## LCR ASSESSMENT BRASS NO. 9 PLC



PRIME COLLATERALISED SECURITIES (PCS) UK LIMITED

15<sup>th</sup> June 2020



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This is an LCR Assessment.

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It is important that the reader of this checklist reviews and understands the disclaimer referred to on the following page.

15<sup>th</sup> June 2020



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## Prime Collateralised Securities (PCS) LCR Assessment

Individual(s) undertaking the assessment	Robert Leach
Date of Verification	15 June 2020
The transaction to be verified (the "Transaction")	BRASS NO. 9 PLC
	L RDAGO NO. O RI G
Issuer	BRASS NO. 9 PLC
Originator	Yorkshire Building Society
ISIN	Rule 144A Notes: XS2174498043, XS2174498399
	Regulation S Notes: XS2174497748, XS2174498126
Arranger(s)	Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc
Lead Manager(s)	Barclays Bank PLC, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Lloyds Bank
	Corporate Markets plc
Transaction Legal Counsel	Allen & Overy LLP
Rating Agencies	Fitch, Moody's
Stock Exchange	Euronext Dublin (Irish Stock Exchange)
Closing Date	15 June 2020



Legislative text(1)	LCR questions	Identifying document and checking page reference	Checking comments	Criteria fulfilled Yes / No
1. Exposures in the form of asset-backed securities as referred to in Article 12(1)(a) shall qualify as level 2B securitisations where the following conditions are satisfied:  (a) the designation 'STS' or 'simple, transparent and standardised', or a			1 (a) PCS is advised by Yorkshire Building Society that the transaction BRASS NO. 9 PLC is expected to be designated STS.	Yes ⊠ No⊡
designation that refers directly or indirectly to those terms, is permitted to be used for the securitisation in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council (*) and is being so used; (b) the criteria laid down in paragraph 2 and paragraphs 10 to 13 of this Article are met.  (*) Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, and amending Directives 2009/65/EC, 2009/138/EC and 2011/61/EU and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 347, 28.12.2017, p. 35).			1 (b) PCS has ticked the questions below as "yes". See the disclaimer above for a fuller analysis of the limitations of PCS's LCR assessment.	Yes ⊠ No□

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 with regard to liquidity coverage requirement for Credit Institutions ("LCR"), as amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/1620 of 13 July 2018. Article 13 Level 2B securitisations



2. The securitisation position and the exposures underlying the position shall meet all the following requirements:	2 (a) See Prospectus, Expected Ratings (Fitch/Moody's).	PCS notes that the Class A notes are assigned ratings of AAA sf/Aaa (sf).	Yes ⊠ No□
(a) the position has been assigned a credit assessment of credit quality step 1 by a nominated ECAI in accordance with Article 264 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 or the equivalent credit quality step in the event of a short-term credit assessment;			
(b) the position is in the most senior tranche or tranches of the securitisation and possesses the highest level of seniority at all times during the ongoing life of the transaction. For these purposes, a tranche shall be deemed to be the most senior where after the delivery of an enforcement notice and where applicable an acceleration notice, the tranche is not subordinated to other tranches of the same securitisation transaction or scheme in respect of receiving principal and interest payments, without taking into account amounts due under interest rate or currency derivative contracts, fees or other similar payments in accordance with Article 242(6) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013;	2 (b) See Prospectus, DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES. Priority of Payments Accelerated priority of payments.	2 (b) PCS notes that the Class A Notes meet the required attributes, based on the prospectus that has been reviewed.	Yes ⊠ No⊡



(g) the securitisation position is backed by a pool of underlying exposures and those underlying exposures either all			
belong to only one of the following subcategories or else they consist of a combination of residential loans referred to in point (i) and residential loans referred to in point (ii):			
(i) residential loans secured with a first- ranking mortgage granted to individuals for the acquisition of their main	(g)(i) applies.	(g)(i) applies.	Yes ⊠ No⊡
residence, provided that one of the two following conditions is met:	(g)(i) See Prospectus, CHARACTERISTICS OF THE	The maximum, minimum and weighted average current indexed	
— the loans in the pool meet on average the loan-to-value requirement	CUT-OFF DATE PORTFOLIO section.	Loan to Value Ratio as at the Cut- Off Date of all the Loans	
laid down in point (i) of Article 129(1)(d) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (²);	Current Indexed Loan to Value Ratios	(including capitalised interest and fees and incorporating all Loans	
— the national law of the Member State where the loans were originated		secured on the same Property) is 89.97, 1.91 and 71.32 per cent., respectively.	
provides for a loan-to-income limit on the amount that an obligor may borrow		respectively.	
in a residential loan, and that Member State has notified this law to the			
Commission and EBA. The loan-to-			
income limit is calculated on the gross annual income of the obligor, taking into			
account the tax obligations and other			
commitments of the obligor and the risk			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Article 129(1)(d) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 refers to <<(d) loans secured by:

<sup>(</sup>i) residential property up to the lesser of the principal amount of the liens that are combined with any prior liens and 80 % of the value of the pledged properties; or (ii) senior units issued by French Fonds Communs de Titrisation or equivalent securitisation entities governed by the laws of a Member State securitising residential property exposures. In the event of such senior units being used as collateral, the special public supervision to protect bond holders as provided for in Article 52(4) of Directive 2009/65/EC shall ensure that the assets underlying such units shall, at any time while they are included in the cover pool be at least 90 % composed of residential mortgages that are combined with any prior liens up to the lesser of the principal amounts due under the units, the principal amounts of the liens, and 80 % of the value of the pledged properties, that the units qualify for the credit quality step 1 as set out in this Chapter and that such units do not exceed 10 % of the nominal amount of the outstanding issue.>>



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of changes in the interest rates over the term of the loan. For each residential loan in the pool, the percentage of the		
obligor's gross income that may be		
spent to service the loan, including interest, principal and fee payments, does not exceed 45 %;		
(ii) fully guaranteed residential loans referred to in Article 129(1)(e) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, provided that the loans meet the collateralisation requirements laid down in that paragraph and the average loan-to-value requirement laid down in point (i) of Article 129(1)(d) of Regulation (EU)		
No 575/2013		
(iii) commercial loans, leases and credit facilities to undertakings established in a Member State to finance capital expenditures or business operations other than the acquisition or development of commercial real estate, provided that at least 80 % of the		
borrowers in the pool in terms of portfolio balance are small and mediumsized enterprises at the time of issuance		
of the securitisation, and none of the borrowers is an institution as defined in Article 4(1)(3) of Regulation (EU) No		
575/2013;[ <sup>3</sup> ]		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In particular: "**institution**" means a credit institution or an investment firm; '**credit institution**' means an undertaking the business of which is to take deposits or other repayable funds from the public and to grant credits for its own account; and '**investment firm**' means a person as defined in point (1) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2004/39/EC, which is subject to the requirements imposed by that Directive, excluding the following: (a) credit institutions; (b) local firms; (c) firms which are not authorised to provide the ancillary service referred to in point (1) of Section B of Annex I to Directive 2004/39/EC, which provide only one or more of the investment services and activities listed in points 1, 2, 4 and 5 of Section A of Annex I to that Directive, and which are not permitted to hold money or securities belonging to their clients and which for that reason may not at any time place themselves in debt with those clients.



(iv) auto loans and leases to borrowers		
or lessees established or resident in a		
Member State. For these purposes,		
auto loans and leases shall include		
loans or leases for the financing of		
motor vehicles or trailers as defined in		
points (11) and (12) of Article 3 of		
Directive 2007/46/EC of the European		
Parliament and of the Council (*),		
agricultural or forestry tractors as		
referred to in Regulation (EU) No		
167/2013 of the European Parliament		
and of the Council (**), two-wheel		
motorcycles or powered tricycles as		
referred to in Regulation (EU) No		
168/2013 of the European Parliament		
and of the Council (***) or tracked		
vehicles as referred to in point (c) of		
Article 2(2) of Directive 2007/46/EC.		
Such loans or leases may include		
ancillary insurance and service products		
or additional vehicle parts, and in the		
case of leases, the residual value of		
leased vehicles. All loans and leases in		
the pool shall be secured with a first-		
ranking charge or security over the		
vehicle or an appropriate guarantee in		
favour of the SSPE, such as a retention		
of title provision;		
(*) Directive 2007/46/EC of the		
European Parliament and of the Council		
of 5 September 2007 establishing a		
framework for the approval of motor		
vehicles and their trailers, and of		
systems, components and separate		
technical units intended for such		
vehicles (Framework Directive) (OJ L		
263, 9.10.2007, p. 1).		
200, 0.10.2007, p. 1).		



(**) Regulation (EU) No 167/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 February 2013 on the approval and market surveillance of agricultural and forestry vehicles (OJ L 60, 2.3.2013, p. 1).  (***) Regulation (EU) No 168/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the approval and market surveillance of two- or three-wheel vehicles and quadricycles (OJ L 60, 2.3.2013, p. 52).';			
(v) loans and credit facilities to individuals resident in a Member State for personal, family or household consumption purposes.			
10. The underlying exposures shall not have been originated by the credit institution holding the securitisation position in its liquidity buffer, its subsidiary, its parent undertaking, a subsidiary of its parent undertaking or any other undertaking closely linked with that credit institution.		The investor should confirm that it is not a group entity of the Originator to meet this point. We have ticked this point positive but ultimately it is the investors responsibility to confirm.	Yes ⊠ No⊡



11. The issue size of the tranche shall be at least EUR 100 million (or the equivalent amount in domestic currency).	See Prospectus. Initial Principal Amount	PCS notes that the senior tranche is at least EUR 100 million (or the equivalent amount in domestic currency).	Yes ⊠ No⊡
12. The remaining weighted average life of the tranche shall be 5 years or less, which shall be calculated using the lower of either the transaction's pricing prepayment assumption or a 20 % constant prepayment rate, for which the credit institution shall assume that the call is exercised on the first permitted call date.	See Prospectus, WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIVES OF THE NOTES. Possible Average Life of Class A Notes (years) Assuming Issuer call on Step-Up Date	The remaining average life of all of the senior tranches (assuming Issuer call on Step-Up Date) is 5 years or less using a 15% CPR, which PCS is advised is the transaction's pricing prepayment assumption.	Yes ⊠ No⊡
13. The originator of the exposures underlying the securitisation shall be an institution as defined in Article 4(3) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 or an undertaking whose principal activity is to pursue one or more of the activities listed in points 2 to 12 and point 15 of Annex I to Directive 2013/36/EU.	See Prospectus, ACCORD MORTGAGES LIMITED.	Accord is authorised and regulated by the FCA and is entered in the Financial Services Register with registration number 305936. In addition, Accord is an undertaking whose principal activity is to pursue one or more of the activities listed in points 2 to 12 and point 15 of Annex I to Directive 2013/36/EU.	Yes ⊠ No□
Article 37 Transitional provision for securitisations backed by residential loans	Points 1 and 2 are not applicable.	Points 1 and 2 are not applicable.	Yes ⊠ No⊡
1. By derogation from Article 13, securitisations issued before 1 October 2015, where the underlying exposures are residential loans as referred to in point (g)(i) of Article 13(2), shall qualify as Level 2B assets if they meet all the requirements set out in Article 13 other than the loan-to-value or loan-to-income			



requirements set out in that point (g)(i) of Article 13(2).		
2. By derogation from Article 13, securitisations issued after 1 October 2015, where the underlying exposures are residential loans as referred to in point (g)(i) of Article 13(2) that do not meet the average loan-to-value or the loan-to-income requirements set out in that point, shall qualify as Level 2B assets until 1 October 2025, provided that the underlying exposures include residential loans that were not subject to a national law regulating loan-to-income limits at the time they were granted and such residential loans were granted at any time prior to 1 October 2015.		