all Available Amortisation Amounts are used to amortise, initially, the Class A notes; there will be no more Initial Transfers but there may be Additional Transfers although these will be funded by the S Notes.	
See Programme Revolving Termination Event and Accelerated Amortisation Event. together with Procedure for the Purchase of Receivables - Conditions Prece Receivables in the context of Initial Transfers". Upon a Programme Revolving Termination Event. No further purchases will be permitted.	edent to the Purchase
See Programme Revolving Termination Event (f) on any Calculation Date, if any Note of any Note Series is outstanding, any of the Performances Triggers has b	een breached;
Performances Triggers means any of the following triggers:	
(a) the Default Ratio exceeds (1.30) per cent. on three consecutive Calculation Dates; or	
(b) the Delinquency Ratio exceeds (9.00) per cent. on three consecutive Calculation Dates.	
7 STS Criteria	Verified?
47. (b) the occurrence of an insolvency-related event with regard to the originator or the servicer;	YES
PCS Comments	
See Programme Revolving Termination Events (c) and (d) or Accelerated Amortisation Event. See also definition of Stop Purchase Event.	



48	STS Criteria	Verified?
	48. (c) the value of the underlying exposures held by the SSPE falls below a pre-determined threshold (early amortisation event);	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See Programme Revolving Termination Event (i) Purchase Shortfall Event	
	"Purchase Shortfall Event" means, during the Programme Revolving Period, the occurrence of a second Partial Amortisation Event within a period of six (6) const months."	secutive calendar
	"Partial Amortisation Event" means on any Payment Date during the Programme Revolving Period, the event occurring if the credit balance of the Revolving Acc per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of all Notes of all Note Series on such date (except if the lack of transfer is due to technical reasons a following Purchase Date)."	
49	STS Criteria	Verified?
	49. (d) a failure to generate sufficient new underlying exposures that meet the pre-determined credit quality (trigger for termination of the revolving period).	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See Programme Revolving Termination Event (i) Purchase Shortfall Event	
	"Purchase Shortfall Event" means, during the Programme Revolving Period, the occurrence of a second Partial Amortisation Event within a period of six (6) constrained for the second partial Amortisation Event within a period of six (6) constrained for the second period of second period period of second period period of second period perio	secutive calendar
	"Partial Amortisation Event" means on any Payment Date during the Programme Revolving Period, the event occurring if the credit balance of the Revolving Acc per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of all Notes of all Note Series on such date (except if the lack of transfer is due to technical reasons a following Purchase Date)."	



rticl	e 21.7. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify:	
•	e contractual obligations, duties and responsibilities of the servicer and the trustee, if any, and other ancillary service providers;	
	e processes and responsibilities necessary to ensure that a default by or an insolvency of the servicer does not result in a termination of servicing, such as a con n enables the replacement of the servicer in such cases; and	tractual provision
	ovisions that ensure the replacement of derivative counterparties, liquidity providers and the account bank in the case of their default, insolvency, and other spec cable.	ified events, where
50	STS Criteria 50. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify: (a) the contractual obligations, duties and responsibilities of the servicer and the trustee, if any, and other ancillary service providers;	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See base prospectus sections on "SERVICING OF THE PURCHASED RECEIVABLES", "COMPARTMENT BANK ACCOUNTS", "HEDGING AGREEMENTS/FINAL TE "DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAMME PARTIES/The Management Company (and as more set out in Terms and Conditions of any Note Series or S Notes)/The Custo Manager/Paying Agent (Paying Agent, also see "COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH").	
51	STS Criteria 51. (b) the processes and responsibilities necessary to ensure that a default by or an insolvency of the servicer does not result in a termination of servicing, such as a contractual provision which enables the replacement of the servicer in such cases; and	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See section on "SERVICING OF THE PURCHASED RECEIVABLES".	
	Termination of the appointment of the Servicer and appointment of a Replacement Servicer:	
	"Following the occurrence of a Servicer Termination Event, the Management Company shall terminate the appointment of the Servicer and appoint within thirty replacement servicer which shall be a credit institution (établissement de crédit) (the "Replacement Servicer") in accordance with article L. 214-172 of the Mono Code."	
52	STS Criteria 52. (c) provisions that ensure the replacement of derivative counterparties, liquidity providers and the account bank in the case of their default, insolvency, and other specified events, where applicable.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See sections on "COMPARTMENT BANK ACCOUNTS, "COMPARTMENT AVAILABLE CASH", "TRIGGERS TABLES" and "THE HEDGING AGREEMENTS/FINAL TE	RMS".
	The Account Bank is required to be an entity authorised to accept deposits in France having at least the applicable Account Bank Required Ratings. The consect that the appointment of the Account Bank will be terminated and the Management Company will replace the Account Bank. The Management Company will ap bank having at least the Account Bank Required Ratings within thirty (30) calendar days from the date on which the Account Bank ceases to have the Account Bank approximate to the terms of the Account Bank Agreement.	point a new account



Verified?

YES

See also Account Bank Termination Event.

For Derivatives, see Final Terms with "Additional Information on the Hedging Agreements" and the Base Prospectus which states:

"In the event that a Hedging Agreement is terminated prior to the final maturity date of the relevant Floating Rate Notes (and where such notes have not been repaid in full), the Compartment will use its reasonable endeavours to enter into a replacement hedging agreement in respect of such Floating Rate Notes. Any replacement hedging agreement must be entered into on terms specified in the relevant Hedging Agreement."

Article 21.8. The servicer shall have expertise in servicing exposures of a similar nature to those securitised and shall have well documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk management controls relating to the servicing of exposures.

#### 53 STS Criteria

53. The servicer shall have expertise in servicing exposures of a similar nature to those securitised

#### PCS Comments

See "Servicing of the Purchased Receivables", "The Seller" and "ORIGINATION, UNDERWRITING, SERVICING AND COLLECTIONS PROCEDURES". The Servicer has more than 5 years' experience of servicing this type of receivable.

This item is met.



54	STS Criteria 54. And shall have well documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk management controls relating to the servicing of exposures.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See point 53 above.	
	The EBA Guidelines specify that the servicer should be considered to meet this criterion if it is a prudentially regulated financial institution. This requirement is Banque.	met by Carrefour
	21.9. The transaction documentation shall set out in clear and consistent terms definitions, remedies and actions relating to delinquency and default of debtor	s, debt restructuring,
	orgiveness, forbearance, payment holidays, losses, charge offs, recoveries and other asset performance remedies	
55	STS Criteria 55. The transaction documentation shall set out in clear and consistent terms, remedies and actions relating to delinquency and default of debtors debt restructuring, debt forgiveness, forbearance, payment holidays, losses, charge offs, recoveries and other asset performance remedies.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See base prospectus "ORIGINATION, UNDERWRITING, SERVICING AND COLLECTIONS PROCEDURES".	
	• 21.9. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify the priorities of payment, events which trigger changes in such priorities of payment as well as the o s. Any change in the priorities of payments which will materially adversely affect the repayment of the securitisation position shall be reported to investors with	
6	STS Criteria 56. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify the priorities of payment,	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, point 6 and TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CLASS S NOTES point 5.	
	The terms and conditions, by extraordinary resolution, permit investors to amend the priorities of payment.	
57	STS Criteria	Verified?
	57. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify the events which trigger changes in such priorities of payment.	YES

PCS Comments



	Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series (points 6, 11 and 14) and TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CLASS S NOTES (points 5, 10 and 11), Revo Events and Accelerated Amortisation Events.	lving Termination
58	STS Criteria	Verified?
	58. The transaction documentation shall clearly specify the obligation to report such events.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series (points 6, 11 and 14) and TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CLASS S NOTES (points 5, 10 and 11), Revolu and Accelerated Amortisation Events.	ving Termination Events
59	STS Criteria	Verified?
	59. Any change in the priorities of payments which will materially adversely affect the repayment of the securitisation position shall be reported to investors without undue delay.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	See point 58 and EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE, Significant Events	

Article 21.10. The transaction documentation shall include clear provisions that facilitate the timely resolution of conflicts between different classes of investors, voting rights shall be clearly defined and allocated to bondholders and the responsibilities of the trustee and other entities with fiduciary duties to investors shall be clearly identified.

60	STS Criteria 60. The transaction documentation shall include clear provisions that facilitate the timely resolution of conflicts between different classes of investors, voting rights shall be clearly defined and allocated to bondholders	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	(a) the method for calling meetings; as for method: The Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, point 12 (c) (C) and (c) (D) and point 14.	
	(b) the maximum timeframe for setting up a meeting: The Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, point 12 (b) (i)	
	(c) the required quorum: The Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, point 12 (C) and (D)	
	(d) the minimum threshold of votes to validate such a decision, with clear differentiation between the minimum thresholds for each type of decision: extraordir Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, point 12 (c) (C) (Ordinary Resolutions) and (c) (D) (Extraordinary Resolutions) and point 14.	ary: The Terms and
	(e) where applicable, a location for the meetings which should be in the EU: The Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, point 12 (C)	
	Although the wording of the Regulation as to what constitutes the "facilitation of timely resolution of conflicts" is very vague, the EBA Guidelines have helpfully minimum requirements that the documents should contain to meet this criterion. PCS confirms this item appears to have been met.	set out the five



 

 Article 21.10. The transaction documentation shall include clear provisions that facilitate the timely resolution of conflicts between different classes of investors, voting rights shall be clearly defined and allocated to bondholders and the responsibilities of the trustee and other entities with fiduciary duties to investors shall be clearly identified.

 61
 STS Criteria 61. and the responsibilities of the trustee and other entities with fiduciary duties to investors shall be clearly identified.
 Yerified? YES

 PCS Comments Management Company and Custodian roles described in section "DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAMME PARTIES" and "TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES OF ANY NOTE SERIES".



52	STS Criteria 62. The originator and the sponsor shall make available data on static and dynamic historical default and loss performance, such as delinquency and default data, for substantially similar exposures to those being securitised,	<u>Verified?</u> YES
	PCS Comments	
	See HISTORICAL INFORMATION DATA	
	See EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE, Information available prior to the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation	Article 7(1) and Art
	Static and Dynamic Historical Data	
	Static and Dynamic Historical Data In accordance with Article 22(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the Static and Dynamic Historical Data to pote	ntial investors.
3		ntial investors. <u>Verified?</u>
3	In accordance with Article 22(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the Static and Dynamic Historical Data to pote	
3	In accordance with Article 22(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the Static and Dynamic Historical Data to pote STS Criteria	Verified?
3	In accordance with Article 22(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the Static and Dynamic Historical Data to pote STS Criteria 63. and the sources of those data and the basis for claiming similarity, to potential investors before pricing.	Verified?
-	In accordance with Article 22(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the Static and Dynamic Historical Data to pote STS Criteria 63. and the sources of those data and the basis for claiming similarity, to potential investors before pricing. PCS Comments	Verified?
-	In accordance with Article 22(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the Static and Dynamic Historical Data to pote STS Criteria 63. and the sources of those data and the basis for claiming similarity, to potential investors before pricing. PCS Comments See HISTORICAL INFORMATION DATA	<u>Verified?</u> YES
3	In accordance with Article 22(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the Static and Dynamic Historical Data to potential STS Criteria 63. and the sources of those data and the basis for claiming similarity, to potential investors before pricing. PCS Comments See HISTORICAL INFORMATION DATA STS Criteria	<u>Verified?</u> YES <u>Verified?</u>

Article 22.2. A sample of the underlying exposures shall be subject to external verification prior to issuance of the securities resulting from the securitisation by an appropriate and independent party, including verification that the data disclosed in respect of the underlying exposures is accurate.

55 STS Criteria 65. A sample of the underlying exposures shall be subject to external verification prior to issuance of the securities resulting from the securitisation by an appropriate and independent party, YES

PCS Comments



See Final Terms - SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE - External verification of a sample of Eligible Receivables

PCS has reviewed the report on "agreed upon procedures" (AUP) commonly known as a "pool audit". PCS can confirm that this was done by an appropriate and independent third party.

66	STS Criteria	Verified?
	66. Including verification that the data disclosed in respect of the underlying exposures is accurate.	YES

## PCS Comments

See Final Terms - SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE – External verification of a sample of Eligible Receivables

Article 22.3. The originator or the sponsor shall, before the pricing of the securitisation, make available to potential investors a liability cash flow model which precisely represents the contractual relationship between the underlying exposures and the payments flowing between the originator, sponsor, investors, other third parties and the SSPE, and shall, after pricing, make that model available to investors on an ongoing basis and to potential investors upon request.

67	STS Criteria	
	67. The originator or the sponsor shall, before the pricing of the securitisation, make available to potential investors a liability cash flow model which	Verified?
	precisely represents the contractual relationship between the underlying exposures and the payments flowing between the originator, sponsor, investors,	YES
	other third parties and the SSPE.	

## PCS Comments

See EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE, Information available prior to the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU

Securitisation Regulation

Liability Cash Flow Model

In accordance with Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available to potential investors the Liability Cash Flow Model through Moody's Analytics and/or Intex and/or any other relevant modelling platform.

"Liability Cash Flow Model" means, pursuant to Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the liability cash flow model which precisely represents the contractual relationship between the Purchased Receivables and the payments flowing between the Seller, the other relevant Programme Parties and the Compartment (which Cash Flow Model shall be updated, in case of significant changes in the cash flow structure of the transaction described in this Base Prospectus).[PCS is not a modelling firm nor has any modelling expertise. Therefore, it will not verify the model's accuracy or perform any due diligence whatsoever on the model. However, it will seek to satisfy itself indirectly as to the likelihood of the model's accuracy by requesting details of the individuals (if employed by the originator) or the firms (if the model is outsourced) responsible for the model. PCS will then assess whether, in its sole opinion, the model was put together by persons or firms with a reputation and a track-record in such models.

PCS has seen the model.



Having read a statement in the prospectus that the model will be made available in accordance with the requirements of the criteria and assessed the firm resp PCS is prepared to verify this criterion.	onsible for the model,
<u>STS Criteria</u> 68. And shall, after pricing, make that model available to investors on an ongoing basis and to potential investors upon request.	<u>Verified?</u> YES
PCS Comments	
See EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE, Information available prior to the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation	Article 7(1) and Article
Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation	
Liability Cash Flow Model	
In accordance with Article 22(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make the Liability Cash Flow Model available to the Noteholde Analytics and/or Intex and/or any other relevant modelling platform on an ongoing basis and to potential investors upon request.	rs through Moody's



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Article 22.4. In case of a securitisation where the underlying exposures are residential loans or car loans or leases, the originator and sponsor shall publish the available information related to the environmental performance of the assets financed by such residential loans or car loans or leases, as part of the information disclosed pursuant to point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1).

# 69 STS Criteria

69. In case of a securitisation where the underlying exposures are residential loans or car loans or leases, the originator and sponsor shall publish the available information related to the environmental performance of the assets financed by such residential loans or car loans or leases, as part of the information disclosed pursuant to point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1).

Verified? N/A

### PCS Comments

not applicable, unsecured credit card receivables.

Article 22.5. The originator and the sponsor shall be responsible for compliance with Article 7 of this Regulation. The information required by point (a) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available to potential investors before pricing upon request. The information required by points (b) to (d) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available before pricing at least in draft or initial form.

70	STS Criteria	Verified?
	70. The originator and the sponsor shall be responsible for compliance with Article 7 of this Regulation.	YES

### PCS Comments

EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE

Information and Disclosure Requirements in accordance with the EU Securitisation Regulation and the UK Securitisation Regulation

"the Seller shall be responsible for the compliance with Article 7 (Transparency requirements for originators, sponsors and SSPEs) of the EU Securitisation Regulation pursuant to Article 22(5) of the EU Securitisation Regulation."



71	STS Criteria	Verified?
	71. The information required by point (a) the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available to potential investors before pricing upon request.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE	
	Information available prior to the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation	on, which states:
	Loan by Loan Report	
	In accordance with Article 22(5) of the Securitisation, the Loan by Loan Report shall be made available by the Seller to potential investors before the pricing of t any Note Series upon request.	he Class A Notes of
72	STS Criteria	Verified?
	72. The information required by points (b) to (d) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) shall be made available before pricing at least in draft or initial form.	YES
	PCS Comments	
	EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE	
	Information available prior to the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation	on, which states:
	Base Prospectus, Programme Documents and Final Terms	
	In accordance with Article 7(1)(b) and Article 22(5) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company has undertaken to make available to potenti publish on Securitisation Repository the Base Prospectus, the Final Terms and the Programme Documents (at least in draft or initial form) (excluding for the av Class A Notes Subscription Agreement) that are essential for the understanding of the transaction described in this Base Prospectus and which are referred to Section entitled "INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPARTMENT - Availability of certain documents".	he avoidance of doubt any
	STS Notification	
	In accordance with Article 22(5) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Seller has undertaken to make available the STS notification with respect to such new I draft or initial form) established by the Seller pursuant to Article 7(1)(d) of the EU Securitisation Regulation in relation to each issue of Class A Notes of any Not Securitisation Repository	Note Series (at least in te Series on the



STS Criteria	Verified?
73. The final documentation shall be made available to investors at the latest 15 days after closing of the transaction.	YES
PCS Comments	
EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE	
Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation	
Base Prospectus, Prospectus Supplement and Programme Documents	
Terms and the Programme Documents (excluding for the avoidance of doubt any Class A Notes Subscription Agreement) that are essential for the understand described in this Base Prospectus to investors, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisa upon request, to potential investors at the latest fifteen days after each Issue Date of a Note Series on the Securitisation Repository (see section entitled "INFO TO THE COMPARTMENT - Availability of certain documents").	ation Regulation and RMATION RELATIN
cle 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available	
	to holders of a
uritisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors: information on the underlying exposures on a quarterly basis, or, in the case of ABCP, information on the underlying receivables or credit claims on a monthly basis	
uritisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:	
uritisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors: information on the underlying exposures on a quarterly basis, or, in the case of ABCP, information on the underlying receivables or credit claims on a monthly basis STS Criteria 74. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:	y <u>Verified?</u>
uritisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors: information on the underlying exposures on a quarterly basis, or, in the case of ABCP, information on the underlying receivables or credit claims on a monthly basis STS Criteria 74. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors: (a) information on the underlying exposures on a quarterly basis,	y <u>Verified?</u>

Loan by Loan Report

In accordance with Article 7(1)(a) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company shall make available, at least two (2) Business Days before any Payment Date (and simultaneously with the Securitisation Regulation Investor Report), the Loan by Loan Report in a form complying with the standardised template set out in Annex VII of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) no. 2020/1224 of 16 October 2019 to the Noteholders, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, to potential investors on the Securitisation Repository.



Article 20 - Simplicity

all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction, including but not limited	to, where applicable, the following documents:	
(i) the final offering document or the prospectus together with the closing transaction documents, excluding legal	opinions;	
(ii) for traditional securitisation the asset sale agreement, assignment, novation or transfer agreement and any rele	evant declaration of trust;	
(iii) the derivatives and guarantees agreements as well as any relevant documents on collateralisation arrangemen originator;	nts where the exposures being securitised remain exp	oosures of the
(iv) the servicing, back-up servicing, administration and cash management agreements;		
(v) the trust deed, security deed, agency agreement, account bank agreement, guaranteed investment contract, inc	corporated terms or master trust framework or maste	er definitions
agreement or such legal documentation with equivalent legal value;		
(vi) any relevant inter-creditor agreements, derivatives documentation, subordinated loan agreements, start-up loa	an agreements and liquidity facility agreements;	
5 STS Criteria		
75. (b) all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction, including but r documents:	not limited to, where applicable, the following	
(i) the final offering document or the prospectus together with the closing transaction documents, excludin	ng legal opinions	
(ii) for traditional securitisation the asset sale agreement, assignment, novation or transfer agreement and	any relevant declaration of trust;	
(iii) the derivatives and guarantees agreements as well as any relevant documents on collateralisation arrange remain exposures of the originator;	ngements where the exposures being securitised	<u>Verified?</u> YES
(iv) the servicing, back-up servicing, administration and cash management agreements;		
(v) the trust deed, security deed, agency agreement, account bank agreement, guaranteed investment contr framework or master definitions agreement or such legal documentation with equivalent legal value;	ract, incorporated terms or master trust	
	rt-up loan agreements and liquidity facility	



Verified?

N/A

Arti	Article 7.1. That underlying documentation shall include a detailed description of the priority of payments of the securitisation;		
76	STS Criteria 76. That underlying documentation shall include a detailed description of the priority of payments of the securitisation;	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	PCS Comments See Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, paragraph 6 "PRIORITY OF PAYMENTS"		
	See Terms and Conditions of the Notes of any Note Series, paragraph 6 "PRIORITY OF PAYMENTS"		

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:
 (c) where a prospectus has not been drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, a transaction summary or overview of the main features of the securitisation, including, where applicable:

(i) details regarding the structure of the deal, including the structure diagrams containing an overview of the transaction, the cash flows and the ownership structure;

(ii) details regarding the exposure characteristics, cash flows, loss waterfall, credit enhancement and liquidity support features;

(iii) details regarding the voting rights of the holders of a securitisation position and their relationship to other secured creditors;

(iv) a list of all triggers and events referred to in the documents provided in accordance with point (b) that could have a material impact on the performance of the securitisation position;

### 77 <u>STS Criteria</u>

77. (c) where a prospectus has not been drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, a transaction summary or overview of the main features of the securitisation, including, where applicable:

(i) details regarding the structure of the deal, including the structure diagrams containing an overview of the transaction, the cash flows and the ownership structure;

(ii) details regarding the exposure characteristics, cash flows, loss waterfall, credit enhancement and liquidity support features;

(iii) details regarding the voting rights of the holders of a securitisation position and their relationship to other secured creditors;

(iv) a list of all triggers and events referred to in the documents provided in accordance with point (b) that could have a material impact on the performance of the securitisation position;

#### PCS Comments

Not applicable.



Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:
(d) in the case of STS securitisations, the STS notification referred to in Article 27;

78	STS Criteria	Verified?
	78. (d) in the case of STS securitisations, the STS notification referred to in Article 27;	YES

### PCS Comments

EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE

Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation

**STS Notification** 

In accordance with Article 22(5) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company has undertaken to make available the final STS notification with respect to such new Note Series established by the Seller pursuant to Article 7(1)(d) of the EU Securitisation Regulation in relation to each issue of Class A Notes of any Note Series. It is expected that this STS notification will be available on the website of ESMA (https://www.esma.europa.eu/policy-activities/securitisation/simple-transparent-and-standardised-sts-securitisation).

Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:

(e) quarterly investor reports, or, in the case of ABCP, monthly investor reports, containing the following:

(i) all materially relevant data on the credit quality and performance of underlying exposures;

(ii) information on events which trigger changes in the priority of payments or the replacement of any counterparties, and, in the case of a securitisation which is not an ABCP transaction, data on the cash flows generated by the underlying exposures and by the liabilities of the securitisation;

(iii) information about the risk retained, including information on which of the modalities provided for in Article 6(3) has been applied, in accordance with Article 6.

# 79 STS Criteria

79. (e) quarterly investor reports, or, in the case of ABCP, monthly investor reports, containing the following:

(i) all materially relevant data on the credit quality and performance of underlying exposures;

(ii) information on events which trigger changes in the priority of payments or the replacement of any counterparties,

(ii)...and, in the case of a securitisation which is not an ABCP transaction, data on the cash flows generated by the underlying exposures and by the liabilities of the securitisation;



Verified?

YES

(iii) information about the risk retained, including information on which of the modalities provided for in Article 6(3) has been applied, in accordance with Article 6.

#### PCS Comments

EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE

Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation

Loan by Loan Report

In accordance with Article 7(1)(a) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company shall make available, at least two (2) Business Days before any Payment Date (and simultaneously with the Securitisation Regulation Investor Report), the Loan by Loan Report in a form complying with the standardised template set out in Annex VII of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) no. 2020/1224 of 16 October 2019 to the Noteholders, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, to potential investors on the Securitisation Repository.

Securitisation Regulation Investor Report

In accordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company shall make available at least two (2) Business Days prior each Payment Date, the Securitisation Regulation Investor Report to the Noteholders, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, to potential investors on the Securitisation Repository as well as on its website (www.eurotitrisation.fr).



Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:				
(f) any inside information relating to the securitisation that the originator, sponsor or SSPE is obliged to make public in accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on insider dealing and market manipulation;				
80	STS Criteria Verified?			
	80. (f) any inside information relating to the securitisation that the originator, sponsor or SSPE is obliged to make public in accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on insider dealing and market manipulation; YES			
	PCS Comments			
	EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE			
	Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation			
	Inside Information Report			
	In accordance with Article 7(1)(f) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company shall make available, without delay, to the Noteholders, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the UK Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, to potential investors, any inside information relating to the securitisation established pursuant to the Programme Documents that the Seller or the Compartment is obliged to make public in accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on insider dealing and market manipulation on the Securitisation Repository.	s) of the UK Securitisation nents that the Seller or the		



Article 7.1. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, make at least the following information available to holders of a securitisation position, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 and, upon request, to potential investors:				
(g) where point (f) does not apply, any significant event such as:				
	(i) a material breach of the obligations laid down in the documents provided in accordance with point (b), including any remedy, waiver or consent subsequently provided in relation to such a breach;			
(ii) a	(ii) a change in the structural features that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation;			
(iii)	a change in the risk characteristics of the securitisation or of the underlying exposures that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation;			
(iv)	in the case of STS securitisations, where the securitisation ceases to meet the STS requirements or where competent authorities have taken remedial or adminis	strative actions;		
(v) a	any material amendment to transaction documents.			
81	STS Criteria			
	81. (g) where point (f) does not apply, any significant event such as:			
	(i) a material breach of the obligations laid down in the documents provided in accordance with point (b), including any remedy, waiver or consent subsequently provided in relation to such a breach;	Verified2		
	(ii) a change in the structural features that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation	Verified?		
	(iii) a change in the risk characteristics of the securitisation or of the underlying exposures that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation;	YES		
	(iv) in the case of STS securitisations, where the securitisation ceases to meet the STS requirements or where competent authorities have taken remedial or			
	administrative actions;			
	(v) any material amendment to transaction documents.			
	PCS Comments			
	EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE			
	Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation			
	Significant Events			
	In accordance with Article 7(1)(g) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company shall make available, without delay, on the Securitisation Repository to the Noteholders, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the UK Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, to potential investors, any significant event such as:			
	(a) a material breach of the obligations provided for in the Programme Documents, including any remedy, waiver or consent subsequently provided in relation to	o such a breach;		
	(b) a change in the structural features of the Compartment that can materially impact the performance of the securitisation established pursuant to the Program	mme Documents;		
	(c) a change in the risk characteristics of the securitisation established pursuant to the Programme Documents or of the Purchased Receivables that can mate performance of the securitisation established pursuant to the Programme Documents;	rially impact the		
	(d) if the securitisation has been considered as a "simple, transparent and standardised" securitisation in accordance with the EU Securitisation Regulation or the UK Securitisation Regulation, where the securitisation ceases to meet the applicable requirements of the EU Securitisation Regulation or te UK Securitisation Regulation, as applicable, or where competent authorities have taken remedial or administrative actions; and			



(e) any material amendment to the Programme Documents.

Article 7.1. The information described in points (a) and (e) of the first subparagraph shall be made available simultaneously each quarter at the latest one month after the due date for the payment of interest [...ABCP provisions]

82	STS Criteria 82. The information described in points (a) and (e) of the first subparagraph shall be made available simultaneously each quarter at the latest one month after the due date for the payment of interest [ABCP provisions]	<u>Verified?</u> YES	
	Comments		
	EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE		
	Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation		
	y Loan Report		
	ordance with Article 7(1)(a) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company shall make available, at least two (2) Business Days before any Payment E aneously with the Securitisation Regulation Investor Report), the Loan by Loan Report in a form complying with the standardised template set out in Annex VII of the Cor ated Regulation (EU) no. 2020/1224 of 16 October 2019 to the Noteholders, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) tisation Regulation and, upon request, to potential investors on the Securitisation Repository.		
	Securitisation Regulation Investor Report		
	ordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, the Management Company shall make available at least two (2) Business Days prior each Payment Date, tisation Regulation Investor Report to the Noteholders, to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 (Designation of competent authorities) of the EU Securitisat ation and, upon request, to potential investors on the Securitisation Repository as well as on its website (www.eurotitrisation.fr).		
	See also Duties of the Management Company.		



 

 Article 7.1. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 596/2014, the information described in points (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph shall be made available without delay

 When complying with this paragraph, the originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall comply with national and Union law governing the protection of confidentiality of information and the processing of personal data in order to avoid potential breaches of such law as well as any confidentiality obligation relating to customer, original lender or debtor information, unless such confidential information is anonymised or aggregated.

 In particular, with regard to the information referred to in point (b) the originator, sponsor and SSPE may provide a summary of the concerned documentation.

 Competent authorities referred to in Article 29 shall be able to request the provision of such confidential information to them in order to fulfil their duties under this Regulation.

 83
 STS Criteria 83. Without prejudice to Regulation (EU) No 596/2014, the information described in points (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph shall be made available without delay
 Verified? YES

 PCS EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE
 Information available after the pricing of the Class A Notes of any Note Series in accordance with Article 7(1) and Article 22 of the EU Securitisation Regulation
 See Significant Events and Inside Information Report.



Article 7.2. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall designate amongst themselves one entity to fulfil the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1.					
The entity designated in accordance with the first subparagraph shall make the information for a securitisation transaction available by means of a securitisation repository.					
Or The obligations referred to in the second and fourth subparagraphs shall not apply to securitisations where no prospectus has to be drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC.					
84	STS Criteria 84. The originator, sponsor and SSPE of a securitisation shall designate amongst themselves one entity to fulfil the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 1.				
	The entity designated in accordance with the first subparagraph shall make the information for a securitisation transaction available by means of a securitisation repository.	<u>Verified?</u> YES			
	Or				
	The obligations referred to in the second and fourth subparagraphs shall not apply to securitisations where no prospectus has to be drawn up in compliance with Directive 2003/71/EC.				
	EU/UK SECURITISATION REGULATION COMPLIANCE				
	Information and Disclosure Requirements in accordance with the EU Securitisation Regulation and the UK Securitisation Regulation				
	Responsibility and delegation				
	For the purposes of Article 7(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, the Seller and the Management Compar Compartment, have agreed in the Master Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement that the Management Company, acting on behalf of the Compartment, wil and shall be in charge of fulfilling the information requirements pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regula available such information to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 of the UK Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 of the Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 of the UK Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 of the UK Securitisation Regulation Re	vables Sale and Purchase Agreement that the Management Company, acting on behalf of the Compartment, will act as Reporting Entity on requirements pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation by making the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and Article 29 of the UK Securitisation Regulation,			
	curitisation Repository" means on the date of this Base Prospectus, the European Data Warehouse internet website (being, as at the date of this Base Prospectus, w.eurodw.eu) and thereafter any replacement or additional securitisation repository registered with the European Securities and Markets Authority in accordance with Article 10 EU Securitisation Regulation and designated by the Compartment and the Seller.				
85	STS Criteria	Verified?			
	85. The entity responsible for reporting the information, and the securitisation repository where the information is made available shall be indicated in the documentation regarding the securitisation.	YES			
	PCS Comments				
	See point 84 above.				

