ORBITA FUNDING 2023-1 PLC

IMPORTANT NOTICE

NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION TO ANY US PERSON (AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR TO ANY PERSON OR ADDRESS IN THE US

IMPORTANT: You must read the following before continuing.

The following applies to the prospectus (the "**Prospectus**") following this page. You are advised to read this disclaimer carefully before reading, accessing or making any other use of the Prospectus. In accessing the Prospectus, you agree to be bound by the following terms and conditions, including any modifications made to them from time to time, each time you receive any information from us as a result of such access. You acknowledge that delivery of this electronic transmission and the Prospectus are confidential and intended for you only and you agree you will not forward, reproduce or publish this electronic transmission and/or the Prospectus in any manner whatsoever to any other person.

NOTHING IN THIS ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION AND/OR THE PROSPECTUS CONSTITUTES AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY THE NOTES (THE "NOTES") OF ORBITA FUNDING 2023-1 PLC (THE "ISSUER") IN THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION WHERE IT IS UNLAWFUL TO DO SO.

THE NOTES HAVE NOT BEEN, AND WILL NOT BE, REGISTERED UNDER THE US SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE OF THE US OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF THE US, AND THEREFORE MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD WITHIN THE US OR TO, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, US PERSONS (AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT ("REGULATION S")), EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE OR LOCAL SECURITIES LAWS.

THE PROSPECTUS MAY NOT BE FORWARDED OR DISTRIBUTED TO ANY OTHER PERSON AND MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER, AND, IN PARTICULAR, MAY NOT BE FORWARDED TO ANY US PERSON OR TO ANY US ADDRESS. ANY FORWARDING, DISTRIBUTION OR REPRODUCTION OF THIS DOCUMENT IN WHOLE OR IN PART IS UNAUTHORISED. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS DIRECTIVE MAY RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE APPLICABLE LAWS OF OTHER JURISDICTIONS. THE NOTES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE US SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC") ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER US OR STATE REGULATORY AUTHORITY, NOR HAVE ANY OF THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THIS PROSPECTUS OR CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THE PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENCE.

EXCEPT WITH THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE SELLER AND WHERE SUCH SALE FALLS WITHIN THE EXEMPTION PROVIDED BY SECTION 20 OF THE FINAL RULES PROMULGATED UNDER SECTION 15G OF THE US SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED (THE "US RISK RETENTION RULES"), THE NOTES OFFERED AND SOLD BY THE ISSUER MAY NOT BE PURCHASED BY, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, ANY "US PERSON" AS DEFINED IN THE US RISK RETENTION RULES ("RISK RETENTION US PERSONS"). PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD NOTE THAT THE DEFINITION OF "US PERSON" IN THE US RISK RETENTION RULES IS DIFFERENT FROM THE DEFINITION OF "US PERSON" IN REGULATION S, AND PERSONS WHO ARE NOT "US PERSONS" UNDER REGULATION S MAY BE US PERSONS UNDER THE US RISK RETENTION RULES. EACH PURCHASER OF NOTES, INCLUDING BENEFICIAL INTERESTS THEREIN, WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE MADE CERTAIN REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS, INCLUDING THAT IT (A) IS NOT A RISK RETENTION US PERSON (UNLESS IT HAS OBTAINED A PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE SELLER), (B) IS ACQUIRING SUCH NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN FOR ITS OWN ACCOUNT AND NOT WITH A VIEW TO DISTRIBUTE SUCH NOTE, AND (C) IS NOT ACQUIRING SUCH NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN AS PART OF A SCHEME TO EVADE THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE US RISK RETENTION RULES.

In member states of the European Economic Area ("**EEA**"), this electronic transmission and the Prospectus are only addressed to and directed at persons who are "qualified investors" within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129, as amended ("**EU Qualified Investors**"). This electronic transmission and the Prospectus must not be acted on or relied on in any member state of the EEA by persons who are not EU Qualified Investors. Any investment or investment activity to which this electronic transmission and the Prospectus relates is available only to EU Qualified Investors in any member state of the EEA.

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the EEA. For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "EU MiFID II"); or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (the "Insurance Distribution Directive"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (the "EU PRIIPs Regulation") for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the EU PRIIPs Regulation.

In the United Kingdom, this electronic transmission and the Prospectus are only addressed to and directed at persons who are "qualified investors" within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the "**UK Qualified Investors**"). In addition, in the United Kingdom, this electronic transmission and the Prospectus are only addressed to and directed at UK Qualified Investors who (i) are persons who have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the "**Order**"), (ii) are persons who are high net worth entities falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order, or (iii) are other persons to whom they may otherwise lawfully be communicated (all such persons together being referred to as "**Relevant Investors**"). This electronic transmission and the Prospectus must not be acted on or relied on in the United Kingdom by persons who are not Relevant Investors. Any investment or investment activity to which this electronic transmission and the Prospectus relate is available only to Relevant Investors in the United Kingdom.

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the "EUWA"); or (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of domestic law of the EUWA (the "UK PRIIPs Regulation") for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the United Kingdom has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.

Confirmation of your representation: This electronic transmission and the Prospectus are delivered to you on the basis that you are deemed to have represented to the Issuer, Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc (as "**Arranger**"), Merrill Lynch International and NatWest Markets Plc (together with Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc and Merrill Lynch International, as "**Joint Lead Managers**") and each of their affiliates that you have understood and agree to the terms set out herein, and that (i) you are not a "US person" (within the meaning of Regulation S) or acting for the account or benefit of a US person and the electronic mail address that you have given to us and to which this e-mail has been delivered is not located in the United States, its territories and possessions (including Puerto Rico, the US Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Wake Island and the Northern Mariana Islands) or the District of Columbia, and (ii)(A) if you are a person in a member state of the EEA, then you are an EU Qualified Investor and/or an EU Qualified Investor acting on behalf of EU Qualified Investors or Relevant Investors, to the extent that you are acting on behalf of Relevant Investor and/or a Relevant Investor acting on behalf of Relevant Investor and/or a Relevant Investor acting on behalf of Relevant Investor acting on behalf of receive in the that you are acting on behalf of Persons or entities in the EEA or the United Kingdom, (B) if you are a person in the United Kingdom or in the EEA, or (C) you are an institutional investor that is otherwise eligible to receive

this electronic transmission and the Prospectus. You shall also be deemed to have represented to the Issuer, the Arranger and the Joint Lead Managers that you consent to delivery by electronic transmission.

You are reminded that you have received this electronic transmission and the Prospectus on the basis that you are a person into whose possession the Prospectus may be lawfully delivered in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which you are located and you may not nor are you authorised to deliver the Prospectus, electronically or otherwise, to any other person. If you receive the Prospectus by e-mail, you should not reply by e-mail to this announcement. Any reply e-mail communications, including those you generate by using the "Reply" function on your e-mail software, will be ignored or rejected. If you receive the Prospectus in electronic format by e-mail, your use of such Prospectus in electronic format and e-mail is at your own risk and it is your responsibility to take precautions to ensure that each is free from viruses and other items of a destructive nature.

If a jurisdiction requires that the offering to which this electronic transmission and the Prospectus relates be made by a licensed broker or dealer and the Arranger or a Joint Lead Manager or any affiliate of the Arranger or a Joint Lead Manager is a licensed broker or dealer in that jurisdiction, the offering shall be deemed to be made by the Arranger or that Joint Lead Manager or their affiliate on behalf of the Issuer in such jurisdiction.

You are reminded that documents transmitted electronically may be altered or changed during the process of transmission and consequently none of the Issuer, the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers or any of their respective affiliates accepts any liability or responsibility whatsoever in respect of any difference between the Prospectus delivered by electronic transmission and the hard copy version.

None of the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers or any of their respective affiliates accepts any responsibility whatsoever for the contents of this electronic transmission or the Prospectus or for any other statement made or purported to be made by it, or on its behalf, in connection with the Issuer or the Notes or the offering referred to herein. The Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers and each of their affiliates disclaim all and any liability whether arising in tort, contract, or otherwise which they might otherwise have in respect of the electronic transmission, the Prospectus or any such statement. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made by any of the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers or any of their respective affiliates as to the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of the information set out in this electronic transmission or the Prospectus.

ORBITA FUNDING 2023-1 PLC

(incorporated in England and Wales with limited liability under registered number 15107463)

£290,347,000 Class A1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 £326,642,000 Class A2 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 £39,923,000 Class B Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 £32,664,000 Class C Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 £36,294,000 Subordinated Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due October 2030

Notes	Initial Principal Amount	Issue Price	Interest Reference Rate	Margin/ Fixed Rate	Final Maturity Date	Ratings (Fitch/Moody's)
Class A1	£290,347,000	100%	Compounded Daily SONIA	0.80%	October 2030	AAAsf / Aaa(sf)
Class A2	£326,642,000	100%	Compounded Daily SONIA	0.85%	October 2030	AAAsf / Aaa(sf)
Class B	£39,923,000	100%	Compounded Daily SONIA	1.90%	October 2030	AAsf/ Aa1(sf)
Class C	£32,664,000	100%	Compounded Daily SONIA	2.80%	October 2030	Asf / A1(sf)
Subordinated Notes	£36,294,000	100%	N/A	Fixed	October 2030	Unrated
				Rate of		
				4.25%		

Closing Date Orbita Funding 2023-1 plc (the "Issuer") will issue the Class A1 Notes and the Class A2 Notes (together, the "Class A Notes"), the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes (together with the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes, the "Rated Notes") and the Subordinated Notes (together with the Rated Notes, the "Notes") referred to above on or about 13 November 2023 (the "Closing Date").

Underlying AssetsThe Issuer's primary source of funds to make payments on the Notes will be a
portfolio comprising receivables (and certain related rights) under or in
connection with Conditional Sale Contracts and Hire Purchase Contracts
(including PCP Contracts) originated by Close Brothers Limited (the "Seller").
Further information on the Receivables and Contracts is contained in this
Prospectus in the sections entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents –
Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement" and "The Provisional Portfolio".

- Subordination of more junior ranking Classes of Notes.
- Following the termination of the Revolving Period, payments of principal on the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes will be made in sequential order at all times.
- Excess Available Revenue Receipts.

Credit Enhancement

and Liquidity Support

- Availability of the Liquidity Reserve to cover a Revenue Deficiency. On the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, all or part of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve as is required to redeem the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes on that date shall be applied as Available Principal Receipts in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date and, thereafter, any excess shall be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on that date (as though the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount were zero).
- Application of Available Principal Receipts to cover a Remaining Revenue Deficiency. Available Principal Receipts will not be applied to cover any interest shortfall in respect of the Subordinated Notes.

See the section entitled "Credit Structure, Liquidity and Hedging" for more detail.

- **Redemption Provisions** The Notes may be redeemed in whole or in part (as applicable) in the following cases:
 - (a) a mandatory redemption in whole on the Final Maturity Date;
 - (b) a mandatory redemption in part on any Interest Payment Date commencing on the first Interest Payment Date following the termination of the Revolving Period, subject to availability of Available Principal Receipts and application of Available Principal Receipts in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments;
 - (c) an optional redemption in whole exercisable by the Issuer on any Interest Payment Date (i) on which the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date; or (ii) on which the Rated Notes have been redeemed in full or will be redeemed in full following application of available funds; and
 - (d) an optional redemption in whole on any Interest Payment Date exercisable by the Issuer for tax reasons.

See further the section of this Prospectus entitled "*Transaction Overview* – *Overview of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes*" and Condition 6 (*Redemption*).

Credit Rating Agencies Ratings are expected to be assigned to the Rated Notes by Fitch Ratings Limited ("Fitch") and Moody's Investors Service España, S.A. ("Moody's"). The Subordinated Notes will not be rated.

The Class A Notes will, upon issuance, be rated AAAsf by Fitch and Aaa(sf) by Moody's.

The Class B Notes will, upon issuance, be rated AAsf by Fitch and Aa1(sf) by Moody's.

The Class C Notes will, upon issuance, be rated Asf by Fitch and A1(sf) by Moody's.

Fitch is established in the UK and registered under Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009 on credit rating agencies as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA (the "**UK CRA Regulation**"). Fitch appears on the latest update of the list of registered credit rating agencies (as of 6 November 2023) on the FCA's Financial Services Register.

The rating Fitch has given to the Rated Notes is endorsed by Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited. Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited is established in the EEA and registered under Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009 on credit rating agencies (the **"EU CRA Regulation"**). Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited has been certified under the EU CRA Regulation.

Moody's is established in the EEA and registered under the EU CRA Regulation. Moody's appears on the latest update of the list of registered credit rating agencies (as of 27 March 2023) on the ESMA website http://www.esma.europa.eu.

The rating Moody's has given to the Rated Notes is endorsed by Moody's Investors Service Limited. Moody's Investors Service Limited is established in

	the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation. Moody's Investors Service Limited has been certified under the UK CRA Regulation.
Credit Ratings	Ratings will be assigned to the Rated Notes as set out above on or before the Closing Date. The ratings reflect the view of the Rating Agencies and are based on the Purchased Receivables and the structural features of the transaction, and, among other things, the ratings of the Swap Counterparty and the Account Bank.
	The ratings assigned by Fitch address the likelihood of (a) timely payment of interest on the Class A Notes and Class B Notes and ultimate payment of interest on the Class C Notes due to the Noteholders on each Interest Payment Date and (b) full payment of principal by a date that is not later than the Final Maturity Date. The ratings assigned by Moody's address the expected loss to a Noteholder of the Class A Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes in proportion to the initial principal amount of the Class A Notes, Class B Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes or Class C Notes (as applicable) held by that Noteholder by the Final Maturity Date.
	The assignment of ratings to the Rated Notes is not a recommendation to invest in the Rated Notes. Any credit rating assigned to the Rated Notes may be revised or withdrawn at any time.
	The Issuer has not requested a rating of the Rated Notes by any rating agency other than the Rating Agencies. There can be no assurance as to whether any other rating agency will rate the Rated Notes or, if it does, what rating would be assigned by such other rating agency. The rating assigned to the Rated Notes by such other rating agency could be lower than the respective ratings assigned by the Rating Agencies.
	The Issuer has not sought a rating in respect of the Subordinated Notes.
Listing	This Prospectus has been approved by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (the "FCA"), which is the competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA (the "UK Prospectus Regulation"). The FCA only approves this Prospectus as meeting the standards of completeness, comprehensibility and consistency imposed by the UK Prospectus Regulation. Such approval should not be considered as an endorsement of the Issuer that is the subject of this Prospectus nor as an endorsement of the quality of the Notes that are the subject of this Prospectus. Investors should make their own assessment as to the suitability of investing in the Notes.
	Applications have been made to the FCA for the Notes to be admitted to listing on the Official List in accordance with section 74 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA") and to the London Stock Exchange plc (the "London Stock Exchange") for the Notes to be admitted to trading on its regulated market. References in this Prospectus to Notes being listed (and all related references) shall mean that such Notes have been admitted to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange.
Eurosystem Eligibility	At the date of this Prospectus, the Rated Notes are not intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility. Whilst the Rated Notes are not intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility at the date of this Prospectus, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Rated Notes are capable of meeting them, the Rated Notes may then be deposited with one of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as common safekeeper. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Rated Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that the Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met. In particular,

please see the risk factor entitled "*Structural Considerations – Eurosystem Eligibility*" below. The Subordinated Notes are not intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility.

- **Obligations** The Notes are obligations of the Issuer alone and are not the obligations of, or guaranteed by, or the responsibility of, any other entity. In particular, the Notes are not obligations of, or guaranteed by, or be the responsibility of, any Transaction Party (as defined below) other than the Issuer.
- SecuritisationThe Seller, as "originator" for the purposes of the UK SecuritisationRegulationsRegulation, will retain on an ongoing basis a material net economic interest in
the securitisation of not less than 5% as required by Article 6(1) of the UK
Securitisation Regulation until the Final Redemption Date, by retaining the
first loss tranche so that the retention equals in total not less than 5 % of the
nominal value of the securitised exposures in accordance with Article 6(3)(d)
of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

The Seller will also undertake to retain on an ongoing basis a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5% as required by Article 6(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) until the Final Redemption Date, by retaining the first loss tranche so that the retention equals in total not less than 5% of the nominal value of the securitised exposures in accordance with Article 6(3)(d) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only).

Any change in the manner in which the interest is held will be notified to the Noteholders. See the section of the Prospectus entitled "*Regulatory Disclosures*" for more information.

Pursuant to Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer, as "SSPE" for the purposes of the UK Securitisation Regulation, has been designated as the entity to fulfil the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation (the "**UK Transparency Requirements**"). The Issuer has appointed the Servicer to perform all of the Issuer's obligations under Article 7 of the UK Securitisation Regulation, other than the preparation of investor reports in accordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, which investor reports will be prepared by the Cash Manager and made available by the Servicer. The Seller, as "originator" for the purposes of the UK Securitisation Regulation, is also responsible for compliance with Article 7 of the UK Securitisation Regulation pursuant to Article 22(5) of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

The Issuer, as "SSPE" for the purposes of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), will also undertake to fulfil the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) (the "**EU Transparency Requirements**"). The Issuer has appointed the Servicer to perform all of the Issuer's obligations pursuant to that undertaking, other than the preparation of investor reports in accordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), which investor reports will be prepared by the Cash Manager and made available by the Servicer.

Each prospective Noteholder is required to assess and determine independently the sufficiency of the information described in the preceding paragraph for the purposes of complying with the UK Securitisation Regulation or the EU Securitisation Regulation and any corresponding national measures, as applicable, which may be relevant and none of the Issuer, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers or the other Transaction Parties make any representation that the information described above or in this Prospectus is sufficient in all circumstances for such purposes.

Simple, Transparent and Standardised (STS) Securitisation

The Seller, as "originator" for the purposes of the UK Securitisation Regulation, will procure that a notification is submitted to the FCA on or about the date of this Prospectus, in accordance with Article 27 of the UK Securitisation Regulation, that the Notes meet the requirements of Articles 19 to 22 of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

The Seller has used the services of Prime Collateralised Securities (PCS) UK Limited ("PCS") as a verification agent authorised under Article 28 of the UK Securitisation Regulation in connection with an assessment of the compliance of the Notes with the requirements of Articles 19 to 22 of the UK Securitisation Regulation (the "STS Verification") and to prepare an assessment of compliance of the Notes with the relevant provisions of Article 13 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/1620 (together with the STS Verification, the "STS Assessments"). It is expected that the STS Assessments prepared by PCS will be available on the PCS website (https://www.pcsmarket.org/sts-verification-transactions) together with detailed explanations of its scope at https://pcsmarket.org/disclaimer/ on and from the Closing Date. For the avoidance of doubt, this PCS website and the contents thereof do not form part of this Prospectus.

No assurance can be provided that the securitisation transaction described in this Prospectus does or will continue to qualify as an STS securitisation under the UK Securitisation Regulation as at the date of this Prospectus or at any point in time in the future. For further information, see the section entitled "*Risk Factors – General Legal Considerations – Simple, Transparent and Standardised Securitisations*".

US Risk Retention Rules The transaction described in this Prospectus is not intended to involve the retention by a sponsor of at least 5 per cent. of the credit risk of the securitised assets for purposes of compliance with the final rules promulgated under Section 15G of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "US Risk Retention Rules"), but rather intends to rely on an exemption provided for in Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules regarding non-US transactions. See the section entitled "Risk Factors – General Legal Considerations – US Risk Retention Requirements".

Benchmarks Interest payable under the Rated Notes will be calculated by reference to SONIA, which is provided by the Bank of England.

As at the date of this Prospectus, the Bank of England does not appear on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the FCA pursuant to Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA (the "**UK Benchmark Regulation**").

The Bank of England, as administrator of SONIA, is exempt under Article 2 of the UK Benchmark Regulation but has issued a statement of compliance with the principles for financial benchmarks issued in 2013 by the International Organization of Securities Commissions.

The "*Risk Factors*" section contains details of certain risks and other factors that should be given particular consideration before investing in the Notes. Prospective investors should be aware of the issues summarised within that section.

This Prospectus is dated 9 November 2023.

Arranger

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets

Joint Lead Managers

BofA Securities

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets

NatWest Markets

IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT INFORMATION IN THIS PROSPECTUS

The Notes will be obligations of the Issuer only. The Notes will not be obligations of, or the responsibility of, or guaranteed by, any person other than the Issuer. In particular, the Notes will not be obligations of, or the responsibility of, or guaranteed by, any of the Transaction Parties (other than the Issuer) or any company in the same group of companies as any of the Transaction Parties (other than the Issuer). No liability whatsoever in respect of any failure by the Issuer to pay any amount due under the notes shall be accepted by any of the Transaction Parties (other than the Issuer), or any company in the same group of companies as the Transaction Parties (other than the Issuer).

You should review and consider the discussion under "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 36 of this Prospectus before you purchase any Notes.

The Rated Notes will be represented on issue by a Global Note in bearer form. The Rated Notes may also be issued in definitive bearer form in certain limited circumstances. The Subordinated Notes will be issued in definitive registered form.

The Issuer will deposit the Rated Notes on or about the Closing Date with a Common Safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Each of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg will record the beneficial interests in the Global Notes ("**Book-Entry Interests**") in respect of the Rated Notes. Book-Entry Interests in the Global Notes will be shown on, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, records maintained in book-entry form by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, and their respective participants. The Subordinated Notes will be issued in definitive registered form.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE OFFERING OF THE NOTES IN CERTAIN JURISDICTIONS MAY BE RESTRICTED BY LAW. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE BY ANY OF THE TRANSACTION PARTIES THAT THIS PROSPECTUS MAY BE LAWFULLY DISTRIBUTED, OR THAT THE NOTES MAY BE LAWFULLY OFFERED, IN COMPLIANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE REGISTRATION OR OTHER REQUIREMENTS IN ANY SUCH JURISDICTION, OR PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION AVAILABLE THEREUNDER, AND NONE OF THEM ASSUMES ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR FACILITATING ANY SUCH DISTRIBUTION OR OFFERING. IN PARTICULAR, SAVE FOR OBTAINING THE APPROVAL OF THIS PROSPECTUS AS A PROSPECTUS FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE UK PROSPECTUS REGULATION BY THE FCA, NO ACTION HAS BEEN OR WILL BE TAKEN BY ANY OF THE TRANSACTION PARTIES WHICH WOULD PERMIT A PUBLIC OFFERING OF THE NOTES OR DISTRIBUTION OF THIS PROSPECTUS IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE ACTION FOR THAT PURPOSE IS REQUIRED. ACCORDINGLY, THE NOTES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, OR DELIVERED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AND NEITHER THIS PROSPECTUS NOR ANY ADVERTISEMENT OR OTHER OFFERING MATERIAL MAY BE DISTRIBUTED OR PUBLISHED, IN ANY JURISDICTION, EXCEPT UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES THAT WILL RESULT IN COMPLIANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. PERSONS INTO WHOSE POSSESSION THIS PROSPECTUS COMES ARE REQUIRED BY THE ISSUER AND THE JOINT LEAD MANAGERS TO INFORM THEMSELVES ABOUT AND TO OBSERVE ANY SUCH RESTRICTIONS.

THE NOTES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR ANY SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE OF THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER RELEVANT JURISDICTION AND ARE SUBJECT TO UNITED STATES TAX LAW REQUIREMENTS. THE NOTES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR DELIVERED WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR TO, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, US PERSONS (AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS AND EXCEPTIONS TO UNITED STATES TAX REQUIREMENTS. THE NOTES ARE NOT TRANSFERABLE EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RESTRICTIONS DESCRIBED HEREIN UNDER "*TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS*".

THE TRANSACTION DESCRIBED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT INTENDED TO INVOLVE THE RETENTION BY A SPONSOR OF AT LEAST 5 PER CENT. OF THE CREDIT RISK OF THE

SECURITIZED ASSETS FOR PURPOSES OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE FINAL RULES PROMULGATED UNDER SECTION 15G OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED (THE "US RISK RETENTION RULES"), BUT RATHER INTENDS TO RELY ON AN EXEMPTION PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 20 OF THE US RISK RETENTION RULES REGARDING NON-US TRANSACTIONS. CONSEQUENTLY, ANY NOTES OFFERED AND SOLD BY THE ISSUER MAY NOT BE PURCHASED BY, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, ANY "US PERSON" AS DEFINED IN THE US RISK RETENTION RULES ("RISK RETENTION US PERSONS") EXCEPT (I) WITH THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE SELLER (A "US RISK RETENTION CONSENT") AND (II) WHERE SUCH SALE FALLS WITHIN THE EXEMPTION PROVIDED BY SECTION 20 OF THE US RISK RETENTION RULES. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD NOTE THAT THE DEFINITION OF "US PERSON" IN THE US RISK RETENTION RULES IS SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TO, BUT NOT IDENTICAL TO, THE DEFINITION OF "US PERSON" IN REGULATION S. EACH PURCHASER OF NOTES OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN ACQUIRED IN THE INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE NOTES WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE MADE CERTAIN REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS, INCLUDING THAT IT (1) EITHER (I) IS NOT A RISK RETENTION US PERSON OR (II) IT HAS OBTAINED A US RISK RETENTION CONSENT FROM THE SELLER, (2) IS ACQUIRING SUCH NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN FOR ITS OWN ACCOUNT AND NOT WITH A VIEW TO DISTRIBUTE SUCH NOTE, AND (3) IS NOT ACQUIRING SUCH NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN AS PART OF A SCHEME TO EVADE THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE US RISK RETENTION RULES (INCLUDING ACQUIRING SUCH NOTE THROUGH A NON-RISK RETENTION US PERSON, RATHER THAN A RISK RETENTION US PERSON, AS PART OF A SCHEME TO EVADE THE 10 PER CENT. RISK RETENTION US PERSON LIMITATION IN THE EXEMPTION PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 20 OF THE US RISK RETENTION RULES).

The Notes will bear restrictive legends and will be subject to restrictions on transfer as described herein. Each of the Arranger and the Joint Lead Managers and each subsequent transferee of the Notes will be deemed, by its acquisition or holding of such Notes, to have made the representations set forth in such Notes and the Trust Deed that are required of such initial purchasers and transferees. Any resale or other transfer, or attempted resale or other attempted transfer, of Notes which is not made in compliance with the applicable transfer restrictions will be void. See "*Transfer Restrictions*".

None of the Issuer, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers or any of the Transaction Parties makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes regarding the legality of investment therein by such prospective investor or purchaser under applicable legal investment or similar laws or regulations.

Responsibility Statements

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge of the Issuer, the information contained in this Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and this Prospectus makes no omission likely to affect its import.

The Seller accepts responsibility for the first paragraph of the section entitled "*Regulatory Disclosures*" and the sections entitled "*The Seller, The Servicer and the Receivables*" and "*The Provisional Portfolio*". To the best of the knowledge of the Seller, the information in the first paragraph of the section entitled "*Regulatory Disclosures*" and the sections entitled "*The Seller, The Servicer and the Receivables*" and "*The Provisional Portfolio*". To *regulatory Disclosures*" and the sections entitled "*Regulatory Disclosures*" and the sections entitled "*The Seller, The Servicer and the Receivables*" and "*The Provisional Portfolio*". To the best of the knowledge of the sections entitled "*The Seller, The Servicer and the Receivables*" and "*The Provisional Portfolio*" is in accordance with the facts and those sections make no omission likely to affect their import.

The Swap Counterparty accepts responsibility for the section entitled "*The Swap Counterparty*". To the best of the knowledge of the Swap Counterparty, the information in the section entitled "*The Swap Counterparty*" is in accordance with the facts and that section makes no omission likely to affect its import.

The information in the first paragraph of the section entitled "*Regulatory Disclosures*" and the sections entitled "*The Seller, The Servicer and the Receivables*" and "*The Provisional Portfolio*" provided by the Seller, and in the section entitled "*The Swap Counterparty*" provided by the Swap Counterparty, has been accurately reproduced and, so far as the Issuer is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by the Seller and the Swap Counterparty, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading. The Issuer has taken no steps to verify independently this information.

No representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made and no responsibility or liability is accepted by the Trustee, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar or the Agent Bank as to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained in this Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with the Notes or their distribution.

No person is authorised to give any information or to make any representation in connection with the offering or sale of the Notes other than those contained in this Prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by any of the Transaction Parties or any of their respective affiliates or advisers. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor any sale or allotment made in connection with the offering of the Notes shall, under any circumstances, create any implication or constitute a representation that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or the Seller or in the other information contained herein since the date hereof. The information contained in this Prospectus was obtained from the Issuer and the other sources identified herein, but no assurance can be given by the Trustee or any of the Transaction Parties, the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers as to the accuracy or completeness of such information. None of the Trustee or any of the Transaction Parties, the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers has separately verified the information contained herein. Accordingly, none of the Trustee or any of the Transaction Parties, the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers makes any representation, express or implied, or accepts any responsibility, with respect to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Prospectus. In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the terms of this offering, including the merits and risks involved. The contents of this Prospectus should not be construed as providing legal, business, accounting or tax advice. Each prospective investor should consult its own legal, business, accounting and tax advisers prior to making a decision to invest in the Notes.

The delivery of this Prospectus at any time does not imply that the information herein is correct at any time subsequent to its date.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of, the Issuer, the Seller, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers, the Trustee, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar or the Agent Bank or any of them to subscribe for or purchase any of the Notes in any jurisdiction where such action would be unlawful and neither this Prospectus, nor any part thereof, may be used for or in connection with any offer to, or solicitation by, any person in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

This Prospectus is personal to the offeree who received it from the Arranger or any Joint Lead Manager and does not constitute an offer to any other person to purchase any Notes.

None of the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers or any other Transaction Party shall be responsible for the execution, legality, effectiveness, adequacy, genuineness, enforceability or admissibility in evidence of any document or agreement relating to the Notes.

The Notes are being offered only to a limited number of investors that are willing and able to conduct an independent investigation of the characteristics of the Notes and the risks of ownership of the Notes. It is expected that prospective investors interested in participating in this offering will conduct an independent investigation of the risks posed by an investment in the Notes. Representatives of the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers will be available to answer questions concerning the Issuer and the Notes and will, upon request, make available such other information as investors may reasonably request. Prospective purchasers of the Notes must be able to hold their investment for an indefinite period of time.

This Prospectus is not intended to furnish legal, regulatory, tax, accounting, investment or other advice to any prospective purchaser of the Notes.

This Prospectus should be reviewed by each prospective purchaser and its legal, regulatory, tax, accounting, investment and other advisers. Prospective purchasers whose investment authority is subject to legal restrictions should consult their legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent the Notes constitute legal investments for them.

The Notes are complex securities and investors should possess, or seek the advice of advisers with, the expertise necessary to evaluate the information contained in this Prospectus in the context of such investor's

individual financial circumstances and tolerance for risk. An investor should not purchase Notes unless it understands the principal repayment, credit, liquidity, market and other risks associated with the Notes. See further the section entitled "*Risk Factors*".

Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor may wish to consider whether, and should not invest in the Notes unless, it, either on its own or with the help of its financial and other professional advisers (a) has sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained in this Prospectus, (b) has access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio, (c) has sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes, including Notes where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor's currency, (d) understands thoroughly the terms of the Notes and is familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets, and (e) is able to evaluate possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

None of the Issuer, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers or any other Transaction Party is acting as an investment adviser, or assumes any fiduciary obligation, to any investor in the Notes and investors may not rely on any such entity. The Transaction Parties do not assume any responsibility for conducting or failing to conduct any investigation into the business, financial condition, prospects, creditworthiness, status and/or affairs of any of the Transaction Parties.

Interpretation

In this prospectus all references to "**Sterling**", "**GBP**" and "**£**" are references to the lawful currency of the United Kingdom.

Certain figures included in this Prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, figures shown for the same category in different tables may vary slightly and figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures which precede them.

Capitalised terms used in this Prospectus, unless otherwise indicated, have the meanings set out in this Prospectus. A glossary of defined terms appears at the end of this Prospectus in the section entitled "Glossary Of Terms".

The language of the prospectus is English. Certain legislative references and technical terms have been cited in their original language in order that the correct technical meaning may be ascribed to them under applicable law.

In this Prospectus, unless the contrary intention appears, a reference to a law or a provision of a law is a reference to that law or provision as extended, amended or re-enacted.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain matters contained herein are forward-looking statements. Such statements appear in a number of places in this Prospectus, including with respect to assumptions on prepayment and certain other characteristics of the Contracts and Purchased Receivables, and reflect significant assumptions and subjective judgments by the Issuer that may not prove to be correct. Such statements may be identified by reference to a future period or periods and the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may", "will", "could", "believes", "expects", "anticipates", "continues", "intends", "plans" or similar terms. Consequently, future results may differ from the Issuer's expectations due to a variety of factors, including (but not limited to) the economic environment and regulatory changes in the auto and consumer finance industry in the United Kingdom. Moreover, past financial performance should not be considered a reliable indicator of future performance and prospective purchasers of the Notes are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of performance and involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the control of the Issuer. The Joint Lead Managers have not attempted to verify any such statements, nor do they make any representations, express or implied, with respect thereto. Prospective purchasers should therefore not place undue reliance on any of these forward-looking statements. None of the Issuer, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers, the Trustee, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar nor the Agent Bank assume any obligation to update these forward-looking statements

or to update the reasons for which actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements.

Estimates of the weighted average life of the Notes included in this Prospectus, together with any other projections, forecasts and estimates are supplied for information only and are forward-looking statements. Such projections, forecasts and estimates are speculative in nature and it can be expected that some or all of the assumptions underlying them may differ or may prove substantially different from the actual results. Consequently, the actual results might differ from the projections and such differences might be significant.

Significant Investor

The Seller will, on the Closing Date, purchase the Class A1 Notes and subscribe and pay for the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes. If the Seller and/or any Affiliate of the Seller is a beneficial owner of any Note or any Note is held for or for the benefit of the Seller and/or any Affiliate of the Seller, it will not be entitled to vote in respect of any Note in which it holds a beneficial interest unless the Seller and/or any of its Affiliates hold all the Notes of the relevant Class and (i) no other Classes exist that rank junior or *pari passu* to such Class or (ii) if any such other Class or Classes of Notes exist, no investor other than the Seller and/or any of its Affiliates is the beneficial owner of the Notes of such Class or Classes.

Prohibition of sales to EEA retail investors

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (the "EEA"). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "EU MiFID II"); or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (the "Insurance Distribution Directive"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (the "EU PRIIPs Regulation") for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the EU PRIIPs Regulation.

Prohibition of sales to UK retail investors

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the UK. For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA; or (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA (the "**UK PRIIPs Regulation**") for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.

EU MiFID II product governance

Solely for the purposes of each manufacturer's product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in EU MiFID II; and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a "distributor") should take into consideration the manufacturers' target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to EU MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturers' target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

UK MiFIR product governance

Solely for the purposes of each manufacturer's product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook ("**COBS**"), and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA ("**UK MiFIR**"); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any distributor should take into consideration the manufacturers' target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the "**UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules**") is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturers' target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

CONTENTS

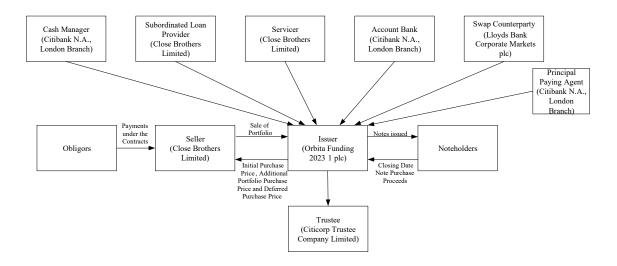
Section	Page
Important Notice about Information in this Prospectus	vii
Transaction Overview	1
Diagrammatic Overview of the Transaction	1
Diagrammatic Overview of On-Going Cashflows during the Revolving Period	2
Diagrammatic Overview of On-Going Cashflows following the Revolving Period	2
Diagrammatic Overview of the Ownership Structure	3
Transaction Parties on the Closing Date	4
The Portfolio and Servicing	
Overview of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes	12
Full Capital Structure of the Notes	12
Rights of Noteholders and Relationship with other Secured Creditors	20
Credit Structure and Cashflow	24
Triggers Tables	
Rating Triggers Table	
Non-Rating Triggers Table	
Fees	
Risk Factors	
Structural Considerations	
The Portfolio and the Seller	
General Legal Considerations	54
General Tax Considerations	71
Regulatory Disclosures	72
UK Securitisation Regulation	72
EU Securitisation Regulation	73
Investors to assess compliance	74
Overview of the Transaction Documents	75
Use of Proceeds	97
The Provisional Portfolio	
Servicing of Collections	
Cash Management	110
Estimated Weighted Average Life of the Notes	118
The Issuer	
Holdings	
The Seller, the Servicer and the Receivables	
Historical Performance Data	
The Swap Counterparty	164
Credit Structure, Liquidity and Hedging	165
Credit Enhancement	
Swap Agreement	
Terms and Conditions of the Notes	170
Summary of Provisions relating to the Rated Notes while in Global Form	194
Taxation	
United Kingdom Taxation	
The proposed financial transactions tax	

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act	198
Subscription and Sale	
Transfer Restrictions	203
General Information	
Glossary of Terms	
Index of Defined Terms	

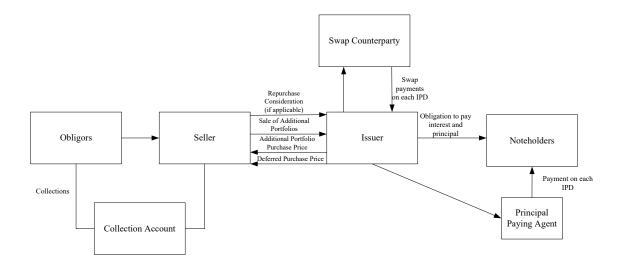
TRANSACTION OVERVIEW

The information set out below is an overview of various aspects of the transaction. This overview is not purported to be complete, should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by references to, the detailed information presented elsewhere in this Prospectus.

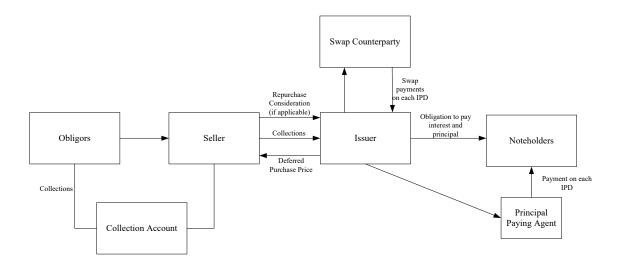
DIAGRAMMATIC OVERVIEW OF THE TRANSACTION



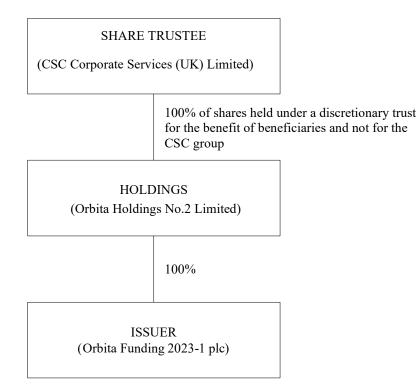
DIAGRAMMATIC OVERVIEW OF ON-GOING CASHFLOWS DURING THE REVOLVING PERIOD



DIAGRAMMATIC OVERVIEW OF ON-GOING CASHFLOWS FOLLOWING THE REVOLVING PERIOD



DIAGRAMMATIC OVERVIEW OF THE OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE



Party	Name	Address	Document under which appointed/Further Information
Issuer	Orbita Funding 2023-1 plc	10 th Floor 5 Churchill Place London E14 5HU	N/A. See the section entitled " <i>The Issuer</i> " in this Prospectus for further information
Holdings	Orbita Holdings No. 2 Limited	10 th Floor 5 Churchill Place London E14 5HU	N/A. See the section entitled " <i>Holdings</i> " in this Prospectus for further information
Seller	Close Brothers Limited	10 Crown Place London EC2A 4FT	N/A. See the section entitled " <i>The Seller, the Servicer and the</i> <i>Receivables</i> " in this Prospectus for further information
Servicer	Close Brothers Limited	10 Crown Place London EC2A 4FT	Servicing Agreement entered into by the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer and the Trustee. See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement" in this Prospectus for further information
Cash Manager	Citibank N.A., London Branch	Citigroup Centre Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB	Cash Management Agreement entered into by the Issuer, the Cash Manager, the Trustee and the Servicer. See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Cash Management Agreement" in this Prospectus for further information.
Subordinated Loan Provider	Close Brothers Limited	10 Crown Place London EC2A 4FT	Subordinated Loan Agreement entered into by the Issuer, the Subordinated Loan Provider and the Trustee. See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Subordinated Loan Agreement" in this Prospectus for further information.
Swap Counterparty	Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc	25 Gresham Street London EC2V 7HN	Swap Agreement entered into by the Issuer and the Swap Counterparty. See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Swap Agreement" in this Prospectus for further information.
Account Bank	Citibank N.A., London Branch	Citigroup Centre Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB	Account Bank Agreement entered into by the Issuer, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager and the Trustee. See the section entitled " <i>Overview</i>

TRANSACTION PARTIES ON THE CLOSING DATE

Party	Name	Address	Document under which appointed/Further Information
			of the Transaction Documents – Account Bank Agreement" in this Prospectus for further information.
Collection Account Bank	The Royal Bank of Scotland plc	250 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4AA	Collection Account Declaration of Trust executed by, among others, the Issuer and the Seller. See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement – Collection Account Declaration of Trust" in this Prospectus for more information.
Trustee	Citicorp Trustee Company Limited	Citigroup Centre Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB	Trust Deed entered into by the Issuer and the Trustee and the Deed of Charge entered into by, among others, the Issuer, the Seller and the Trustee. See the Conditions and the sections entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Trust Deed" and "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Deed of Charge" in this Prospectus for further information.
Principal Paying Agent and Agent Bank	Citibank N.A., London Branch	Citigroup Centre Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB	Agency Agreement entered into by the Issuer, the Trustee, the Principal Paying Agent, Agent Bank, Cash Manager, Account Bank and Registrar. See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Agency Agreement" in this Prospectus for more information.
Registrar	Citibank N.A., London Branch	Citigroup Centre Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB	Agency Agreement entered into by the Issuer, the Trustee, the Principal Paying Agent, Agent Bank, Cash Manager, Account Bank and Registrar. See the section entitled " <i>Overview of</i> the Transaction Documents – Agency Agreement" in this Prospectus for more information.

Party	Name	Address	Document under which appointed/Further Information
Corporate Services Provider	CSC Capital Markets UK Limited	10 th Floor 5 Churchill Place London E14 5HU	Corporate Services Agreement entered into by the Issuer, Holdings, the Corporate Services Provider, the Share Trustee and the Trustee. See the sections entitled " <i>The Issuer</i> " and " <i>Holdings</i> " in this Prospectus for further information
Clearing Systems	Euroclear and together with Clearstream, Luxembourg, the "Clearing Systems"	Euroclear: 1, Boulevard du Roi Albert II 1201 Brussels Belgium	N/A
		Clearstream: 42 av. J. F. Kennedy 1855 Luxembourg	
Arranger	Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc	25 Gresham Street London EC2V 7HN	Subscription Agreement entered into by the Issuer, BofA Securities, Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc, NatWest Markets Plc and the Seller. See the section entitled " <i>Subscription and Sale</i> " in this Prospectus for further information.
Joint Lead Managers	BofA Securities	Bank of America Financial Centre 2 King Edward Street London EC1A 1HQ	Subscription Agreement entered into by the Issuer, BofA Securities, Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc, NatWest Markets Plc and the Seller. See the section entitled " <i>Subscription and Sale</i> " in this Prospectus for further information.
	Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc	25 Gresham Street London EC2V 7HN	
	NatWest Markets Plc	250 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4AA	

THE PORTFOLIO AND SERVICING

Please refer to the sections of the Prospectus entitled "The Provisional Portfolio", "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement" and "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement" for further information.

Sale of Receivables On the Closing Date and on each Additional Portfolio Purchase Date during the Revolving Period, the Seller is entitled to sell to the Issuer a portfolio of Receivables.

The Initial Portfolio and each Additional Portfolio will consist of each payment due from an Obligor under a Related Contract (but excluding (a) default interest and fees for, and expenses, charges and costs, if any, arising as a consequence of late payment and any subsequent enforcement actions; (b) administrative fees (including, but not limited to, plate change fees); (c) excess mileage charges; and (d) charges in respect of damages for any Voluntarily Terminated Receivable (the "Excluded Amounts")) at any time on and from the Initial Cut-Off Date (in the case of the Initial Portfolio) or the Additional Cut-Off Date (in the case of any Additional Portfolio) together with the Related Rights relating to such Purchased Receivables, each of which will be sold (subject, as regards to the Scottish Receivables, to an initial Scottish Declaration of Trust) to the Issuer on the Closing Date or will be sold (subject, as regards to the Scottish Receivables, to further Scottish Declarations of Trust) to the Issuer on any Additional Portfolio Purchase Date (as applicable). None of the assets backing the Notes is itself an asset-backed security and the transaction is also not a "synthetic" securitisation in which risk transfer would be achieved through the use of credit derivatives or other similar financial instruments.

The Contracts are directed at retail and business customers that are resident in England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland and each Contract is governed by English, Northern Irish or Scots law (as applicable). Receivables comprised in any Additional Portfolio may be held in a special purpose vehicle used for warehousing purposes prior to sale by the Seller to the Issuer.

Approximately 91.95 per cent. of the Provisional Portfolio is comprised of Conditional Sale Contracts and Hire Purchase Contracts that are not PCP Contracts. Approximately 8.05 per cent. of the Provisional Portfolio is comprised of Hire Purchase Contracts that are PCP Contracts, which carry a fixed rate of return and under which Obligors have the option, at the maturity of the relevant PCP Contract, to (a) make a final balloon payment and take title of the Vehicle or (b) return the Vehicle financed under such PCP Contract to the Seller in lieu of making such final balloon payment (subject to compliance with certain conditions). If the Obligor returns the Vehicle to the Seller, the Seller is under an obligation pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement to sell the Vehicle and remit the proceeds of such sale to the Issuer.

As at the Closing Date, all Hire Purchase Contracts (other than PCP Contracts) are only offered to corporate or limited liability partnership borrowers and are therefore unregulated.

The sale of the Initial Portfolio and any Additional Portfolio to the Issuer will in all cases also be subject to certain conditions as at the Closing Date and the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Date. The conditions include that:

- (a) the Issuer pays the Initial Purchase Price or the Additional Portfolio Purchase Price, as applicable; and
- (b) a Transfer Notice attaching the relevant Portfolio Schedule certified by an authorised signatory of the Seller to be true and accurate in all

Conditional sale and

material respects is delivered from the Seller to the Issuer, the Trustee and the Cash Manager; and

(c) the relevant Purchase Date will fall within the Revolving Period.

The assignment by the Seller of the Purchased Receivables that are English Receivables or Northern Irish Receivables will take effect in equity because no notice of the assignment will be given to Obligors unless a Perfection Event shall have occurred.

The sale of the Scottish Receivables will be given effect by (i) on the Closing Date, an initial Scottish Declaration of Trust, and (ii) on each Additional Portfolio Purchase Date, a further Scottish Declaration of Trust (and, in relation to the Scottish Receivables, references in this Prospectus to the assignment or sale of such receivables are to be read as references to the transfer of the beneficial interest therein by the making of such Scottish Declarations of Trust, and the terms "sale", "assigned" and "assign" shall in that context be construed accordingly). No notice of the sale of the Scottish Receivables will be given to Obligors unless a Perfection Event shall have occurred and a full assignation then entered into.

Features of Contracts The following is a summary of certain features of the Contracts in the Provisional Portfolio as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date and investors should refer to, and carefully consider, further details in respect of Contracts set out in the "*The Provisional Portfolio*" section of this Prospectus.

	Type of Receivable	hire purchase (including personal contract purchase ("PCP"))
	Number of Contracts	121,240
	Total Outstanding Principal Balance	£798,941,469.35
	Number of Conditional Sale Contracts and Hire Purchase Contracts (other than PCP Contracts)	116,898
	Total Outstanding Principal Balance (Conditional Sale Contracts and Hire Purchase Contracts (other than PCP Contracts))	£734,629,206.04
	Number of PCP Contracts	4,342
	Total Outstanding Principal Balance (PCP Contracts)	£64,312,263.31
	Total PCP Residual Value	£39,429,547.88
	Financed Vehicles – New	£1,055
	Financed Vehicles – Used	£120,185
	Weighted Average APR	14.68%
	Number of Motor Cars	84,420
	Number of Light Commercial Vehicles	27.957
	Number of Motorcycles	8,863
	Weighted Average Remaining Term (in months)	39.06
	Average current Outstanding Principal Balance	£6,589.75
Consideration	The purchase price payable by the Issuer to the Seller in Receivables will be equal to the Initial Purchase Price Portfolio Purchase Price (as applicable) and the Deferred	e or the Additional
	See the section entitled "Overview of the Transac Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement" for more info	
Representations and Warranties	The Seller will make certain representations and warn Purchased Receivables and the Related Contracts to the I on (i) the Closing Date and (ii) each Additional Portfolio reference to the circumstances as at (x) the Initial Cut-Of	ssuer and the Trustee Purchase Date with

Receivables in the Initial Portfolio); or (y) the Additional Cut-Off Date (in the case of Receivables in the Additional Portfolio) (as applicable) and, where applicable, will make certain representations and warranties on further dates as more fully set out in the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement.

Examples of the representations and warranties given by the Seller include the following:

- each such Receivable is an Eligible Receivable, and no adverse selection process was used by the Seller in selecting any such Receivable from those other Receivables which would have been Purchased Receivables had they been sold by the Seller to the Issuer, on such date;
- (ii) immediately prior to sale of each such Receivable and its Related Rights to the Issuer, the Seller was the sole legal and beneficial owner of each such Receivable and its Related Rights free and clear of any Adverse Claim, all previous Adverse Claims having been released and discharged;
- (iii) the Seller or the Servicer has maintained Records relating to each Contract from which each such Receivable derives which are true and accurate in all material respects; and
- (iv) so far as the Seller is aware, there is no material default, breach or violation under any Related Contract which has not been remedied or of any event which, with the giving of notice and/or the making of any determination and/or the expiration of any applicable grace period, would constitute such default, breach or violation, provided that any default, breach or violation shall be material if it in any way affects the amount or the collectability of the Purchased Receivables arising under the Related Contract.
- **Eligible Receivables** For a receivable to be an Eligible Receivable, a number of criteria apply, including that such Purchased Receivable is in full force and effect and constitutes the legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligation of the Obligor in respect thereof, subject only to (i) applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganisation, moratorium or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of the rights of creditors generally and (ii) the effect of principles of equity, if applicable.

See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement – Representations and warranties given by the Seller" in the Prospectus for further information.

- Concentration LimitFor a receivable to be an Eligible Receivable, it must not breach a
Concentration Limit Test. In general terms, the Concentration Limit Tests are
designed to address the concentration in the Portfolio in relation to, amongst
other things, particular Obligors, types of Receivable and types of Vehicles.
- Repurchase of the
Receivables andTo the extent that a representation or warranty given by the Seller in respect of
a Purchased Receivable proves to have been incorrect on the date on which
such representation and warranty was made (other than by reason of a Related
Contract being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under
the CCA or the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw
under the CCA), including where a Non Permitted Variation has been made in
respect of the relevant Receivable (each such affected Receivable being a
"Non-Compliant Receivable") and, if applicable, the relevant breach cannot
be remedied, or if the relevant Purchased Receivable never existed or has

ceased to exist such that it is not outstanding as at the date of the repurchase, the Seller will be required to repurchase such Purchased Receivable for:

- (a) the Receivables Repurchase Price; or
- (b) in the case of a Purchased Receivable which never existed, or has ceased to exist, such that it is not outstanding as at the date of the repurchase, an amount equal to (a) the Outstanding Principal Balance of such Purchased Receivable had the Purchased Receivable existed and complied with each of the Receivables Warranties as at the Initial Cut-Off Date (in respect of the Initial Portfolio) or Additional Cut-Off Date (in respect of any Additional Portfolio) and (b) any deemed interest accrued on the relevant Purchased Receivable at a rate equal to the weighted average Contract Yield of the Portfolio as determined by the Servicer at the end of the immediately preceding Calculation Period less any amounts received by the Issuer in respect of any Principal Element with respect to such Purchased Receivable (the "Receivables Indemnity Amount").

Where Purchased Receivables are determined to be in breach of the representation and warranties made by reason of a Related Contract (or part thereof) being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the CCA or the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA the Seller will not be obliged to repurchase the relevant Receivables but will pay a compensation payment to the Issuer, being an amount, calculated by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, required to compensate the Issuer for any loss arising as a result thereof (the "CCA Compensation Amount").

Under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Seller will be granted a call option in relation to Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables Option or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables (the "Receivables Call Option") which will entitle (but not require) the Seller, following the earlier of (a) the sale of the relevant Vehicle in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and allocation of the sale proceeds of the relevant Vehicle to the outstanding amount under the relevant Related Contract; and (b) a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable being written off as uncollectable by the Servicer in accordance with the Seller's Credit and Collection Procedures but prior to the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in respect of the Seller, to purchase from the Issuer, and (if the Seller has decided to make such purchase) oblige the Issuer to sell, any Purchased Receivable which is a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable for an amount equal to

- (i) the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment; plus
- any VAT Adjustment Amount received by the Seller in respect of such (ii) Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable on or following the date of repurchase of such Receivable by the Seller from the Issuer,

(the "Optional Repurchase Payment").

The "Initial Optional Repurchase Payment" means in respect of a Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable, an amount, calculated by the Servicer, equal to (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the applicable Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable as at the Initial Cut-Off Date (in respect of the Initial Portfolio) or the relevant Additional Cut-Off Date (in respect of any Additional Portfolio), less any amounts received by the Issuer

Receivables Call

in respect of any Principal Element relating to such Purchased Receivable plus any accrued income in respect thereof as at the date of the repurchase; multiplied by (ii) 12 per cent.

The Seller is obliged to pay the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment on the relevant repurchase date and to subsequently transfer any VAT Adjustment Amount to the extent it is payable to the Issuer. See "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement – Cash Flows" below.

If the Receivables Call Option is exercised, the Seller is required to repurchase the relevant Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable on or prior to the end of the Calculation Period immediately after the Calculation Period in which such Receivables Call Option is exercised.

Immediately following the exercise of the Receivables Call Option by the Seller and payment of the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment, the Issuer's interest in any Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable (as applicable) will pass to the Seller.

See the section entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement Receivables Call Option" in this Prospectus for further information.

Delegation by theThe Servicer may, at its own cost and expense, delegate some of its servicing
function to a third party provided that the Servicer remains responsible for the
performance of any of its servicing function so delegated. See the section
entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement" in
this Prospectus for further information.

- 11 -

OVERVIEW OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

Please refer to section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Notes" in the Prospectus for further detail in respect of the terms of the Notes.

FULL CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE NOTES

	Class A1 Notes	Class A2 Notes	Class B Notes	Class C Notes	Subordinated Notes
Currency	GBP	GBP	GBP	GBP	GBP
Initial Principal Amount	£290,347,000	£326,642,000	£39,923,000	£32,664,000	£36,294,000
Credit Enhancement and Liquidity Support	Subordination of the Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes and Subordinated Notes, Liquidity Reserve, application of Available Principal Receipts to fund Remaining Revenue Deficiencies, excess Available Revenue Receipts	Subordination of the Class B Notes, Class C Notes and Subordinated Notes, Liquidity Reserve, application of Available Principal Receipts to fund Remaining Revenue Deficiencies, excess Available Revenue Receipts	Subordination of the Class C Notes and Subordinated Notes, Liquidity Reserve, application of Available Principal Receipts to fund Remaining Revenue Deficiencies, excess Available Revenue Receipts	Subordination of the Subordinated Notes, application of Available Principal Receipts to fund Remaining Revenue Deficiencies, excess Available Revenue Receipts	Excess Available Revenue Receipts
Issue Price	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Interest Reference Rate	Compounded Daily SONIA	Compounded Daily SONIA	Compounded Daily SONIA	Compounded Daily SONIA	Fixed Rate of 4.25% p.a.
Relevant Margin	+80 bps	+85 bps	+190 bps	+280 bps	N/A
Interest Accrual Method	Actual/365	Actual/365	Actual/365	Actual/365	Actual/Actual (ICMA)

redeemed in full on the

	Class A1 Notes	Class A2 Notes	Class B Notes	Class C Notes	Subordinated Notes
Interest Determination Date	5 Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date	5 Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date	5 Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date	5 Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date	5 Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date
Interest Payment Dates	22nd day of each calendar month				
Business Day	London	London	London	London	London
Business Day Convention	Modified Following				
First Interest Payment Date	22 December 2023 (subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention)	22 December 2023 (subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention)	22 December 2023 (subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention)	22 December 2023 (subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention)	22 December 2023 (subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention)
First Interest Period	From and including the Closing Date to (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date	From and including the Closing Date to (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date	From and including the Closing Date to (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date	From and including the Closing Date to (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date	From and including the Closing Date to (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date
Clean-up Call	The aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the next following Interest Payment Date is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date	The aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the next following Interest Payment Date is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date	The aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the next following Interest Payment Date is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date	The aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the next following Interest Payment Date is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date	The aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the next following Interest Payment Date is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date or the Rated Notes will be

	Class A1 Notes	Class A2 Notes	Class B Notes	Class C Notes	Subordinated Notes
					next following Interest Payment Date
Other Early Redemption in full Events	Optional redemption exercisable by the Issuer in whole on any Interest Payment Date for tax reasons	Optional redemption exercisable by the Issuer in whole on any Interest Payment Date for tax reasons	Optional redemption exercisable by the Issuer in whole on any Interest Payment Date for tax reasons	Optional redemption exercisable by the Issuer in whole on any Interest Payment Date for tax reasons	Optional redemption exercisable by the Issuer in whole on any Interest Payment Date for tax reasons
Final Redemption Date	The Final Maturity Date or, if earlier, the date on which the Principal Amount Outstanding under the Notes has been repaid in full by the Issuer	The Final Maturity Date or, if earlier, the date on which the Principal Amount Outstanding under the Notes has been repaid in full by the Issuer	The Final Maturity Date or, if earlier, the date on which the Principal Amount Outstanding under the Notes has been repaid in full by the Issuer	The Final Maturity Date or, if earlier, the date on which the Principal Amount Outstanding under the Notes has been repaid in full by the Issuer	The Final Maturity Date or, if earlier, the date on which the Principal Amount Outstanding under the Notes has been repaid in full by the Issuer
Form of the Notes	Bearer Notes	Bearer Notes	Bearer Notes	Bearer Notes	Definitive Registered Notes
Application for Listing	FCA's Official List				
ISIN	XS2699150723	XS2699151028	XS2699151291	XS2699151457	GB00BQGG3C67
Common Code	269915072	269915102	269915129	269915145	N/A
Clearance/Settlement	Euroclear/Clearstream, Luxembourg	Euroclear/Clearstream, Luxembourg	Euroclear/Clearstream, Luxembourg	Euroclear/Clearstream, Luxembourg	N/A
Minimum Denomination	£100,000 (and £1,000 thereafter)				
Regulation	Reg S				

	Class A1 Notes	Class A2 Notes	Class B Notes	Class C Notes	Subordinated Notes
Amount purchased/subscribed by the Seller	£290,347,000	£326,642,000	£39,923,000	£32,664,000	£36,294,000

Ranking

The Class A1 Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority among themselves as to payments of interest and principal at all times, will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority with the Class A2 Notes as to payments of interest at all times, prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, will rank senior to the Class A2 Notes as to payments of principal but, following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority with the Class A2 Notes as to payments of principal but, following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority with the Class A2 Notes as to payments of principal, and will rank senior to the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes as to payments of interest and principal at all times.

The Class A2 Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority among themselves as to payments of interest and principal at all times, will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority with the Class A1 Notes as to payments of interest at all times, prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, will rank junior to the Class A1 Notes as to payments of principal, but following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority with the Class A1 Notes as to payments of principal, but following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority with the Class A1 Notes as to payments of principal, and will rank senior to the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes as to payments of interest and principal at all times.

The Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority among themselves as to payments of interest and principal at all times and will rank junior to the Class A Notes and senior to the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes as to payments of interest and principal at all times.

The Class C Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority among themselves as to payments of interest and principal at all times and will rank junior to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes and senior to the Subordinated Notes as to payments of interest and principal at all times.

The Subordinated Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without any preference or priority among themselves as to payments of interest and principal at all times and will rank junior to the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes as to payments of interest and principal at all times.

Prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, payments of principal and interest will be made in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments and the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments.

Following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, amounts received or recovered by the Trustee (or a receiver appointed on its behalf) will be made in accordance with the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments.

Security The Notes are secured and will share the Security together with the other Secured Liabilities of the Issuer in accordance with the Deed of Charge and Condition 2.2 ("Security"). Some of the other Secured Liabilities rank senior to the Issuer's obligations under the Notes in respect of the allocation of proceeds as set out in the relevant Priority of Payments.

Interest Provisions Please refer to "*Full Capital Structure of the Notes*" as set out above and Condition 4 (*Interest*) for the relevant interest provisions.

Interest Deferral Interest due and payable on the Class A Notes and, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes will not be deferred. Interest due and payable on the Class B Notes (while they are not the Most Senior Class of Notes), on the Class C Notes and on the Subordinated Notes may be deferred in accordance with Condition 15.1 (*Deferred Interest*).

Gross-up	either the Issuer nor any other person will be obliged to gross up if there is ny withholding or deduction for or on account of tax in respect of any syments under the Notes.		
Redemption	The Notes are subject to the following optional or mandatory redemption events (in whole or in part):		
	• mandatory redemption in whole on the Final Maturity Date, as fully set out in Condition 6.1 (Redemption at maturity);		
	• mandatory redemption in part on any Interest Payment Date commencing on the first Interest Payment Date following the termination of the Revolving Period subject to availability of Available Principal Receipts (applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments, as fully set out in Condition 6.3 (Mandatory Redemption in part));		
	• optional redemption exercisable by the Issuer in whole on any Interest Payment Date:		
	• on which the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date; or		
	• following redemption in full of the Rated Notes as fully set out in Condition 6.2 (<i>Optional redemption for taxation or other reasons</i>); and		
	• optional redemption exercisable by the Issuer in whole on any Interest Payment Date for tax reasons, as fully set out in Condition 6.2 (<i>Optional redemption for taxation or other reasons</i>).		
	Any Note redeemed pursuant to the above redemption provisions will be redeemed at an amount equal to the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Note plus any accrued amounts of the relevant Note up to (but excluding) the date of redemption.		
Event of Default	The Events of Default are fully set out in Condition 9.1 (<i>Events of Default</i>), and occur if:		
	• the Issuer defaults in the payment of any interest on the Class A Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes when the same becomes due and payable, and such default continues for a period of 14 Business Days;		
	• the Issuer defaults in the payment of principal on the Class A1 Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class A2 Notes or the Class B Notes when due, and such default continues for a period of 7 Business Days;		
	• the Issuer defaults in the payment of principal and/or any interest on any Class of Notes on the Final Maturity Date;		
	• any other breach of obligations by the Issuer under the Conditions or any Transaction Document to which it is a party where such breach continues for a period of 30 days following the service of notice on the Issuer (unless such breach is considered by the Trustee to be incapable of remedy); or		

• the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in respect of the Issuer.

Enforcement	Noteho the Cha where t or is un failure from ta	ons 10 (<i>Enforcement</i>) and 17 (<i>Non Petition</i>) limit the ability of the lders of each Class to take individual action against the Issuer or any of urged Property or to enforce the Security in any circumstances except the Trustee, having become bound to take action against the Issuer, fails table to do so within a 60-day period of becoming so bound and such or inability is continuing, and prevent the Noteholders of each Class taking or joining in taking steps for the purpose of petitioning for ncy Proceedings or other similar or analogous proceedings in respect ssuer.
	of an E except aggrega Notes o of Note prefund Conditi	tion, pursuant to Condition 10 (<i>Enforcement</i>), following the occurrence vent of Default the Trustee cannot be required to enforce the Security pursuant to a request in writing of the holders of at least one-fifth in the of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of or an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the Most Senior Class es (subject, in each case, to being indemnified and/or secured and/or led to its satisfaction). For the avoidance of doubt, pursuant to on 9.1 (<i>Events of Default</i>), the Trustee may serve a Note Acceleration at its absolute discretion following the occurrence of an Event of
Limited Recourse	If at any	y time following:
	(a)	the occurrence of either:
		(i) the Final Maturity Date or any earlier date upon which all of the Notes of each Class are due and payable; or
		(ii) the service of a Note Acceleration Notice; and
	(b)	Realisation of the Charged Property and application in full of any amounts available to pay amounts due and payable under the Notes in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments,
	claims Paymer Notes t the amo class of applica	ceeds of such Realisation are insufficient, after payment of all other ranking in priority in accordance with the applicable Priority of hts, to pay in full all amounts then due and payable under any class of hen the amount remaining to be paid (after such application in full of punts first referred to in (b) above) under such class of Notes (and any Notes junior to that class of Notes) shall, on the day following such tion in full of the amounts referred to in (b) above, cease to be due and e by the Issuer. " Realisation " is defined in Condition 16 (<i>Limited</i> se).
Non petition	acknow	ecured Creditor (other than the Issuer and the Trustee) agrees with and redges to each of the Issuer and the Trustee, and the Trustee agrees with nowledges to the Issuer, that:
	(a)	none of the Secured Creditors (nor any person on their behalf, other than the Trustee where appropriate) are entitled, otherwise than as permitted by the Transaction Documents, to direct the Trustee to enforce the Security or take any proceedings or action against the Issuer to enforce or realise the Security;
	(b)	none of the Secured Creditors (other than the Trustee) shall have the right to take or join any person in taking any steps against the Issuer for the purpose of obtaining payment of any amount due from the Issuer to any of the Secured Creditors;

- (c) until the date falling two years after the Final Discharge Date, none of the Secured Creditors nor any person on their behalf shall initiate or join any person in initiating an Insolvency Event or the appointment of an Insolvency Official in relation to the Issuer other than a Receiver or an administrator appointed under the Deed of Charge; and
- (d) none of the Secured Creditors shall be entitled to take or join in the taking of any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step which would result in the Priority of Payments not being complied with.
- **Governing Law** The Notes and the Conditions (and, in each case, any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection therewith) will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, English law. All of the Transaction Documents (and, in each case, any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection therewith) are governed by English law other than certain security and sale provisions and documents which are expressed to be governed by Scots or Northern Irish law, as applicable.

RIGHTS OF NOTEHOLDERS AND RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER SECURED CREDITORS

Please refer to sections entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Notes" for further detail in respect of the rights of Noteholders, conditions for exercising such rights and relationship with other Secured Creditors.

Prior to an Event of Default	Prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Issuer or the Trustee may at any time, and Noteholders holding not less than 10 per cent. of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes then outstanding are entitled to, upon request in writing to the Issuer, convene a Noteholders' meeting to consider any matter affecting their interests.		
Following an Event of Default	Following the occurrence of an Event of Default, Noteholders may, if they hold not less than one-fifth of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding or if the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes pass an Extraordinary Resolution, direct the Trustee to give a Note Acceleration Notice to the Issuer notifying the Issuer that all classes of the Notes are immediately due and repayable at their respective Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest. In the case of the Issuer failing to perform or observe any of its other obligations under the Conditions or any Transaction Document to which it is a party (other than with respect to the payment of principal and interest when due), such an Extraordinary Resolution will be effective only if the Trustee shall also have certified in writing to the Issuer that such event is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Most Senior Class of Notes. The Trustee may also, without the consent of the Noteholders, if it is of the opinion that such determination will not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders, determine that an Event of Default or Potential Event of Default shall not, or shall not subject to specified conditions, be treated as such. See section entitled " <i>Terms and Conditions of the Notes</i> " in this Prospectus for more information.		
Noteholders Meeting		Initial meeting	Adjourned meeting
provisions	Notice period	At least 21 clear days for the initial meeting (and no more than 180 clear days)	At least 10 clear days for the adjourned meeting (and no more than 42 clear days in the case of an initial adjournment of a meeting at which an Extraordinary Resolution is to be proposed)
	Meeting Location	United Kingdom	United Kingdom
	Quorum	At least 20 per cent. of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes then outstanding for all Ordinary Resolutions; at least 50 per cent. of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes for the initial meeting to pass an Extraordinary Resolution (other than a Basic Terms Modification, which requires at least 75 per cent. of the Principal Amount	Any holding (other than an Extraordinary Resolution or a Basic Terms Modification, which requires at least 25 per cent. of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes)

		Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes)			
	Required majority	More than 50 per cent. of votes cast for matters requiring Ordinary Resolution and at least 75 per cent. of votes cast for matters requiring Extraordinary Resolution Addition and at least 75 per cent. of votes cast for matters requiring Extraordinary Resolution Extraordinary Resolution Addition Addition Extraordinary Resolution Addition Additi			
	Written Resolution	At least 75 per cent. of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant class of Notes then outstanding. A Written Resolution has the same effect as an Extraordinary Resolution.			
Matters requiring Extraordinary	Broadly spea	king, the following matters require an Extraordinary Resolution:			
Resolution	• to ap	prove any Basic Terms Modification;			
		to approve the substitution of any person for the Issuer as principal obligor under the Notes;			
	its ol act o	to waive any breach or authorise any proposed breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Notes or any Transaction Document or any act or omission which might otherwise constitute an Event of Default under the Notes;			
		• to remove the Trustee and to approve the appointment of a new Trustee;			
	and	thorise the Trustee or any other person to execute all documents do all things necessary to give effect to any Extraordinary lution;			
	any a	scharge or exonerate the Trustee from any liability in respect of act or omission for which it may become responsible under the t Deed or the Notes;			
	-	we any other authorisation or approval which under the Trust Deed e Notes is required to be given by Extraordinary Resolution; and			
	Note the	point any persons as a committee to represent the interests of the holders and to convey upon such committee any powers which Noteholders could themselves exercise by Extraordinary lution.			
Right of modification without Noteholder consent	the Trustee Noteholders of consent from being modifie than a Basic	nd in accordance with the detailed provisions of Condition 11.7, shall be obliged, without any consent or sanction of the or the other Secured Creditors, but subject to the receipt of written each of the Secured Creditors party to the Transaction Document ed, to concur with the Issuer in making any modification (other Terms Modification) to the Conditions and/or any Transaction enter into any new, supplemental or additional documents for the			
		plying with, or implementing or reflecting, any change in criteria e Rating Agencies;			
	(b) enab	ling the Issuer and/or the Swap Counterparty to comply with any			

(b) enabling the Issuer and/or the Swap Counterparty to comply with any obligation which applies to it under UK EMIR or EU EMIR;

- (c) complying with any changes in the requirements of the UK Securitisation Regulation or any other risk retention and securitisation-related legislation or regulations or official guidance in relation thereto;
- (d) enabling the Notes to be (or to remain) listed on the FCA's Official List and to be (or to remain) admitted to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange;
- (e) enabling the Issuer or any of the other Transaction Parties to comply with FATCA;
- (f) complying with any changes in the requirements of the UK CRA Regulation;
- (g) enabling the Issuer to open any custody account for the receipt of any collateral posted by the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement in the form of securities;
- (h) changing Compounded Daily SONIA, or the base rate then applicable in respect of the Rated Notes, to an alternative base rate and making such other amendments as are necessary or advisable in the commercially reasonable judgment of the Issuer (or the Servicer on its behalf) to facilitate such change (a "Base Rate Modification"); or
- (i) changing the base rate that then applies in respect of the Swap Agreement to an alternative base rate as is necessary or advisable in the commercially reasonable judgment of the Issuer (or the Servicer on its behalf) and the Swap Counterparty solely as a consequence of a Base Rate Modification and solely for the purpose of aligning the base rate pursuant to the terms of the Swap Agreement to the base rate of the Rated Notes following such Base Rate Modification,

provided that, in each case, the Issuer or another relevant Transaction Party, as set out in Condition 11 (*Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*), certifies to the Trustee in writing (upon which certificate the Trustee shall rely absolutely and without further enquiry or liability) that such modification is required for such purpose and has been drafted solely to such effect.

Further, and among other things, and other than in relation to items (b), (c), (e) and (g) above, the Issuer must certify to the Trustee (upon which certificate the Trustee shall rely absolutely and without further enquiry or liability) that it has provided at least 30 days' notice to Noteholders of each Class of the proposed modification in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*) and by publication on Bloomberg on the "Company News" screen relating to the Notes. If Noteholders representing at least 10 per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding have notified the Issuer in writing that such Noteholders do not consent to the modification then such modification will not be made unless passed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding in accordance with Condition 11 (*Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*).

Relationship between Classes of Noteholders Except in respect of certain matters set out in Condition 11 (*Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*) and the Trust Deed and excluding for the avoidance of doubt a Basic Terms Modification in respect of Classes other than the Most Senior Class of Notes, an Extraordinary Resolution of Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes shall be binding on all other Classes. For further details see Condition 11 (*Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*). A Basic Terms Modification requires an Extraordinary Resolution of each Class of Notes then outstanding.

Relationship between Noteholders and other Secured Creditors

For so long as any of the Notes are outstanding, the Trustee shall not be required to have any regard to the interests of any Secured Creditors other than the Noteholders, except to ensure application of the Issuer's funds in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

Provision ofPursuant to Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer hasInformation to thePursuant to Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer hasNoteholdersSeller, as "originator" for the purposes of the UK Securitisation Regulation, is
also responsible for compliance with Article 7 of the UK Securitisation
Regulation pursuant to Article 22(5) of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

The Issuer will also undertake to fulfil the EU Transparency Requirements.

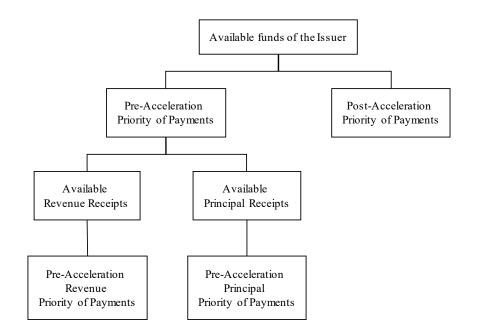
The Cash Manager, on behalf of the Issuer, (and subject to receipt of the relevant Servicer Report) will prepare each Investor Report detailing, among other things, certain aggregated loan data in relation to the Portfolio. The Servicer will make available each Investor Report on the Securitisation Repository Website. For the avoidance of doubt, neither the Securitisation Repository Website nor the contents thereof forms part of this Prospectus.

The Cash Manager does not assume any responsibility for the Issuer's obligations under the UK Securitisation Regulation.

Communication with Noteholders Any notice shall be deemed to have been duly given to the holders of the Rated Notes if sent to the Clearing Systems for communication by them to the holders of the Rated Notes and shall be deemed to be given on the date on which it was so sent to the Clearing Systems. Any notice shall also be published in accordance with the relevant guidelines of the London Stock Exchange by a notification in writing to the London Stock Exchange's Regulatory News Service.

CREDIT STRUCTURE AND CASHFLOW

Please refer to the section entitled "Cash Management" in this Prospectus for further detail in respect of the credit structure and cash flow of the transaction.



Available Funds of the Issuer:	Receip Notes a	suer will use Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal ts for the purposes of making interest and principal payments under the and meeting the Issuer's other payment obligations pursuant to the other ction Documents.
Available Revenue Receipts:	For each Interest Payment Date, the "Available Revenue Receipts" will be calculated by the Cash Manager on or before the immediately preceding Calculation Date and will be an amount equal to the sum of:	
	(a)	all Revenue Receipts received by the Issuer during the immediately preceding Calculation Period;
	(b)	interest received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period on the Issuer Bank Accounts (other than any Swap Collateral Account) and any amounts received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period relating to any Authorised Investments purchased from amounts standing to the credit of the Issuer Bank Accounts (other than any Swap Collateral Account);
	(c)	all amounts then standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve Ledger up to the amount of any Revenue Deficiency on that Interest Payment Date;
	(d)	all amounts then standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve Ledger in excess of the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount;
	(e)	amounts to be received by the Issuer under the Swap Agreement (other than (i) any swap termination payment received by the Issuer from the outgoing Swap Counterparty if and to the extent it is to be applied in acquiring a replacement swap transaction, (ii) Excess Swap Collateral or Swap Collateral, except to the extent that the value of Swap Collateral has been applied, pursuant to the provisions of the Swap

Agreement, to reduce the amount that would otherwise be payable by the Swap Counterparty to the Issuer on early termination of the swap transaction under the Swap Agreement and, to the extent so applied in reduction of the amount otherwise payable by the Swap Counterparty, such Swap Collateral is not to be applied in acquiring a replacement swap transaction, (iii) any Replacement Swap Premium, but only to the extent applied directly to any Swap Termination Payment due and payable by the Issuer to the outgoing Swap Counterparty and (iv) amounts in respect of Swap Tax Credits on such Interest Payment Date, if and to the extent these are required to be paid directly to the Swap Counterparty in accordance with the terms of the Swap Agreements);

- (f) notwithstanding item (e) above, (i) any early termination amount received from the Swap Counterparty in excess of the amount required and applied by the Issuer to purchase one or more replacement Swap Agreements, and (ii) any Replacement Swap Premium received from a replacement Swap Counterparty in excess of the amount required and applied to pay any Swap Termination Payment due and payable by the Issuer to the outgoing Swap Counterparty;
- (g) the aggregate of all Available Principal Receipts (if any) which are applied either (i) to make up any Remaining Revenue Deficiency on the relevant Interest Payment Date (only to the extent required after calculating any Revenue Deficiency) or (ii) as Surplus Available Principal Receipts;
- (h) on the first Interest Payment Date falling after the period of four months following the Closing Date, any Start-up Costs Proceeds advanced under the Subordinated Loan and any further amount advanced under the Subordinated Loan for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation that are not required to be applied in or towards payment of those fees, expenses and premia;
- where the Seller repurchases the Final Receivables in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement in respect of an exercise by the Issuer of the Clean-up Call, such amount of the Final Repurchase Price received by the Issuer on such Interest Payment Date representing amounts other than the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Final Receivables as at such Interest Payment Date;
- (j) any Income Recoveries received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period; and
- (k) an amount equal to any Principal Recoveries received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period in relation to any Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable in respect of which losses have been debited to the Principal Deficiency Ledger,

but, for the avoidance of doubt, excluding any Issuer Profit Amount retained by the Issuer on any prior Interest Payment Date and any amounts which have been applied as Permitted Withdrawals by the Issuer during the immediately preceding Calculation Period;

Available Principal Receipts	calcul	For each Interest Payment Date the " Available Principal Receipts " will be calculated by the Cash Manager on or before the immediately preceding Calculation Date and will be an amount equal to the sum of:		
	(a)	all Principal Receipts received by the Issuer during the immediately preceding Calculation Period;		
	(b)	the amounts, if any, to be credited to the Principal Deficiency Ledger pursuant to items (g) , (j) , (l) and (m) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on the relevant Interest Payment Date;		
	(c)	on the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, all or such part of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve as is required, when aggregated with all other Available Principal Receipts (other than in accordance with this item (c)) available to be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date, to redeem any of the Class A Notes and Class B Notes then outstanding in full in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date;		
	(d)	where the Seller repurchases the Final Receivables in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement in respect of an exercise by the Issuer of the Clean-up Call, such amount of the Final Repurchase Price received by the Issuer on such Interest Payment Date representing the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Final Receivables as at such Interest Payment Date;		
	(e)	an amount equal to any Principal Recoveries received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period (other than any Principal Recoveries in relation to any Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable in respect of which losses have been debited to the Principal Deficiency Ledger);		
	(f)	any amount standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger; and		
	(g)	on the first Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to the surplus of the proceeds of the issuance of the Notes over the Initial Purchase Price.		
Revolving Period	case o Paym Period redee accor	Revolving Period commences on the Closing Date and ends on (and, in the of (a), includes, but otherwise excludes) the first to occur of (a) the Interest ent Date falling in October 2024; (b) the date on which a Revolving d Termination Event occurs and (c) the date on which all the Notes are med following the repurchase of all Receivables by the Seller in dance with clause 7.4 of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement. incipal will be paid on the Notes during the Revolving Period.		
	purch Princi Addit credit to be	g the Revolving Period, Available Principal Receipts may be used to ase Additional Portfolios in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration ipal Priority of Payments. If such amounts are not applied to purchase ional Portfolios on the relevant Interest Payment Date, then they will be ed to the Transaction Account and recorded on the Replenishment Ledger used to purchase Additional Portfolios or to be applied as Available ipal Receipts on the immediately following Interest Payment Date.		
Revolving Period Termination Event		occurrence of any of the following shall constitute a Revolving Period ination Event:		
	(a)	the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in respect of the Seller;		
	(b)	a Servicer Termination Event;		

- (c) the Seller fails duly to perform or comply with any of its material obligations under any Transaction Document to which it is a party and if such failure is capable of being remedied, such failure, is not remedied within twenty Business Days after the earlier of notice thereof has been given by the Issuer or the Trustee to the Seller or the Seller becoming aware of such failure;
- (d) the occurrence of an Event of Default or Termination Event under the Swap Agreement (in each case as defined in the Swap Agreement);
- (e) the delivery of a Note Acceleration Notice by the Trustee after the occurrence of an Event of Default;
- (f) a breach of any of the following portfolio triggers shall have occurred:
 - (i) the Average Delinquency Ratio exceeds 2.00% on any Interest Payment Date; or
 - (ii) the Cumulative Loss Ratio exceeds the Cumulative Loss Trigger on any Cumulative Loss Test Date;
- (g) on any Interest Payment Date, the Liquidity Reserve is not funded up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount;
- (h) on any two consecutive Interest Payment Dates, the balance of the Replenishment Ledger as at the Calculation Date immediately preceding the relevant Interest Payment Date is greater than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance as at the Closing Date; or
- (i) an amount is recorded as a debit on the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger on or before an Interest Payment Date and the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger remains in debit after the application of Available Revenue Receipts in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments on the Interest Payment Date immediately following such Interest Payment Date.

Overview of Priorities of Payments

Below is an overview of the relevant payment priorities. Full details of the payment priorities are set out in the section entitled "*Cash Management – Priority of Payments*" in this Prospectus.

Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments	Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments	Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments	
Amounts due to the Trustee or any Appointee	Remaining Revenue Deficiency in respect of senior	Amounts due to the Trustee or any Appointee	

Amounts due to the Agent Bank, Paying Agents, Cash Manager, Servicer, Corporate Services Provider, Account Bank and prior to any enforcement action taken by the Trustee in respect of the Security, any auditors of, and other professional advisers to, the Issuer, amounts due to pay the Administrator Incentive Recovery Fee, amounts due to the Registrar, and amounts due to any party who is not a party to any Transaction Document to which the Issuer has delegated obligations in respect of UK EMIR and/or EU EMIR or in respect of any agreements relating to UK EMIR and/or EU EMIR.

Prior to any enforcement action taken by the Trustee in respect of the Security, amounts due to third party creditors of the Issuer and, to the extent amounts credited to the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger are insufficient, to the extent of any insufficiency to pay or discharge any corporation tax liability of the Issuer

Swap Agreement payments other than Subordinated Swap Amounts

Issuer Profit Amount

Pro rata and *pari passu* the Class A Notes Interest Amount

Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger

Pro rata and *pari passu* the Class B Notes Interest Amount

Liquidity Reserve Ledger up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount

Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger

Pro rata and *pari passu* the Class C Notes Interest Amount

Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger

Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger

Remaining Revenue Deficiency in respect of senior expenses and the Class A Notes, Class B Notes and Class C Notes

Prior to the expiration of the Revolving Period, to pay any Additional Portfolio Purchase Price if such Interest Payment Date is an Additional Portfolio Purchase Date

Prior to the expiration of the Revolving Period, to the extent not used under the above item, to credit to the Replenishment Ledger

After the end of the Revolving Period, Class A1 Notes Principal Amount

After the end of the Revolving Period, Class A2 Notes Principal Amount

After the end of the Revolving Period, Class B Notes Principal Amount

After the end of the Revolving Period, Class C Notes Principal Amount

After the end of the Revolving Period, Subordinated Notes Principal Amount

Any Surplus Available Principal Receipts to be applied as Available Revenue Receipts

Subordinated Swap Amounts

Notes Principal Amount

Amounts due to the Agent

Bank, Paying Agents, Cash

Manager, Servicer, Corporate

Services Provider, Account

Bank, amounts due to pay the

Recovery Fee, amounts due to

the Registrar, and amounts

due to any party who is not a

party to any Transaction

Document to which the Issuer

has delegated obligations in

respect of UK EMIR and/or

EU EMIR or in respect of any

agreements relating to UK

Swap Agreement payments

other than Subordinated Swap

Pro rata and pari passu the

Class A Notes Interest

Amount and the Class A Notes

Pro rata and pari passu the

Class B Notes Interest

Amount and the Class B Notes

Pro rata and pari passu the

Class C Notes Interest

Amount and the Class C Notes

Pro rata and pari passu the

Subordinated Notes Interest

Amount and the Subordinated

Principal Amount

Principal Amount

Principal Amount

EMIR and/or EU EMIR.

Amounts

Incentive

Administrator

All amounts due and payable under the Subordinated Loan

Issuer Profit Amount and any corporation tax not otherwise able to be paid from amounts credited to the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger

Deferred Purchase Price

Receipts

Pro rata and pari passu the Subordinated Notes Interest Amount
Subordinated Swap Amounts
Subordinated Loan interest
Subordinated Loan principal repayment
Other amounts owed by the Issuer under the Transaction Documents
Deferred Purchase Price

General Credit Structure

> availability of the Liquidity Reserve, funded initially by the Subordinated Loan Provider on the Closing Date, in an amount equal to: (a) on each Interest Payment Date to and including the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to the higher of: (i) 1.5 per cent. of the aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and Class B Notes as at the Calculation Date immediately preceding that Interest Payment Date; and (ii) 0.5 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date; and (b) thereafter zero, which will be replenished up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on each Interest Payment Date. The Liquidity Reserve will be available to pay interest on the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes and amounts ranking in priority thereto in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments from the Closing Date up to (and including) the Final Class B Interest Payment Date (as defined below).

The credit structure of the transaction includes the following elements:

In addition, on the Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve following the application of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments and the amount of Available Principal Receipts available for application on such Interest Payment Date is greater than or equal to the aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date (the "**Final Class B Interest Payment Date**"), all or such part of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve as is required to redeem the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes on that date shall be applied as Available Principal Receipts in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date and, thereafter, any excess shall be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on that date (as though the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount were zero).

- application of Available Principal Receipts to fund Remaining Revenue Deficiencies in respect of senior expenses and interest payable in respect of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes (items (a) to (h) inclusive and (k) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments);
- availability of the interest rate swap provided by the Swap Counterparty to hedge against the variance between the fixed rate of interest in respect of the Purchased Receivables and the floating rate of interest in respect of the Rated Notes; and

• the subordination of more junior ranking Classes of Notes.

See the section entitled "Credit Structure, Liquidity and Hedging" in this Prospectus for further information.

Bank Accounts and Cash Management	All Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio are received by the Seller in its Collection Account. Provided no CBL Trigger Event has occurred and is continuing, the Servicer is obliged to transfer Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio to the Transaction Account on each Interest Payment Date (or at any time within two Business Days prior to such Interest Payment Date).			
	Upon the occurrence of a CBL Trigger Event and as long as a CBL Trigger Event is continuing, the Servicer is obliged to transfer Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio to the Transaction Account within two Business Days following receipt by the Seller.			
	In addition, the Seller has declared a trust over all amounts standing to the credit of the Collection Account in favour of the Issuer (in respect of any amounts received in respect of Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio), certain other beneficiaries and itself in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement and the Collection Account Declaration of Trust (as to which see further the section entitled " <i>Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement</i> " in this Prospectus).			
Overview of key Swap Terms	The interest rate swap has the follow	ving key commercial terms:		
	Swap Notional Amount	At the commencement of each relevant period in respect of the interest rate swap transaction documented by the Swap Agreement, the notional amount of such interest rate swap transaction will be equal to the lesser of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Rated Notes for that period and the notional amount in respect of the immediately preceding period (subject to a cap as set out in the Swap Agreement).		
	Swap Counterparty payment	Compounded Daily SONIA plus 0.80 per cent. (subject to a floor of zero) on the swap notional amount		
	Frequency of payment	Each Interest Payment Date		

See "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Swap Agreement" and "Credit Structure, Liquidity and Hedging – Swap Agreement" for further information.

TRIGGERS TABLES

RATING TRIGGERS TABLE

Transaction Party	Required Ratings/Triggers	Possible effects of Trigger being breached include the following				
Swap Counterparty (or any credit support provider from time to time in respect of the Swap Counterparty)	Fitch derivative counterparty rating (or, in the absence of such a rating with respect to such entity, the long-term issuer default rating) and short-term issuer default rating requirements					
	Long-term rating at least A or short-term rating at least F1	Subject to the terms of the Swap Agreement, the consequence of breach is that the Swap Counterparty (a) will be obliged to post collateral and (b) may (i) procure a transfer to an eligible replacement of its obligations under the Swap Agreement or (ii) procure a guarantee from an eligible guarantor in respect of its obligations under the Swap Agreement or (iii) take such other action as required to maintain or restore the rating of the Rated Notes by Fitch.				
	Long-term rating at least BBB- or short term rating at least F3	Subject to the terms of the Swap Agreement, the consequence of breach is that the Swap Counterparty will be obliged to (a) post or continue to post collateral (pending the taking of any actions set out in sub-paragraph (b)) and also to (b) use its best endeavours to take one of the following actions: (i) to procure a transfer to an eligible replacement of its obligations under the Swap Agreement or (ii) procure a guarantee from an eligible guarantor in respect of its obligations under the Swap Agreement or (iii) take such other action as required to maintain or restore the rating of the Rated Notes by Fitch.				

Moody's senior unsecured debt rating requirements or counterparty risk assessment requirements

Long-term rating of at least A3 or counterparty risk assessment of at least A3(cr)	Subject to the terms of the Swap Agreement, the consequence of breach is that the Swap Counterparty will be obliged to post collateral.
Long-term rating of at least Baa3 or counterparty risk assessment of at least Baa3(cr)	Subject to the terms of the Swap Agreement, the consequence of breach is that the Swap Counterparty will be obliged to (a) post or continue to post collateral (pending the taking of any actions set out in sub-paragraph (b)) and also to (i) procure a transfer to an eligible replacement of its obligations under the Swap Agreement or (ii) procure a guarantee from an eligible guarantor in

Transaction Party	Required Ratings/Triggers	breached
		respect of Agreemen
Account Bank	 Either: (a) (i) a short-term, unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations rating of at least F1 by Fitch; and (ii) a long-term bank deposits rating of at least A3 by Moody's and A by Fitch, or its obligations are guaranteed by an institution having such rating; or (b) such other rating or ratings as are consistent with the then published criteria of the relevant Rating Agency as being the minimum ratings that are required to support the then current ratings of the Rated Notes. 	The cons within 60 following Account n of, the Issu the credit to or on beh held with having all which is a of the Inco Issuer may of the Account E (or the Ser a Rating A If none of the Account terminated written not termination replaceme appointed

Possible effects of Trigger being breached include the following

respect of its obligations under the Swap Agreement.

sequence of breach is that, days of the breach, one of the will occur: (a) the Transaction may be closed by, or on behalf suer and all amounts standing to thereof shall be transferred by, half of, the Issuer to accounts h a financial institution (i) I the requisite ratings and (ii) bank as defined in Section 991 come Tax Act 2007, or (b) the y obtain a guarantee in support count Bank's obligations under ount Bank Agreement from a institution which has all the Bank Ratings, or (c) the Issuer ervicer on its behalf) will obtain Agency Confirmation.

If none of the above actions occurs, then the Account Bank's appointment will be terminated by the Issuer (with prior written notice to the Trustee) (such termination being effective on a replacement account bank being appointed by the Issuer).

NON-RATING TRIGGERS TABLE

Nature of Trigger	Description of Trigger		Consequence of Trigger
Perfection Events See the section entitled " <i>Overview of</i>	The oc (a)	currence of any of the following: it becoming necessary by law to perfect the Issuer's legal title	Obligors will be notified of the sale and assignment to the Issuer and legal title to the Purchased Receivables will be transferred to the Issuer.
the Transaction Documents – Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement" for further information.		to the Purchased Receivables, (or procure the perfection of the Issuer's legal title to the Purchased Receivables) in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement; or	Further, Obligors will be directed to pay amounts outstanding in respect of Purchased Receivables directly to the Issuer and instructions will be made to make transfers from the Collection Account to the Transaction Account.
	(b)	unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Trustee, a Servicer Termination Event occurs; or	
	(c)	the Seller calling for perfection or transfer of legal title by serving notice in writing to that effect on the Issuer and the Trustee; or	
	(d)	the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in respect of the Seller; or	
	(e)	the occurrence of a Severe Deterioration Event in respect of the Seller; or	
	(f)	the Seller or the Servicer fails to meet any obligation under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement or the Servicing Agreement to pay to the Issuer any sum in respect of the Purchased Receivables within five Business Days of the date on which payment is required to be made by the Seller or the Servicer or the date of demand and such failure is not remedied within 30 Business Days after the Issuer has given notice thereof to the Seller.	
Servicer Termination Event See the section in this Prospectus entitled "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement"	The oc (a)	currence of any of the following: default in payment of amounts due to be paid by the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement and unremedied for 7 Business Days;	Following the occurrence of a Servicer Termination Event the Issuer may terminate the appointment of the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement. Further, at any time, the Servicer may also resign its appointment on no less than 12 months' written notice to, among others, the Issuer and the Trustee with copy being

Cash Manager which must first be approved by the Trustee.

Nature of Trigger		Description of Trigger	Consequence of Trigger
for further information.	(b)	material non-compliance with other covenants or obligations and unremedied for 60 days;	sent to the Rating Agencies provided that such resignation shall not take effect unless the Issuer, and the Trustee consent to such resignation and a
	(c)	failure by the Servicer to maintain any regulatory licence or approval required under the Servicing Agreement and unremedied for 60 days; or	replacement servicer has been appointed.
	(d)	an Insolvency Event occurs in respect of the Servicer.	
Cash Manager	The o	ccurrence of any of the following:	Following the occurrence of a Cash
Termination Events See the section in this Prospectus entitled	(a)	default in payment of amount due and unremedied for 5 Business Days;	Manager Termination Event the Issuer may terminate the appointment of the Cash Manager under the Cash Management Agreement.
"Overview of the Transaction Documents – Cash Management	(b)	material non-compliance with other covenants or obligations and unremedied for 30 days;	Further at any time, the Cash Manager may also resign its appointment on no less than 90 days' written notice to,
<i>Agreement</i> " for further information.	(c)	it is or will become unlawful for the Cash Manager to perform or comply with any of its obligations under the Cash Management Agreement; or	among others, the Issuer and the Trustee with a copy being sent to the Rating Agencies provided that such resignation shall not take effect unless the Issuer, and the Trustee consent to such resignation and until a
	(d)	an Insolvency Event occurs in respect of the Cash Manager.	Replacement Cash Manager, which has been approved by the Trustee and the Issuer has been appointed in its place.
			If the Cash Manager's appointment is terminated, the Issuer shall identify a suitable entity to act as a Replacement Cash Manager which must first be

FEES

The following table sets out the on-going fees to be paid by the Issuer to the transaction parties.

Type of Fee	Amount of Fee	Priority in Cashflow	Frequency
Servicing fees	0.5 per cent. per annum of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio (inclusive of VAT)	Ahead of all outstanding Notes	Monthly in arrears on each Interest Payment Date
Other ongoing fees and expenses of the Issuer	Estimated at £110,000	Ahead of all outstanding Notes	Per annum
Expenses related to the admission to trading of the Notes	Estimated at £9,800	Ahead of all outstanding Notes	On or about the Closing Date

RISK FACTORS

The following are the principal risk factors which prospective investors should consider before deciding to purchase the Notes. Although the Issuer believes that the risks described below are the principal risks inherent in the transaction for the Noteholders, the inability of the Obligors to pay amounts under the Contracts and consequently the inability of the Issuer to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with the Notes may occur for other reasons, and the Issuer does not represent that the below statements regarding the risk of holding the Notes are exhaustive; prospective investors are requested to carefully read and consider all the information in this Prospectus, make such other enquiries and investigations as they consider appropriate and reach their own views prior to making any investment decisions. There can be no assurance that the various structural elements described in this Prospectus will be sufficient to ensure payment to the Noteholders of interest, principal or any other amounts on or in connection with the Notes on a timely basis or at all.

STRUCTURAL CONSIDERATIONS

Limited recourse and funds of the Issuer

The Notes will be obligations solely of the Issuer and will not be the responsibility of, or guaranteed by, any person other than the Issuer. No person other than the Issuer will accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any failure by the Issuer to pay any amount due under the Notes. The Notes are limited recourse obligations of the Issuer, and, if not repaid in full, amounts outstanding are subject to a final write-off, which is described in more detail in Condition 16 (*Limited Recourse*). In accordance with Condition 17 (*Non Petition*), no Noteholder may proceed directly against the Issuer to enforce the Security unless the Trustee, having become bound to do so, fails or is unable to do so within a 60-day period of becoming so bound and such failure or inability is continuing. Therefore, the investment decision of any investor and any investment in the Notes should be based on an analysis of the characteristics and performance of the Charged Property as described in this Prospectus and not on the assumption that there would be any recourse to any Transaction Party or third party.

The ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations to pay principal and interest or other amounts due on the Notes, amounts due to the Swap Counterparty and its operating and administrative expenses will be dependent solely on Revenue Receipts and Principal Receipts in respect of the Purchased Receivables, interest earned on the Issuer Bank Accounts, the receipt by the Issuer of any net payments which the Swap Counterparty is required to make under each Swap Agreement, amounts standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve and amounts due from the Seller, and its ability to claim against the Seller for breach of Receivables Warranty. Other than the foregoing, the Issuer will not have any other material funds available to it to meet its obligations under the Notes and/or any other payment obligation of the Issuer under the applicable Priority of Payments. If such funds are insufficient, any such insufficiency will be borne by the Noteholders and the other Secured Creditors, subject to the applicable Priority of Payments.

Subordination

As indicated above, in respect of the obligations of the Issuer to pay interest and repay principal on the Notes, the Conditions and the Deed of Charge will provide both upon and prior to enforcement that: (i) the Subordinated Notes are subordinated to the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes or the Class C Notes; (ii) the Class C Notes are subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes; (iii) the Class B Notes are subordinated to the Class A Notes are subordinated to the Class A Notes; (iv) the Class A2 Notes are subordinated to the Class A1 Notes as to payments of principal prior to service of a Note Acceleration Notice; and (v) the Notes of each Class are subordinated to the rights of the Secured Creditors ranking higher than that Class in the applicable Priority of Payments and are subordinated generally to the claims of all Related Third Party Creditors of the Issuer.

Absence of a secondary market and market value of the Notes

At issuance, there will be no active and liquid secondary market for the Notes and no assurance is provided that a secondary market for any of the Notes will develop or, if a secondary market does develop, that it will provide the holders of such Notes with liquidity of investment or that it will continue for the life of the Notes. In addition, potential investors in Notes should be aware of the prevailing and widely reported global credit market conditions (which continue at the date hereof), whereby there is currently a general lack of liquidity in the secondary market for instruments similar to the Notes. Consequently, any purchaser of the Notes must be prepared to hold the Notes until final redemption or earlier application in full of the proceeds of enforcement of the Charged Property by the Trustee and, in certain cases, as a result of any early redemption of the Notes as to which see further below.

The market price of the Notes could be subject to fluctuation in response to, among other things, variations in the value of the Purchased Receivables, the market for similar securities, prevailing interest rates, changes in regulation and general market and economic conditions. It should not be assumed that there will be a significant correlation between the market value of the Notes and the market value of the Purchased Receivables. The Joint Lead Managers are under no obligation to assist in the resale of the Notes. If an investor holds Notes which are not denominated in the investor's home currency, he will be exposed to movements in exchange rates adversely affecting the value of his holding. In addition, the imposition of exchange controls in relation to any Notes could result in an investor not receiving payments on those Notes.

Limited enforcement rights

Conditions 10 (*Enforcement*) and 17 (*Non Petition*) limit the ability of the Noteholders of each Class to take individual action against the Issuer or any of the Charged Property or to enforce the Security in any circumstances except where the Trustee, having become bound to take action against the Issuer, fails or is unable to do so within a 60-day period of becoming so bound and such failure or inability is continuing, and prevent the Noteholders of each Class from taking or joining in taking steps for the purpose of petitioning for Insolvency Proceedings or other similar or analogous proceedings in respect of the Issuer.

In addition, pursuant to Condition 10 (*Enforcement*), following the occurrence of an Event of Default the Trustee cannot be required to enforce the Security except pursuant to a request in writing of the holders of at least one-fifth in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes or an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the Most Senior Class of Notes (subject, in each case, to being indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded to its satisfaction). For the avoidance of doubt, pursuant to Condition 9.1 (*Events of Default*), the Trustee may serve a Note Acceleration Notice at its absolute discretion following the occurrence of an Event of Default.

There is a risk that these limitations, or a failure by the Trustee to take action against the Issuer having become bound to do so, could result in losses on the Notes.

Deferral of Interest Payments

If, on any Interest Payment Date whilst any Class of Notes remains outstanding, the Issuer has insufficient funds to make payment in full of all amounts of interest (including any accrued interest thereon) payable in respect of the Classes of Notes ranking junior to that Class of Notes after having paid or provided for items of higher priority in the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments, then the Issuer will be entitled under Condition 15 (*Subordination by Deferral of Interest*) to defer payment of that amount (to the extent of the insufficiency) until the following Interest Payment Date on which sufficient funds are available to fund the payment of such deferred interest to the extent of such available funds, in accordance with the Conditions. This will not constitute an Event of Default.

Interest due and payable on the Class A Notes and, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes will not be deferred. Interest due and payable on the Class B Notes (while they are not the Most Senior Class of Notes), on the Class C Notes and on the Subordinated Notes may be deferred in accordance with Condition 15.1 (*Deferred Interest*).

Any (i) failure to pay interest on the Class A Notes and, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes when the same becomes due and payable, which continues for a period of fourteen Business Days; or (ii) failure to pay interest on any Class of Notes on the Final Maturity Date, shall constitute an Event of Default under the Notes which may result in the Trustee enforcing the Security.

Rights available to Holders of Notes of different Classes

In performing its duties as Trustee for the Noteholders, the Trustee will have regard to the interests of all Noteholders. Where, however, there is a conflict between the interests of the holders of one Class of Notes and the holders of any other Class(es) of Notes, the Trustee will (other than as set out in the Trust Deed, in particular with regards to modifications, consents and waivers) be required to have regard only to the holders of the Most Senior Class of Notes outstanding and will not have regard to any lower ranking Class

of Notes nor to the interests of the other Secured Creditors except to ensure the application of the Issuer's funds in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver

The Conditions contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

The Conditions also provide that the Trustee may agree with the Issuer or any other person, without the consent of the Noteholders or the other Secured Creditors (but, in the case of the Trustee only, with the written consent of the Secured Creditors which are a party to the relevant Transaction Document), to (i) any modification of, or the waiver or authorisation of, any breach or proposed breach of, the Conditions of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents which is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Most Senior Class of Notes or (ii) any modification which, in the Trustee's opinion is of a formal, minor or technical nature or to correct a manifest error. In respect of an occurrence of an Event of Default specified in paragraph (d) of Condition 9.1 (*Events of Default*), prior to serving a Note Acceleration Notice on the Issuer, the Trustee must certify in writing to the Issuer that such event is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders, if it is of the opinion that such determination will not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Most Senior Class of Notes, determine that an Event of Default or Potential Event of Default shall not, or shall not subject to specified conditions, be treated as such. See Condition 11.9.

The Trustee shall be obliged, without any consent or sanction of the Noteholders or the other Secured Creditors but subject to the receipt of written consent from each of the Secured Creditors party to the Transaction Document being modified, to concur with the Issuer in making any modification (other than in respect of a Basic Terms Modification) to the Conditions and/or any Transaction Document: (a) in accordance with the provisions of Part 6(d) (Amendment to Swap Documentation to ensure compliance with EMIR) of the schedule to the Swap Agreement, in order to enable the Issuer and/or the Swap Counterparty to comply with any requirements which apply to it under Regulation (EU) 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA ("UK EMIR"), Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and Council on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories ("EU EMIR"), and/or any New Regulatory Requirements (as such term is defined in the schedule to the Swap Agreement); (b) for the purpose of complying with any changes in the requirements of the UK Securitisation Regulation or any other risk retention and other securitisation related legislation or regulations or official guidance in relation thereto; (c) for the purposes of enabling the Issuer or any of the other Transaction Parties to comply with FATCA (or any voluntary agreement entered into with a taxing authority in relation thereto); and (d) for the purpose of enabling the Issuer to open any custody account for the receipt of any collateral posted by the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement in the form of securities.

Further, the Trustee may also be obliged to agree to amendments to the Conditions and/or the Transaction Documents for the purpose of: (a) complying with, or implementing or reflecting, any change in the criteria of one or more of the Rating Agencies which may be applicable from time to time, (b) enabling the Notes to be (or to remain) listed on the FCA's Official List or to be (or to remain) admitted to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange, (c) complying with any changes in the requirements of the UK CRA Regulation after the Closing Date, (d) a Base Rate Modification, (e) changing the base rate that then applies in respect of the Swap Agreement to an alternative base rate as is necessary or advisable in the commercially reasonable judgment of the Issuer (or the Servicer on its behalf) and the Swap Counterparty solely as a consequence of a Base Rate Modification and solely for the purpose of aligning the base rate Modification (each, a "**Proposed Amendment**"), without any consent or sanction of the Noteholders or the other Secured Creditors but subject to the receipt of written consent from each of the Secured Creditors party to the Transaction Document being modified.

In relation to any such Proposed Amendment, the Issuer is required, amongst other things, to certify in writing to the Trustee that the Issuer has provided at least 30 calendar days' notice to the Noteholders of each Class of the proposed modification in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*) and by

publication on Bloomberg on the "Company News" screen relating to the Notes. However, Noteholders should be aware that, in relation to each Proposed Amendment, if Noteholders representing at least 10 per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding have not contacted the Issuer in writing (or otherwise in accordance with the then current practice of any applicable clearing system through which such Notes may be held) within such notification period notifying the Issuer that such Noteholders do not consent to the modification, the modification will be passed without Noteholder consent.

If Noteholders representing at least 10 per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding have notified the Issuer in writing (or otherwise in accordance with the then current practice of any applicable clearing system through which such Notes may be held) within the notification period referred to above that they do not consent to the modification, then such modification will not be made unless an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding is passed in favour of such modification in accordance with Condition 11 (*Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*).

The full requirements in relation to the modifications discussed above are set out in the Trust Deed and Condition 11.7.

There can be no assurance that the effect of such modifications to the Transaction Documents will not ultimately adversely affect the interests of the holders of one or all Classes of Notes.

Certain material interests

Certain parties to the transaction may perform multiple roles, including Close Brothers Limited, who will act as Seller, Servicer and Subordinated Loan Provider, Citibank N.A., London Branch, who will act as Cash Manager, Account Bank, Principal Paying Agent, Registrar and Agent Bank, and Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc, who will act as Arranger, Joint Lead Manager and Swap Counterparty.

The terms of the Transaction Documents do not prevent any of the parties to the Transaction Documents from rendering services similar to those provided for in the Transaction Documents to other persons, firms or companies or from carrying on any business similar to or in competition with the business of any of the parties to the Transaction Documents.

Accordingly, conflicts of interest may exist or may arise as a result of parties to this transaction:

- (a) having previously engaged or in the future engaging in transactions with other parties to the transaction;
- (b) having multiple roles in this transaction; and/or
- (c) carrying out other transactions for third parties.

Any such conflict of interest may result in party to the transaction acting in its own commercial interest in its various capacities without regard to whether that interest conflicts with those of the holders of the Notes or any other party. There is a risk that the actions of a party acting in accordance with its own commercial interest are prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain of the Transaction Parties and their respective affiliates are acting in a number of capacities in connection with the Transaction. Those Transaction Parties and any of their respective affiliates acting in such capacities will have only the duties and responsibilities expressly agreed by each such entity in the relevant capacity and will not, by reason of it or any of its affiliates acting in any other capacity, be deemed to have other duties or responsibilities or be deemed to be held to a standard of care other than as expressly provided with respect to each such capacity. In no event shall such Transaction Parties or any of their respective affiliates be deemed to have any fiduciary obligations to any person by reason of their respective affiliates acting in any capacity.

In addition to the interests described in this Prospectus, each of the Arranger and the Joint Lead Managers:

- (a) may from time to time be a Noteholder or have other interests with respect to the Notes and they may also have interests relating to other arrangements with respect to a Noteholder or a Note;
- (b) may receive (and will not have to account to any person for) fees, brokerage and commission or other benefits and act as principal with respect to any dealing with respect to any Notes;
- (c) may purchase all or some of the Notes and resell them in individually negotiated transactions with varying terms; and
- (d) may be or have been involved in a broad range of transactions including, without limitation, banking, lending, advisory, dealing in financial products, credit derivative and liquidity transactions, investment management, corporate and investment banking and research in various capacities in respect of the Notes, the Issuer or any other Transaction Party or any related entity, both on its own account and for the account of other persons.

Prospective investors should be aware that:

- (a) each of the Arranger and the Joint Lead Managers and any of their respective affiliates (each, a "Joint Lead Manager Related Person") in the course of its business (including in respect of interests described above) may act independently of any other Joint Lead Manager Related Person or Transaction Party;
- (b) to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the duties of each Joint Lead Manager Related Person in respect of the Notes are limited to the relevant contractual obligations set out in the Transaction Documents (if any) and, in particular, no advisory or fiduciary duty is owed to any person. No Joint Lead Manager Related Person shall have any obligation to account to the Issuer, any Transaction Party or any Noteholder for any profit as a result of any other business that it may conduct with either the Issuer or any Transaction Party;
- (c) a Joint Lead Manager Related Person may have or come into possession of information not contained in this Prospectus that may be relevant to any Noteholder or to any decision by a potential investor to acquire the Notes and which may or may not be publicly available to potential investors ("Relevant Information");
- (d) to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law no Joint Lead Manager Related Person is under any obligation to disclose any Relevant Information to any other Joint Lead Manager Related Person, to any Relevant Party or to any potential investor and this Prospectus and any subsequent conduct by a Joint Lead Manager Related Person should not be construed as implying that such Joint Lead Manager Related Person is not in possession of such Relevant Information; and
- (e) each Joint Lead Manager Related Person may have various potential and actual conflicts of interest arising in the ordinary course of its businesses, including in respect of the interests described above. For example, a Joint Lead Manager Related Person's dealings with respect to a Note, the Issuer or a Relevant Party, may affect the value of a Note.

To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, a Joint Lead Manager Related Person is not restricted from entering into, performing or enforcing its rights in respect of the Transaction Documents, the Notes or the interests described above and may otherwise continue or take steps to further or protect any of those interests and its business even where to do so may be in conflict with the interests of Noteholders and the Joint Lead Manager Related Persons in so doing so act in its own commercial interests and without notice to, and without regard to, the interests of any such person.

These interests may conflict with the interests of a Noteholder and Noteholders may suffer loss as a result.

Ratings of the Rated Notes

A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the Rating Agencies. The ratings assigned to the Rated Notes should be evaluated independently from similar ratings on other types of securities. There is no assurance that the ratings will continue for any period of time or that they will not be lowered, reviewed, suspended or withdrawn by the Rating Agencies. In the event that the ratings initially assigned to the Rated Notes by the Rating Agencies are subsequently withdrawn or lowered for any reason, no person or entity is obliged to provide any

additional support or credit enhancement to the Rated Notes. A qualification, downgrade or withdrawal of any of the ratings mentioned above may impact upon the value or the liquidity of the Notes.

The ratings assigned to the Rated Notes by each Rating Agency are based, amongst other things, on the terms of the Transaction Documents, the credit quality of the Portfolio, the extent to which the Obligors' payments under the Purchased Receivables are adequate to make the payments required under the Rated Notes as well as other relevant features of the structure, including, (but not limited to) the short-term and/or long-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt ratings of the Seller, the Swap Counterparty, the Servicer and the Account Bank, a credit assessment of the Receivables in the Portfolio, and reflect only the views of the Rating Agencies.

The ratings by Fitch address the likelihood of full and timely receipt by the Noteholders of interest on the Rated Notes and the likelihood of receipt by the Noteholders of principal of the Rated Notes by the Final Maturity Date. The ratings assigned by Moody's address the expected loss to a Noteholder in proportion to the initial principal amount of the class of Notes held by the Noteholder by the Final Maturity Date.

Further events, including events affecting the Account Bank, the Seller, the Swap Counterparty and the Servicer could also have an adverse effect on the rating of the Rated Notes.

It should be noted that at any time any Rating Agency may revise its relevant rating methodology with the result that, amongst other things, any rating assigned to the Rated Notes may be affected.

In order for the Transaction Documents to comply with new rating methodologies, amendments may need to be made to the Transaction Documents and the consent of the Noteholders may, in certain circumstances, be required to implement such amendments. Noteholders should note that, if the amendments required to comply with such new rating methodologies are not implemented, this may ultimately have an adverse impact on the ratings assigned by the relevant Rating Agency to the Rated Notes.

Agencies other than the Rating Agencies could seek to rate any of the Notes and, if such unsolicited ratings are lower than the comparable ratings assigned to the Rated Notes by the Rating Agencies, those shadow ratings could have an adverse effect on the value of the relevant Notes. For the avoidance of doubt and unless the context otherwise requires, any references to "**ratings**" or "**rating**" in this Prospectus are to ratings assigned by the specified Rating Agency only.

Unsecured rights against the Seller

The Issuer's claims against the Seller arising as a result of the disposal of the related Vehicles (including in circumstances where the Seller has exercised the Receivables Call Option and is to account to the Issuer for the proceeds of any realisation), are unsecured contractual claims against the Seller. The Issuer is therefore dependent upon the Seller actually recovering such proceeds from the sale of any Vehicles and remitting to the Issuer any proceeds of such realisation. To the extent the Seller does not adequately carry out its recovery procedures as against an Obligor or with respect to any Vehicles or otherwise account for any proceeds of such action to the Issuer, the Issuer's ability to make payments on the Notes may be adversely affected.

Voluntarily Terminated Receivables, PCP Contracts and Repayment of the Notes

In the event that a customer has paid at least 50 per cent. of the total amount payable for the Vehicle under the relevant regulated Hire Purchase Contract or regulated Conditional Sale Contract, the Obligor may, pursuant to sections 99 and 100 of the Consumer Credit Act 1974 (the "CCA"), terminate the relevant Contract without making further monthly payments for the relevant Vehicle. The Obligor may be required to pay more if the Obligor has failed to take care of the Vehicle.

In order to terminate the relevant Contract, the Obligor is required to notify the Seller in writing and, upon notification, the Seller can arrange recovery of the Vehicle. Following such notification and recovery of the Vehicle by the Seller, the Seller is under an obligation pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement to sell the Vehicle and to remit the proceeds of such sale to the Issuer. This right to make voluntary termination of the relevant Contract applies only where the relevant Contract is regulated by the CCA. Following the termination of the Revolving Period, any exercise by an Obligor of its right to terminate the relevant Contract may result in the Notes being redeemed earlier than anticipated. During the Revolving Period all amounts of Available Principal Receipts (after having provided for any Remaining Revenue Deficiency) will be applied on each Interest Payment Date to purchase any Additional Portfolios or to the

extent not used on such Interest Payment Date will be credited to the Replenishment Ledger and may be used to pay the Additional Portfolio Purchase Price on any subsequent Business Day.

Where an Obligor exercises its right to voluntarily terminate the relevant Contract, if the proceeds remitted to the Issuer from the sale of the relevant Vehicle (following its recovery by the Seller) are not sufficient to cover the purchase price paid by the Issuer for the related Purchased Receivable less any amounts received in respect of any Principal Element from the relevant Obligor prior to the date of termination by the Obligor, then this would result in the Issuer receiving less in respect of the related Purchased Receivable than it would have expected which may have an adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments on the Notes.

In respect of any Contracts that are PCP Contracts, the Obligor has the option to (a) make a final balloon payment and take title of the Vehicle, or (b) return the Vehicle financed under such PCP Contract to the Seller in lieu of making such final balloon payment (subject always to compliance with certain conditions including the condition and mileage of the Vehicle and any compensatory payments regarding the same). Following recovery of the Vehicle by the Seller, the Seller is under an obligation pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement to sell the Vehicle and to remit the proceeds of such sale to the Issuer.

A decision of the Obligor whether to make a final balloon payment (including through the return of the relevant Vehicle to a dealer for sale or exchange for a new vehicle, in each case, at the Guaranteed Future Value with the proceeds of such sale or part exchange then being used towards settling the remaining balance under the relevant Contract) or return the Vehicle in lieu of such balloon payment may be dependent in part on the size of the final balloon payment and the price that the Vehicle is likely to obtain when sold. If the final balloon payment is greater than the market value of the Vehicle, the Obligor may be more likely to return the Vehicle as it discharges any further obligations the Obligor may have under the Contract (subject always to compliance with obligations to take reasonable care of the Vehicle and any compensatory payments regarding the same, including the payment of any excess mileage charges). If the proceeds remitted to the Issuer from the sale of Vehicle returned by an Obligor in lieu of a final balloon payment (following its recovery by the Seller) are not sufficient to cover the purchase price paid by the Issuer for the related Purchased Receivable less any amounts received in respect of any Principal Element from the relevant Obligor prior to the date of termination by the Obligor, then this would result in the Issuer receiving less in respect of the related Purchased Receivable than it would have expected, which could impact on the ability of the Issuer to make payments on the Notes. For further information on the calculation of residual value exposure and the risks associated with this calculation please see the section entitled "The Seller, the Servicer and the Receivables – Residual value risk (PCP Contracts)" below.

These factors could have an adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments on the Notes and on the yield to maturity of the Notes.

Changing Characteristics of the Purchased Receivables during the Revolving Period

During the Revolving Period, the amounts that would otherwise be used to repay the principal under the Notes on any Interest Payment Date may be used to purchase Additional Portfolios from the Seller or to the extent not applied to pay the Additional Portfolio Purchase Price on such Interest Payment Date, will be credited in the Replenishment Ledger to be applied on any Business Day following such Interest Payment Date. In addition, the Purchased Receivables in the Initial Portfolio and any Additional Portfolios may also be prepaid or default during the Revolving Period, and therefore the characteristics of the Portfolio may change after the Closing Date, and could be substantially different at the end of the Revolving Period from the characteristics of the pool of Purchased Receivables in the Initial Portfolio. These differences could result in faster or slower repayments or greater losses on the Notes.

Although each Additional Portfolio purchased on each Additional Portfolio Purchase Date is required to have a maximum remaining term to maturity, and the Seller will make representations and warranties including that any Purchased Receivable is an Eligible Receivable and the sale to the Issuer of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Portfolio to exceed certain concentration limit tests with respect to the Portfolio, the exact characteristics of the relevant Additional Portfolio will not be known as at the Closing Date, and this could change the characteristics of the Portfolio, which could have an adverse effect on the quality of the Portfolio and could increase the Noteholders' risk of incurring losses on the Notes.

Market for Receivables

The ability of the Issuer to redeem all the Notes in full, after the occurrence of an Event of Default in relation to the Notes, whilst any of the Purchased Receivables remain outstanding, may depend on whether the Purchased Receivables can be sold, otherwise realised or refinanced so as to obtain a sufficient amount available for the distribution to the Issuer to enable it to redeem the Notes. There is no established active and liquid secondary market for auto finance receivables in the United Kingdom. It is therefore possible that neither the Issuer nor the Trustee is able to sell, otherwise realise or refinance the Purchased Receivables on appropriate terms should it be necessary for it to do so. Any failure by the Issuer or the Trustee to sell or refinance the Purchased Receivables following an Event of Default could have an adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments under the Notes.

Counterparty Credit Risk

Payments in respect of the Notes of each Class are subject to credit risk in respect of the Paying Agents, the Cash Manager, the Swap Counterparty, the Collection Account Bank, the Account Bank, the Servicer and the Seller and, in the event of the insolvency of any of them, the Issuer will be treated as a general unsecured creditor of the insolvent counterparty.

This risk is mitigated with respect to the Swap Counterparty and the Account Bank by the requirement under the terms of the Swap Agreement and the Account Bank Agreement, respectively, that the Swap Counterparty and the Account Bank has certain minimum required ratings (as to which see further *"Transaction Overview – Triggers Table – Ratings Triggers Table"* above and *"Overview of the Transaction Documents"* below). Contractual remedies are also provided in the event of a downgrading of such counterparties (see the section headed *"Overview of the Transaction Documents"*). However, in the event that any relevant third party fails to perform its obligations under the respective agreements to which it is a party, the Noteholders may be adversely affected. No assurances can be given that the Issuer will be able to find any replacement service providers or counterparties with the requisite ratings on a timely basis or at all.

For example, the coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") outbreak led to many organisations either closing or implementing policies requiring their employees to work at home, which could result in delays or difficulties in performing otherwise routine functions, as well as financial mitigation measures put in place by governments and/or central banks, which could adversely affect operations of such third parties.

Investors should also be aware that third parties on which the Issuer relies can be adversely impacted by the general economic climate. These prevailing economic conditions as well as future developments in the areas of underlying market concern, such as the ability of certain Eurozone sovereign members to service their debt or uncertainty regarding economic and constitutional change in the UK or any other EU member state, could continue to have material adverse impacts on financial markets throughout the world up to and beyond the maturity of the Notes. Moreover, the anticipation by the financial markets of these impacts could also have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and liquidity position of certain of the parties to the transaction, on which the Issuer relies. As a result, these factors affecting transaction parties specifically, as well as market conditions generally, could adversely affect the performance of the Notes. In addition, there can be no assurance that governmental or other actions will improve market conditions in the future.

Interest Rate Risk

All amounts of interest payable under or in respect of the Contracts comprising the Portfolio will be calculated by reference to a fixed rate of interest, whilst the Rated Notes will bear interest by reference to Compounded Daily SONIA and the Subordinated Notes will bear interest by reference to a fixed rate of interest. As a result, in respect of the Rated Notes, in the event that Compounded Daily SONIA were to exceed a certain level, the Issuer could have insufficient funds available to make payment of interest on the Rated Notes in full in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments. In order to reduce this interest rate risk, the Issuer will enter into the Swap Agreement in respect of the Rated Notes.

The notional amount of the hedging transactions entered into pursuant to the Swap Agreement will be calculated by reference to the Class A Notes Principal Amount, the Class B Notes Principal Amount and the Class C Notes Principal Amount. The notional balance of the Swap Agreement will reduce in accordance with a reduction on the Class A Notes Principal Amount, the Class B Notes Principal Amount

and the Class C Notes Principal Amount. If an Event of Default or a Termination Event occurs under the terms of the Swap Agreement, then a termination payment may become due and payable by the Issuer under that Swap Agreement.

For further details on each Swap Counterparty and each Swap Agreement, please see the sections entitled "*The Swap Counterparty*" and "*Overview of the Transaction Documents*" below.

The Noteholders are exposed to credit risk of the Swap Counterparty if the Swap Counterparty fails to provide the Issuer with any amount due from it under the Swap Agreement, on any Interest Payment Date or if the Swap Agreement is otherwise terminated, the Issuer may have insufficient funds to make payments due on the Rated Notes.

All payments to be made by the Issuer under the Swap Agreement, other than Subordinated Swap Amounts, will be made in priority to payments to holders of the Rated Notes.

The market continues to develop in relation to SONIA as a reference rate for floating rate notes

Investors should be aware that the market continues to develop in relation to SONIA as a reference rate in the capital markets and its adoption as an alternative to London Interbank Offered Rate. In particular, market participants and relevant working groups are exploring alternative reference rates based on SONIA, including term SONIA reference rates (which seek to measure the market's forward expectation of an average SONIA rate over a designated term). The market or a significant part thereof may adopt an application of SONIA that differs significantly from that set out in the Conditions and used in relation to the Rated Notes. Interest on Rated Notes is only capable of being determined at the end of the relevant Interest Period and immediately prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date. It may be difficult for investors in the Rated Notes to reliably estimate the amount of interest which will be payable on the Rated Notes.

Moreover, any amendment or any other significant change to the setting or existence of SONIA could affect the ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations under the Rated Notes and/or could have a material adverse effect on the value or liquidity of, and the amount payable under, the Rated Notes. Changes in the manner of administration of SONIA could result in amendments to the Conditions, early redemption, delisting or other consequences in relation to the Rated Notes. No assurance may be provided that relevant changes will not occur with respect to SONIA or any other relevant interest rate benchmark and/or that such benchmarks will continue to exist.

Various interest rates and other indices which are deemed to be "benchmarks", including SONIA, are the subject of national, international and other regulatory reforms and proposals for reform, including the UK Benchmark Regulation. Some of these reforms are already effective whilst others are still to be implemented.

The UK Benchmark Regulation, among other things, applies to the provision of benchmarks and the use of a benchmark in the UK. Similarly, it prohibits the use in the UK by UK supervised entities of benchmarks of administrators that are not authorised by the FCA or registered on the FCA register (or, if non-UK based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed). The UK Benchmark Regulation could have a material impact on any Notes linked to or referencing a benchmark in particular, if the methodology or other terms of the benchmark are changed in order to comply with the requirements of the UK Benchmark Regulation, as applicable. Such changes could, among other things, have the effect of reducing, increasing or otherwise affecting the volatility of the published rate or level of the relevant benchmark.

These reforms and other pressures may cause one or more interest rate benchmarks to disappear entirely, to perform differently than in the past (as a result of a change in methodology or otherwise), create disincentives for market participants to continue to administer or participate in certain benchmarks or have other consequences which cannot be predicted.

Investors should carefully consider these matters when making their investment decision with respect to any of the Rated Notes.

Risks Relating to Base Rate Modifications

Investors should note the various circumstances in which a modification may be made to the Trust Deed or the Conditions of the Notes or any other Transaction Document (including, subject to the agreement of the Swap Counterparty, the Swap Agreement) for the purpose of changing the Sterling Reference Rate or such

other related or consequential amendments as are necessary or advisable in the reasonable judgment of the Issuer to facilitate such change (a "**Base Rate Modification**"). These circumstances broadly relate to the disruption or discontinuation of SONIA or a change in the manner in which SONIA is calculated, but also specifically include, among other things, any public statements by the relevant benchmark administrator or certain regulatory bodies that SONIA will be discontinued or may no longer be used, and a Base Rate Modification may also be made if the Servicer, on behalf of the Issuer, reasonably expects any of these events to occur within six months of the proposed effective date of the Base Rate Modification, subject to certain conditions. There can be no assurance that any such amendment will mitigate the interest rate risk or result in an effective replacement methodology for determining the reference rate on the Notes or the Swap Agreement. Investors should note the various circumstances in which a Base Rate Modification may be made, which are specified in paragraph (i)(A) of Condition 11.7(h) and should also note the various options permitted as an "Alternative Base Rate" specified in paragraph (i)(B) of Condition 11.7(h).

Any such modification to, or discontinuation of SONIA or any replacement benchmark adopted in respect of the Notes could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on any of the Notes. In particular, investors should note that divergent interest rate calculation methodologies may apply as between the Rated Notes and the Swap Agreement due to the applicable interest rate determination fallback provisions, different modification provisions or other matters and the effects of this could include a reduction in the amounts available to the Issuer to meet its payment obligations in respect of the Rated Notes.

Termination of the Swap Agreement

Generally, the Swap Agreement may only be terminated upon the occurrence of certain termination events set forth in the Swap Agreement. In the event of the insolvency of the Swap Counterparty, the Issuer will be treated as a general creditor of the Swap Counterparty and is consequently subject to the credit risk of the Swap Counterparty. To mitigate this risk, under the terms of the Swap Agreement, the Swap Counterparty will be obliged to post collateral or implement an alternative remedy in accordance with the terms of the Swap Agreement in the event that the relevant ratings of the Swap Counterparty are below certain levels (which are set out in each Swap Agreement and described in further detail in the section entitled "*Triggers Tables*" above) while the Swap Agreement is outstanding. However, no assurance can be given that sufficient collateral will be available to the Swap Counterparty such that it is able to post collateral in accordance with the requirements of the Swap Counterparty such that it is able to post collateral in accordance with the requirements of the Swap Counterparty such that it is able to post collateral in accordance with the requirements of the Swap Agreement.

In the event that the relevant ratings of the Swap Counterparty are below certain levels (which are set out in each Swap Agreement and described in further detail in the section entitled "*Triggers Tables*") while the Swap Agreement is outstanding, the Swap Counterparty will, in accordance with the terms of the Swap Agreement, be required to elect to take certain remedial measures within the applicable time frame stipulated in the Swap Agreement (at its own cost) which may include providing collateral in support of its obligations under the Swap Agreement, arranging for its obligations under the Swap Agreement to be transferred to an entity with the relevant Required Ratings, procuring another entity with the Required Ratings to become co-obligor or guarantor in respect of its obligations under the Swap Agreement, or taking such other action as required to maintain or restore the rating of the Rated Notes.

However, no assurance can be given that, at the time that such actions are required, sufficient collateral will be available to the Swap Counterparty for posting or that another entity with the Required Ratings will be available to become a replacement swap counterparty, co-obligor or guarantor or that the Swap Counterparty will be able to take the requisite other action. If the remedial measures following a downgrade of the Swap Counterparty below the Required Ratings are not taken within the applicable time frames, this will permit the Issuer to terminate the Swap Agreement early.

Were an early termination of the Swap Agreement to occur for any reason, no assurance can be given that the Issuer will be able to enter into any replacement swap agreement or a replacement swap agreement with similar terms. In that situation, there is also no assurance that the amount of credit enhancement will be sufficient to cover any additional amounts payable as a result of fluctuations in the interest rate. In addition, a failure to enter into a replacement swap agreement may result in the reduction, qualification or withdrawal of the then current ratings of the Notes by the Rating Agencies. See *"Transaction Overview – Triggers Table – Ratings Triggers Table"* above and *"Overview of the Transaction Documents"* below.

Termination Payments on the termination of the Swap Agreement

If the Swap Agreement is terminated, the Issuer may be obliged to make a termination payment to the Swap Counterparty. The amount of the termination payment will be based on the cost of entering into a replacement swap agreement on terms equivalent to the Swap Agreement. There can be no assurance that the Issuer will have sufficient funds available to make any termination payment due under the Swap Agreement.

Except where the Issuer has terminated the Swap Agreement as a result of the Swap Counterparty's default or ratings downgrade (as to which see further below), any termination payment due by the Issuer following termination of the Swap Agreement (including any extra costs incurred if the Issuer cannot immediately enter into a replacement swap agreement) will also rank in priority to the Rated Notes and the Subordinated Notes.

Therefore, if the Issuer is obliged to make a termination payment to the Swap Counterparty or pay any other additional amounts as a result of the termination of the Swap Agreement, this could affect the Issuer's ability to make timely payments on the Notes.

In the event that any of the above parties were to fail to perform their obligations under the respective agreements to which they are a party and, as a result, the Issuer is unable to make timely payment on the Notes, investors may be adversely affected.

Average Life of the Notes and Prepayment Risk

The Final Maturity Date of the Notes is the Interest Payment Date falling in October 2030. However, the average life of each Class of Notes is expected to be shorter than the number of years until the Final Maturity Date. An estimate of the average life of the Notes of each Class, based on a Revolving Period commencing on the Closing Date and running to and including the Interest Payment Date falling in October 2024 is set forth in the section headed "*Estimated Weighted Average Life of the Notes*". However, while the figures set out in that section are based on and qualified by the assumptions and hypothetical scenarios set out in that section, they are not predictive nor do they constitute a forecast; the actual average life of each Class of Notes is likely to differ from the estimates made in that section. In particular, if the Revolving Period ends earlier than the Interest Payment Date falling in October 2024, the Notes will be repaid earlier than as set out in the section headed "*Estimated Weighted Average Life of the Notes*".

The actual maturity periods of the different Classes of Notes may occur before the Last Receivable Maturity Date due to early payment of Purchased Receivables by an Obligor following termination of the Revolving Period. Under the CCA, the Obligor is allowed to make early settlement of the Contract in full or in part before its scheduled final payment date, subject that compensation may be payable by the Obligor to the Seller in the case of early repayment. As this may occur at any time, there can be no assurance that there will be any particular pattern of payments. In addition, the Obligor may voluntarily terminate the Contract upon payment of 50 per cent. of the total amount payable for the Vehicle without making further Monthly Payments for the Vehicle, although the Obligor may be required to pay more if the Obligor has failed to take care of the Vehicle (see the Risk Factor above entitled "*Voluntarily Terminated Receivables, PCP Contracts and Repayment of the Notes*"). Accordingly, there can be no assurance as to the rate at which Notes will be redeemed. See further the sections entitled "*Consumer Credit Act 1974*".

In addition, the terms of the Notes provide for an optional early redemption of the Notes by the Issuer in the following circumstances:

- (a) where the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date;
- (b) as a result of any obligation on the Issuer or any Paying Agent to make a withholding or deduction for or on account of tax in respect of payments under the Notes by reason of a change in tax law; and
- (c) upon repayment in full of the Rated Notes.

Any exercise by the Issuer of its right to redeem the Notes in any of the above circumstances may result in the Notes being redeemed earlier than anticipated by the Noteholders.

Book-Entry Interests in respect of the Rated Notes

Unless and until Definitive Notes are issued in exchange for the book-entry interests in the Global Notes in respect of the Rated Notes through the Clearing Systems, holders and beneficial owners of book-entry interests will not be considered the legal owners or holders of the Rated Notes under the Trust Deed. After payment by the Principal Paying Agent to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Issuer will not have responsibility or liability for the payment of interest, principal or other amounts in respect of the Rated Notes to holders or beneficial owners of book-entry interests.

Each Class of Rated Notes will be represented by a Global Note delivered to a Common Safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, and will not be held by the beneficial owners or their nominees. The Rated Notes will be held by the Common Safekeeper in New Global Note format. As a result, unless and until Rated Notes in definitive form are issued, beneficial owners will not be recognised by the Issuer or the Trustee as Noteholders, as that term is used in the Trust Deed. Accordingly, each person owning a book-entry interest must rely on the relevant procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg and, if such person is not a participant in such entities, on the procedures of the participant through which such person owns its interest, to exercise any right of a Noteholder under the Trust Deed.

Payments of principal and interest on, and other amounts due in respect of, the Global Notes in respect of the Rated Notes will be made by the Principal Paying Agent to the order of the Common Safekeeper thereof against presentation. Upon receipt of any payment from the Principal Paying Agent, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as applicable, will credit participants' accounts with payment in amounts proportionate to their respective ownership of book-entry interests as shown on their records. The Issuer expects that payments by participants or indirect payments to owners of book-entry interests held through such participants or indirect participants will be governed by standing customer instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with the securities held for the accounts of customers registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such participants or indirect participants. None of the Issuer, the Trustee, any Paying Agent or the Joint Lead Managers will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to, or payments made on account of, the book-entry interests or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such book-entry interests.

Unlike Noteholders, holders of the book-entry interests will not have the right under the Trust Deed to act upon solicitations by or on behalf of the Issuer for consents or requests by or on behalf of the Issuer for waivers or other actions from Noteholders. Instead, a holder of book-entry interests in respect of the Rated Notes will be permitted to act only to the extent it has received appropriate proxies to do so from Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg (as the case may be) and, if applicable, their participants. There can be no assurance that procedures implemented for the granting of such proxies will be sufficient to enable holders of book-entry interests in respect of the Rated Notes to vote on any requested actions on a timely basis. Similarly, upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Notes, holders of book-entry interests in respect of the Rated Notes are issued in accordance with the relevant provisions described herein under the section entitled "*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*". There can be no assurance that the procedures to be implemented by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg under such circumstances will be adequate to ensure the timely exercise of remedies under the Trust Deed.

Although Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have agreed to certain procedures to facilitate transfers of book-entry interests among account holders of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures, and such procedures may be discontinued at any time. None of the Issuer, the Trustee, any Paying Agent or any of their agents, the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers will have any responsibility for the performance by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or their respective participants or account holders of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

Certain transfers of Notes or interests therein may only be effected in accordance with, and subject to, certain transfer restrictions and certification requirements.

Definitive Notes and denominations in integral multiples

Each Class of Rated Notes has a denomination consisting of a minimum authorised denomination of $\pounds 100,000$ plus higher integral multiples of $\pounds 1,000$. Accordingly, it is possible that the Notes may be traded in amounts in excess of the minimum authorised denomination that are not integral multiples of such

denomination. In such a case, if definitive Notes are required to be issued, a Noteholder who holds a principal amount less than the minimum authorised denomination at the relevant time may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding and may need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that their holding amounts to the minimum authorised denomination (or another relevant denomination amount).

If definitive Notes are issued, Noteholders should be aware that definitive Notes which have a denomination that is not an integral multiple of the minimum authorised denomination may be illiquid and difficult to trade.

Eurosystem eligibility

At the date of this Prospectus, the Rated Notes are not intended to be held in a manner which will allow Eurosystem eligibility. Whilst the Rated Notes are not intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility at the date of this Prospectus, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Rated Notes are capable of meeting them, the Rated Notes may then be deposited with one of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as common safekeeper. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Rated Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem ("Eurosystem eligibile collateral") at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that the Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met. The Subordinated Notes are not intended to be held in a manner which will allow Eurosystem eligibility.

In January 2016, the ECB published Guideline (EU) 2016/64 amending Guideline (EU) 2015/510 on the implementation of the Eurosystem monetary policy framework, which amended the definition of "leasing receivables" to mean "the scheduled and contractually mandated payments by the lessee to the lessor under the term of a lease agreement. Residual values are not leasing receivables. Personal Contract Purchase (PCP) agreements, i.e. agreements pursuant to which the obligor may exercise its option: (a) to make a final payment to acquire full legal title of the goods; or (b) to return the goods in settlement of the agreement; are assimilated to leasing agreements". The ECB published a further guideline amending Guideline (EU) 2015/510, Guideline (EU) 2019/1032, which requires that all cash-flow generating assets backing the Notes must be homogenous (that is, capable of being reported as leasing receivables to loan-level data repositories). Consequently, if any receivables under PCP agreements were to be regarded as residual values, then they would not be recognised as Eurosystem eligible collateral as leasing receivables.

There is a risk that the Rated Notes will not, at any time prior to redemption in full, satisfy all or any of the requirements for Eurosystem eligibility and be recognised as Eurosystem eligible collateral, which may adversely affect the market value and/or liquidity of the Rated Notes in the secondary market. Any potential investor in the Rated Notes should make their own conclusions and seek their own advice with respect to whether or not the Rated Notes constitute Eurosystem eligible collateral.

Bank of England eligibility

There is a risk that the Rated Notes will not, either upon issue or at any time prior to redemption in full, satisfy all or any of the requirements for use as collateral for the Bank of England's and HM Treasury's Funding for Lending Scheme, Discount Window Facility or Indexed Long-Term Repo or any other part of the Bank of England's operations under the Sterling Monetary Framework, which may adversely affect the market value and/or liquidity of the Rated Notes in the secondary market, and no investigation has been undertaken in relation thereto. Any potential investor in the Notes should make their own conclusions and seek their own advice with respect to whether or not the Notes constitute eligible collateral for the Bank of England's operations under the Funding for Lending Scheme or the Sterling Monetary Framework.

THE PORTFOLIO AND THE SELLER

As the Issuer's beneficial interest in the Purchased Receivables is the primary source of funds, the Issuer's ability to pay interest and to repay principal on the Notes is dependent upon the performance of the Portfolio and the servicing of the Portfolio. The following risks relating to the Portfolio could therefore indirectly affect the Issuer's ability to meet its obligations under the Notes.

Servicing of the Portfolio

The Portfolio will be serviced by the Servicer, either directly or through a sub-delegate. Consequently, the net cash flows from the Portfolio may be affected by decisions made, actions taken and the collection procedures adopted by, the Servicer. The Issuer's ability to make full and timely payments of interest and principal on the Notes will be dependent on the Servicer performing its obligations under the Servicing Agreement including, in particular, to collect amounts due and payable by Obligors into the Collection Account and transfer amounts so collected to the Transaction Account. To address this risk, the terms of the Servicing Agreement provide that the Servicer will devote to the performance of its obligations that standard of care that the Servicer would exercise in its own affairs taking into account the degree of skill that it exercises for all comparable assets. However, the Servicer will also continue to perform debt collection services for its own account and therefore will not be exclusively dedicated to the performance of the Servicing Agreement that if it makes any amendments to the Credit and Collection Procedures and to the extent such changes are material, the Servicer shall as soon as practicable after such change notify the Issuer, the Trustee and the Rating Agencies. Any changes, additions and/or alternatives made to the Credit and Collection Procedures may only be made in accordance with the Servicer Standard of Care.

Upon the occurrence of any Servicer Termination Event, the Trustee will have the right to remove Close Brothers Limited as Servicer (in this regard see further "*Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement*"). If the appointment of Close Brothers Limited is terminated, the Issuer will appoint a replacement Servicer to perform the obligations which Close Brothers Limited agrees to provide under the Servicing Agreement (in this regard see further "*Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement*").

There is no guarantee that a replacement Servicer providing servicing at the same level as Close Brothers Limited can be appointed on a timely basis or at all. Any delay or failure to make such an appointment may have an adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments on the Notes. No assurance can be given that a replacement Servicer will not charge fees in excess of the fees to be paid to the Servicer. The payment of fees to the Servicer and any replacement Servicer will rank in priority to amounts paid to Noteholders in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments and any increase in the level of fees paid to the replacement Servicer would reduce the amounts available to the Issuer to make payments in respect of the Notes.

The appointment of Close Brothers Limited as Servicer under the Servicing Agreement may be terminated as a result of, among other circumstances, a default by it in performing its obligations under the Servicing Agreement, its insolvency or if 12 months' notice of termination is given by Close Brothers Limited and, among other things, the Issuer and the Trustee consent in writing to such termination. The appointment of Close Brothers Limited as servicer may not be terminated until a successor servicer has been appointed.

Limited Data and Due Diligence relating to the Portfolio

None of the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers, the Trustee, the Agents, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Corporate Services Provider, Holdings, the Swap Counterparty, the Issuer nor any other person has undertaken or will undertake any investigations, searches or other actions to verify the information concerning the Purchased Receivables or to establish the creditworthiness of any Obligor or any other party to the Transaction Documents. Each such person will rely solely on the accuracy of the representations and warranties given by the Seller to the Issuer in the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement in respect of, among other things, the Purchased Receivables will be granted by the Issuer in favour of the Trustee under the Deed of Charge.

Should any of the Purchased Receivables not comply with the representations and warranties made by the Seller on the Closing Date or Additional Portfolio Purchase Date (as applicable) (with reference to the circumstances as at (x) the Initial Cut-Off Date (in the case of Receivables in the Initial Portfolio); or (y) the Additional Cut-Off Date (in the case of Receivables in any Additional Portfolio)) (other than those with respect to a Contract (or part thereof) being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the CCA or the FSMA or being subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA), the Seller will, if the relevant breach cannot be remedied, be required to repurchase the relevant Purchased Receivable not later than the end of the Calculation Period immediately following the Calculation Period in which such breach was discovered. Where Purchased Receivables are determined to be in breach of the representations

and warranties made by reason of a Contract (or part thereof) being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the CCA or the FSMA or being subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA, the Seller will not be obliged to repurchase the relevant Purchased Receivable but will pay the CCA Compensation Payment to the Issuer in an amount, calculated by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, required to compensate the Issuer for any loss arising as a result thereof not later than the end of the Calculation Period immediately following the Calculation Period in which such breach was discovered, subject to receipt by the Seller of notice from the Servicer of such amount.

The Seller is under no obligation to, and will not, provide the Trustee, the Agents, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Corporate Services Provider, the Servicer, Holdings, the Swap Counterparty nor the Issuer with financial or other information specific to individual Obligors and certain Contracts to which the Purchased Receivables relate. Any such person will only be supplied with general information in relation to the aggregate of the Obligors and the Contracts, none of which such person has taken steps to verify. Further, none of the Trustee, the Agents, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Corporate Services Provider, the Servicer, Holdings, the Swap Counterparty nor the Issuer will have any right to inspect the internal records of the Seller.

Should the Seller fail to take appropriate remedial action under the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement this may have an adverse effect on the value of the Purchased Receivables and on the ability of the Issuer to make payments under the Notes.

Rights in relation to the Receivables

The Issuer will rely on the Servicer to enforce any rights in respect of the Purchased Receivables and the Related Contracts and to carry out the obligations described under "*Servicing*" below.

The Servicer will undertake for the benefit of the Issuer that it will not take any steps in relation to the Contracts, otherwise than in order to perform its duties under the Servicing Agreement and that it will lend its name to, and take such other steps as may be required by the Issuer in relation to, any action (whether through the courts or otherwise) in respect of the Contracts.

Each Contract requires the Obligor to take out and maintain comprehensive vehicle insurance and to arrange for the Seller's name to be noted on the policy. Each Contract also states that, if the Obligor receives any insurance monies under the policy, he will hold them on trust for the Seller. It should be noted that there can be no certainty that such insurance has in fact been taken out or maintained, or that any such insurance monies will be sufficient to repay the outstanding balance of the total amount payable for the Vehicle or will be available to the Seller, the Issuer or the Trustee.

Risk of late, or failure to make, payment of monthly instalments

Whilst each Contract has due dates for scheduled payments thereunder, there is no assurance that the Obligors under those Contracts will pay in time, or at all. Any such failure by the Obligors to make payments under the Contracts may have an adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments under the Notes. The risk of late payments by Obligors may be adversely affected by a large number of factors, including, without limitation, general social factors, economic factors, and political factors.

Social factors include changes in public confidence levels, such as may result from concerns about the state of the economy or public health matters (for example, a widespread epidemic or pandemic like the COVID-19 pandemic), attitudes toward incurring debt, perception of the use of consumer credit and the reputation of the Close Brothers Group. Economic factors include, but are not limited to, the rate of inflation, the unemployment rate, the cost of living, rates of income tax and/or national insurance contributions and relative interest rates offered for various types of credit (such as the higher inflation rates seen in recent years and the subsequent increase in the cost of living). For example, a severe deterioration in the economy for any reason coupled with rising unemployment and increases in the Bank of England base rate and/or any other reference rates could have a negative impact on consumer credit performance (including as a result of increased credit losses, increased numbers of customers requiring or requesting forbearance and/or any related regulatory or legal interventions). Political factors include lobbying from interest groups, such as consumers and retailers, and government initiatives in consumer and related affairs and government-encouraged payment accommodations in times of economic stress, such as during a recession or public health emergency (such as the COVID-19 pandemic). The risk of late payment by Obligors may also be adversely affected by other factors, including adverse circumstances for individual Obligors (such as may

result from infectious diseases like COVID-19) or may arise due to fraudulent activity on the part of Obligors.

It is difficult to determine accurately whether, or to what extent, social, political or economic factors will affect the future use of credit, borrowing and payment patterns, default and delinquency rates or the yield on the portfolio generally and correspondingly the extent to which they may have an adverse impact on the Issuer's ability to make payments on the Notes.

The risk of late payment by Obligors in respect of any Income Element is in part mitigated by the Liquidity Reserve and the use of Available Principal Receipts to be applied in respect of Remaining Revenue Deficiencies (and, on the Final Class B Interest Payment Date only, the use of amounts standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve as Available Principal Receipts). However, Noteholders should be aware that the Liquidity Reserve and Available Principal Receipts can only be used to mitigate the risk of late payment with respect to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes and not in respect of the Class C Notes or the Subordinated Notes. Whilst the Issuer may draw on amounts standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve and, in respect of a Remaining Revenue Deficiency relating to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes, Available Principal Receipts in certain circumstances to make payments in respect of interest on the Class A Notes, no assurance can be given that the Issuer will have sufficient funds to make payments in full in respect of the Notes. In addition, Available Principal Receipts may not be applied to pay a Remaining Revenue Deficiency with respect to any Class of Notes other than the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

In addition, the Seller may, but is not obliged to, repurchase any Defaulted Receivable.

Global economic and political conditions may adversely affect the performance of the Receivables, which could result in losses on your Notes

Global economic and political conditions are volatile and growth may not be sustainable for a specific period of time.

A severe economic downturn (for example, such as resulted from the COVID-19 outbreak or as may result from any future pandemic or similar event, stress in the financial system generally or the war in Ukraine and the resulting consequences on the global economy) could adversely affect the performance of the Receivables. During a downturn, unemployment, an increase in the cost of living, consumer indebtedness and a lack of availability of credit may lead to increased delinquency and default rates by Obligors and decreased consumer demand for cars, trucks and utility vehicles or could otherwise adversely affect the performance of the Receivables. In addition, during certain periods there may be reduced used vehicle prices, which may increase the amount of losses on Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables. If a financial crisis or a severe economic downturn occurs, delinquencies and losses on the Receivables could increase, which could result in losses on the Notes.

Concerns relating to credit risk (including that of sovereigns and of those entities which have exposure to sovereigns) persist, in particular with respect to current economic, monetary and political conditions in the European currency area (the "Eurozone"), the larger European Union, and the rest of the world. In addition, many economies including the UK continue to experience ongoing volatility as a result of the fallout from the continuing war in Ukraine, rising energy costs, disruption to global supply chains alongside elevated global demand for goods and supply shortages of specific goods and resulting inflation. In most economies, including the UK, this has resulted in a period of monetary tightening, including high energy prices, rising interest rates and rapid increases in inflation and the costs of living.

If such conditions further deteriorate (including as may be demonstrated by any relevant credit rating agency action, any default or restructuring of indebtedness by one or more states or institutions and/or any exit(s) by any member state(s) from the EU and/or any changes to, including any break up of, the Eurozone, or other geopolitical risks such as the war in Ukraine), then these matters may cause further severe stress in the financial system generally and/or may adversely affect the Issuer, one or more of the Secured Creditors and/or any Customer.

No assurance can be given that changes will not be made to the regulatory regime and developments described above in respect of the vehicle finance market in the United Kingdom generally, the Seller's particular sector in that market or specifically in relation to the Seller. Any such action or developments, in particular, but not limited to, the cost of compliance, may have a material adverse effect on the Seller, the

Issuer and/or the Servicer and their respective businesses and operations. This may adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments in full when due on the Notes.

No Right, Title or Interest in the Vehicles

The Seller will only transfer the benefit of the Purchased Receivables, which will consist of unsecured monetary obligations of Obligors under the Contracts, and the proceeds (net of associated expenses) of contracts for the sale (conditional sale, use or other disposition) of any Vehicles following their repossession or recovery by the Seller or its agents if such contracts are governed by English law or the laws of Northern Ireland; if such contracts are governed by Scots law any net proceeds of such contracts will be subject to a floating charge granted by the Seller to the Issuer (the "**Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge**"), the Issuer will rely on the Seller to fulfil its contractual undertaking to pay to the Issuer any net proceeds of such contracts.

The Issuer will not receive any right, title or interest in the Vehicles themselves which are the underlying subject matter of the Contracts and will have no direct right to repossess a Vehicle if an Obligor defaults under his Contracts. The Issuer will rely on the Servicer to exercise the rights and carry out the obligations described in *"The Seller, The Servicer and The Receivables – Servicing and Collections"* and *"Underwriting"*. The Servicer will undertake for the benefit of the Issuer that it will not take any steps, or cause any steps to be taken, in relation to the Contracts or the Vehicles, otherwise than in order to perform its duties under the Servicing Agreement and the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and that it will lend its name to, and take such other steps as may be required by the Issuer in relation to, any action (whether through the courts or otherwise) in respect of the Contracts. Furthermore, it should be noted that it may be difficult to trace and repossess any Vehicle, that any proceeds arising on the disposal of a Vehicle may be less than the total amount outstanding under the relevant Contract, that any Vehicle may be subject to an existing lien or similar right (for example, in respect of repairs carried out by a garage for which no payment has yet been made) and that any action to recover outstanding amounts may not be pursued if to do so would be uneconomic.

In addition, a disposition of the Vehicle by the Obligor to a *bona fide* private purchaser without notice of the Contract will transfer to the purchaser the Seller's title to the Vehicle. If the Seller cannot repossess, or otherwise enforce its claim to the Vehicle, this could adversely impact the Issuer's ability to make payments when they fall due on the Notes.

As the Issuer does not have any rights in, over or to the Vehicles but only to the sale proceeds thereof, in the event of any insolvency of the Seller, the Issuer is reliant on any administrator or liquidator of the Seller taking appropriate steps to sell any such Vehicle that has been returned or repossessed. As the sale proceeds from the Vehicles have been assigned or charged to the Issuer pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement or the Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge, the Vehicles will have no economic value to the insolvent estate and therefore to the Seller's creditors as a whole. It is therefore unlikely that an administrator or liquidator of the Seller will have any incentive to take any steps to deal with the Vehicles contrary to the provisions of the Transaction Documents. However, in the absence of such an economic interest, the administrator or liquidator may not be incentivised to realise the value of the Vehicles in a timely manner. In order to incentivise the liquidator or administrator to realise the value of the Vehicles or alternatively to cooperate in any realisation, the Issuer is required to pay the Administrator Incentive Recovery Fee to the liquidator or administrator.

However, there can be no certainty that any administrator or liquidator would take such actions to sell any Vehicles returned or recovered. Furthermore, any failure or delay on the part of an administrator or liquidator to sell or consent to the sale of a Vehicle could have an adverse effect on the ability of the Issuer to make payments on the Notes.

Potential Adverse Changes to the Value and/or Composition of the Portfolio

No assurances can be given that the respective values of the Vehicles to which the Portfolio relates have not depreciated or will not depreciate at a rate greater than the rate which they were expected to do so on the date of origination of the Receivables, including, but not limited to, as a result of the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic, geopolitical tensions and uncertainties (including those caused by the conflict in Ukraine (which could lead to further impacts on supply chains due to the reliance on metals from Russia in various vehicle components)) and increases in the cost of living (including as a result of the current cost of living crisis in the United Kingdom). If this has happened or happens in the future, or if the used car market in the United Kingdom or any parts thereof should experience a downturn (whether in respect of particular vehicle brands or vehicles more generally (for example, due to a movement away from diesel vehicles (in particular due to changes in government policy in relation to emissions or further extension of ultra-low emissions zones) or towards electric vehicles or other types of vehicles or due to the evolving nature of battery technology or electric vehicle technology generally resulting in increased uncertainty on valuations (which may be further exacerbated by limited outcome data compared to fossil fuel vehicles))), or if there is a general deterioration of the economic conditions in the United Kingdom or any parts thereof, then any such scenario could have an adverse effect on (i) the ability of Obligors to repay amounts under the relevant Contract and/or (ii) the likely amount to be recovered upon a forced sale of the Vehicles upon default by Obligors and/or (iii) the exercise of a voluntary termination by the Obligor under a Contract or the exercise by the Obligor of its option to return the Vehicle to the Seller pursuant to a PCP Contract in lieu of a final balloon payment (including through the return of the relevant Vehicle to a dealer for sale or exchange for a new vehicle in each case at the Guaranteed Future Value with the proceeds of such sale or part exchange then being used towards settling the remaining balance under the relevant Contract). In this context, vehicle recalls by a manufacturer and other actions that manufacturers may take or have taken, whether voluntarily or as required by applicable law, may adversely affect the consumer demand for, and the values of, the motor vehicles produced by these manufacturers, which may either depress the price at which repossessed motor vehicles may be sold or delay the timing of those sales.

If the prices at which the related vehicles may be sold decline, or if there is any delay in the sale of such vehicles, or if the payment behaviour of the Obligors on the related receivables deteriorates, this could have an adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments under the Notes.

In addition, certain geographical or administrative regions in the United Kingdom may from time to time experience weaker regional economic conditions either due to an economic downturn, an increase in the relative cost of living versus wages, or as a result of certain political issues or constitutional concerns and, as a consequence, car markets or consumer finance markets may develop or recover differently than other regions in the United Kingdom. Consequently, such geographical or administrative regions in the United Kingdom could experience higher rates of defaults and/or losses on auto finance contracts generally.

The Revolving Period may end if the Seller is unable to originate additional Receivables

During the Revolving Period, no principal will be paid to the Noteholders. Instead, on each Interest Payment Date during the Revolving Period, Available Principal Receipts may be used to purchase Additional Portfolios in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments. If such amounts are not applied to purchase Additional Portfolios, then they will be credited to the Transaction Account and recorded on the Replenishment Ledger to be applied to purchase Additional Portfolios on subsequent Business Days. If a Revolving Period Termination Event occurs, the Revolving Period will terminate and the amortisation period will commence.

The Seller does not, as of the date of this Prospectus, expect any shortage in availability of additional Receivables. However, the Seller is not obliged to sell any Additional Portfolios during the Revolving Period. If the Seller is unable to originate additional Receivables or if it does not sell Additional Portfolios, then the Revolving Period will terminate earlier than expected (subject to time and cash tests set out in limb (h) of the definition of Revolving Period Termination Event, which provides that a Revolving Period Termination Event will occur if on any two consecutive Interest Payment Dates, the balance of the Replenishment Ledger as at the Calculation Date immediately preceding the relevant Interest Payment Date is greater than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance as at the Closing Date), in which case the Noteholders will receive payments of principal on the Notes earlier than expected.

Risks associated with origination may be exacerbated by the effect of economic downturn, an increase in the relative cost of living versus wages, or as a result of certain political issues or constitutional concerns and, as a consequence, adverse effects on the car markets or consumer finance markets.

GENERAL LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS

The relationship between the United Kingdom and the EEA may affect the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under the Notes and/or liquidity of the Notes in the secondary market.

The UK left the EU on 31 January 2020 at 11pm and the subsequent transition period ended on 31 December 2020 at 11pm. As a result, the Treaty on the European Union and the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union have ceased to apply to the UK. The UK is also no longer part of the EEA.

The EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement (the "**Trade and Cooperation Agreement**"), which governs the relations between the EU and the UK following the end of the transition period and which had provisional application pending completion of ratification procedures, entered into force on 1 May 2021. The Trade and Cooperation Agreement does not create a detailed framework to govern the cross-border provision of regulated financial services from the UK into the EU and from the EU into the UK.

The European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020) and secondary legislation made under powers provided in this Act ensure that there is a functioning statute book in the UK. While the UK introduced a temporary permission regime to allow EEA firms to continue to do business in the UK for a limited period of time, once the passporting regime fell away, the majority of EEA states have not introduced similar transitional regimes. The Trade and Cooperation Agreement is only part of the overall package of agreements reached. Other supplementing agreements included a series of joint declarations on a range of important issues where further cooperation is foreseen, including financial services. The declarations state that the EU and the UK will discuss how to move forward with equivalence determinations in relation to financial services. It should be noted that even if equivalence arrangements for certain sectors of the financial services industry are agreed, market access is unlikely to be as comprehensive as the market access that the UK enjoyed through its EU membership.

Prospective investors should also note that the regulatory treatment, including the availability of any preferential regulatory treatment, of the Notes may be affected (as to which, refer to "*Impact of regulatory initiatives on certain investors*" below).

It is difficult to determine what the ongoing impact of the new relationship between the UK and the EU will be on general economic conditions in the UK, including any implications for the UK sovereign ratings, ratings of the relevant Transaction Parties and the performance of the UK auto industry.

In addition, following the UK withdrawal from the EU, future UK political developments and/or any changes in government structure and policies, could affect the fiscal, monetary and regulatory landscape and lead to divergence between UK and EU regulatory regimes.

No assurance can be given that any of the matters outlined above would not adversely affect the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under the Notes and/or the market value and/or liquidity of the Notes in the secondary market.

Financial Services and Markets Act 2023

The UK Financial Services and Markets Act 2023 ("**FSM Act**") received royal assent on 29 June 2023, although many of the key provisions will not come into force until such time as is to be determined by HM Treasury. The FSM Act revokes retained EU law on financial services and gives HM Treasury broad powers to make regulations restating and revising that law and designating other activities for regulation by the UK regulators. It is expected that the government and regulators will begin the process of adopting and implementing the regulations and rules contemplated by the new law.

In addition, the Retained EU Law (Revocation and Reform) Bill was introduced to the UK Parliament on 22 September 2022 and received Royal Assent on 29 June 2023 ("**Retained EU Law Act**"). Similar to the FSM Act, the Retained EU Law Act revokes EU-derived legislation (although not the EU-derived legislation on financial services, which is revoked under the FSM Act), giving the government new powers to restate and replace such law. It also makes other changes, including abolishing the supremacy of EU law and abolishing from UK law the effects of general principles of EU law.

At this stage, changes to legislative requirements as a result of the FSM Act and Retained EU Act are uncertain, however it is anticipated that relevant amendments may create material new rules and guidance.

Risks relating to the Security granted by the Issuer

Pursuant to the terms of the Deed of Charge, the Issuer has purported to grant the Security over, among other things (as to which, see "*Overview of the Transaction Documents – Deed of Charge*"), its interests in the Purchased Receivables and their Related Rights, its rights and benefits in the Issuer Bank Accounts and all Authorised Investments purchased from time to time. If certain insolvency proceedings are commenced in respect of the Issuer, the ability to realise the Security may be delayed and/or the value of the Security impaired.

The Insolvency Act 1986 and the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (as amended) allow for the appointment of an administrative receiver in relation to certain transactions in the capital markets. Although there is as yet no case law on how these provisions will be interpreted, it should be applicable to the floating charge created by the Issuer and granted by way of security to the Trustee. However, as this is partly a question of fact, were it not to be possible to appoint an administrative receiver in respect of the Issuer, the Issuer would be subject to administration if it became insolvent which may lead to the ability to realise the Security being delayed and/or the value of the Security being impaired.

It should be noted that significant changes to the UK insolvency regime have been enacted under the Corporate Insolvency and Governance Act 2020 which received Royal Assent on 25 June 2020 and came into effect on 26 June 2020. The changes include, among other things: (a) the introduction of a new moratorium regime that certain eligible companies can obtain which will prevent creditors taking certain action against the company for a specified period; (b) a ban on operation of or exercise of ipso facto clauses preventing (subject to exemptions) termination, variation or exercise of other rights under a contract due to a counterparty entering into certain insolvency or restructuring procedures; and (c) a new compromise or arrangement under Part 26A of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Restructuring Plan") that provides for ways of imposing a restructuring on creditors and/or shareholders without their consent (a so-called "cross-class cram down" procedure), subject to certain conditions being met and with a court adjudicating on the fairness of the restructuring proposal as a whole in determining whether or not to exercise its discretionary power to sanction the Restructuring Plan. While the Issuer is expected to be exempt from the application of the new moratorium regime and the ban on ipso facto clauses, there is no guidance on how the new legislation will be interpreted and the Secretary of State may by regulations modify the exceptions. For the purposes of the Restructuring Plan, it should also be noted that there are currently no exemptions, but the Secretary of State may by regulations provide for exclusion of certain companies providing financial services and the UK government has expressly provided for changes to the Restructuring Plan to be effected through secondary legislation, particularly in relation to the cross-class cram-down procedure. It is therefore possible that aspects of the legislation may change.

Furthermore, English law and Northern Irish law relating to the characterisation of fixed charges is unsettled. The fixed charges forming part of the Security purported to be granted by the Issuer (other than by way of assignment in security) may take effect under English law and Northern Irish law as floating charges only, if, for example, it is determined that the Trustee has not been provided sufficient control over the Charged Property (although it should be noted that there is no equivalent concept of recharacterisation of fixed security as floating security under Scots law).

To the extent that the assets of the Issuer are subject only to a floating charge (including any fixed charge recharacterised by the courts as a floating charge), in certain circumstances under the Insolvency Act 1986 and under the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (as amended), certain claims would have priority over the claims of the Trustee in respect of the floating charge assets. The interest of the Secured Creditors in property and assets over which there is a floating charge will rank behind the expenses of any administrator or liquidator and the claims of certain preferential creditors on enforcement of the Security. Section 250 of the Enterprise Act 2002 and the equivalent Article 6 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 2005 abolishes Crown Preference in relation to all insolvencies (and thus reduces the categories of preferential debts that are to be paid in priority to debts due to the holder of a floating charge) but a new Section 176A of the Insolvency Act 1986 (effective 6 April 2008) and the equivalent Article 150A of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (as amended by, among other things, the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 2005) requires a "prescribed part" calculated in accordance with Article 3 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (Prescribed Part) Order (Northern Ireland) 2006 (up to a maximum amount of £600,000 in Northern Ireland and £800,000 in the rest of the United Kingdom) of the floating charge realisations available for distribution to be set aside to satisfy the claims of unsecured creditors. This means that the expenses of any administration, the claims of preferential creditors and the beneficiaries of the prescribed part will be paid out of the proceeds of enforcement of the floating charge ahead of amounts due

to Noteholders. The prescribed part will not be relevant to property subject to a valid fixed security interest or to a situation in which there are no unsecured creditors. In respect of certain litigation expenses of the liquidator only, this is subject to the approval of the amount of such expenses by the floating charge-holder (or, in certain circumstances, the court) pursuant to rules 4.218A to 4.218E of the Insolvency Rules 1986. Therefore, floating charge realisations upon the enforcement of the floating charge security to be granted by the Issuer would be reduced by the amount of all, or a significant proportion of, any liquidation expenses as well.

While certain of the covenants and undertakings given by the Issuer in the Transaction Documents are intended to ensure it has no significant creditors other than the Secured Creditors under the Deed of Charge, it will be a matter of fact as to whether the Issuer has any other such creditors at any time. There can be no assurance that the Issuer will not become insolvent and/or the subject of insolvency proceedings and/or that the Noteholders would not be adversely affected by the application of insolvency laws.

Risks relating to the Banking Act 2009

Actions may be taken by HM Treasury or the Bank of England under Part 1 of the Banking Act 2009, as amended (the "**Banking Act**") pursuant to the special resolution regime instituted to address a situation where a UK bank (a UK-incorporated institution with permission to accept deposits under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) (a "**UK Bank**") or PRA-designated investment firm, has encountered, or is likely to encounter, financial difficulties. The Banking Act gives HM Treasury and the Bank of England certain wide powers to implement stabilisation measures under the Banking Act.

These powers, which apply regardless of any contractual restrictions, include (a) power to make share transfer instruments and/or orders pursuant to which there may be transferred to a commercial purchaser or to HM Treasury or a nominee of HM Treasury, all or some of the Securities issued by a UK Bank or its UK holding company. The transfers can extend to a wide range of "Securities" including shares, bonds and warrants issued by the UK Bank or its UK holding company; Securities may be converted from one form or class to another. Securities listings may be discontinued; and (b) the power to transfer all or some of the property, rights and liabilities of a UK Bank to a commercial purchaser or Bank of England entity. In certain circumstances encumbrances and trusts can be over-reached or varied or the terms of a trust removed or altered and provision may be made concerning how any powers, provisions and liabilities in respect of trust property are to be exercisable or have effect. Power also exists to override any default provisions, provisions restricting transfer, contracts, or other agreements, including provisions that would otherwise allow a party to terminate a contract or accelerate the payment of an obligation. Compensation may be payable in the context of share transfer instruments and/or orders and property transfer instruments. In the case of share transfer instruments or orders any compensation payable will be paid to the transferor, who may not be the encumbrancer. The Banking Act also includes provisions relating to two additional insolvency procedures which may be commenced by specified UK authorities (bank insolvency and bank administration).

The Banking Act also vests power in the Bank of England and/or HM Treasury (amongst other things) to override, vary or impose contractual obligations between the UK Bank or its UK holding company and its former group undertakings (as defined in the Act) or the bridge bank or private sector purchaser, for reasonable consideration, in order to enable any transferee or successor bank of the UK Bank or its UK holding company, to operate the transferred business, or any part of it, effectively. In doing so the Bank of England and/or HM Treasury (as defined in the Act) shall aim, so far as is reasonably practicable, to preserve or include provision for reasonable consideration. There is also power for HM Treasury to amend the law (save for a provision made by or under the Banking Act) by order for the purpose of enabling it to use the special resolution regime powers effectively, potentially with retrospective effect.

It should be noted that the European Commission has published an extensive package of reforms to prudential standards proposing amendments to the framework applicable to financial groups (the "**Banking Reform Package**"). The Banking Reform Package, amongst other things, introduces new powers for competent authorities and resolution authorities, such as a new moratorium power.

If the powers given under the Banking Act are exercised in respect of a relevant entity as described above (such as the Account Bank, the Seller or the Servicer), such action may have an impact on various other aspects of the transaction, including resulting in modifications to any unsecured liability of such entity under the Transaction Documents and, more generally, affecting the ability of such entities to perform their obligations under the Transaction Documents. As a result, the exercise of the aforementioned powers against a relevant entity may adversely affect the ability of any relevant entity to satisfy its obligations

under the Transaction Documents, which may have an adverse effect on the ability of the Issuer to make payments on the Notes or the rights and interests of the Noteholders.

Change of law

The structure of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge, the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the issue of the Notes as well as the ratings which are to be assigned to the Rated Notes are based on English law, Northern Irish law and Scots law and United Kingdom tax, regulatory and administrative practice in effect as at the date of this Prospectus as they affect the parties to the transaction and the Portfolio, and having due regard to the expected tax treatment of all relevant entities under such law and practice. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible change to English law, Northern Irish law, Scots law or United Kingdom tax, regulatory (including any change in regulation which may occur without a change in primary legislation, including, but not limited to, temporary measures as a result of concerns about the state of the economy or a public health matter). Any such change could, in turn, have an adverse effect on the ability of the Issuer to make payments on the Notes or the rights and interests of the Noteholders. In addition, it should be noted that regulatory requirements (including any applicable retention, due diligence or disclosure obligations) may be recast or amended and there can be no assurance that any such changes will not adversely affect the compliance position of a transaction described in this Prospectus or of any party under any applicable law or regulation.

Impact of regulatory initiatives on certain investors

Regulatory initiatives may result in increased regulatory capital requirements for certain investors and/or decreased liquidity in respect of the Notes. In the UK, Europe, the US and elsewhere, there is increased political and regulatory scrutiny of the asset-backed securities industry. This has resulted in a raft of measures for increased regulation which are currently at various stages of implementation and which may have an adverse impact on the regulatory capital charge to certain investors in securitisation exposures and/or the incentives for certain investors to hold asset-backed securities, and may thereby affect the liquidity of such securities. Investors in the Notes are responsible for analysing their own regulatory position and none of the Issuer, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers or the Seller makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes regarding the regulatory capital treatment of their investment (or the liquidity of such investment as a result thereof) on the Closing Date or at any time in the future.

Increased Prudential Regulation for Certain Investors in the Notes

The Basel III reform package approved by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("**Basel III**") has been implemented in the EEA through Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013, as amended by the CRR Amending Regulation (EU) 2017/2401, (the "**CRR**") and the re-cast Capital Requirements Directive associated with the implementation of Basel III ("**CRD**") (together, "**CRD IV**"). CRD IV became effective in EU member states on 1 January 2014 and has become part of UK law pursuant to the EUWA.

The CRR establishes a single set of harmonised prudential rules for financial institutions in respect of capital requirements and certain minimum liquidity standards (referred to as the liquidity coverage ratio ("LCR")) and the net stable funding ratio ("NSFR") which apply directly to all credit institutions in the EEA. The full implementation of the LCR became effective for EU banks on 1 January 2019. The NSFR became a minimum standard for all internationally active banks on a consolidated basis on 1 January 2018, although it does not yet apply to EU banks. The NSFR will be implemented in the EU through the Banking Reform Package in June 2021. CRD contains less prescriptive provisions which (unlike the CRR, which applies across the European Union without the need for any member state-level legislation) are required to be transposed into national law. CRD IV introduces new requirements intended to reinforce capital standards and establish a leverage ratio backstop for financial institutions. As CRD IV allows certain national discretions, the final rules and the timetable for their implementation in each jurisdiction may be subject to some level of national variation.

The Banking Reform Package implements Basel III in part. The Banking Reform Package, including Regulation (EU) 2019/876 ("**CRR II**") and Directive (EU) 2019/878 ("**CRD V**"), was published in the Official Journal of the EU on 6 June 2019 and entered into force on 27 June 2019. Requirements set out in the CRR II and CRD V will affect banks' risk modelling, funding structure and reporting systems, in addition to requirements for additional own funds and eligible liabilities. As noted above, changes will also

be made to the leverage ratio, LCR and NSFR. The measures introduced by CRR II and CRD V will be implemented and some transitional or grandfathering provisions will continue to apply until 2024. Many such changes took effect prior to 1 January 2021 and therefore form part of UK domestic law, pursuant to the EUWA, directly impacting UK credit institutions and certain investment firms.

Meanwhile, a new prudential regulatory regime for EU investment firms (including many currently subject to the CRR and CRD regimes) came into effect across the EU in June 2021. An analogous UK regime, known as the Investment Firms Prudential Regime ("IFPR"), came into effect on 1 January 2022. As CRD IV (including as amended by CRD V), and the new investment firm regime, allow certain national discretions, the final rules and the timetable for their implementation in each jurisdiction may be subject to some level of national variation.

Further reforms to Basel III were agreed by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in December 2017, sometimes referred to as "**Basel IV**", including reforms relating to the standardised and internal ratings-based approaches for credit risk, and a revised output floor. Due to unexpected delays (driven initially by the COVID-19 pandemic), the implementation date of the Basel IV standards have been postponed to 1 January 2025 while the completion date for the accompanying transitional arrangements for the output floor have also been delayed to 1 January 2030.

The European Commission adopted legislative proposals in October 2021 for a regulation and a directive to implement the Basel IV reforms by way of amendment of CRD IV (respectively, "CRR III" and "CRD VI"). The Commission intends for CRR III to apply, in large part, from 1 January 2025 and for measures implementing CRD VI to be adopted 18 months from the date of its entry into force.

Although the UK adopted the CRR into UK domestic law pursuant to the EUWA (the "UK CRR"), the UK's implementation of Basel III reforms and future reforms may differ from the EU's implementation. For example, the UK's approach to implementing the aforementioned Basel IV reforms will revoke parts of UK CRR allowing these rules to be replaced by PRA rules in line with the planned future UK regulatory framework (see "*The Financial Services and Markets Act 2023*" above).

On 21 October 2020 the UK government presented the Financial Services Bill 2019-21, which became law on 29 April 2021 as the Financial Services Act 2021. The FCA is authorised by the Financial Services Act 2021 to introduce a new regime for FCA authorised investment firms (other than those prudentially supervised by the Prudential Regulation Authority (the "**PRA**"), culminating in the introduction of the IFPR which is now in force. UK credit institutions and such UK investment firms as are prudentially supervised (or "designated") by the PRA will remain subject to the CRR, as onshored in the UK, or to such successor regime as the PRA may subsequently develop, pursuant to the Financial Services Act 2021.

Therefore, it can be expected that laws and regulations relating to capital requirements and related prudential regulatory matters will continue to develop. There is a risk that changes under CRD IV, the Banking Reform Package and Basel III as described above may have an impact on the capital requirements in respect of the Notes and/or on incentives to hold the Notes for investors that are subject to requirements that follow the relevant framework and, as a result, may affect the liquidity and/or value of the Notes.

Investors subject to the capital and liquidity requirements described above should seek their own advice in respect of their obligations under such regulations.

US Risk Retention Requirements

The US Risk Retention Rules generally require the "sponsor" of a "securitization transaction" to retain at least 5 per cent. of the "credit risk" of "securitized assets" (as defined under the US Risk Retention Rules) and generally prohibit a sponsor from directly or indirectly eliminating or reducing its credit exposure by hedging or otherwise transferring the credit risk that the sponsor is required to retain. The US Risk Retention Rules also provide for certain exemptions from the risk retention obligation that they generally impose.

The transaction described in this Prospectus is not intended to involve risk retention by a sponsor for the purposes of the US Risk Retention Rules, and no party to the transaction intends to retain at least 5 per cent. of the credit risk of the securitised assets for the purposes of compliance with the US Risk Retention Rules. Instead, the Seller intends to rely on an exemption provided for in Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules regarding non-US transactions.

Such non-US transactions must meet certain requirements, including that (1) the transaction is not required to be and is not registered under the Securities Act; (2) no more than 10 per cent. of the dollar value (or equivalent amount in the currency in which the securities are issued) of all classes of securities issued in the securitisation transaction are sold or transferred to Risk Retention US Persons or for the account or benefit of Risk Retention US Persons; (3) neither the sponsor nor the issuer of the securitisation transaction is organised under US law or is a branch located in the United States of a non-US entity; and (4) no more than 25 per cent. of the underlying collateral was acquired from a majority-owned affiliate or branch of the sponsor or issuer organised or located in the United States.

Prior to any Notes which are offered and sold by the Issuer being purchased by or transferred to, or for the account or benefit of, any Risk Retention US Person, the purchaser of such Notes must first disclose to the Seller and the Joint Lead Managers that it is a Risk Retention US Person and obtain the written consent of the Seller in the form of a US Risk Retention Consent. Prospective investors should note that the definition of "US person" in the US Risk Retention Rules is substantially similar, but not identical, to the definition of US person under Regulation S and that an investor could be a Risk Retention US Person but not a "US person" under Regulation S.

Each holder of a Note or a beneficial interest therein acquired in the initial distribution of the Notes will be deemed, and, in certain circumstances, will be required, to represent to the Issuer, the Seller and the Arranger that it (a) either (i) is not a Risk Retention US Person or (ii) it has obtained a US Risk Retention Consent, (b) is acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein for its own account and not with a view to distributing such Note and (c) is not acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein as part of a scheme to evade the requirements of the US Risk Retention Rules (including acquiring such Note through a non-Risk Retention US Person, rather than a Risk Retention US Person, as part of a scheme to evade the 10 per cent. Risk Retention US Person limitation in the exemption provided for in Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules described herein).

There can be no assurance that the requirement to disclose its status as a Risk Retention US Person will be complied with or will be made by such Risk Retention US Persons.

Further, there can be no assurance that the exemption provided for in Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules regarding non-US transactions will be available. No assurance can be given as to whether a failure by the Seller to comply with the US Risk Retention Rules (regardless of the reason for such failure to comply) may give rise to regulatory action which may adversely affect the market value of the Notes. Furthermore, the impact of the US Risk Retention Rules on the securitisation market generally is uncertain, and a failure to comply with the US Risk Retention Rules could therefore negatively affect the market value and secondary market liquidity of the Notes.

None of the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers, the Issuer or any other Transaction Party or any of their affiliates makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes as to whether the transactions described in this Prospectus comply as a matter of fact with the US Risk Retention Rules on the Closing Date or at any time in the future. Investors should consult their own advisers as to the US Risk Retention Rules. No predictions can be made as to the precise effects of such matters on any investor or otherwise.

Consumer Credit Act 1974

The UK regulatory framework for consumer credit consists of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA") and its secondary legislation, including the Financial Services and Markets Act (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (the "RAO"), retained provisions in the Consumer Credit Act 1974, as amended by the Consumer Credit Act 2006, and its retained associated secondary legislation (the "CCA"), and rules and guidance in the FCA Handbook, including the Consumer Credit sourcebook ("CONC").

Under the CCA, a credit agreement is a regulated credit agreement in the following circumstances:

• for agreements made prior to 1 April 2014, where: (a) the customer is or includes an "individual" as defined in the CCA (which includes certain small partnerships and certain unincorporated associations); (b) the amount of "credit" as defined in the CCA does not exceed any applicable financial limit in force when the credit agreement was made (from 6 April 2008, no applicable financial limit is in force, except a limit of £25,000 for certain changes to credit agreements); and (c) the credit agreement is not an exempt agreement under the CCA (for example, certain credit

agreements for business purposes with an amount of credit exceeding £25,000 are exempt agreements); and

• for agreements made on or after 1 April 2014, if it is a regulated credit agreement for the purposes of Chapter 14A of Part 2 of the RAO, i.e. if it involves the provision of credit of any amount by a lender to an individual or "relevant recipient of credit" (which includes certain small partnerships and certain unincorporated associations) and does not fall within any of the exemptions set out in articles 60C to 60H of the RAO (for example, certain credit agreements for business purposes with an amount of credit exceeding £25,000 are exempt agreements).

The main consequences of the application of the CCA to Contracts which are regulated credit agreements are set out below.

(a) **Authorisation requirements**

The Seller has to comply with authorisation and permission (or, prior to 1 April 2014, licensing) requirements and the credit agreement must comply with origination requirements. If it does not comply, or has not complied, with those requirements, then the credit agreement is unenforceable against the Obligor: (a) without an order of the FCA or the court (depending on the facts), if the Seller or any broker did not hold the required licence or authorisation and permission(s) at the relevant time; or (b) without a court order, if other origination requirements as to pre-contract disclosure, documentation and procedures are not complied with and, in exercising its discretion whether to make the order, the court has regard to any prejudice suffered by the Obligor and any culpability by the Seller.

(b) Liability for misrepresentation, breach of contract and set-off

The Seller, as lender, is liable in certain circumstances to the Obligor for misrepresentation and breach of contract or regulatory requirements by a supplier of the relevant product in a transaction between a supplier and an Obligor and financed by the Contract. This liability could arise, for example, in connection with insurance products, where there is an insurance contract between the insurer and the Obligor which is financed by the credit agreement. The Obligor may set off the amount of the claim against the amount owing under the regulated credit agreement or any other credit agreement the Obligor has taken with the lender (or exercise analogous rights in Scotland or Northern Ireland), which may adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments in full when due on the Notes.

In addition under section 56 of the CCA, a credit broker who carries out antecedent negotiations with a debtor (such as an Obligor) will be deemed to be acting in the capacity of agent of the Seller as well as in his own capacity. The Seller will potentially be liable for pre-contractual statements or misrepresentations made by the credit broker involved in introducing a Obligor to the Seller (for example, in relation to the dealer's promise on the quality or fitness of the Vehicle, and to apply a part-exchange allowance to discharge an existing credit agreement). The Obligor may have a right to, amongst other things, rescind the contract and return the Vehicle and not be liable to make further payments, and claim repayment of the amounts paid under the contract and damages. While Obligors are required to continue making payments under their Contracts while any claims as to Vehicle quality or fitness are being investigated, they may not in fact do so. The Obligor under the Contract (or exercise analogous rights in Scotland or Northern Ireland).

If a significant number of Obligors were to exercise such set-off rights, this may adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments in full when due on the Notes as a result of the reduction of amounts due under the Purchased Receivables.

(c) Servicing Requirements

The Seller, as lender, has to comply with servicing requirements. There is a risk that if the Seller fails to comply with requirements under the CCA, including, for example, as to periodic statements, arrears notices, or notices of default sums, this could have a significant impact on the Issuer. For any period when the Seller fails to comply with the requirements, the affected Contracts may not be unenforceable against the relevant Obligors. Further, an Obligor is not liable to pay interest or

default fees for any period where the Seller fails to comply with the requirements as to periodic statements or arrears notices. Interest on default fees is restricted to nil until the 29th day after the day on which a compliant notice of default fees is given and then to simple interest (i.e. interest may only be calculated on the principal amount of the default fee). Failure to comply with these requirements may reduce the amounts of interest or default fees accruing to the Seller, which may adversely impact the Issuer's ability to make payments when they fall due on the Notes. However, the Seller, as Servicer, has undertaken to the Issuer to fulfil such requirements (see "*Servicing of Collections*").

(d) **Default Interest Rate**

The Obligor is not liable to pay default interest (i.e. interest on sums unpaid in breach of the credit agreement) at a higher rate than the non-default interest rate or (where the non- default interest rate is 0 per cent.) at a higher rate than the annual percentage rate of the total charge for credit (the "**APR**"). This means that, for example, where the Contract imposes 0 per cent. APR, then the Obligor is not liable to pay default interest at all.

There is a risk that this may adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments in full when due on the Notes and may affect the ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations under the Notes.

(e) Voluntary Termination

At any time before the last payment falls due, the Obligor may terminate a regulated Conditional Sale Contract or regulated Hire Purchase Contract (without stating a reason) by giving notice, where the Obligor wishes to return the Vehicle. On such termination, the Obligor is liable to surrender possession of the Vehicle and pay the amount (if any) payable on voluntary termination. The amount payable by the Obligor on voluntary termination is restricted under the CCA to the amount (if any) required to bring the sum of all payments made and to be made by the Obligor for the Vehicle up to one-half of the total amount payable for the Vehicle (including any deposit). The Obligor may also be liable to pay compensation for any breach of duty to take reasonable care of the Vehicle. Generally, Obligors take advantage of the right of voluntary termination when they are in financial difficulty, or when the residual value of the Vehicle on part-exchange is less than the amount that would be payable on early settlement.

There is a risk that if a significant number of Obligors exercise their right to terminate a regulated Conditional Sale contract or regulated Hire Purchase Contract, that may result in either the Principal Receipts being received earlier than anticipated and/or the Purchased Receivables suffering a loss if Vehicle Sale Proceeds are insufficient. As a result, timings and amounts payable under the Notes could be affected.

(f) Early Settlement of Regulated Credit Agreements

The Obligor is entitled to terminate any Contract which is a regulated Conditional Sale contract or regulated Hire Purchase Contract and to keep the goods financed by the Contract by giving notice and paying the amount payable on early settlement. The amount payable by the Obligor on early settlement (whether on termination by the Obligor or otherwise) is restricted by a prescribed legislative formula set out in the Consumer Credit (Early Settlement) Regulations 2004 (the "Early Settlement Regulations").

In addition, the Obligor under a regulated credit agreement entered into after 11 June 2010 has a right to make partial early repayments of the regulated credit agreement. One or more partial early repayment(s) may be made at any time during the life of the relevant regulated credit agreement, subject to the Obligor taking certain steps as outlined in Section 94 of the CCA. The terms of partial early settlement are largely the same as those for full early settlement and the framework operates in much the same way.

A rebate of credit charges (calculated under the Early Settlement Regulations) may be due on early settlement in whole or in part of a Contract which is a regulated credit agreement. The rebate is available only in certain, specified circumstances (the right to a rebate and the early settlement provisions do not apply where the Obligor exercises their right to terminate the contract as described in "*Voluntary Termination*" above).

There is a risk that if a significant number of Obligors exercise their right to make a full or partial early repayment, this may result in the Notes being redeemed earlier than anticipated.

(g) Termination of Regulated Credit Agreements

The Seller has the right to terminate a Contract which is a regulated credit agreement for an unremedied material breach of agreement by the Obligor and repossess the Vehicle (unless the Vehicle is "protected" under the CCA with the consequences described in "*Protected Goods*" below) and recover either: (i) all arrears of payments due and damages incurred for any breach of the Contract which is a regulated credit agreement by the Obligor before such termination; (ii) all the Seller's expenses in relation to recovering and storing the Vehicle, tracing the Obligor and any shortfall relating to the disposal of Vehicle; and (iii) any other sums due but unpaid by the Obligor under the Contract less a rebate calculated in compliance with the Early Settlement Regulations, or such lesser amount as a court considers will compensate the Seller for its loss.

Court decisions have conflicted on whether the amount payable by the customer on termination by the lender (for example, for repudiatory breach by the Obligor) is restricted to the amount calculated by the one-half formula for termination by the Obligor. The Contracts which are regulated credit agreements provide that the amount payable by the customer on termination by the lender is the aggregate of: (a) all repayments which are in arrears and all other sums which have accrued; (b) damages for any breach of obligation by the customer prior to termination of the Contract relating to maintaining the goods in good and reasonable repair and condition; and (c) by way of compensation for loss and/or liquidated damages for breach of the Contract, the outstanding balance of the total amount payable plus all expenses incurred by the Seller in respect of the storage, insurance, tracing and recovery of the goods, less (i) the net proceeds of sale if the goods are repossessed and sold, within three months of the date of termination or if repossessed but not sold, their value at the expiration of the said period of three months as determined by a dealer appointed by the Seller who deals in similar goods on the basis of a sale to traders of the goods and (ii) on payment, any rebate of charges to which the Obligor entitled under the CCA. Thus the Contracts reflect those court decisions favourable to the lender on this point.

Therefore, there is a risk that the exercise by the Seller of its right to terminate a Contract would not result in the Seller receiving an amount specified in the Contract, but would instead result in the Seller receiving a lower amount. Consequently, the Issuer may not receive the full amount of the principal amount outstanding on the relevant Receivables and this may adversely impact the Issuer's ability to meet its obligations under the Notes.

(h) **Protected Goods**

If, under a Contract which is a regulated Conditional Sale Contract or Hire Purchase Contract, the Obligor has paid the Seller one-third or more of the total amount payable under the contract (or in relation to an earlier hire purchase or conditional sale agreement which relates to the same Vehicle), the Vehicle becomes "protected" pursuant to section 90 of the CCA and the Seller does not have the right to repossess it without obtaining a court order or the Obligor's consent given at the time of repossession. In Scotland, the Seller may need to obtain a court order to repossess the Vehicle in any event regardless of the amount paid. If, however, the Obligor terminates such a Contract, the Vehicle ceases to be "protected" and the Seller may effect repossession unless the court grants the Obligor a "time order" rescheduling the Obligor's outstanding liabilities, or otherwise exercises any other discretion which it may have under the CCA.

There is a risk that if a significant number of Vehicles used by Obligors are protected, this could cause delays in recovering amounts due from the Obligors in default scenarios, and the rate at which the Issuer receives Principal Receipts.

(i) Court Orders

The court has power to give relief to the Obligor. For example, the court may (a) make a time order, giving the Obligor time to pay arrears or to remedy any other breach; (b) impose conditions on, or suspend, any order made by the court in relation to the regulated credit agreement; and (c) amend the regulated credit agreement in consequence of a term of an order made by the court under the CCA.

There is a risk that if a significant number of Obligors obtain such court orders, that this could adversely affect the rate at which the Issuer receives Revenue Receipts and Principal Receipts.

(j) "Unfair Relationship"

The court has power under section 140B of the CCA to determine that the relationship between the Seller and the Obligor arising out of the Contracts (whether alone or together with any related agreement) is unfair to the Obligor. If the court makes the determination, then it may make an order, amongst other things, requiring the Seller to repay any sum paid by the customer. In applying the unfair relationship test, the courts are able to consider a wider range of circumstances surrounding the transaction. The court is required to have regard to all matters it thinks relevant, including the lender's conduct before and after making the credit agreement, and may make the determination even after the relationship has ended. There is no statutory definition of "unfair" as the intention is for the test to be flexible and subject to judicial discretion. The Supreme Court has given general guidance in respect of unfair relationships in Plevin v Paragon Personal Finance Ltd [2014] 1 WLR 4222. The Supreme Court acknowledged that what must be unfair is the relationship between the customer and the lender. Once an obligor alleges that an unfair relationship exists, the burden of proof is on the lender to prove to the contrary. The Supreme Court clarified that compliance with the relevant regulatory rules by the lender (or a person acting on behalf of the lender) does not preclude a finding of unfairness, as a wider range of considerations may be relevant to the fairness of the relationship than those which would be relevant to the application of the rules.

It is possible, given the breadth of the provisions as interpreted by the Supreme Court, that unfair relationship challenges may be made in connection with aspects of personal contract purchase terms. It is not possible to identify all of the potential sources of challenge but, for example, terms which require the payment of excess mileage costs, commission models that incentivise brokers and dealers to raise customer's interest rates of the kind described in "*FCA on-going work in the motor finance sector*" below or failure adequately to disclose commission might operate adversely to certain Obligors and could therefore, in principle, be subject to challenge.

If a court determines that there is an unfair relationship and orders that financial redress be made in respect of such Contract, this could adversely affect the ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations under the Notes when they fall due.

(k) Private Rights of Action Under FSMA

An Obligor who is a private person may be entitled to claim damages for loss suffered as a result of any contravention by an FCA authorised person of a rule under the FSMA. From 1 April 2014, such rules include rules in CONC, which transposes certain requirements previously made under the CCA and in the Office of Fair Trading guidance. The Obligor may set off the amount of the claim for contravention of CONC against the amount owing by the Obligor under the Contract (or exercise analogous rights in Scotland or Northern Ireland).

There is a risk that any such set-off which results in reduced Principal Receipts would adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments in full when due on the Notes.

(1) Financial Ombudsman Service

The Financial Ombudsman Service ("**FOS**") is an out-of-court dispute resolution scheme with jurisdiction to determine complaints by eligible complainants against authorised persons under the FSMA relating to conduct in the course of specified regulated activities including, since 2007, in relation to consumer credit.

The FOS may order a money award to an Obligor. The FOS is required to determine each case individually, with reference to its particular facts and by reference to what is, in its opinion, fair and reasonable in all the circumstances of the case, taking into account, among other things, law and guidance. The FCA published final rules in December 2018 extending access to FOS compensation to more SMEs, as well as larger charities and trusts, and a new category of personal guarantors. The rules came into force on 1 April 2019. In March 2019, the FCA published Policy Statement PS 19/8 entitled "Increasing the award limit for the Financial Ombudsman Service". New rules have been introduced with effect from 1 April 2019 which increase the maximum level

of compensation which can be awarded by the FOS to (i) £350,000 for complaints about acts or omissions by firms on or after 1 April 2019 and (ii) £160,000 for complaints about acts or omissions by firms before 1 April 2019 in respect of acts or omissions by firms which also took place before that date, the old limit of £150,000 would still apply. Additionally, the compensation limit will be automatically adjusted each year for inflation from 1 April 2020 onwards. From 1 April 2022, the compensation limit for complaints referred to the FOS on or after 1 April 2022 will be £375,000 where the complaint relates to an act or omission arising on or after 1 April 2019 and £170,000 for complaints relating to acts or omissions arising before that date. The maximum level of money awarded by the FOS is £415,000 for complaints received by the FOS on or after 1 April 2023 in regard to acts or omissions by firms on or after 1 April 2019 plus interest and costs. The FOS may also make directions awards which direct the relevant business to take steps which the FOS considers just and appropriate.

Given the way the FOS makes its decisions, it is not possible to predict how any future decision of the FOS would affect the Issuer's ability to make payments in full when due on the Notes. Further, if the FOS orders a money award to a Customer in circumstances that also apply to other Customers, due to the Seller's obligations in the FCA's Dispute Resolution: Complaints Sourcebook to apply the same remedy to those other Customers, this may adversely affect the value at which those Customers' Receivable Agreements could be realised and accordingly the ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations under the Notes.

(m) **Enforcement action by the FCA**

There is a risk that if the FCA exercises one of its broad range of enforcement powers under the FSMA against the Seller for breaching a requirement of the FSMA (such as ordering restitution or implementing a consumer redress scheme), this could adversely impact the Issuer and therefore its ability to make payments when they fall due on the Notes.

(n) CCA Reform

In June 2022, HM Treasury announced its intention to reform the CCA. It subsequently published a consultation paper on 9 December 2022 which aimed to gather views on the ways in which the CCA might be reformed and its provisions implemented through the FCA's rules. In its response to the consultation published in July 2023, HM Treasury confirmed that the reform will aim to be proportionate, aligned with current and future regulatory frameworks, forward-looking, deliverable and simplified, and that HM Treasury will consult further on the detail of the reforms in 2024. It is currently unclear what precise changes will be introduced to the regulatory treatment, enforcement and income derived from the Receivables, and the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations.

There is a risk that additional regulatory changes by or guidance from the FCA, the FOS or any other regulatory authority will arise with regard to the consumer lending market in the United Kingdom. Any such action or developments or compliance costs may have a material adverse effect on the Contracts, the Seller, the Issuer, the Servicer and their respective businesses and operations.

Sale of Goods Act 1979 and Supply of Goods (Implied Terms) Act 1973

If any goods subject to a Conditional Sale Contract or Hire Purchase Contract, as applicable, governed by English law are in breach of any term implied by the Sale of Goods Act 1979 ("SGA") or the Supply of Goods (Implied Terms) Act 1973 ("SGITA"), as applicable, then the Obligor is entitled to: rescind the contract and return the goods and treat the Contract as repudiated by the Seller and accept such repudiation by notice. The Obligor is also not liable to make any further payments and may claim repayment of the amounts paid by the Obligor under the Contract and damages such as the cost of hiring an alternative vehicle. Alternatively, the Obligor may elect to affirm the Contract and keep the goods and claim damages, which then include the difference in value of the goods had they complied with the implied term and their true value. The Obligor will not lose his right to rescind the Contract and return the goods for any breach of which he is unaware, such as latent defects, or defects which a consumer has had no reasonable opportunity to discover.

Equivalent protections are contained in the Consumer Rights Act 2015 (the "**CRA**") for conditional sale and hire purchase agreements entered into on or after 1 October 2015 (the "**CRA Commencement Date**") where the customer is acting for purposes wholly or mainly outside their trade, business, craft or profession. Where the SGA, SGITA or the CRA applies, the act provides that a contract for the sale of goods contains implied terms as to title, description and quality or fitness of the goods.

If there is a material breach of any term (express or implied) of a Conditional Sale Contract or Hire Purchase Contract governed by Scots law, then the Obligor is entitled to reject the goods and treat the Contract as repudiated by the Seller and also claim damages. Where the breach is not material, the Obligor is not entitled to reject the goods but may claim damages. These provisions will not affect any other rights the Obligor may have under the relevant Contract.

Any damages claimed by an Obligor for any defect in the Vehicle may be set off against amounts due to the Issuer under the Contract or any other contract the Obligor has taken with the Seller. The agreements entered into with a Dealer provide that the Dealer will indemnify the Seller for certain breaches by the Dealer, including the Vehicle being in breach of certain terms implied by statute. The Seller has sold such claims against the relevant Dealer to the Issuer. However, no assurance can be given that the indemnity will cover all or any loss incurred by the Seller as a result of breach by the Dealers, including as a result of any Vehicle being in breach of any term implied by the SGA, SGITA or CRA, or that the Dealer would have the means to pay the indemnity.

There is a risk that these rights may adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments due on the Notes.

Breathing Space Regulations

Under the Debt Respite Scheme (Breathing Space Moratorium and Mental Health Crisis Moratorium (England and Wales) Regulations 2020) (the "**Breathing Space Regulations**"), an individual in England and Wales may apply for a moratorium (either a breathing space moratorium or mental health crisis moratorium) in respect of "qualifying debt". A debtor may only enter into a breathing space moratorium whilst receiving debt advice (from a debt advice provider authorised to provide debt counselling under article 39E of the RAO or a local authority) and potentially entering into a debt solution. Breathing spaces will end (a) 60 days from the date it started; (b) the day after a debt adviser or court cancels it; or (c) if the debtor dies during the breathing space period. In this case, the breathing space ends on the day after the debtor died.

On 24 December 2020, the Government published guidance to provide support to creditors and debt advisors in understanding the Breathing Space Regulations. Additionally, on 26 February 2021 the FCA published a policy statement (PS 21/1) outlining changes to the FCA Handbook as a result of the Breathing Space Regulations. The changes amend certain parts of CONC to clarify how the rules will apply where the Breathing Space Regulations also apply.

In addition, in circumstances where the debtor is suffering from a mental health crisis, the debtor themselves or mental health professionals may apply to debt advisors for a mental health breathing space. This will end 30 days after the debtor's mental health crisis treatment ends, or 30 days after the date a debt adviser has no response after asking for confirmation from the nominated point of contact about a debtor's ongoing mental health crisis treatment.

A "qualifying debt" includes any debt or liability other than "non-eligible debt" (defined in regulation 5(4)) (including, for example, secured debt which does not amount to arrears in respect of secured debt (regulation 5(4)(a)), whether or not it is entered into, or due to be paid or repaid, before the Breathing Space Regulations come into force (regulation 5(2))). Arrears on hire-purchase agreements (including personal contract plan agreements) would constitute "qualifying debt" (although ongoing payment obligations under such agreements would not).

A moratorium includes protection from creditor action for most personal debts, including financial services debt, household bill arrears and most public sector debts. The Breathing Space Regulations impose obligations on consumer credit lenders, mortgage lenders and other regulated firms, to comply with the restrictions and obligations imposed by the moratorium on collection and enforcement of debts and application of interest and other charges. This may impact Receivables insofar as these include arrears on hire-purchase personal contract plan agreements, which will be within scope of breathing spaces. No enforcement action may be taken in respect of these arrears amounts for the duration of a breathing space.

In addition to implementing a breathing space, the government committed to implementing a statutory debt repayment plan ("**SDRP**"). The SDRP would enable an individual in problem debt to enter into a formal agreement with their creditors to repay all of their debts over a manageable time period, whilst receiving protections from creditor action for the duration of their plan. The Government published a consultation on SDRP in May 2022 and concluded it will not proceed to lay regulations implementing the SDRP in 2022. Instead, the government will base further decisions on the future of the SDRP on the outcomes of the government's review of the personal insolvency framework, led by the Insolvency Service.

In Scotland, eligible individuals are afforded similar legal protection under the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 2016 although the moratorium period of 6 months is longer than in England and Wales and does not make any accommodation for mental health crisis.

FCA on-going work in the motor finance sector

Following a review of the motor finance sector in the UK, the FCA published a report entitled "Our work on motor finance - final findings" (publication reference: 005810) on 4 March 2019. The FCA launched a consultation, which closed in October 2019, on plans to ban commission models that incentivise brokers and dealers to raise customer's interest rates. The FCA found that commission models allowing broker discretion on interest rates have the potential to cause significant customer harm by way of higher interest charges. The FCA refers in particular to increasing difference in charges ("Increasing DiC") and reducing difference in charges ("Reducing DiC") commission models, which "can provide strong incentives for brokers to arrange finance at higher interest rates". With difference in charges models, brokers are paid a fee which is linked to the interest rate payable by the customer. The contract between the lender and broker sets a minimum (for Increasing DiC) or maximum (for Reducing DiC) interest rate and the fee is a proportion of the difference in interest charges between the actual interest rate and the minimum/maximum interest rate. On 28 July 2020, the FCA published a policy statement (PS 20/8) confirming its previous proposals for a ban on motor finance discretionary commission models where the amount of the commission is linked to the interest rate the customer pays and which the dealer or broker has the power to set. This includes Increasing DiC and Reducing DiC models, as well as scaled commission models. Such a prohibition aims to address consumer harm by removing the financial incentive for brokers or dealers to increase a customer's interest rate. PS 20/8 also contained the final updates to the FCA's rules and guidance on commission disclosure to customers. All rules and guidance under this policy statement came into effect on 28 January 2021. In addition, the FCA published a "Dear CEO" letter on 20 January 2020 entitled "Portfolio Strategy: Motor Finance Providers" setting out its supervisory strategy for the period to August 2021.

The FCA has also published a report entitled "*Credit Information Market Study*" which analyses the purposes, quality, and accessibility of market information as well as the market structure, business models, competition and consumer engagement. Credit information is particularly important in retail lending as it is used for assessment of credit risk and affordability as well as fraud prevention. The FCA's conclusions, and any subsequent rule changes, may have an effect on the vehicle finance market and possibly the Seller's business.

Moreover, during the COVID-19 pandemic, the FCA published guidance on "consumer credit and, coronavirus" and, although the majority of this guidance has now expired, the Tailored Support Guidance ("TSG") still remains in place. The TSG supplements the FCA's temporary guidance, first made in April 2020 and subsequently updated in July and November 2020 (as varied from time to time) ("Payment Deferral Guidance") and applies to firms dealing with customers facing payment difficulties due to circumstances arising out of COVID-19 who are not receiving payment deferrals under the Payment Deferral Guidance (or where they are no longer eligible for payment deferrals under that Payment Deferral Guidance). Whilst the TSG was originally issued in the context of COVID-19, the FCA clarified that the TSG remains also relevant in the case of borrowers in financial difficulty due to other circumstances, such as the rising cost of living (see the FCA's June 2022 Dear CEO letter).

In February 2021 the FCA published guidance for firms on the fair treatment of vulnerable customers (for example, those in poor health or subject to life events such as new caring responsibilities). The guidance sets out the actions firms should take to understand the needs of vulnerable customers, to make sure that firms are complying with their obligation to treat customers fairly. The guidance includes requirement in respect of staff training, the design of products, services and communications with customers.

In addition, in March 2021, the FCA launched the "borrowers in financial difficulty" project, designed to ensure that firms continue to support borrowers in financial difficulty. The project included motor finance. It included a survey of around 500 firms and smaller thematic investigations, with a focus on compliance with the Tailored Support Guidance previously provided by the FCA. This guidance sets out the FCA's expectations on the treatment of customers, including in respect of consumer credit. The FCA's expectations include that firms deliver specific outcomes: for example, that customers receive appropriate forbearance "that is in their interests and takes account of their individual circumstances". In November 2022 the FCA published a report of their key findings ("*Borrowers in Financial Difficulty following the Coronavirus pandemic – Key findings*") which included a number of findings, such as the importance of firms actively engaging with their customers who miss payments.

In June 2023, the FCA closed a consultation which proposes amendments to the FCA Handbook to strengthen the protections for borrowers in financial difficulty. The proposals include incorporating aspects of the TSG into the FCA Handbook, and introducing targeted additional changes to support consumers in financial difficulty. The FCA has stated that it does not propose to transfer parts of the TSG into the FCA Handbook which are not relevant outside the context of the pandemic. These changes are intended to support firms acting to deliver good outcomes for customers as required by the "Consumer Duty" principle (see "*Consumer Duty*" below).

Any such action, in particular, but not limited to, action which restricts the Seller's business or imposes additional compliance or mediation costs, may have a material adverse effect on the Servicer and/or the Issuer and their respective businesses and operations. There is a risk that this may adversely affect the value at which the Contracts could be realised and accordingly the ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations under the Notes.

Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999 and the Consumer Rights Act 2015

The Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999 (the "**UTCC Regulations**") apply to Contracts made on or after 1 October 1999 but prior to the CRA Commencement Date with a "consumer" within the meaning of the UTCC Regulations, where the terms have not been individually negotiated. The CRA has revoked and replaced the UTCC Regulations in respect of Contracts made on or after the CRA Commencement Date, and also applies to material variations which are treated as new contracts after this date.

Where the UTCC Regulations or the CRA apply, they render unenforceable unfair terms in business-toconsumer contracts (subject to certain exceptions). A consumer (which would include an Obligor under certain contracts) may challenge a term in a contract on the basis that it is unfair and therefore not binding on the consumer (although the rest of the agreement will remain enforceable if it is capable of continuing in existence without the unfair term). Where a term in a consumer contract is susceptible of multiple different meanings, the meaning most favourable to the consumer will prevail.

A term will be unfair under the UTCC Regulations and CRA where, contrary to the requirement of good faith, it causes significant imbalance in the parties' rights and obligations under the contract to the detriment of the consumer. The CRA also applies substantially the same test of fairness to consumer notices and generally refers to terms and notices interchangeably. In determining whether a term is fair it is necessary to: (i) take into account the nature of the subject matter of the contract; (ii) refer to all the circumstances existing when the term was agreed; and (iii) refer to all of the other terms of the contract or any other contract on which it depends.

The broad and general wording of the UTCC Regulations and CRA makes any assessment of the fairness of terms largely subjective and therefore it is difficult to predict whether or not a court would find a term to be unfair. It is possible that any of the Contracts made with consumers may contain unfair terms, which may result in the possible unenforceability of those unfair terms.

There is a risk that, if the terms of the Contracts are held as unfair, this would adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments of interest and/or principal due on the Notes.

Consumer Protection from Unfair Trading Regulations 2008

The Consumer Protection from Unfair Trading Regulations 2008 (the "UTR") prohibit unfair businessto-consumer commercial practices before, during and after a consumer contract is made. Breach of the UTR does not (of itself) render an agreement void or unenforceable, but the possible liabilities for misrepresentation or breach of contract in relation to agreements may result in irrecoverable losses on amounts to which such agreements apply. The Consumer Protection (Amendment) Regulations 2014 have amended the UTR (with effect from 1 October 2014) so as to give consumers a right to redress for prohibited practices, including a right to unwind agreements.

There is a risk that multiple claims are made against the Seller by Obligors for breaches of the UTR, which would adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments in full when due on the Notes.

Consumer Duty

On 27 July 2022, the FCA published a policy statement and final rules and guidance on a new "consumer duty", which sets higher expectations for the standard of care that firms provide to retail clients. This consumer duty applies to products and services that remain open to sale or renewal from 31 July 2023 and for closed products and services from 31 July 2024. The package of measures comprises a new "consumer principle" that provides for an overarching standard of conduct (namely, that a firm must act to deliver good outcomes for retail clients) and a set of cross cutting rules and outcomes that set clear expectations for firms' cultures and behaviours, both underpinned by a suite of rules and guidance that set more detailed expectations for conduct outcomes relating to communications, products and services, customer service and price and value. Although the Consumer Duty will not apply retrospectively, the FCA has set out proposed rules and guidance on how to assess contracts held by existing customers, on a forward-looking basis. The FCA also published a "Dear CEO" letter on 1 March 2023 entitled "Implementing the Consumer Duty in the Motor Finance Providers Portfolio" setting out that it is developing a strategy to supervise Motor Finance Providers as they embed the consumer duty and will be measuring metrics to assess the impact of consumer duty in the sector. The implementation of these new rules may impose additional compliance and business costs, which may have a material adverse effect on the Servicer and/or the Issuer and their respective businesses and operations, which may in turn adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments of interest and/or principal due on the Notes.

FCA Finalised Guidance on Vulnerable Customers

In February 2021, the FCA published final guidance on the fair treatment of vulnerable customers. The guidance reflects the FCA's focus on firms understanding the needs of their target market and customer base, ensuring that staff have the right skills and capability to recognise and respond to the needs of vulnerable customers and monitoring and assessing whether they are meeting and responding to the needs of customers with characteristics of vulnerability. The guidance outlines the FCA's expectations on how firms can comply with the FCA's Principles for Businesses as regards vulnerable customers. The requirements in the guidance may impose additional compliance costs, which may have a material adverse effect on the Servicer and/or the Issuer and their respective businesses and operations, which may in turn adversely affect the Issuer's ability to make payments of interest and/or principal due on the Notes.

Securitisation Regulations

The EU Securitisation Regulation applies to securitisations, the securities of which are issued on or after 1 January 2019. By virtue of the EUWA, Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 was "on-shored" into UK domestic law as the UK Securitisation Regulation (together with the EU Securitisation Regulation, the "Securitisation Regulations"). Investors to which the EU Securitisation Regulation or the UK Securitisation Regulation applies should also see the section "*Regulatory Disclosures*" below.

The Securitisation Regulations include revised risk retention and transparency requirements (now imposed variously on the issuer, originator, sponsor and/or original lender of a securitisation) and new due diligence requirements imposed on Affected Investors (as defined below) in a securitisation. If the due diligence requirements under the Securitisation Regulations are not satisfied then, depending on the regulatory requirements applicable to such Affected Investor, an additional risk weight, regulatory capital charge and/or other regulatory sanction may be applied to such securitisation investment and/or the Affected Investor.

The UK Securitisation Regulation regime is currently subject to a review. HM Treasury issued a report on this review in December 2021 outlining a number of areas where legislative changes may be introduced in due course. The legislative reforms affecting the UK Securitisation Regulation regime are being introduced under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2023 which received royal assent on 29 June 2023 and the

"Edinburgh Reforms" of UK financial services unveiled on 9 December 2022 (see "*Finance Services and Markets Act 2023*" above). The specific timing and all of the details for the implementation of securitisation-specific reforms are not yet known. There is therefore a risk of divergence between the EU and UK securitisation regulatory regimes.

None of the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers, the Swap Counterparty, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, Corporate Services Provider, the Agents or the Trustee has or shall have any liability to any prospective investor or any other person for any insufficiency of any information required to be provided pursuant to the Securitisation Regulations or any non-compliance by any such person with the due diligence, risk retention and transparency rules set out in Articles 5, 6 and 7 of the Securitisation Regulations or any other requirements, or has any obligation to provide any further information or take any other steps that may be required by any institutional investor to enable compliance by such person with the requirements of any due diligence and investor requirement or any other applicable legal, regulatory or other requirements.

There is a risk that the revised risk retention and transparency requirements and new due diligence requirements referred to above may result in, without limitation, a decrease in demand for the Notes in the secondary market, which may lead to a decreased price for the Notes, or decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the secondary market. Therefore, an investor's ability to resell its Notes may be limited by market conditions, and an investor must be prepared to bear the risk of holding its Notes until maturity.

The Issuer, as "SSPE" for the purposes of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) and the Seller, as "originator" for the purposes of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) intend to comply with the EU Securitisation Regulation as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) intend to comply with the EU Securitisation Regulation Regulation as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only. See further the section entitled "*Regulatory Disclosures*" below. Investors should consider the risk that the EU Securitisation Regulation changes after the Closing Date and the effect that non-compliance by the Issuer or the Seller with any changes to the EU Securitisation Regulation would have on their investment, as well as the effect that any such failure may have on the regulatory treatment of the Notes and the market value and/or liquidity of the Notes in the secondary market.

For the purposes of the foregoing section, "Affected Investor" means:

- (a) in the case of the UK Securitisation Regulation, an "institutional investor" as defined in Article 2(12) of the UK Securitisation Regulation; and
- (b) in the case of the EU Securitisation Regulation, an "institutional investor" as defined in Article 2(12) of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

Simple, Transparent and Standardised Securitisations

The UK Securitisation Regulation makes provision for a securitisation transaction to be designated a simple, transparent and standardised transaction (a "UK STS Securitisation"). In order to obtain this designation, a transaction is required to comply with the requirements set out in Articles 20, 21 and 22 of the UK Securitisation Regulation (the "UK STS Criteria") and one of the originator or sponsor in relation to such transaction is required to notify the FCA that the transaction meets the STS Criteria (a "UK STS Notification").

The Seller, as originator, believes, to the best of its knowledge, that the elements of the STS Criteria will have, at the Closing Date, been complied with in relation to the Notes, and it is intended that an STS Notification will be filed in relation to the Notes as at the Closing Date. However, none of the Issuer, the Seller (in its capacity as the Seller, the originator and the Servicer), the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers, the Swap Counterparty, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Agents or the Trustee gives any explicit or implied representation or warranty (a) as to inclusion in the list administered by FCA within the meaning of Article 27 of the UK Securitisation Regulation, (b) that the securitisation transaction described in this Prospectus does or continues to comply with the UK Securitisation Regulation or (c) that this securitisation transaction does or continues to be recognised or designated as "STS" or "simple, transparent and standardised" within the meaning of Article 18 of the UK Securitisation Regulation after the date of this Prospectus. The "STS" status of the Notes may change and prospective investors should verify the current status of the Notes on the FCA's website. Investors should also note that, to the extent the Notes are designated an STS Securitisation is not an

assessment by any party as to the creditworthiness of that transaction but is instead a reflection that the specific requirements of the UK Securitisation Regulation have been met as regards compliance with the STS Criteria.

Investors should consider the consequence from a regulatory perspective of the Notes not being considered an STS Securitisation, including (but not limited to) that the lack of such designation may negatively affect the regulatory position of the Notes and, in addition, have a negative effect on the price and liquidity of the Notes in the secondary market.

It is important to note that the involvement of PCS as an authorised verification agent is not mandatory and the responsibility for compliance with the UK Securitisation Regulation remains with the relevant institutional investors, originators and issuers, as applicable. The STS Assessments will not absolve such entities from making their own assessment and assessments with respect to the UK Securitisation Regulation, and the STS Assessments cannot be relied on to determine compliance with the foregoing regulations in the absence of such assessments by the relevant entities. Furthermore, the STS Assessments are not an opinion on the creditworthiness of the relevant Notes nor on the level of risk associated with an investment in the relevant Notes. It is not an indication of the suitability of the relevant Notes for any investor and/or a recommendation to buy, sell or hold Notes. Institutional investors that are subject to the due diligence requirements of the UK Securitisation Regulation need to make their own independent assessment and may not solely rely on the STS Assessments, the STS Notification or other disclosed information.

Equitable assignment

The assignment by the Seller of the English Receivables and the Northern Irish Receivables will take effect in equity only because no notice of the assignment will be given to Obligors unless a Perfection Event shall have occurred. The Issuer will assign to the Trustee by way of security, among other things, the Issuer's interest in the Purchased Receivables.

The giving of notice to the Obligor of the Seller's assignment would have the following consequences:

- (a) Notice to the Obligor would "perfect" the assignment so that the Issuer would take priority over any interest of a later encumbrancer or assignee of the Seller's rights who has no notice of the assignment to the Issuer.
- (b) Notice to an Obligor would mean that the Obligor should no longer make payment to the Seller as creditor under the Contract but should make payment instead to the Issuer. If the Obligor were to ignore a notice of assignment and pay the Seller for its own account, the Obligor will still be liable to the Issuer for the amount of such payment. However, for so long as Close Brothers Limited remains the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement it is also the agent of the Issuer for the purposes of the collection of the Purchased Receivables and will, accordingly, be accountable to the Issuer for any amount paid to it in respect of the Purchased Receivables.
- (c) Until notice is given to the Obligor, equitable set-offs may accrue in favour of the Obligor in respect of his obligation to make payments under the relevant Contract. These may, therefore, result in the Issuer receiving less monies than anticipated from the Purchased Receivables. The assignment of any Purchased Receivables to the Issuer will be subject both to any prior equities which have arisen in favour of the Obligor and to any equities which may arise in the Obligor's favour after the assignment until such time (if ever) as he receives actual notice of the assignment. However, where the set-off by an Obligor is connected with the Contract (as would be the case for claims in respect of vehicle defects) the Obligor may exercise a set-off (or exercise analogous rights in Scotland or Northern Ireland), irrespective of any notice given to them of the assignment to the Issuer.
- (d) Notice to the Obligor would prevent the Seller and the Obligor amending the Related Contract without the involvement of the Issuer. However, the Seller will undertake for the benefit of the Issuer that it will not waive any breach under, or amend the terms of, any of the Contracts, other than in accordance with its usual credit policies (as described below).

Lack of notice to the Obligor means that the Issuer will have to join the Seller as a party to any legal action which the Issuer may want to take against any Obligor. The Seller will, however, undertake for the benefit

of the Issuer that it will lend its name to, and take such other steps as may be required by the Issuer or the Trustee in relation to, any action in respect of the Purchased Receivables.

Legal title to the Scottish Receivables will remain with the Seller because no formal assignation thereof duly intimated to the relevant customers will be made unless a Perfection Event shall have occurred. The legal position of the Issuer and the Seller in respect of the Scottish Receivables is substantially in accordance with that set out above in relation to the holding of an equitable or beneficial interest in the English Receivables and the Northern Irish Receivables.

Perfection Events have been used to mitigate the risk deriving from the equitable assignment but there can be no certainty as to the timing and effectiveness of such Perfection Events.

GENERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS

United Kingdom Taxation Position of the Issuer

The Issuer has been advised that it should fall within the permanent regime for the taxation of securitisation companies (as introduced by the TSC Regulations). If the TSC Regulations apply to a company, then, broadly, it will be subject to corporation tax on the cash profit retained by it for each accounting period in accordance with the transaction documents.

Investors should note, however, that the TSC Regulations are in short-form and are supplemented by, and advisors rely significantly upon, guidance from HMRC when advising on the scope and operation of the TSC Regulations including whether any particular company falls within the regime.

Investors should note that if the Issuer does not fall to be taxed under the regime provided for by the TSC Regulations then its profits or losses for tax purposes might be different from the cash profit retained by it in accordance with the transaction documents. Any unforeseen taxable profits in the Issuer could have an adverse effect on its ability to make payments to the Noteholders.

Withholding tax in respect of the Notes

In the event that any withholding or deduction for or on account of tax is required to be made from payments due under the Notes (see the section entitled "*United Kingdom Taxation*" below for more information on UK withholding tax in relation to payments of interest), neither the Issuer nor any other person will be obliged to pay any additional amounts to Noteholders or to otherwise compensate Noteholders for the reduction in the amounts they would receive as a result of such withholding or deduction. If such a withholding or deduction is required to be made by reason of a change in tax law (or the application or official interpretation thereof), the Issuer will have the option (but not the obligation) of redeeming all outstanding Notes in full at their Principal Amount Outstanding (together with accrued interest). For the avoidance of doubt, neither the Trustee nor the Noteholders will have the right to require the Issuer to redeem the Notes in these circumstances.

The Issuer believes that the risks described above are the principal risks inherent in the transaction for Noteholders, but the inability of the Issuer to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with the Notes may occur for other reasons and the Issuer does not represent that the above statements regarding the risks of holding the Notes are exhaustive. Although the Issuer believes that the various structural elements described in this Prospectus mitigate some of these risks for Noteholders, there can be no assurance that these measures will be sufficient to ensure payment to Noteholders of interest, principal or any other amounts on or in connection with the Notes on a timely basis or at all.

REGULATORY DISCLOSURES

The following outlines certain matters that may be relevant to some investors. It does not purport to be a comprehensive list of regulatory matters that pertain to investors. All investors are responsible for analysing their own regulatory position.

Please refer to "Risk Factors - General Legal Considerations" for more information.

UK SECURITISATION REGULATION

Risk retention

The Seller, as "originator" for the purposes of the UK Securitisation Regulation, will:

- (a) retain on an ongoing basis a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5% as required by Article 6(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation;
- (b) at all relevant times comply with the requirements of Article 7(l)(e)(iii) of the Securitisation Regulation by confirming in the Investor Reports the risk retention of the Seller as contemplated by Article 6(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation;
- (c) not change the manner in which it retains such material net economic interest, except to the extent permitted by the UK Securitisation Regulation; and
- (d) not sell, hedge or otherwise enter into any credit risk mitigation, short position or any other credit risk hedge or sale with respect to its retained material net economic interest, except to the extent permitted by the UK Securitisation Regulation.

The Seller intends to retain a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5% by retaining in accordance with Article 6(3)(d) of the UK Securitisation Regulation. Any change to the manner in which such interest is held will be notified to noteholders in accordance with the Conditions.

Transparency requirements

Pursuant to Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, the Issuer, as "SSPE" for the purposes of the UK Securitisation Regulation, has been designated as the entity to fulfil the UK Transparency Requirements. The Issuer has appointed the Servicer to perform all of the Issuer's obligations under Article 7 of the UK Securitisation Regulation, other than the preparation of investor reports in accordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, which investor reports will be prepared by the Cash Manager and made available by the Servicer. The Seller, as "originator" for the purposes of the UK Securitisation Regulation, is also responsible for compliance with Article 7 of the UK Securitisation Regulation pursuant to Article 22(5) of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

As to the information made available to prospective investors by the Issuer, reference is made to the information set out herein and forming part of this Prospectus and to the Investor Reports that are prepared pursuant to the Cash Management Agreement and made available by the Servicer.

For further information in relation to the provision of information, see the section entitled "General Information".

UK STS Status

The Seller confirms that it will give an STS notification (as defined in the UK Securitisation Regulation) to the FCA pursuant to Article 27 of the UK Securitisation Regulation that the Transaction is a UK STS Securitisation pursuant to Article 18 of the UK Securitisation Regulation. UK STS Securitisations appear on the list of UK STS Securitisations established and maintained by the FCA in accordance with Article 27(5) of the UK Securitisation Regulation. The STS notification and accompanying explanation from the Seller of the transaction's compliance with Articles 20 to 22 of the UK Securitisation Regulation (compliance with such articles being required to qualify as an STS Securitisation) will be available for inspection at the website set out in the section entitled "*General Information*". The STS status of a

transaction is not static and investors should verify the current STS status of the Transaction on the FCA's website.

An independent third party has performed agreed upon procedures, completed on 8 November 2023, on a random sample of Receivables selected from a pool of auto leases originated by the Seller as of 31 July 2023. The third party has also performed agreed upon procedures to verify that the stratification tables in relation to the Provisional Portfolio set out in the section entitled "*The Provisional Portfolio*" are accurate and to check the compliance of all Receivables in the Provisional Portfolio with the Eligibility Criteria. The Seller has reviewed the reports of the third party and is of the opinion that there were no significant adverse findings in those reports.

The third party undertaking the review has reported the factual findings to the parties to its engagement letter. The third party undertaking the review only accepts a duty of care to the parties to the engagement letters governing the performance of the agreed upon procedures and to the fullest extent permitted by law shall have no responsibility to anyone else in respect of the work it has performed or the reports it has produced save where terms are expressly agreed.

On the Closing Date and on each Additional Portfolio Purchase Date, each Receivable to be purchased by the Issuer from the Seller on that date will have a standardised risk weight equal to or smaller than 75% on an individual exposure basis where the exposure is a retail exposure or, for any other exposures, equal to or smaller than 100% on an individual exposure basis, as those terms are used in Article 243 of the UK CRR.

Liability cashflow model

The Seller has made available a liability cashflow model via European DataWarehouse at <u>https://editor.eurodw.co.uk/</u>. The Seller will procure that such liability cashflow model (a) precisely represents the contractual relationship between the Purchased Receivables and the payments flowing between the Seller, investors in the Notes, other third parties and the Issuer, and (b) is made available to (i) prior to pricing of the Notes, potential investors and (ii) on an on-going basis, investors in the Notes and to potential investors in the Notes upon request.

Authorised verification agent

The Seller (as originator) has used the services of PCS as a verification agent authorised under Article 28 of the UK Securitisation Regulation to prepare the STS Assessments. It is expected that the STS Assessments prepared by PCS will be available on the PCS website (<u>https://www.pcsmarket.org/sts-verification-transactions/</u>) together with detailed explanations of its scope at <u>https://pcsmarket.org/disclaimer/</u> on and from the Closing Date. For the avoidance of doubt, this PCS website and the contents thereof do not form part of this Prospectus.

No assurance can be provided that the securitisation transaction described in this Prospectus does or will continue to qualify as an STS securitisation under the UK Securitisation Regulation as at the date of this Prospectus or at any point in time in the future. In addition, no assurance can be given on how the FCA will interpret and apply the UK STS Criteria or other related regulations such as the UK CRR, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2017/2401 as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA, and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 of 10 October 2014 to supplement Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council with regard to liquidity coverage requirement for Credit Institutions as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA, and what is or will be required to demonstrate compliance to national regulators remains unclear, any international or national regulatory guidance may be subject to change and, therefore, what is or will be required to demonstrate compliance to national regulators remains unclear.

For further information please refer to the Risk Factor entitled "Legal Considerations – Simple, Transparent and Standardised Securitisations".

EU SECURITISATION REGULATION

References in this section to the EU Securitisation Regulation are to the EU Securitisation Regulation as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only.

Risk retention

The Seller, as "originator" for the purposes of the EU Securitisation Regulation, will:

- (a) retain on an ongoing basis a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5% in accordance with Article 6(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation;
- (b) at all relevant times comply with the requirements of Article 7(l)(e)(iii) of the EU Securitisation Regulation by confirming in the Investor Reports the risk retention of the Seller as contemplated by Article 6(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation;
- (c) not change the manner in which it retains such material net economic interest, except to the extent permitted by the EU Securitisation Regulation; and
- (d) not sell, hedge or otherwise enter into any credit risk mitigation, short position or any other credit risk hedge or sale with respect to its retained material net economic interest, except to the extent permitted by the EU Securitisation Regulation.

The Seller intends to retain a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5% by retaining in accordance with Article 6(3)(d) of the EU Securitisation Regulation. Any change to the manner in which such interest is held will be notified to noteholders in accordance with the Conditions.

Transparency requirements

The Issuer, as "SSPE" for the purposes of the EU Securitisation Regulation, will undertake to fulfil the EU Transparency Requirements. The Issuer has appointed the Servicer to perform all of the Issuer's obligations pursuant to that undertaking, other than the preparation of investor reports in accordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, which investor reports will be prepared by the Cash Manager and made available by the Servicer.

As to the information made available to prospective investors by the Issuer, reference is made to the information set out herein and forming part of this Prospectus and to the Investor Reports that are prepared pursuant to the Cash Management Agreement and made available by the Servicer.

For further information in relation to the provision of information, see the section entitled "General Information".

INVESTORS TO ASSESS COMPLIANCE

Each prospective investor is required independently to assess and determine the sufficiency of the information described above and in this Prospectus generally for the purposes of complying with Article 5 of the UK Securitisation Regulation or Article 5 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and any corresponding national measures, as applicable, which may be relevant to investors and none of the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer, any Arranger, any Joint Lead Manager or any of the other transaction parties makes any representation that any such information described above or elsewhere in this Prospectus is sufficient in all circumstances for such purposes.

Please refer to the section entitled "*Risk Factors – Impact of regulatory initiatives on certain investors*" for further information on the implications of the regulatory disclosures in this section and elsewhere in this Prospectus, the UK Securitisation Regulation and the EU Securitisation Regulation. See the sections entitled "*The Provisional Portfolio*" and "*Servicing of Collections*" for further information.

OVERVIEW OF THE TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS

The description of the Transaction Documents set out below is a summary of certain features of those agreements and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the terms and conditions of those agreements. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of each of the Transaction Documents upon request at the Specified Office of the Principal Paying Agent.

Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement

General

On the Closing Date, the Seller, the Issuer, the Servicer and the Trustee will enter into the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement.

Pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement: (i) the Seller will on the Closing Date sell to the Issuer the Receivables comprised in the Initial Portfolio and the Related Rights relating to such Receivables; and (ii) the Seller may on any Additional Portfolio Purchase Date during the Revolving Period sell to the Issuer additional Receivables comprised in an Additional Portfolio and the Related Rights relating to such Purchased Receivables. Receivables comprised in any Additional Portfolio may be held in a special purpose vehicle used for warehousing purposes prior to sale by the Seller to the Issuer.

The Receivables which are intended to be purchased by the Issuer consist of all amounts due to the Seller from Obligors in respect of the Contracts (other than any Excluded Amounts).

The Contracts, which are agreements directed at retail and business customers, are available for new and used vehicles, light commercial vehicles or motorcycles. Financing provided under a Contract, carrying a fixed rate of return, is (other than in respect of PCP Contracts) typically amortised in equal monthly instalments over the repayment period, which varies between 12 and 61 months. The PCP Contracts carry a fixed rate of return, amortised over the repayment period of up to 49 months, so that the Obligor has the right to (a) make a final balloon payment and take title of the Vehicle, or (b) return the Vehicle financed under such PCP Contract to the Seller in lieu of making such final balloon payment.

Whilst the Obligor is the registered keeper of the Vehicle, the Seller remains the owner unless and until the Obligor pays all amounts due in respect of the relevant Contract. The Purchased Receivables include amounts due under the Contracts but do not include Excluded Amounts.

Consideration

The consideration payable by the Issuer to the Seller for the sale of the Initial Portfolio is the Initial Purchase Price and any Deferred Purchase Price. The Initial Purchase Price is determined as at the Closing Date, as being an amount equal to the sum of: (a) aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance due from Obligors under the Related Contracts during the period beginning on (but excluding) the Closing Date and ending on (and including) the maturity date of such Related Contract (plus any acceptance fees or option fees that are due but unpaid and any due but unpaid interest); and (b) the amount of Collections received by the Seller from (but excluding) the Initial Cut-Off Date to (and including) the Closing Date.

The consideration payable by the Issuer to the Seller for the sale of any Additional Portfolio will equal to the sum of the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Price on the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Date (being an amount equal to the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance due from Obligors under the Related Contracts during the period beginning on (but excluding) the Additional Cut-Off Date and ending on (and including) the maturity date of such Related Contract plus any acceptance fees or option fees that are due but unpaid and any due but unpaid interest) and any Deferred Purchase Price. During the Revolving Period, the Seller may (but is not obliged to) sell Receivables constituting Additional Portfolios to the Issuer.

If at any time after the Initial Cut-Off Date (in respect of the Initial Portfolio) or any Additional Cut-Off Date (in respect of any Additional Portfolio), the Seller (other than in its capacity as Servicer) holds or there is held to its order or it receives or there is received to its order, any monies, property, interest, rights, title or benefit in or to or in respect of the benefit of the Initial Portfolio or any Additional Portfolios (including, without limitation, all monies received (whenever paid) on or at any time after the Initial Cut-Off Date or Additional Cut-Off Date in respect of or referable to such Initial Portfolio or Additional Portfolio, as applicable) transferred to the Issuer on the Closing Date or Additional Portfolio Purchase Date (or otherwise

held on trust by the Seller for the Issuer under the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust (including, but not limited to, Vehicle Sale Proceeds)), the Seller shall forthwith account for the same to Issuer and until any of the same are so accounted for by the Seller, the Seller (to the extent that it no longer acts as Servicer) shall hold such monies and such other property, interest, right, title or benefit upon trust for the Issuer.

The Issuer shall fund the purchase of Additional Portfolios on the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Date through (i) Available Principal Receipts (if the Additional Portfolio Purchase Date is on an Interest Payment Date) or (ii) amounts standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger (if the Additional Portfolio Purchase Date is on any Business Day other than an Interest Payment Date), provided that the Additional Portfolio Purchase Price payable in respect of such Additional Portfolios shall not be greater than (a) (if the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Date is on any Interest Payment Date) the amount standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger or (b) (if the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Date is on an Interest Payment Date) the amount standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger or (b) (if the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Date is on an Interest Payment Date) the amount of Available Principal Receipts available pursuant to the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments (which shall include amounts standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger).

Revised Purchase Date

If the amount standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger or, as the case may be, the amount of Available Principal Receipts available to the Issuer to be applied pursuant to the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments (in both cases as notified to the Seller and Servicer by the Issuer or the Cash Manager on its behalf) is less than the amount required to pay the full Additional Portfolio Purchase Price of such Additional Portfolio, the Issuer will, not later than the Additional Portfolio Purchase Date, advise the Seller that the Issuer intends to accept and purchase only a part of or none of such Additional Portfolio (if purchasing only a part, in an amount equal to or less than the amount standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger or, as the case may be the amount of Available Principal Receipts received by the Issuer pursuant to the Revolving Period Priority of Payments) on the Additional Portfolio Purchase Date.

If the Issuer, or the Servicer on its behalf, advises the Seller, in accordance with the above paragraph, that the Issuer does not intend to purchase the entire proposed Additional Portfolio offered under a Transfer Notice, but confirms that it will purchase from the Seller an Additional Portfolio with a smaller aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance, the Seller may, on such Additional Portfolio Purchase Date or, as applicable, on or prior to any Revised Purchase Date deliver a revised Transfer Notice (specifying the Revised Purchase Date (if applicable)) for the purpose of making a new offer to the Issuer in which case the existing Transfer Notice shall cease to have effect.

Where the Seller proposes a Revised Purchase Date for the acquisition of part or all of an Additional Portfolio, the sale of such Additional Portfolio will take place on such Revised Purchase Date and the amounts to be used to purchase such Additional Portfolios on such Revised Purchase Date will be (if the original Additional Portfolio Purchase Date was an Interest Payment Date) or will remain (if the original Additional Portfolio Purchase Date was any Business Day other than an Interest Payment Date) credited to the Replenishment Ledger until such Revised Purchase Date.

Conditions to sale

The sale of the Initial Portfolio and any Additional Portfolio to the Issuer will in all cases also be subject to certain conditions as at the Closing Date and the relevant Additional Portfolio Purchase Date. The conditions include that:

- (a) the Issuer pays the Initial Purchase Price or the Additional Portfolio Purchase Price, as applicable;
- (b) a Transfer Notice (incorporating the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust) attaching the relevant Portfolio Schedule certified by an authorised signatory of the Seller to be true and accurate in all material respects is delivered from the Seller to the Issuer, the Trustee and the Cash Manager; and
- (c) the relevant Purchase Date will fall within the Revolving Period.

Undertakings given by the Seller

The Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement contain a number of undertakings by the Seller in respect of its activities relating to the Purchased Receivables and the related Vehicles. These include undertakings to refrain from conducting activities with respect to the Purchased Receivables and the related Vehicles which may adversely affect the Purchased Receivables and the related Vehicles and, in particular, not to sell, assign, convey, transfer or otherwise dispose of, create any interest in or trust over, or deal with any of the Purchased Receivables or Related Contracts or Vehicles to which they relate (but excluding any Non-Compliant Receivables, Defaulted Receivables, Voluntarily Terminated Receivables or Returned PCP Receivables repurchased by the Seller) in any manner whatsoever or purport to do so other than as permitted by the Transaction Documents.

In addition, the Seller has undertaken promptly (in each case after the relevant Vehicle is in its possession or control) to sell any Vehicles surrendered, recovered or otherwise returned to the Seller in accordance with the terms of the relevant Contract and the Credit and Collection Procedures (except where the Purchased Receivable related to such Vehicle shall have previously been repurchased by the Seller in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement) and account for the proceeds of such sale to the Issuer further to the sale and assignment of the Purchased Receivables to the Issuer pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement.

None of the Issuer, the Trustee, the Arranger or the Joint Lead Managers has undertaken or will undertake any investigation to verify the details of the Purchased Receivables and will rely solely on the representations and warranties given by the Seller to the Issuer pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement.

Representations and warranties given by the Seller

Under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, on the Closing Date, on any Additional Portfolio Purchase Date and, in respect of Receivables Warranty (f) below only, on each date on which a Variation is agreed by the Servicer, the Seller will make (with reference to the facts and circumstances subsisting (unless stated to the contrary below) as at: (x) the Initial Cut-Off Date (in the case of Receivables in the Initial Portfolio; or (y) the Additional Cut-Off Date (in the case of Receivables in any Additional Portfolio) or, in respect of a Variation, as at the date of such Variation)), among others, the following representations and warranties to the Issuer regarding the Purchased Receivables:

- (a) each such Receivable is an Eligible Receivable, and no adverse selection process was used by the Seller in selecting any such Receivable from those other Receivables which would have been Purchased Receivables had they been sold by the Seller to the Issuer, on such date
- (b) immediately prior to the sale of each such Receivable and its Related Rights to the Issuer, the Seller was the sole legal and beneficial owner of each such Receivable and its Related Rights free and clear of any Adverse Claim, all previous Adverse Claims having been released and discharged;
- (c) the Seller or the Servicer has maintained Records relating to each Contract from which each such Receivable derives which are true and accurate in all material respects;
- (d) each of the Vehicles (the subject of the Contract from which each such Receivable derives) is owned absolutely by the Seller and has been registered with HPI Limited (or, in the event that HPI Limited no longer exists, its successor (if any) or any entity providing a substantially similar service in the United Kingdom (if any)) and there is no other registration for the Vehicle and the Vehicle is not subject to any encumbrance, trust or security interest other than in accordance with the Related Contracts (provided always that the Seller shall not be held to be in breach of this representation and warranty in circumstances where there is no appropriate entity with which to register vehicles);
- (e) so far as the Seller is aware, there is no material default, breach or violation under any Related Contract which has not been remedied or of any event which, with the giving of notice and/or the making of any determination and/or the expiration of any applicable grace period, would constitute such default, breach or violation, provided that any default, breach or violation shall be material if it in any way affects the amount or the collectability of the Purchased Receivables arising under the Related Contract and provided further that any breach relating to non-payment shall not be material unless it would be such as would cause the relevant Purchased Receivable not to be an Eligible Receivable; and
- (f) on each date on which a Variation is agreed in respect of a Purchased Receivable, the Variation is not a Non-Permitted Variation.

"Eligible Contract" means, at any time, a Contract which satisfies each of the following criteria:

- (a) the Obligor in respect of which is an individual who has provided as his or her most recent billing address an address in the United Kingdom or is a corporate entity that has its registered address in the United Kingdom and if the Obligor is a limited company it was at the time of origination incorporated in England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland;
- (b) such Contract expressly provides that payments made by the Obligor are to be made by direct debit in level (save in relation to final payments) and fixed monthly instalments (provided that payments made by credit card, debit card, cheque or cash may be accepted by the Seller pursuant to the arrears collection procedure specified by the applicable provisions of the Credit and Collection Procedures);
- (c) such Contract is governed by English law, Scots law or Northern Irish law and has been duly entered into by the Obligor or the Obligor's authorised representative thereunder;
- (d) such Contract has been originated in the Seller's ordinary course of business; and in material compliance with the applicable requirements of the Credit and Collection Procedures without any conduct constituting fraud;
- (e) such Contract is (A) in the form of one of the Seller's Standard Documents or (B) has been entered into by the Seller on terms that are substantially similar to the Seller's Standard Documents or as otherwise agreed with the Issuer and the Trustee;
- (f) since the origination of such Contract there has been no waiver, variation or amendment in respect of the original terms of such Contract which may have an effect on the amount, enforceability or collectability of the relevant Receivable unless such waiver, variation or amendment was made in accordance with the Credit and Collection Procedures or is not a Non-Permitted Variation;
- (g) (i) as far as the Seller is aware, the relevant individual Obligor is not bankrupt, (ii) such individual Obligor is not shown on the Seller's records as dead and (iii) to the best of the Seller's knowledge and belief as at the time the relevant Contract was originated, each Obligor is not suspected of fraud;
- (h) in the case of any corporate Obligor, a search on Experian (or equivalent) has been performed and has revealed no Insolvency Event in respect of such Obligor;
- (i) in relation to any Contract regulated by the CCA:
 - to the extent necessary to make such contract enforceable, such Contract has been entered into and executed in accordance with the relevant provisions of the CCA including, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, those provisions governing antecedent negotiations which were conducted in such a way that the relevant Obligor's stated obligations to pay thereunder are not prejudiced;
 - the form, terms and related procedures (including, without limitation, any pre and post contractual information requirements) of such Contract comply in all material respects with any applicable requirements of the CCA;
 - (iii) no order has been made in respect of such Contract under Section 140B of the CCA and the Seller is not aware of such order;
 - (iv) no grounds exist which will give rise to the making of an order under Section 140B of the CCA in relation to such Contract after the relevant Purchase Date;
 - (v) the Seller has at all relevant times held FCA permission or authorisation to carry on credit related regulated activity and continues to hold and will maintain at all material times the said FCA permission or authorisation; and
 - (vi) so far as the Seller is aware (i) each Dealer and (ii) each other person who carried on in relation to a Contract any "credit brokerage", as defined in article 36A of the RAO, has at all relevant times held FCA authorisation or permission to carry out credit brokerage;

- (j) in relation to any Contract to which the UTCCR, or the CRA, as applicable, applies, none of the terms of such Contract is unfair pursuant to the UTCCR, or the CRA, as applicable, to the extent that such unfairness would have a material adverse effect on the enforceability or collectability of any Contract;
- (k) in the event that such Contract qualifies as a "distance contract" (as defined in the DMR), the provisions of such regulations have been complied with in respect of such Contract or such failure to comply does not have a material adverse effect on the enforceability or collectability of any Contract;
- (1) the disclosure of information relating to the relevant Obligor as contemplated by, and for the purposes envisaged by, the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement is not contrary to relevant data protection legislation or such failure to comply does not have a material adverse effect on the enforceability or collectability of any Contract;
- (m) it has been entered into by the Seller as sole principal (and not as agent);
- (n) it has an original term to maturity of not less than 6 months and not more than 61 months (or, in the case of any PCP Contract, not more than 49 months);
- (o) it has an APR not more than 30 per cent.;
- (p) the original amount financed is equal to or greater than $\pounds 500$ and less than or equal to $\pounds 80,000$;
- (q) it requires the customer to take out comprehensive motor insurance and to assign to the Seller the proceeds of any claim upon the loss, theft or damage beyond repair of the financed vehicle;
- (r) it does not give rise to (and is not linked to any agreement that may give rise to) any liability on the Seller to pay money or to perform any onerous act, including, without limitation in relation to insurance, maintenance or servicing of the financed vehicle (other than with respect to any claims an Obligor may have against the Seller as a result of Section 56 of the CCA); and
- (s) no payments under the Contract are subject to withholding or deduction for or on account of any tax.

"Eligible Receivable" means a Purchased Receivable which satisfies each of the following criteria:

- (a) such Purchased Receivable arises under an Eligible Contract relating to the supply of a new or used car, motorcycle or (other than in relation to PCP Receivables) light commercial vehicle;
- (b) such Purchased Receivable is in full force and effect and constitutes the legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligation of the Obligor in respect thereof, subject only to (i) applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganisation, moratorium or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of the rights of creditors generally and (ii) the effect of principles of equity, if applicable;
- (c) such Purchased Receivable is freely transferable and is not subject to a dispute or any right of rescission, set off, counterclaim, termination or analogous right and no other defence (including defences arising out of violations of usury laws) exists or, as far as the Seller is aware, has been threatened except by virtue of Section 56 or 75 of the CCA;
- (d) a Concentration Limit Test is not breached in respect of such Purchased Receivable (for the avoidance of doubt, only those Purchased Receivables, the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of which are in excess of the relevant Concentration Limit Test, will be deemed not to be Eligible Receivables);
- (e) such Purchased Receivable is due from an Obligor who does not have a credit assessment indicating as at the relevant origination date and, to the best of the Seller's knowledge, as at the Initial Cut-Off Date (in the case of a Receivable in the Initial Portfolio) or the relevant Additional Cut-Off Date (in the case of a Receivable in any Additional Portfolio), based on the Seller's Credit and Collection Procedures, a significant risk that contractually agreed payments will not be made;
- (f) in respect of which the Obligor has made at least one full payment to the Seller;

- (g) such Purchased Receivable is denominated in Sterling;
- (h) such Purchased Receivable is not more than one Monthly Payment in arrears;
- (i) such Purchased Receivable does not have a Loan to Value Ratio greater than 100 per cent.;
- (j) none of the Contracts were entered into simultaneously with, or linked to, products that Obligors, when entering into a Contract, agreed to take out and which were explicitly financed by the Contracts and which may give rise to any potential for set-off between the Obligor and the Seller;
- (k) no Vehicle has been repossessed by the Seller and the Seller has not given any notice, nor applied for any court order, under the CCA, in order to repossess a Vehicle as at the Cut-Off Date; and
- (1) neither the Purchased Receivable nor any Related Right is or includes stock or a marketable security (as such terms are defined for the purposes of section 122 of the Stamp Act 1891), a chargeable security (as such term is defined for the purposes of section 99 of the Finance Act 1986) or a chargeable interest (as such term is defined for the purposes of each of section 48 of the Finance Act 2003, section 4 of the Land Transaction Tax and Anti-avoidance of Devolved Taxes (Wales) Act 2017 and section 4 of the Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (Scotland) Act 2013).

"**Concentration Limit Tests**" means, in respect of a Purchased Receivable, each of the following (which, for the avoidance of doubt, may be determined without double-counting):

- (a) in relation to a New LCV Receivable or a Used LCV Receivable, its Outstanding Principal Balance when aggregated with the Outstanding Principal Balance of all other Purchased Receivables arising under Contracts pursuant to which amounts are payable in respect of New LCV Receivables or Used LCV Receivables does not exceed an amount equal to 30 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (b) in relation to a New MC Receivable or a Used MC Receivable, its Outstanding Principal Balance when aggregated with the Outstanding Principal Balance of all other Purchased Receivables arising under Contracts pursuant to which amounts are payable in respect of New MC Receivables or Used MC Receivables does not exceed an amount equal to 7.5 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (c) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the largest corporate Obligor to be greater than the lesser of (i) 0.25 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio, and (ii) £2,000,000;
- (d) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the 10 largest corporate Obligors to be greater than the lesser of (i) 0.75 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio, and (ii) £7,500,000;
- (e) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the largest individual Obligor to be greater than the lesser of (i) 0.25 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio, and (ii) £500,000;
- (f) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the 10 largest individual Obligors to be greater than 0.60 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (g) (in relation to a PCP Receivable) its Outstanding Principal Balance when aggregated with the Outstanding Principal Balance of all other Purchased Receivables which are PCP Receivables does not exceed an amount equal to 15 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (h) the weighted average of its Contract Yield and the Contract Yields of all other Purchased Receivables is not less than 11 per cent.; and

(i) in relation to a PCP Receivable, its PCP Residual Value when aggregated with the PCP Residual Value in respect of all PCP Contracts in the Portfolio does not exceed 11.0 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio.

Where any Purchased Receivables are determined to be in breach of any Receivables Warranties made by reason of a Contract (or part thereof) being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the CCA or the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA, the CCA Compensation Payment shall be paid by the Seller to the Issuer by the end of the Calculation Period immediately following the Calculation Period in which such breach of Receivables Warranty was discovered subject to receipt by the Seller of notice from the Servicer of the CCA Compensation Amount. The "CCA Compensation Amount" is an amount, calculated by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, required to compensate the Issuer for any loss arising as a result thereof. For further information on the calculation of such CCA Compensation Amount please see further "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement" below.

The Seller will repurchase any Non-Compliant Receivable not later than the end of the Calculation Period immediately following the Calculation Period in which the party discovering such breach gave written notice thereof to the others. The purchase price payable by the Seller to the Issuer in consideration for the repurchase of a Non-Compliant Receivable shall be an amount equal to the Receivables Repurchase Price.

In the case of a Purchased Receivable which did not exist as at the Closing Date or the Additional Portfolio Purchase Date (as applicable), the Seller will not be obliged to repurchase the relevant Purchased Receivable but shall indemnify the Issuer and the Trustee against any loss and all liabilities suffered by reason of the representation or warranty being untrue or incorrect by reference to the facts subsisting on the Initial Cut-Off Date or the Additional Cut-Off Date (as applicable). Pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement, the "**Receivables Indemnity Amount**" shall be calculated by the Servicer as the amount equal to (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the relevant Purchased Receivables had such Purchased Receivables existed and complied with each of the Receivables Warranties as at the Initial Cut-Off Date or Additional Cut-Off Date (as applicable) and (ii) any deemed interest accrued on the relevant Purchased Receivable at a rate equal to the weighted average Contract Yield of the Portfolio as determined by the Servicer at the end of the immediately preceding Calculation Period less any amounts received by the Issuer in respect of any Principal Element with respect to such Purchased Receivable. For further information on the calculation of such Receivables Indemnity Amount please see further "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement" below.

Pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, Close Brothers Limited also represents and warrants that it has a valid and current registration under the Data Protection Act 1998 which is in full force and effect and that they are not aware of any circumstance which indicates that either such licences or such registrations are likely to be revoked or which may confer any such right of revocation.

Receivables Call Option

Under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Seller will be granted the Receivables Call Option, which will entitle the Seller, following the earlier of (a) the sale of the relevant Vehicle in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and allocation of the sale proceeds of the relevant Vehicle to the outstanding amount under the relevant Related Contract and, (b) a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable being written off as uncollectable by the Servicer in accordance with the Seller's Credit and Collection Procedures but prior to the occurrence of an Insolvency Event of the Seller, to repurchase, and (if the Seller has decided to make such purchase) oblige the Issuer to sell, any Purchased Receivable which has become a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable for an amount equal to the Optional Repurchase Payment.

The Optional Repurchase Payment, in respect of any Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable, comprises (i) the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment and (ii) any VAT Adjustment Amount received by the Seller in respect of such Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable on or following the date of repurchase of such Receivable by the Seller from the Issuer.

The Seller is obliged to pay the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment on the relevant repurchase date and to transfer any VAT Adjustment Amount to the extent it is payable to the Issuer in the manner set out in "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Servicing Agreement – Cash Flows" below.

If the Receivables Call Option is exercised, the Seller is required to repurchase the relevant Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable on or prior to the end of the Calculation Period immediately following the Calculation Period in which such Receivables Call Option is exercised. Immediately following the exercise of the Receivables Call Option by the Seller and payment of the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment, the Issuer's interests in the Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable) will pass to the Seller.

Clean-up Call

Pursuant to the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, on any Interest Payment Date on which, following application of all Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts on such Interest Payment Date: (a) the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date and/or (b) the Rated Notes have been or will, following application of Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts on such Interest Payment Date, be redeemed in full, the Seller shall be entitled (but will not be obliged), on such Interest Payment Date, to offer to repurchase (which the Issuer may or may not in its discretion accept) the benefit of all Purchased Receivables then owned by (or held in trust by the Seller pursuant to the Transaction Documents for) the Issuer for the Final Repurchase Price.

STS Call Option

Pursuant to the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Seller may, but will not be required to, by way of notice to the Issuer and the Trustee, repurchase from the Issuer any Receivable and its Related Rights sold to the Issuer pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement:

- (a) which is:
 - not of a type described in Article 13 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 of 10 October 2014 to supplement Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council with regard to liquidity coverage requirement for Credit Institutions as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA (the "LCR Regulation");
 - (ii) not of a type described in the European Central Bank's guidelines on monetary policy instruments and procedures of the Eurosystem (ECB/2011/14);
 - (iii) not of a type described in the UK Solvency II Regulation; or
 - (iv) not compliant with the UK Securitisation Regulation or Article 243 of the UK CRR; or
- (b) where the Purchased Receivables do not comply with the requirements of Article 13 of the LCR Regulation, the ECB Criteria, the UK Solvency II Regulation, or the UK Securitisation Regulation or Article 243 of the UK CRR,

(each such Receivable, a "Non-Eligible Receivable") (the "STS Call Option").

The purchase price payable by the Seller to the Issuer in consideration for the repurchase of a Non-Eligible Receivable shall be an amount equal to the Receivables Repurchase Price.

The Issuer may at its absolute discretion accept such offer by delivering a duly signed notice and the provisions of Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement shall apply. The aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Non-Eligible Receivables repurchased will not comprise more than 1 per cent. of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date. Purchased Receivables to be repurchased as Non-Eligible Receivables will be selected on a random basis, if and to the extent applicable.

Perfection Event

On the occurrence of a Perfection Event, the Issuer (in order to perfect its title to the Purchased Receivables) will, or the Trustee, on the behalf of the Issuer, may:

- (a) give notice in its own name (and/or require the Seller and/or the Servicer to give notice) to all or any of the Obligors of the sale and assignment of all or any of the Purchased Receivables; and/or
- (b) direct (and/or require the Seller and/or the Servicer to direct) all or any of the Obligors to pay amounts outstanding in respect of Purchased Receivables directly to the Issuer by transfer to the Transaction Account or any other account which is specified by the Issuer; and/or
- (c) give instructions (and/or require the Seller and/or the Servicer to give instructions) to make the transfers from the Collection Account to the Transaction Account; and/or
- (d) take such other action as it reasonably considers to be necessary, appropriate or desirable (including taking the benefit of title to the Vehicles to the extent permitted by law and entering into further assignations of Purchased Receivables) in order to recover any amount outstanding in respect of Purchased Receivables or to improve, protect, preserve or enforce its rights against the Obligors in respect of Purchased Receivables.

Governing Law

The Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English law, except for certain aspects relating to the Scottish Receivables which shall be construed in accordance with Scots law and certain aspects relating to the Northern Irish Receivables which shall be governed by the laws of Northern Ireland.

Servicing Agreement

On the Closing Date, the Issuer, the Servicer, the Seller and the Trustee will enter into the Servicing Agreement.

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Issuer has appointed Close Brothers Limited as Servicer for the purposes of servicing the Purchased Receivables (or, whilst the Purchased Receivables are held subject to the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust, the Servicer will agree to service such Purchased Receivables on behalf of the Seller in its capacity as trustee thereunder acting upon the instruction of the Issuer in its capacity as beneficiary thereunder). Under the terms of the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer has, among other things, undertaken to perform its duties in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations and pursuant to specific instructions that, on certain conditions, it may be given by the Issuer or, as applicable, the Trustee, from time to time. The Servicer is permitted under the terms of the Servicing Agreement, and at its own cost and expense, to appoint or dismiss third parties to perform some or all of its obligations under the Servicing Agreement, subject to Close Brothers Limited remaining liable for the actions of any such third party.

The Servicer has undertaken that it will devote to the performance of its obligations and the exercise of its discretions under the Servicing Agreement and its exercise of the rights of the Issuer in respect of contracts and arrangements giving rise to payment obligations in respect of the Purchased Receivables at least the same amount of time and attention and exercise the same level of skill, care and diligence as it would if it were administering receivables in respect of which it held the entire benefit (both legally and beneficially) and, in any event, will devote all due skill, care and diligence to the performance of its obligations and the exercise of its discretions and will devote all operational resources necessary (including, without limitation, office space, facilities, equipment and staff) to fulfil its obligations under the Servicing Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party (together, the "Servicer Standard of Care").

The Servicer will undertake, among other things, that:

- (i) it will, in discharging its obligations and performing its functions under the Servicing Agreement, act in accordance with the Credit and Collection Procedures;
- (ii) it will comply with any reasonable, proper and lawful directions, orders and instructions which the Issuer or, as applicable, the Trustee, may from time to time give to it in connection with the

performance of its obligations under the Servicing Agreement (or, in respect of the Purchased Receivables held on trust under the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust by the Seller for the Issuer) (to the extent that compliance with those directions does not conflict with any provision of the Credit and Collection Procedures, the Transaction Documents or any duties or obligations applicable to servicers generally under English law) provided that each of the parties to the Servicing Agreement acknowledge that prior to a Servicer Termination Event, a Perfection Event or any enforcement action being taken in relation to the Charged Property, the Servicer shall act in accordance with its Credit and Collection Procedures and any such directions must be in conformity with such Credit and Collection Procedures;

- (iii) it will procure that all Collections credited to the Collection Account in respect of the Purchased Receivables are transferred to the Transaction Account on each Interest Payment Date (or at any time within two Business Days prior to such Interest Payment Date) or, following a CBL Trigger Event which has occurred and is continuing, within two Business Days following receipt by the Seller;
- (iv) it will make all calculations required to be made by it under the Servicing Agreement (including calculating the CCA Compensation Amount and the Receivables Indemnity Amount);
- (v) on or prior to each Calculation Date, provide information in respect of the Purchased Receivables and their performance to the Issuer and the Cash Manager to enable the Cash Manager to calculate amounts payable under the Priority of Payments and to perform its other calculation functions under the Cash Management Agreement;
- (vi) it will notify the Issuer and the Trustee of becoming aware of the occurrence of any Perfection Event or Servicer Termination Event;
- (vii) subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Servicing Agreement and the Credit and Collection Procedures, it will take all reasonable steps to recover all sums due to the Issuer in respect of the Purchased Receivables and any Related Rights; and
- (viii) upon the occurrence of an Insolvency Event with respect to the Seller, it will, to the extent required, negotiate the variable component of the Administrator Incentive Recovery Fee with the Seller's Insolvency Official with a view to maximising Recoveries where the Insolvency Official disposes of, arranges for the disposal of or otherwise assists with the disposal of the relevant Vehicles. For further information please refer to the Risk Factor entitled "No Right, Title or Interest in the Vehicles".

The Servicer shall not be in breach of its obligations in respect of paragraph (vi), (vii) or (viii) above if it has not done so due to events or circumstances beyond its control.

In accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement, the Issuer will pay to the Servicer for its services a servicing fee of 0.5 per cent. per annum of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio (the "Servicing Fee"). The Servicing Fee will be inclusive of any amount in respect of VAT.

Calculation of CCA Compensation Amount

In calculating the CCA Compensation Amount the Servicer has agreed to calculate the loss (if any) that has arisen to the Issuer solely as a result of any Purchased Receivable or the Related Contract (or part thereof) being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the CCA or the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA. Where any Purchased Receivable or the Related Contract has been determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable or subject to such right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA, the loss to the Issuer shall be calculated as being the amount which the Issuer should have received under such Purchased Receivable had the Purchased Receivable or Contract not been so determined and on the assumption that all amounts under the Purchased Receivable and Contract (including any option fees) would have been paid on a timely basis in full by the Obligor (and disregarding any consideration as to the credit worthiness of the Obligor) and including any amounts that would have accrued to the Issuer from the date on which such Related Contract, was determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA or the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to the CCA.

Variations to Contracts

Pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement, Close Brothers Limited has agreed that no changes shall be made to the Contracts that relate to the Purchased Receivables unless such changes are:

- (a) made in accordance with the terms of such Contract and the Credit and Collection Procedures; and
- (b) not a Non-Permitted Variation.

A "**Non-Permitted Variation**" is any change to a Contract that relates to a Purchased Receivable which has the effect of:

- (a) reducing the Amount Financed;
- (b) reducing the Annual Percentage Rate;
- (c) reducing the total number of Monthly Payments (other than any rescheduling to Monthly Payments which the Servicer is obligated to make pursuant to the CCA); or
- (d) extending the term of the Purchased Receivable such that the last Monthly Payment Date falls after Last Receivable Maturity Date,

other than, in the case of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) above, any change to a Contract (i) made in relation to the Servicer's arrears management process in accordance with its Credit and Collection Procedures, or (ii) required to be made by any Requirement of Law.

If Close Brothers Limited agrees to any variation to a Contract that relates to a Purchased Receivable which is a Non-Permitted Variation, the Seller must repurchase such Purchased Receivable from the Issuer on or before the end of the Calculation Period immediately following the Calculation Period in which such Non-Permitted Variation occurred. Any such repurchase by the Seller as a result of a Variation to a Contract that relates to a Purchased Receivable which is a Non-Permitted Variation shall be made in accordance with and subject to the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement.

Changes to the Credit and Collection Procedures

Under the Servicing Agreement the Servicer will be permitted to make changes to the Credit and Collection Procedures and to adopt additional and/or alternative policies or procedures from time to time. Any changes, additions and/or alternatives adopted may only be made in accordance with the Servicer Standard of Care. Any material change in the Credit and Collection Procedures of the Servicer shall be notified in writing to the Issuer, the Trustee and the Rating Agencies as soon as practicable after such change.

Cash Flows

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer will procure that (i) all Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables and (ii) all amounts representing an Optional Repurchase Payment (other than the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment) in respect of a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable which has been repurchased by the Seller pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, are credited to the Collection Account and are transferred into the Transaction Account on each Interest Payment Date (or at any time within two Business Days prior to such Interest Payment Date).

Upon the occurrence of a CBL Trigger Event and as long as a CBL Trigger Event is continuing, the Servicer is obliged to transfer (i) all Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables and (ii) all amounts representing an Optional Repurchase Payment (other than the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment) in respect of a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable which has been repurchased by the Seller pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement to the Transaction Account within two Business Days following receipt by the Seller.

Collection Account Declaration of Trust

In addition, the Seller will, pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement, agree to enter into the Collection Account Declaration of Trust pursuant to which the Seller agrees to declare a trust over and hold

on trust all amounts standing to the credit of the Collection Account (the "**Collection Account Trust Property**") on trust for, among others, the Issuer, certain other beneficiaries that have acquired portfolios of receivables from the Seller from time to time (such as a special purpose vehicle used for warehousing purposes and issuing vehicles in other securitisations) and itself absolutely. The Seller shall hold upon trust the Collection Account Trust Property in the following proportions:

- the Issuer share of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust shall be an amount equal to amounts from time to time standing to the credit of the Collection Account to the extent that such amounts represent payments into the Collection Account derived from or resulting from the Purchased Receivables comprised in the Portfolio (but excluding any interest arising in respect of amounts standing to the credit of the Collection Account) (the "Issuer Portion");
- (ii) from time to time, further beneficiaries may accede to the terms of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust where they have acquired a portfolio of receivables from the Seller (each a "Collection Account Beneficiary"). Each Collection Account Beneficiary's share of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust shall be an amount equal to amounts from time to time standing to the credit of the Collection Account to the extent that such amounts represent payments into the Collection Account derived from or resulting from the receivables purchased by such Collection Account Beneficiary (but excluding any interest arising in respect of amounts standing to the credit of the Collection Account) (the "Collection Account Beneficiary Portion"); and
- (iii) the Seller share of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust shall be an amount equal to all amounts from time to time standing to the credit of the Collection Account to the extent such amounts represent amounts other than the Issuer Portion or Collection Account Beneficiary Portions (the "Seller Portion").

The Seller has agreed that the Issuer Portion will be distributed to the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust and acknowledges and agrees that the Seller Portion and Collection Account Beneficiary Portions shall be distributed to the other beneficiaries of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust. The Seller will further acknowledge that it has no right at any time to pay, set-off or transfer any of the Issuer Portion in or towards satisfaction of the Isibilities of the Seller.

Servicer Report

On or prior to the date falling two Business Days prior to each Calculation Date, the Servicer shall prepare and deliver a servicer monthly report (each a "Servicer Report") to the Issuer and the Cash Manager. If the information given in the Servicer Report is not sufficient for a recipient to perform its respective tasks (including the preparation of any reports or provision of other information) under the Servicing Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, the Servicer has undertaken to give such assistance as reasonably requested by the relevant party.

Termination of appointment of Servicer

If a Servicer Termination Event occurs then the Issuer (prior to the delivery of a Note Acceleration Notice or notice that the Trustee has taken any action to enforce the Security) with the written consent of the Trustee, or the Trustee itself (after delivery of a Note Acceleration Notice or notice that the Trustee has taken any action to enforce the Security) may at once or at any time thereafter while such default continues by notice in writing to the Servicer terminate its appointment as Servicer under this Agreement with effect from a date (not earlier than the date of the notice) specified in the notice provided that a successor servicer has been appointed by the entry of the successor servicer, the Issuer and the Trustee into a replacement servicing agreement.

A "Servicer Termination Event" means the occurrence of one of the following:

- (a) the Servicer fails to pay any amount due under the Servicing Agreement on the due date or on demand, if so payable, or to direct any movement of collections as required under the Servicing Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, and such failure has continued unremedied for a period of seven Business Days after written notice or discovery of such failure by an officer of the Servicer; or
- (b) the Servicer (i) fails to observe or perform in any material respect any of its covenants and obligations under or pursuant to the Servicing Agreement or any other Transaction Document to

which it is a party and such failure results in a material adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments in respect of the Notes and continues unremedied for a period of 60 days after the earlier of an officer of the Servicer becoming aware of such default and written notice of such failure being received by the Servicer or (ii) fails to maintain its authorisations and permissions required under the FSMA or any other regulatory licence or approval required under the terms of the Servicing Agreement and such failure continues unremedied for a period of 60 days after the earlier of an officer of the Servicer becoming aware of such default and written notice of such failure being received by the Servicer becoming aware of such default and written notice of such failure being received by the Servicer; or

(c) the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in relation to the Servicer.

An entity may only be appointed as successor servicer if certain conditions are fulfilled, including:

- (i) it has experience of administering receivables reasonably similar to the Purchased Receivables being administered by the Servicer in the United Kingdom or is able to demonstrate that it has the capability to administer receivables reasonably similar to the Purchased Receivables being administered by the Servicer in the United Kingdom;
- (ii) it is willing to enter into an agreement with the parties to this Agreement (other than Close Brothers Limited in its capacity as the Servicer) which provides for the successor servicer to be remunerated at such a rate as is agreed by the Issuer but which does not exceed the rate then commonly charged by providers of services of the kind described in this Agreement and required by this Agreement to be provided by the Servicer and is otherwise on substantially the same terms as those of this Agreement;
- (iii) the Rating Agencies are notified of such identification and intended appointment and have indicated that such appointment would not result in the reduction, qualification or withdrawal of the then current ratings of the Rated Notes.

The Servicer may also resign its appointment on not less than 12 months' written notice to the Issuer, the Seller and the Trustee (with a copy being sent to the Cash Manager and the Rating Agencies) provided that such resignation shall not take effect until a successor servicer has been appointed on terms substantially similar to the existing Servicing Agreement.

The Servicer has undertaken to indemnify the Issuer and the Trustee against any Loss incurred by any such party as a result of any default by the Servicer or any third party agent of the Servicer in performing any obligation under the Servicing Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, the Servicer shall not be liable for any Loss suffered or incurred by the Issuer or the Trustee save where such Loss is suffered or incurred as a result of any negligence, fraud or wilful default of the Servicer or as a result of a breach by the Servicer of the terms and provisions of the Servicing Agreement or the other Transaction Documents in relation to such functions.

Provision of Information

The Servicer will undertake to prepare, on behalf of the Issuer as the entity designated pursuant to Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation to fulfil the UK Transparency Requirements (and deliver to the Issuer), the information required to be made available by the Issuer pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation including:

- (a) information on the underlying exposures in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, Article 7(1)(a) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, simultaneously with the UK Securitisation Regulation Investor Report;
- (b) all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction in accordance with Article 7(1)(b) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event no later than 15 days following the Closing Date;
- (c) the STS Notification as required by Article 7(1)(d) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event no later than 15 days following the Closing Date; and

(d) any information required to be made available pursuant to Articles 7(1)(f) and (g) of the UK Securitisation Regulation in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, those Articles,

and to make such information, together with the UK Securitisation Regulation Investor Report prepared by the Cash Manager, available to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the UK Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, potential investors via the Securitisation Repository Website appointed from time to time, provided that the Servicer will not be in breach of such undertaking if it fails to so comply, acting reasonably, due to events, actions and/or circumstances beyond its control.

The Servicer will also undertake to prepare, on behalf of the Issuer (and deliver to the Issuer), the information required to be made available pursuant to points (a), (b), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) and Article 22(5) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), including:

- (a) information on the underlying exposures in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, Article 7(1)(a) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), simultaneously with the EU Securitisation Regulation Investor Report;
- (b) all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction in accordance with Article 7(1)(b) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), as soon as reasonably practicable following the Closing Date; and
- (c) any information required to be made available pursuant to Articles 7(1)(f) and (g) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, those Articles,

and to make such information, together with the EU Securitisation Regulation Investor Report prepared by the Cash Manager, available to the Noteholders and, upon request, potential investors via the Securitisation Repository Website appointed from time to time, provided that the Servicer will not be in breach of such undertaking if it fails to so comply, acting reasonably, due to events, actions and/or circumstances beyond its control.

Governing Law

The Servicing Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it shall be governed by English law, except that any terms of the Servicing Agreement which are particular to Scots law shall be construed in accordance with the laws of Scotland and certain aspects relating to the Northern Irish Receivables which shall be governed by the laws of Northern Ireland.

Account Bank Agreement

Pursuant to the terms of the Account Bank Agreement to be entered into on the Closing Date between the Issuer, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Servicer and the Trustee, the Issuer will agree to either (a) on or before the Closing Date, or (b) as is required thereafter, open and maintain the Transaction Account (together with any additional bank accounts) and the Swap Collateral Accounts (the "Issuer Bank Accounts") in its name with the Account Bank.

Monies standing to the credit of the Transaction Account representing Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts will be applied by the Cash Manager on each Interest Payment Date, in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments and the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments (as the case may be). If the Account Bank ceases to have the following ratings:

- (a) either
 - (i) a short-term, unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations rated at least F1 by Fitch; or
 - a long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt or counterparty obligations rated at least A by Fitch; and
- (b) a long-term bank deposit rating of at least A3 by Moody's,

or such other rating or ratings as are consistent with the then published criteria of the relevant Rating Agency as being the minimum ratings that are required to support the then current ratings of the Rated Notes (the "Account Bank Ratings"), then, within 60 days of such cessation, one of the following will occur:

- the Transaction Account may be closed by, or on behalf of, the Issuer and all amounts standing to the credit thereof shall be transferred by, or on behalf, of the Issuer to accounts held with a financial institution: (i) which has all the Account Bank Ratings; and (ii) which is a bank as defined in Section 991 of the Income Tax Act 2007; or
- the Issuer may obtain a guarantee in support of its obligations under the Account Bank Agreement from a financial institution which has all the Account Bank Ratings; or
- the Issuer (or the Servicer on its behalf) will obtain a Rating Agency Confirmation.

If none of the above actions occurs within the required time, then the Issuer shall (with the prior written consent of the Trustee) terminate the Account Bank Agreement with respect to the Account Bank in respect of the relevant Issuer Bank Account and close the Issuer Bank Accounts subject to a replacement financial institution having been appointed which has all of the Account Bank Ratings.

The Account Bank Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it shall be governed by English law.

Agency Agreement

On or prior to the Closing Date, the Issuer, the Trustee, the Principal Paying Agent, the Trustee, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Registrar and the Agent Bank will enter into an agency agreement (the "Agency Agreement") pursuant to which provision will be made for, among other things, payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes. Pursuant to the terms of the Agency Agreement, Citibank N.A., London Branch will also be appointed as registrar with respect to the Subordinated Notes (the "Registrar") and will agree to, among other things, maintain a register in respect of the Subordinated Notes (the "Register").

The Agency Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English Law.

Cash Management Agreement

The Issuer, the Cash Manager, the Servicer and the Trustee will, on or before the Closing Date, enter into the Cash Management Agreement pursuant to which Citibank N.A., London Branch will be appointed to act as the Cash Manager in respect of amounts standing from time to time to the credit of the Issuer Bank Accounts and arrange for payments to be made on behalf of the Issuer from such accounts in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Cash Management Services

The Cash Manager is required to manage the operation of the Issuer Bank Accounts, and in each case give instructions to the Account Bank to enable it to perform its obligations. The Cash Manager shall additionally perform certain calculations required under the Transaction Documents necessary for the determination and payment of the various cash flows and shall be responsible for applying such payments in accordance with the Priority of Payments and the Transaction Documents.

Pursuant to the Cash Management Agreement, the Cash Manager will provide, among other things, the following cash management services to the Issuer:

- (a) determining such amounts as are expressed to be calculations and determinations made by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Conditions of the Notes; and
- (b) determining the amounts of Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts to be applied on each Interest Payment Date and applying or causing to be applied Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments set out in the Cash Management Agreement or, as applicable, the Deed of Charge.

The Cash Manager will maintain the following ledgers on the Transaction Account:

- (a) the "**Revenue Deficiency Ledger**", which records Remaining Revenue Deficiencies in respect of an Interest Payment Date and the application of Available Principal Receipts to make up Remaining Revenue Deficiencies;
- (b) the "Liquidity Reserve Ledger", which records all payments to and withdrawals from the Liquidity Reserve;
- (c) the "**Principal Deficiency Ledger**" (and sub-ledgers) which records losses arising from Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables and Voluntarily Terminated Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (d) the "Issuer Retained Profit Ledger" which records (i) as a credit all amounts retained as Issuer Profit Amount in accordance with item (e) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments or item (j) of the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments, as the case may be; and (ii) as a debit any amount used to discharge any tax liability of the Issuer (up to the credit balance standing to the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger) and (after payment of such tax) dividends (if any);
- (e) the "Interest Rate Swap Ledger", which records all payments made between the Issuer and the Swap Counterparty;
- (f) the "Replenishment Ledger", which records as a credit on each Interest Payment Date falling in the Revolving Period all Available Principal Receipts not applied by the Issuer on an Interest Payment Date to purchase Additional Portfolios and as a debit on any Business Day (that is not an Interest Payment Date) any amounts standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger applied as Additional Portfolio Purchase Price; and
- (g) the "**Start-up Costs Ledger**", which records, as a credit, the Start-up Costs Proceeds and any other amount drawn under the Subordinated Loan for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation and, as a debit, the application of amounts standing to the credit of the Start-up Costs Ledger in or towards payment of those fees and expenses, and, on the first Interest Payment Date falling after the period of four months following the Closing Date, the application of any amounts standing to the credit of the Start-up Costs Ledger, that are not required to be applied to make payments in respect of any such fees and expenses, as Available Revenue Receipts.

See further the section entitled "Cash Management" below.

Under the terms of the Cash Management Agreement, prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, the Cash Manager (as directed by the Seller) on any Business Day will be permitted to make the following withdrawals (each a "**Permitted Withdrawal**"):

- (i) Excess Recoveries Amount; and
- (ii) Excluded VAT Receivables Amount,

in the case of (ii), to the extent not previously deducted from Collections and **provided that**, any such withdrawals shall (i) in any Calculation Period only be made up to a maximum amount equal to the Revenue Receipts received in such Calculation Period, (ii) be deemed to be made prior to administration of the applicable Priority of Payments and (iii) for the avoidance of doubt, shall not be included as Available Revenue Receipts.

Investor Report

The Cash Manager shall, on and from the month in which the first Interest Payment Date falls (and **provided that** the Servicer has delivered the Servicer Report by no later than the date falling two Business Days prior to each Calculation Date) make available electronically, through its website, an Investor Report by no later than each Interest Payment Date to the Issuer, the Servicer, the Trustee, the Rating Agencies and Bloomberg, and the Servicer will make the Investor Report available on the Securitisation Repository Website.

In addition, the Issuer, as the entity designated pursuant to Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation to fulfil the UK Transparency Requirements, will appoint the Cash Manager to prepare investor reports in accordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the UK Securitisation Regulation. The Issuer will also appoint the Cash Manager to prepare investor reports in accordance with Article 7(1)(e) of the UK Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only).

Accordingly, the Cash Manager will, on behalf, and at the expense, of the Issuer and in consultation with the Servicer, on each Interest Payment Date, render a UK Securitisation Regulation Investor Report and an EU Securitisation Regulation Investor Report, in each case, prepared and determined as of the Calculation Date immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date. The Cash Manager will send each Securitisation Regulation Investor Report to the Servicer on the relevant Interest Payment Date, to be made available by the Servicer, in the case of an UK Securitisation Regulation Investor Report, to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the UK Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, potential investors and, in the case of an EU Securitisation Regulation Investor Report, to the Noteholders and, upon request, potential investors, in each case, via the Securitisation Repository Website appointed from time to time.

Termination of appointment of Cash Manager

The Issuer may terminate the appointment of the Cash Manager under the Cash Management Agreement upon the occurrence of a Cash Manager Termination Event. A "**Cash Manager Termination Event**" means the occurrence of any one of the following events:

- (a) default is made by the Cash Manager in the payment, on the due date, of any payment due and payable by it under the Cash Management Agreement and such default (where capable of remedy) continues unremedied for a period of five Business Days after the earlier of the Cash Manager becoming aware of such default and receipt by the Cash Manager of written notice from the Issuer or the Trustee, as the case may be, requiring the same to be remedied; or
- (b) default is made by the Cash Manager in the performance or observance of any of its other covenants and obligations under the Cash Management Agreement, which in the opinion of the Trustee is materially prejudicial to the interests of the Secured Creditors and such default continues unremedied for a period of 30 Business Days after the earlier of the Cash Manager becoming aware of such default (where capable of remedy) and receipt by the Cash Manager of written notice from the Issuer or the Trustee, as applicable, requiring the same to be remedied (where capable of remedy); or
- (c) it is or will become unlawful for the Cash Manager to perform or comply with any of its obligations under the Cash Management Agreement; or
- (d) an Insolvency Event occurs in relation to the Cash Manager.

No termination or resignation of the Cash Manager will be effective until (i) the Issuer has appointed a new cash manager (the "**Replacement Cash Manager**") and (ii) a Rating Agency Confirmation is received by the Issuer confirming that such termination or resignation will not cause the then current ratings of the Rated Notes to be downgraded, withdrawn or qualified. In accordance with the terms of the Cash Management Agreement, any Replacement Cash Manager, must:

- (a) in the reasonable opinion of the Issuer have experience of cash management in relation to auto finance agreements in England and Wales, Northern Ireland and Scotland; and
- (b) enter into an agreement on substantially similar terms as the relevant provisions of this Agreement, provided that (A) where the Issuer determines that it is not practicable, taking into account the then prevailing market conditions, to agree terms substantially similar to those set out in the Cash Management Agreement, the Issuer shall have certified in writing to the Trustee (upon which certificate the Trustee shall be entitled to rely absolutely and without further enquiry or liability) that, to the extent the terms are not substantially similar to those set out in the Cash Management Agreement as aforementioned, such terms are fair and commercial terms taking into account the then prevailing current market conditions, which certificate shall be conclusive and binding on all parties and (B) the Trustee shall not be obliged to enter into any such arrangements which, in the sole opinion of the Trustee would have the effect of (a) exposing the Trustee to any liability against

which it has not been indemnified and/or secured and/or pre-funded to its satisfaction or (b) increasing the obligations or duties, or decreasing the rights, powers, authorities, indemnification or protections, of the Security in the Transaction Documents;

The Trustee shall give its consent to the termination of the appointment of the Cash Manager and shall give its consent to the appointment of a Replacement Cash Manager, where the Replacement Cash Manager satisfies the criteria set out in paragraphs (a) and (b) above.

The Cash Manager may also resign its appointment on no less than 90 calendar days' written notice to the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer and the Trustee with a copy being sent to the Rating Agencies. No termination or resignation of the Cash Manager may take effect until (i) a Replacement Cash Manager has been appointed in its place and (ii) a Rating Agency Confirmation is received by the Issuer confirming that such termination or resignation will not cause the then current ratings of the Rated Notes to be downgraded, withdrawn or qualified.

Where no suitable entity is found that satisfies the criteria set out above, the Trustee and the Issuer may consent to the appointment of an entity as Replacement Cash Manager, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld where the Trustee has been directed to do so by an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the Most Senior Class of Notes.

The Cash Manager has undertaken to indemnify the Issuer against any Liability suffered or incurred by any such party as a direct result of fraud, gross negligence or wilful default of the Cash Manager in performing any obligation under the Cash Management Agreement and under the other Transaction Documents to which the Cash Manager is a party (in its capacity as such). In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Cash Management Cash Manager cannot be found or appointed in accordance with the terms of the Cash Management Agreement.

In accordance with the terms of the Cash Management Agreement, the Issuer will pay to the Cash Manager for its services a cash management fee as set out in a fee letter dated on or about the Closing Date between the Issuer and the Cash Manager.

Governing Law

The Cash Management Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English law.

Swap Agreement

On or prior to the Closing Date, the Issuer will enter into one or more fixed/floating interest rate swap transactions with the Swap Counterparty, each under an International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc. 1992 Master Agreement, in order to address certain risks arising as a result of the interest rate mismatch between the fixed rate of interest payable under the Contracts (and therefore received by the Issuer in respect of the Purchased Receivables) and the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer under the Rated Notes.

For a more detailed description of the terms of the Swap Agreement, see the section headed "*Credit Structure, Liquidity and Hedging*" and the paragraph headed "*Interest Rate Risk*" in the section headed "*Risk Factors*".

The Swap Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection therewith shall be governed by English law.

Trust Deed

The Notes will be constituted pursuant to the Trust Deed to be entered into on the Closing Date between the Issuer and the Trustee.

Citicorp Trustee Company Limited will agree to act as Trustee subject to the conditions contained in the Trust Deed. The Trust Deed will contain provisions requiring the Trustee to have regard to the interests of the holders of all Classes of Notes issued by the Issuer unless in the Trustee's opinion there is a conflict between the interests of the holders of the different Classes of Notes, in which case the Trustee will be

required to have regard only to the interests of the holders of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding.

The Trust Deed will contain provisions governing the responsibility (and relief from responsibility) of the Trustee and providing for its indemnification in certain circumstances.

The Noteholders holding the Most Senior Class of Notes may by Extraordinary Resolution remove the Trustee by giving not less than 60 days' prior written notice to the Issuer and the Trustee provided a replacement is appointed pursuant to the Trust Deed.

In addition, the Trustee shall then only be bound to take any action at the direction of the Noteholders if it shall be indemnified and/or pre-funded and/or secured to its satisfaction against all liabilities to which it may render itself liable or which it may incur by so doing. Under no circumstances is the Trustee required to use its own funds in relation to expenses incurred in connection with the Trust Deed.

In accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed, the Issuer will pay a fee to the Trustee for its services under the Trust Deed at the rate and times agreed (and as amended from time to time) between the Issuer and the Trustee together with payment of any liabilities incurred by the Trustee in relation to the Trustee's performance of its obligations under the Trust Deed.

The Terms and Conditions of the Notes, including a summary of the provisions regarding Meetings of the Noteholders, are reproduced in full in the section headed "*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*".

The Trust Deed and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English law.

Deed of Charge

On the Closing Date, the Issuer, the Trustee and the Secured Creditors among others will enter into the Deed of Charge.

Security

Pursuant to the Deed of Charge, to secure the Secured Liabilities, the Issuer will create security in favour of the Trustee for it and the other Secured Creditors as follows:

- (a) a charge by way of first fixed charge over all of the Issuer's right, title, interest and benefit, present and future, in, to, under and pursuant to the Purchased Receivables and their Related Rights, in and to all monies, rights, powers and property distributed or derived from, or accrued in or related to the Issuer's interest in the Purchased Receivables, and all of its powers relative thereto;
- (b) each assignation in security of the Issuer's interest in the Scottish Receivables (comprising the Issuer's beneficial interest under the trust declared by the Seller pursuant to the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust and (as applicable) the Issuer's interest under the Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge) (each such assignation to be constituted pursuant to each Scottish Supplemental Charge entered into by the Issuer in favour of the Trustee pursuant to the Deed of Charge);
- (c) an assignment by way of security of (or, to the extent not assignable, charges by way of a first fixed charge over) the benefit of the Issuer's right, title, benefit and interest present and future in the Charged Documents;
- (d) a first fixed charge over all of the Issuer's right title benefit and interest present and future in the property held in the Collection Account Declaration of Trust;
- (e) an assignment by way of security of (or, to the extent not assignable, charges by way of a first fixed charge over) the Issuer's rights in respect of any amount standing from time to time to the credit of the Issuer Bank Accounts, all interest paid or payable in relation to those amounts and the debts represented thereby (which, in the case of a fixed charge, may take effect as a floating charge and so rank behind the claims of any preferential creditors of the Issuer);

- (f) a first floating charge over all of the present and future property, assets and undertakings of the Issuer not subject to the fixed charges or assignments by way of security described above (but excepting from the foregoing exclusion all of the Issuer's property, assets and undertaking situated in Scotland or the rights to which are governed by Scots law, all of which are charged by way of floating charge); and
- (g) a first fixed charge over all of the Issuer's rights in respect of (i) the Authorised Investments made or purchased from time to time by or on behalf of the Issuer (whether owned by the Issuer or held by any nominee on the Issuer's behalf) and (ii) all interest moneys and proceeds paid or payable in relation to those Authorised Investments,

together, the "Charged Property".

The Trustee will hold the benefit of the Charged Property, together with the covenants and undertakings given to it as Trustee under the Transaction Documents, on trust for the Secured Creditors to secure the Secured Liabilities.

Notwithstanding the security granted over the Issuer Bank Accounts, the Issuer and the Cash Manager are (prior to service of a Note Acceleration Notice) permitted to make payments out of such accounts for the purposes, among other things, of making payments and transfers in accordance with the Deed of Charge, the Cash Management Agreement and the Agency Agreement, and, prior to service of a Note Acceleration Notice, to make payments to third parties when these fall due. See further the paragraph headed "*Fixed charges may take effect under English law as floating charges*" in the section headed "*Risk Factors*".

Rights over the Proceeds

In the event that the security over the Charged Property becomes enforceable, the Issuer has granted the Trustee the right to direct the Issuer as to how to deal with the Charged Property, but no provision of the Deed of Charge or any Scottish Supplemental Charge requires automatic liquidation of the Purchased Receivables.

The Secured Creditors will have no right of set-off.

Priority of Payments

The Priority of Payments, indicating the order in which payments should be made from funds available to the Issuer, are set out in full in the Cash Management Agreement and the Deed of Charge. Prior to service of a Note Acceleration Notice, Available Revenue Receipts are used in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments and Available Principal Receipts are used in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments. Following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, the Post-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments will apply.

No other Enforcement Rights

Under the terms of the Deed of Charge, the Issuer will undertake, following the occurrence of an Event of Default, to comply with all directions of the Trustee in relation to the management and administration of the Charged Property. The Issuer will also grant irrevocable powers of attorney under English law in favour of the Trustee to empower the Trustee to take such action in the name of the Issuer as the Trustee may deem necessary to protect the interests of Secured Creditors in respect of the Charged Property.

At any time after the Notes shall have become due and repayable and the Security therefore shall have become enforceable, no Noteholder or any other Secured Creditor will be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer to enforce the Security unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails or is unable to do so within a 60-day period of becoming so bound and such failure or inability is continuing. The Trustee will not be able to enforce the Security at the request of any Secured Creditor other than the Noteholders, pursuant to a request in writing from the holders of at least one-fifth in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes or an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Notes.

The Notes are limited recourse obligations of the Issuer and, if, after the distribution of all the Issuer's assets, there are amounts that are not paid in full, any amounts outstanding will be deemed to be discharged

in full and any payment rights are deemed to cease as described in more detail in Condition 10 (*Enforcement*).

Governing Law

The Deed of Charge and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English law (other than any Scottish Supplemental Charge referred to above or any terms particular to the laws of Scotland which will be governed by and construed in accordance with Scots law or any terms particular to the laws of Northern Ireland, which shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Northern Irish law).

Corporate Services Agreement

On the Closing Date, the Issuer, Holdings, the Share Trustee and the Trustee will enter into the Corporate Services Agreement with the Corporate Services Provider under which the Corporate Services Provider will agree to provide certain corporate administration services to the Issuer and Holdings. In return for the services provided, the Corporate Services Provider will receive a fee (together with VAT thereon) paid annually in advance in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

The Corporate Services Provider may resign its appointment upon not less than 30 days' written notice to each of the parties to the Corporate Services Agreement, provided that:

- (a) if such resignation would otherwise take effect less than 30 days before or after the Final Maturity Date or any other date for redemption of the Notes or any Interest Payment Date in relation to the Notes, it shall not take effect until the thirtieth day following such date; and
- (b) no resignation by or termination or revocation of the appointment of the Corporate Services Provider shall take effect until a successor has been duly appointed in accordance with the Corporate Services Agreement.

The Issuer or Holdings may (with the prior written approval of the Trustee) revoke its appointment of the Corporate Services Provider by not less than 30 days' notice to the Corporate Services Provider (with a copy to the Trustee).

In addition, the appointment of the Corporate Services Provider shall terminate forthwith if:

- (i) in the reasonable opinion of the Issuer or Holdings, the Corporate Services Provider becomes incapable of acting;
- (ii) a default is made by the Corporate Services Provider in the performance or observance of any of its covenants and obligations under the Corporate Services Agreement; or
- (iii) an Insolvency Event occurs in relation to the Corporate Services Provider.

If the appointment of the Corporate Services Provider is terminated, the Issuer or Holdings undertakes that it will forthwith appoint a successor provided that the Servicer certifies that in its opinion such appointment will not affect the ratings of the Rated Notes.

The Corporate Services Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English law.

Subordinated Loan Agreement

Close Brothers Limited as Subordinated Loan Provider will make available to the Issuer under the Subordinated Loan Agreement the Subordinated Loan. An advance will be made to the Issuer on the Closing Date in an amount equal to the sum of the Start-up Costs Proceeds and the Liquidity Reserve Proceeds.

The Start-up Costs Proceeds will be an amount equal to $\pounds 100,000$ advanced for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation.

The Subordinated Loan Provider may, on any Business Day during the period from, and including, the Closing Date to, but excluding, the Calculation Date falling immediately prior to the first Interest Payment Date falling after the period of four months following the Closing Date, advance to the Issuer any further amount for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation.

The Liquidity Reserve Proceeds will be an amount equal to 1.5 per cent. of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the aggregate of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes as at the Closing Date and shall be used to establish the Liquidity Reserve in an amount equal to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount on the Closing Date.

The Subordinated Loan will be repayable on each Interest Payment Date subject to, and in accordance with, the applicable Priority of Payments.

The Issuer's obligations under the Subordinated Loan Agreement will be secured by the Deed of Charge but rank behind the claims of the Noteholders.

The Subordinated Loan Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English law.

For further information on the Subordinated Loan and the Liquidity Reserve, see the section headed "*Credit Structure, Liquidity and Hedging*".

USE OF PROCEEDS

The proceeds of the issue of the Notes will be £725,870,000.

On the Closing Date, the Issuer will pay to the Seller the aggregate Initial Purchase Price calculated on or around the Closing Date for the Purchased Receivables on the Closing Date. Any surplus of the proceeds of the issue of the Notes over the Initial Purchase Price will be applied on the first Interest Payment Date as Available Principal Receipts.

The Start-up Costs Proceeds advanced under the Subordinated Loan and any further amount advanced under the Subordinated Loan for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation will, to the extent necessary, be applied towards payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation.

The Liquidity Reserve Proceeds advanced under the Subordinated Loan will be deposited in the Transaction Account and used to establish the Liquidity Reserve in an amount equal to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount.

THE PROVISIONAL PORTFOLIO

General

Information contained in this section is based on the Provisional Portfolio as at 31 August 2023 (the "**Provisional Cut-Off Date**").

The Portfolio will be comprised of Receivables selected randomly from Eligible Receivables originated by the Seller and purchased by the Issuer on the Closing Date and on any Additional Portfolio Purchase Date. The Receivables in the Initial Portfolio to be purchased by the Issuer on the Closing Date will be Receivables selected from the Provisional Portfolio. All Receivables in the Portfolio are derived from the Contracts.

The Purchased Receivables which comprise the Portfolio will be purchased (and, as applicable, held under the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust) by the Issuer from Close Brothers Limited as Seller pursuant to the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement to be entered into on the Closing Date.

The Receivables

The Receivables are comprised of amounts due under the Contracts (and therefore do not include any transferable securities or securitisation positions). The Contracts are full recourse auto leases entered into by retail customers and small businesses/commercial customers that are resident in England, Scotland or Northern Ireland, and do not include restructured debts. The Contracts are available for both new and used vehicles.

The Receivables arise under three types of Contracts:

Conditional Sale Contracts

These agreements generally require the Obligor to make equal monthly payments which fully amortise the amount financed (typically the repayment period varies between 12 and 61 months) and a deposit payment may be made by an Obligor. An acceptance fee is payable, which may be payable on the first monthly payment date or alternatively may be spread across the term of the agreement. A title transfer fee is also payable, which may be payable on the final monthly payment date or alternatively may be spread across the term of the agreement. A title transfer fee is also payable, which may be payable on the final monthly payment date or alternatively may be spread across the term of the agreement. Title to the Vehicle passes to the Obligor once all payments (including the title transfer fee) have been made in full. The Obligor is required to insure the Vehicle for its replacement value and against liability to others for loss or damage.

Hire Purchase Contracts (other than PCP Contracts)

The Hire Purchase Contracts (other than PCP Contracts) carry a fixed rate of return and are typically amortised in equal monthly instalments over the repayment period, which varies between 12 and 61 months. A deposit payment may be made by an Obligor. An acceptance fee is payable, which may be payable on the first monthly payment date or alternatively may be spread across the term of the agreement. The Obligor is the registered keeper of the Vehicle, although Close Brothers Limited remains the owner unless and until the Obligor exercises its option to purchase the Vehicle (and makes payment of the option fee). Certain of the Hire Purchase Contracts (other than the PCP Contracts) incorporate a final balloon payment. The Obligor is required to insure the Vehicle for its replacement value and against liability to others for loss or damage. The Obligor may be required to provide a guarantee and indemnity for its obligations under such Contract. The Hire Purchase Contracts (other than PCP Contracts) are only offered to Obligors that are not individuals and are therefore unregulated.

Hire Purchase Contracts (PCP Contracts)

PCP Contracts carry a fixed rate of return and are amortised over the repayment period of up to 49 months, so that the Obligor has the right to (a) pay the option fee, make a final balloon payment and take title of the Vehicle or (b) return the Vehicle financed under such PCP Contract to the Seller in lieu of making such final balloon payment. An acceptance fee is payable, which may be payable on the first monthly payment date or spread across the terms of the agreement. These contracts apply Obligor payments to reduce the amount financed on the basis of generally equal monthly payments of interest and principal and, in the event that the relevant Obligor opts to keep the Vehicle at the end of the contract term, a final balloon payment for all amounts due at the end of the contract term. The Obligor is required to insure the Vehicle

for its replacement value and against liability to others for loss or damage. The Initial Purchase Price or Additional Portfolio Purchase Price (as applicable) as calculated includes any such balloon payments under PCP Contracts and any balloon payments received will be paid to the Transaction Account in accordance with the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement. The total Outstanding Principal Balance of Purchased Receivables arising under a PCP Contract as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date is £64,312,263.31 (8.05 per cent. of the Provisional Portfolio by aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date) of which the balloon payment element accounts for 4.94 per cent. of the Initial Portfolio by aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance as of the Provisional Cut-Off Date.

The options available to the Obligor and the resulting implications for the Transaction are more particularly described as follows:

Option (a)

The Obligor may opt to pay the balloon payment, upon receipt of which title to the related Vehicle will pass to Obligor. The Obligor may finance the payment of the balloon payment by selling the Vehicle to a dealer (other than the relevant Dealer) for a price which is no less than the Guaranteed Future Value. The sale proceeds will be paid towards the total amount due under the PCP Contract (including the balloon payment). If the value of the Vehicle is greater than the Guaranteed Future Value, the Obligor can use these funds (consisting in the excess of the sale price over the relevant guaranteed amount) toward the purchase of a new vehicle. In addition, the Obligor may finance the payment of the balloon payment by trading in the related Vehicle against the purchase of a new vehicle from the relevant Dealer. The dealer will value the Vehicle, the minimum required valuation being the Guaranteed Future Value plus an amount equal to the option fee (the "**GMFV**") and the GMFV will then be used towards settling the remaining balance under the PCP Contract. If the Vehicle is valued at a greater sum than the GMFV the Obligor can use these funds (consisting in the excess of the sale price over the relevant guaranteed amount) towards the purchase of a new vehicle from the relevant balance under the PCP Contract. If the Vehicle is valued at a greater sum than the GMFV the Obligor can use these funds (consisting in the excess of the sale price over the relevant guaranteed amount) towards the purchase of a new vehicle from the relevant Dealer.

Option (b)

The Obligor may opt to return the related Vehicle to the Seller instead of paying the balloon payment. In this case, Close Brothers Limited is under an obligation pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement to sell the Vehicle and to remit the proceeds of such sale to the Issuer.

Any balloon payments will form part of the Collections received by the Servicer on behalf of the Issuer.

The Obligor is the registered keeper of the Vehicle, although Close Brothers Limited remains the owner unless and until the Obligor exercises its option to purchase the Vehicle.

The Initial Purchased Receivables

Under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Seller will assign and transfer (and, as applicable, hold under the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust) to the Issuer on the Closing Date certain Receivables and their Related Rights. Those Receivables will be randomly selected from Receivables in the Provisional Portfolio and will have an aggregate principal balance of \pounds 725,869,935.06 as at the Initial Cut-off Date.

Representations and warranties in respect of the Portfolio

None of the Issuer or the Trustee has undertaken or will undertake any investigation to verify the details of the Purchased Receivables and each will rely solely on the representations and warranties given by the Seller to the Issuer pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement. Pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement. Pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Seller will make certain representations and warranties to the Issuer regarding, among other things, its status and the validity of the Purchased Receivables and the Related Contracts. Such representations and warranties will be given to the Issuer on the Closing Date and each Additional Portfolio Purchase Date (as applicable) and in respect of Receivables Warranty (f), the date on which any Variation is agreed by the Servicer in respect of a Purchased Receivable.

For more detailed information on the representations and warranties in respect of the Portfolio please refer to the Section headed "*Overview of the Transaction Documents*".

Environmental performance

The administrative records of the Seller do not contain the information related to the environmental performance of the Receivables to be made available pursuant to Article 7(1)(a) of the UK Securitisation Regulation and, as such, there is no available information to be published related to the environmental performance of the Receivables pursuant to Article 22(4) of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

Historical Information

The following statistical information is given in relation to the Provisional Portfolio as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date.

The historical, financial and other information set out below, including information in respect of collection rates, represents the historical experience of the Seller. The part of the Portfolio sold to the Issuer on the Closing Date will comprise the Provisional Portfolio. There can be no assurance that the future experience and performance of the Portfolio of the Seller and Servicer of the Portfolio will be similar to the experience shown in this section.

Summary of Provisional Portfolio (as of the Provisional Cut-Off Date)

Number of Contracts	121,240
Total Current Outstanding Balance (£)	798,941,469.35
Average Current Outstanding Principal Balance (£)	6,589.75
Minimum Current Outstanding Principal Balance (£)	89.97
Maximum Current Outstanding Principal Balance (£)	76,266.26
Minimum APR (%)	4.10
Maximum APR (%)	30.00
Weighted Average APR (%)	14.68
Minimum Original Term (months)	12
Maximum Original Term (months)	60
Weighted Average Original Term (months)	53.59
Weighted Average Remaining Term (months)	39.06

Table 1: Distribution by type of Contract – New and Used

			Current	
	Number of	Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
New and Used	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
New Car	144	0.12	1,569,628.57	0.20
New LCV	421	0.35	4,760,251.97	0.60
New Motorcycles	490	0.40	1,522,457.41	0.19
Used Car	84,276	69.51	558,129,281.65	69.86
Used LCV	27,536	22.71	199,535,615.81	24.97
Used Motorcycles	8,373	6.91	33,424,233.94	4.18
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
New	1,055	0.87%	7,852,337.95	0.98%
Used	120,185	99.13%	791,089,131.40	99.02%
Total	121,240	100.00%	798,941,469.35	100.00%

Table 2: Distribution by Vehicle Type

Vehicle type	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
Motor Cars	84,420	69.63%	559,698,910.22	70.06%
LCV	27,957	23.06%	204,295,867.78	25.57%
Motorcycles	8,863	7.31%	34,946,691.35	4.37%
	121,240	100.00%	798,941,469.35	100.00%

Table 3: Distribution by Vehicle Fuel Type

Vehicle Fuel Type	Number of Contracts	% Distribution by Number	Current Outstanding Balance	% Distribution by Balance
Diesel	76,381	63.00	532,107,446.15	66.60
Petrol	42,355	34.93	238,630,526.80	29.87
Electric	126	0.10	1,850,905.57	0.23
Hybrid	2,378	1.96	26,352,590.83	3.30
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00

Table 4: Distribution by Product

Product	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribut ion by Balance (%)	Outstanding Balloon Balance (£)	Balloon Percentage of Total (%)
Hire Purchase	116,898	96.42	734,629,206.04	91.95	-	0.00%
PCP	4,342	3.58	64,312,263.31	8.05	39,429,547.88	4.94%
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00	39,429,547.88	4.94%

Table 5: Distribution by Original Balance

Size by Original Balance (£)	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
$0.00 \le X < 5,000.00$	26,026.00	21.47	64,152,581.95	8.03
$5,000.00 \le X < 10,000.00$	51,126.00	42.17	251,614,450.06	31.49
$10,000.00 \le X < 15,000.00 \dots$	27,623.00	22.78	233,718,885.29	29.25
$15,000.00 \le X < 20,000.00$	10,352.00	8.54	125,504,243.19	15.71
$20,000.00 \le X < 25,000.00 \dots$	3,506.00	2.89	57,220,962.51	7.16
$25,000.00 \le X < 30,000.00$	1,296.00	1.07	26,775,796.29	3.35
$30,000.00 \le X < 35,000.00 \dots$	600.00	0.49	14,571,178.32	1.82
$35,000.00 \le X < 40,000.00$	278.00	0.23	8,000,314.60	1.00
$40,000.00 \le X < 45,000.00$	168.00	0.14	5,607,390.40	0.70
$45,000.00 \le X < 50,000.00$	97.00	0.08	3,805,365.14	0.48
$50,000.00 \le X < 55,000.00$	62.00	0.05	2,541,599.00	0.32
$55,000.00 \le X \le 60,000.00$	35.00	0.03	1,704,315.93	0.21
$60,000.00 \le X \le 65,000.00$	26.00	0.02	1,275,570.63	0.16
$65,000.00 \le X < 70,000.00$	20.00	0.02	1,132,792.18	0.14
$70,000.00 \le X < 75,000.00 \dots$	13.00	0.01	645,035.37	0.08
$75,000.00 \le X < 80,000.00$	12.00	0.01	670,988.49	0.08
Total	121,240.00	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Minimum Maximum Average	£1,000.00 £79,999.00 £9,431.32			

Table 6: Distribution by Current Outstanding Balance

			Current	
Size by Current Outstanding	Number of	Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
Balance (£)	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
$0.00 \le X < 5,000.00$	56,918.00	46.95	160,893,445.78	20.14
$5,000.00 \le X \le 10,000.00$	40,950.00	33.78	292,746,585.30	36.64
$10,000.00 \le X < 15,000.00$	16,316.00	13.46	197,199,393.90	24.68
$15,000.00 \le X \le 20,000.00$	4,223.00	3.48	72,052,776.37	9.02
$20,000.00 \le X \le 25,000.00$	1,622.00	1.34	35,873,527.12	4.49
$25,000.00 \le X < 30,000.00$	596.00	0.49	16,175,300.25	2.02
$30,000.00 \le X < 35,000.00$	273.00	0.23	8,781,315.71	1.10
$35,000.00 \le X \le 40,000.00$	143.00	0.12	5,320,079.98	0.67
$40,000.00 \le X < 45,000.00$	65.00	0.05	2,745,831.21	0.34
$45,000.00 \le X \le 50,000.00$	55.00	0.05	2,585,691.16	0.32
$50,000.00 \le X < 55,000.00$	33.00	0.03	1,729,415.87	0.22
$55,000.00 \le X \le 60,000.00$	24.00	0.02	1,382,716.93	0.17
$60,000.00 \le X < 65,000.00$	10.00	0.01	632,833.04	0.08

Size by Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
$65,000.00 \le X < 70,000.00$	9.00	0.01	603,591.36	0.08
$70,000.00 \le X < 75,000.00 \dots$	2.00	0.00	142,699.11	0.02
$75,000.00 \le X < 80,000.00$	1.00	0.00	76,266.26	0.01
Total	121,240.00	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Minimum	£89.97			
Maximum	£76,266.26			
Average	£6,589.75			

Table 7: Distribution by Original Loan to Value

	Number of	Distribution by	Current Outstanding	Distribution by
Original Loan to Value	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
$0.00\% \le X < 10.00\%$	1.00	0.00%	£1,578.44	0.00%
$10.00\% \le X < 20.00\%$	150.00	0.12%	£399,810.66	0.05%
$20.00\% \le X < 30.00\%$	741.00	0.61%	£2,356,126.78	0.29%
$30.00\% \le X < 40.00\%$	1,983.00	1.64%	£8,060,326.92	1.01%
$40.00\% \le X < 50.00\%$	4,121.00	3.40%	£18,776,998.01	2.35%
$50.00\% \le X < 60.00\%$	7,223.00	5.96%	£38,604,424.21	4.83%
$60.00\% \le X < 70.00\%$	11,164.00	9.21%	£67,776,038.88	8.48%
$70.00\% \le X < 80.00\%$	18,317.00	15.11%	£124,097,201.59	15.53%
$80.00\% \le X < 90.00\%$	37,600.00	31.01%	£271,340,461.98	33.96%
$90.00\% \le X < 100.00\%$	36,042.00	29.73%	£241,432,656.49	30.22%
100.00%	3,898.00	3.22%	£26,095,845.39	3.27%
Total	121,240.00	100%	£798,941,469.35	100%
Minimum	9.88%			
Maximum	100.00%			

Maximum	100.00%
Weighted Average	82.15%

Table 8: Distribution by APR

APR	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
$0.00\% \le X < 2.50\%$	-	0.00	-	0.00
$2.50\% \le X < 5.00\%$	32.00	0.03	343,444.77	0.04
$5.00\% \le X < 7.50\%$	1,288.00	1.06	13,607,321.80	1.70
$7.50\% \le X < 10.00\%$	10,042.00	8.28	80,821,265.68	10.12
$10.00\% \le X < 12.50\%$	17,192.00	14.18	132,159,777.79	16.54
$12.50\% \le X < 15.00\%$	30,248.00	24.95	214,639,447.80	26.87
$15.00\% \le X < 17.50\%$	28,037.00	23.13	178,289,032.28	22.32
$17.50\% \le X < 20.00\%$	20,454.00	16.87	120,756,520.91	15.11
$20.00\% \le X < 22.50\%$	8,214.00	6.77	39,567,198.87	4.95
$22.50\% \le X < 25.00\%$	3,608.00	2.98	13,363,505.57	1.67
$25.00\% \le X \le 27.50\%$	1,392.00	1.15	3,758,150.04	0.47
$27.50\% \le X < 30.00\%$	709.00	0.58	1,591,711.47	0.20
$30.00\% \le X < 32.50\%$	24.00	0.02	44,092.37	0.01
Total	121,240.00	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Minimum	4.10%			

Minimum	4.10%
Maximum	30.00%
Weighted Average	14.68%

Table 9: Distribution by Contract Yield

			Current	
	Number of	Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
Contract Yield	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
$0.00\% \le X < 2.50\%$	59.00	0.05	328,552.08	0.04
$2.50\% \le X \le 5.00\%$	178.00	0.15	1,030,403.44	0.13
$5.00\% \le X < 7.50\%$	2,891.00	2.38	23,442,498.23	2.93
$7.50\% \le X < 10.00\%$	17,544.00	14.47	115,821,076.95	14.50
$10.00\% \le X < 12.50\%$	30,564.00	25.21	191,852,832.44	24.01
$12.50\% \le X < 15.00\%$	32,896.00	27.13	222,825,835.53	27.89
$15.00\% \le X < 17.50\%$	22,763.00	18.78	154,422,096.74	19.33
$17.50\% \le X \le 20.00\%$	11,831.00	9.76	74,599,046.20	9.34
$20.00\% \le X < 22.50\%$	1,970.00	1.62	11,918,301.05	1.49
$22.50\% \le X < 25.00\%$	544.00	0.45	2,700,826.69	0.34
$25.00\% \le X < 27.50\%$	-	0.00	-	0.00
$27.50\% \le X < 30.00\%$	-	0.00	-	0.00
30%	-	0.00	-	0.00
Total	121,240.00	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Minimum	0.03%			

 Maximum
 24.80%

 Weighted Average
 13.33%

Table 10: Distribution by Customer Type

Customer Type	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
Individual	111,178.00	91.70	713,175,431.35	89.27
Corporate	10,062.00	8.30	85,766,038.00	10.73
Total	121,240.00	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00

Table 11: Distribution by Geographical Region

Region	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
North East (England)	4,827.00	3.98	29,523,475.08	3.70
North West (England)	12,056.00	9.94	78,254,199.37	9.79
Yorkshire and The Humber	9,943.00	8.20	62,396,082.84	7.81
East Midlands (England)	9,571.00	7.89	58,741,587.11	7.35
West Midlands (England)	9,499.00	7.83	62,080,282.83	7.77
East of England	11,809.00	9.74	79,618,569.14	9.97
London	10,687.00	8.81	90,973,020.84	11.39
South East (England)	15,790.00	13.02	106,394,579.62	13.32
South West (England)	12,302.00	10.15	75,311,640.92	9.43
Wales	6,769.00	5.58	42,487,384.77	5.32
Scotland	8,044.00	6.63	52,864,556.08	6.62
Northern Ireland	9,943.00	8.20	60,296,090.75	7.55
Total	121,240.00	100	798,941,469.35	100

Table 12: Distribution by Year of Origination

Origination Date	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
2015	-	0.00	-	0.00
2016	-	0.00	-	0.00
2017	-	0.00	-	0.00
2018	619.00	0.51	447,605.54	0.06
2019	7,815.00	6.45	16,011,746.70	2.00
2020	17,040.00	14.05	58,675,626.78	7.34
2021	19,736.00	16.28	117,476,403.83	14.70
2022	42,408.00	34.98	324,377,443.81	40.60

			Current	
	Number of	Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
Origination Date	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
2023	33,622.00	27.73	281,952,642.69	35.29
Total	121,240.00	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00

Table 13: Distribution by Term at Origination

Original Term (months)	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
$0 \le X < 5$	-	0.00	-	0.00
$5 \le X < 10$	-	0.00	-	0.00
$10 \le X < 15$	91.00	0.08	261,521.82	0.03
$15 \le X < 20$	87.00	0.07	242,465.96	0.03
$20 \leq X < 25$	3,168.00	2.61	9,103,812.95	1.14
$25 \le X < 30$	92.00	0.08	332,501.34	0.04
$30 \le X < 35$	595.00	0.49	1,901,464.00	0.24
$35 \le X < 40$	17,042.00	14.06	72,146,772.77	9.03
$40 \le X < 45$	1,267.00	1.05	5,602,460.61	0.70
$45 \le X < 50$	37,207.00	30.69	238,130,673.22	29.81
$50 \le X < 55$	910.00	0.75	5,205,079.41	0.65
$55 \le X < 60$	335.00	0.28	2,098,044.07	0.26
60	60,446.00	49.86	463,916,673.20	58.07
Total	121,240.00	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Minimum	12.0			
Maximum	60.0			
Weighted Average	53.59			

Table 14: Distribution by Seasoning

			Current	
	Number of	Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
Seasoning (months)	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
$0 \le X < 7.5$	30,941	25.52%	£260,841,934.10	32.65%
$7.5 \le X < 15$	27,878	22.99%	£219,054,163.81	27.42%
$15 \le X < 22.5$	23,821	19.65%	£171,479,262.88	21.46%
$22.5 \le X < 30$	11,183	9.22%	£63,698,747.35	7.97%
$30 \le X < 37.5$	10,590	8.73%	£42,825,513.65	5.36%
$37.5 \le X < 45$	9,219	7.60%	£26,453,222.45	3.31%
$45 \le X < 52.5$	5,247	4.33%	£11,714,179.26	1.47%
$52.5 \le X < 60$	2,361	1.95%	£2,874,445.85	0.36%
60	0	0.00%	£-	0.00%
Total	121,240	100.00%	£798,941,469.35	100.00%
Minimum Maximum	2 months 58 months			
Weighted Average	15 months			

Table 15: Distribution by Remaining Term

Remaining Term (months)	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
$0 \le X < 5$	3,553	2.93	3,485,724.47	0.44
$5 \le X < 10$	7,322	6.04	13,169,884.49	1.65
$10 \le X < 15$	9,872	8.14	28,019,589.47	3.51
$15 \le X < 20$	8,391	6.92	31,673,300.21	3.96
$20 \le X < 25$	11,066	9.13	50,651,444.55	6.34
$25 \le X < 30$	11,243	9.27	66,146,875.21	8.28
$30 \le X < 35$	12,119	10.00	80,870,090.29	10.12
$35 \le X < 40$	12,059	9.95	96,321,852.52	12.06
$40 \le X < 45$	16,132	13.31	137,199,661.14	17.17
$45 \le X < 50$	10,441	8.61	98,814,971.95	12.37
$50 \le X < 55$	10,663	8.79	105,568,830.51	13.21

Remaining Term (months)	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
$55 \le X < 60$	8,379	6.91	87,019,244.54	10.89
60	-	0.00	-	0.00
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Minimum Maximum Weighted Average	2 58 39			

Table 16: HP Agreements – Distribution by Maturity Date

PCP Maturity Date Distribution	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
2023	2,284	1.95	1,537,000.57	0.21
2024	19,161	16.39	40,929,235.96	5.57
2025	23,571	20.16	101,578,765.69	13.83
2026	27,247	23.31	178,842,261.88	24.34
2027	29,138	24.93	253,904,730.12	34.56
2028	15,497	13.26	157,837,211.82	21.49
Total	116,898	100.00	734,629,206.04	100.00

Table 17: PCP Agreements – Distribution by Maturity Date

			Current	
PCP Maturity Date	Number of	Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
Distribution	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
2023	74	1.70	505,863.93	0.79
2024	833	19.18	7,364,384.68	11.45
2025	997	22.96	13,553,917.09	21.08
2026	1,595	36.73	27,172,595.50	42.25
2027	843	19.42	15,715,502.11	24.44
Total	4,342	100.00	64,312,263.31	100.00

Table 18: Distribution by Top 20 Corporate Obligors

Corporate Obligor	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
1	15	0.15%	154,378.59	0.18
2	11	0.11%	119,468.13	0.14
3	12	0.12%	99,942.24	0.12
4	2	0.02%	97,205.83	0.11
5	7	0.07%	93,899.44	0.11
6	6	0.06%	93,171.82	0.11
7	3	0.03%	80,536.86	0.09
8	7	0.07%	75,744.88	0.09
9	6	0.06%	73,286.88	0.09
10	7	0.07%	71,754.83	0.08
11	6	0.06%	70,649.29	0.08
12	1	0.01%	69,937.16	0.08
13	4	0.04%	69,514.74	0.08
14	5	0.05%	68,888.75	0.08
15	8	0.08%	67,713.20	0.08
16	3	0.03%	65,921.25	0.08
17	1	0.01%	65,820.44	0.08
18	7	0.07%	64,691.99	0.08
19	9	0.09%	64,466.42	0.08
20	2	0.02%	61,737.69	0.07
Other	9940	98.79%	84,137,307.57	98.10
Total	10062	100.00%	85,766,038.00	100.00

			Current	
	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number ⁽¹⁾ (%)	Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance ⁽²⁾ (%)
Top 1 Corporate Obligor	15	0.01	154,378.59	0.02
Top 5 Corporate Obligors	47	0.04	564,894.23	0.07
Top 10 Corporate Obligors	76	0.06	959,389.50	0.12
Top 20 Corporate Obligors	122	0.10	1,628,730.43	0.20

(1) Based on the total number of Contracts in the Provisional Portfolio as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date.

⁽²⁾ Based on the total Outstanding Principal Balance of the Provisional Portfolio as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date.

Table 19: Distribution by Top 20 Individual Obligors

			Current	
	Number of	Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
Individual Obligor	Contracts	Number (%)	Balance (£)	Balance (%)
1	1	0.001	76,266.26	0.011
2	1	0.001	71,360.73	0.010
3	1	0.001	71,338.38	0.010
4	1	0.001	69,797.03	0.010
5	1	0.001	68,462.34	0.010
6	2	0.002	68,360.06	0.010
7	1	0.001	66,387.49	0.009
8	1	0.001	66,122.16	0.009
9	1	0.001	65,932.82	0.009
10	1	0.001	65,605.62	0.009
11	1	0.001	65,526.30	0.009
12	4	0.004	64,245.66	0.009
13	1	0.001	64,202.46	0.009
14	1	0.001	64,143.31	0.009
15	1	0.001	64,020.63	0.009
16	1	0.001	63,708.74	0.009
17	1	0.001	63,618.30	0.009
18	1	0.001	63,577.97	0.009
19	1	0.001	62,872.56	0.009
20	1	0.001	62,848.30	0.009
Other	111,154	99.978	711,847,034.23	99.814
Total	111,178	100.000	713,175,431.35	100.000

	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number ⁽¹⁾ (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance ⁽²⁾ (%)
Top 1 Individual Obligor	1	0.001	76,266.26	0.010
Top 5 Individual Obligors	5	0.004	357,224.74	0.045
Top 10 Individual Obligors	11	0.009	689,632.89	0.086
Top 20 Individual Obligors	24	0.020	1,328,397.12	0.166

⁽¹⁾ Based on the total number of Contracts in the Provisional Portfolio as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date.

⁽²⁾ Based on the total Outstanding Principal Balance of the Provisional Portfolio as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date.

Table 20: Performing Loans

Arrears	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
Performing (0-1 in arrears)	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Delinquent receivables	-	0.00	-	0.00
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00

Table 21: Distribution by Payment Method

Payment Method	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
Direct Debit	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00

Table 22: Distribution by Channel of Origination

Channel of Origination	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
Dealer	111,902	92.30	739,577,842.91	92.57
Broker	9338	7.70	59,363,626.44	7.43
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00

Table 23: Distribution by CO2 Emissions

		Distribution by	Current	Distribution by
	Number of	Number	Outstanding	Balance
CO2 Emissions	Contracts	(%)	Balance (£)	(%)
0 emissions	126	0.10	1,850,905.57	0.23
$1 \leq X < 40$	89	0.07	1,275,842.50	0.16
$40 \le X < 80$	793	0.65	8,712,551.86	1.09
$80 \le X < 90$	967	0.80	6,394,808.52	0.80
$90 \le X < 100$	6,749	5.57	30,014,073.56	3.76
$100 \le X < 110$	9,738	8.03	53,403,109.47	6.68
$110 \le X < 120$	14,015	11.56	82,254,399.21	10.30
$120 \le X < 130$	13,507	11.14	79,884,446.38	10.00
$130 \le X < 140$	12,143	10.02	72,024,723.01	9.02
$140 \le X < 150$	7,820	6.45	51,791,823.76	6.48
$150 \le X < 160$	7,612	6.28	54,439,697.75	6.81
$160 \le X < 170$	6,845	5.65	56,130,566.23	7.03
$170 \le X < 180$	6,204	5.12	48,369,487.92	6.05
$180 \le X < 190$	4,558	3.76	39,276,277.36	4.92
$190 \le X < 200$	5,129	4.23	42,467,693.50	5.32
$200 \le X \le 240$	8,819	7.27	77,131,062.75	9.65
$240 \le X \le 280$	2,207	1.82	20,287,919.07	2.54
$280 \le X < 320$	665	0.55	7,579,141.16	0.95
$320 \le X < 360$	180	0.15	2,778,085.20	0.35
$360 \le X < 400$	95	0.08	1,447,609.94	0.18
$400 \le X < 440$	66	0.05	822,986.15	0.10
$440 \le X \le 480$	4	0.00	78,950.11	0.01
$480 \le X < 500$	2	0.00	27,130.35	0.00
\geq 500 emissions	17	0.01	235,505.78	0.03
No Data	12,890	10.63	60,262,672.24	7.54
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00

Minimum CO2 Emissions	
Maximum CO2 Emissions	99
Weighted average CO2 Emissions	143.0

0 999 13.03

Table 24: Distribution by Asset Engine Size

Engine Size (cc)	Number of Contracts	Distribution by Number (%)	Current Outstanding Balance (£)	Distribution by Balance (%)
$0 \le X < 500$	7,668	6.32	53,638,509.77	6.71
$500 \le X < 1,000$	8,502	7.01	38,763,350.04	4.85
$1,000 \le X < 1,500$	23,214	19.15	117,216,463.66	14.67
$1,500 \le X < 2,000$	54,598	45.03	352,686,264.95	44.14
$2,000 \le X \le 2,500$	15,987	13.19	111,878,017.87	14.00

			Current	
		Distribution by	Outstanding	Distribution by
	Number of	Number	Balance	Balance
Engine Size (cc)	Contracts	(%)	(£)	(%)
$2,500 \le X < 3,000$	8,393	6.92	89,316,253.31	11.18
$3,000 \le X < 3,500$	1,053	0.87	9,638,492.21	1.21
$3,500 \le X < 4,000$	542	0.45	7,659,628.32	0.96
$4,000 \le X < 4,500$	600	0.49	7,904,234.57	0.99
$4,500 \le X < 5,000$	185	0.15	3,163,815.62	0.40
$5,000 \le X < 5,500$	195	0.16	2,811,457.56	0.35
$5,500 \le X \le 6,000$	135	0.11	1,974,478.64	0.25
$6,000 \le X < 6,500$	98	0.08	1,286,786.53	0.16
> 6,500	14	0.01	421,315.92	0.05
No Data	56	0.05	582,400.38	0.07
Total	121,240	100.00	798,941,469.35	100.00
Minimum (cc)	0			
Marimum (a)	6 761			

 Maximum (cc)
 6,761

 Weighted average Engine Size (cc)
 1,894.72

Table 25: Contractual Amortisation Profile of the Provisional Pool as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date

End of Month	Portfolio Balance (£)	End of Month	Portfolio Balance (£)
Aug 2023	798,941,469.35	Aug 2026	142,137,783.97
Sep 2023	777,946,399.43	Sep 2026	129,691,646.95
Oct 2023	756,833,749.26	Oct 2026	117,935,067.69
Nov 2023	735,404,177.37	Nov 2026	106,353,356.76
Dec 2023	714,068,593.43	Dec 2026	95,507,370.65
Jan 2024	692,765,165.70	Jan 2027	84,916,883.59
Feb 2024	671,431,679.34	Feb 2027	74,876,565.82
Mar 2024	650,504,158.07	Mar 2027	65,411,596.49
Apr 2024	629,700,650.26	Apr 2027	56,362,930.01
May 2024	609,125,629.12	May 2027	48,287,912.62
Jun 2024	588,503,503.64	Jun 2027	40,478,066.65
Jul 2024	567,989,044.27	Jul 2027	34,259,889.20
Aug 2024	547,662,564.01	Aug 2027	29,091,395.81
Sep 2024	527,590,526.35	Sep 2027	24,288,812.54
Oct 2024	507,774,730.97	Oct 2027	19,825,102.45
Nov 2024	488,392,221.30	Nov 2027	15,777,962.03
Dec 2024	469,238,159.18	Dec 2027	12,111,414.26
Jan 2025	450,390,257.34	Jan 2028	8,787,750.72
Feb 2025	431,754,565.45	Feb 2028	5,971,295.27
Mar 2025	413,317,905.76	Mar 2028	3,642,628.92
Apr 2025	395,090,590.49	Apr 2028	1,865,718.92
May 2025	377,113,905.66	May 2028	614,581.55
Jun 2025	359,640,620.85	Jun 2028	732.98
Jul 2025	342,476,443.03	Jul 2028	0.00
Aug 2025	325,389,502.60		
Sep 2025	308,386,820.47		
Oct 2025	291,478,151.49		
Nov 2025	274,871,595.44		
Dec 2025	258,957,584.00		
Jan 2026	243,056,708.70		
Feb 2026	227,107,564.76		
Mar 2026	211,890,592.86		
Apr 2026	196,750,326.22		
May 2026	182,123,454.88		
Jun 2026	168,414,728.65		
Jul 2026	154,994,801.73		

SERVICING OF COLLECTIONS

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Issuer has appointed Close Brothers Limited as Servicer for the purposes of servicing the Purchased Receivables. In particular, pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer has undertaken to service the Portfolio and to perform its duties under the terms and conditions set out in the Servicing Agreement in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations, the Credit and Collection Procedures and pursuant to specific instructions that, on certain conditions, may be given to it by the Issuer or, as applicable, the Trustee from time to time. The Credit and Collection Procedures include definitions, remedies and actions relating to delinquency and default of Obligors, losses, charge-offs and recoveries. See "*Overview of the Transaction Documents*".

CASH MANAGEMENT

Pursuant to the Account Bank Agreement and the Cash Management Agreement, each to be dated on or about the Closing Date, the Account Bank and the Cash Manager will provide the Issuer (i) in the case of the Account Bank, with certain account holding services and (ii) in the case of the Cash Manager, with certain notification, calculation, reporting and cash management services in relation to monies from time to time standing to the credit of the Issuer Bank Accounts.

Cash Flows

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer will procure that (i) all Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables; and (ii) all amounts representing an Optional Repurchase Payment (other than the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment which will be paid by the Seller directly into the Transaction Account) in respect of a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable which has been repurchased by the Seller pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and credited to the Collection Account in respect of the Purchased Receivables, shall (unless a CBL Trigger Event has occurred and is continuing) be transferred directly into the Transaction Account on each Interest Payment Date (or at any time within two Business Days prior to such Interest Payment Date).

Upon the occurrence of a CBL Trigger Event and as long as a CBL Trigger Event is continuing (i) all Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables and (ii) all amounts representing an Optional Repurchase Payment (other than the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment) in respect of a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable which has been repurchased by the Seller pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and credited to the Collection Account in respect of the Purchased Receivables shall be transferred within two Business Days following receipt by the Seller, directly into the Transaction Account.

Monthly Cash Flows

On or before each Calculation Date, the Cash Manager will make the necessary determinations and calculations under the Transaction Documents, in particular determining the Available Revenue Receipts and the Available Principal Receipts to be distributed on the immediately following Interest Payment Date.

On each Interest Payment Date, the Cash Manager will instruct the Account Bank to apply Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts on behalf of the Issuer in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments set out in the Cash Management Agreement.

Directions of the Cash Manager

The Account Bank has agreed to comply with the directions of the Cash Manager until such time as the Cash Manager receives a copy of a Note Acceleration Notice served by the Trustee on the Issuer or has notice of any enforcement action taken by the Trustee, to effect payments from the Transaction Account.

Ledgers

Pursuant to the Cash Management Agreement, the Cash Manager shall establish and maintain the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger, the Principal Deficiency Ledger (which comprises the Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, the Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger and the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger), the Revenue Deficiency Ledger, the Liquidity Reserve Ledger, the Interest Rate Swap Ledger and the Replenishment Ledger. On or before each Interest Payment Date, the Cash Manager will:

- (a) record amounts as appropriate on the Revenue Deficiency Ledger on each Interest Payment Date by:
 - crediting the Revenue Deficiency Ledger in an amount equal to the amount transferred under item (a) of the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments for such Interest Payment Date; and
 - debiting the Revenue Deficiency Ledger in an amount equal to the Remaining Revenue Deficiency for such Interest Payment Date;

- (b) record amounts as appropriate on the Principal Deficiency Ledger by:
 - crediting the Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger in an amount equal to the amounts transferred under item (g) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on such Interest Payment Date;
 - crediting the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger in an amount equal to the amounts transferred under item (j) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on such Interest Payment Date;
 - (iii) crediting the Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger in an amount equal to the amounts transferred under item (l) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on such Interest Payment Date;
 - (iv) crediting the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger in an amount equal to the amounts transferred under item (m) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on such Interest Payment Date; and
 - (v) debiting the Principal Deficiency Ledger in an amount equal to the aggregate of (x) the losses arising from Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables and Voluntarily Terminated Receivables; and (y) by an amount equal to the amount applied in accordance with item (a) of the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payment, by debiting:
 - (A) *first,* the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, until the debit balance thereon is equal to the then Principal Amount Outstanding of the Subordinated Notes;
 - (B) *second*, the Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, until the debit balance thereon is equal to the then Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class C Notes;
 - (C) *third*, the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, until the debit balance thereon is equal to the then Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes; and
 - (D) *fourth,* the Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, until the debit balance thereon is equal to the then Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes;
- (c) record amounts as appropriate on the Liquidity Reserve Ledger by:
 - (i) crediting the Liquidity Reserve Ledger in an amount equal to the aggregate of:
 - (A) Liquidity Reserve Proceeds under the Subordinated Loan; and
 - (B) amounts credited in accordance with item (i) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments; and
 - debiting the Liquidity Reserve Ledger in an amount equal to the aggregate of amounts drawn from the Liquidity Reserve on each Interest Payment Date from the Closing Date as Available Revenue Receipts on each such Interest Payment Date and on the Final Class B Interest Payment Date as Available Principal Receipts or, as the case may be, to be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments;
- (d) record amounts as appropriate on the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger by crediting the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger in an amount equal to any amounts retained by the Issuer as profit in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments and debiting the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger in an amount equal to any amounts paid to fund UK tax payments and dividends paid to Holdings;
- (e) record amounts as appropriate on the Interest Rate Swap Ledger by:
 - crediting the Interest Rate Swap Ledger in an amount equal to the amount of any scheduled payments received by the Issuer (or required to be received by the Issuer but otherwise netted against other payments owing to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement) from the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement; and

- debiting the Interest Rate Swap Ledger in an amount equal to the amount of any scheduled payments paid by the Issuer (or required to be paid by the Issuer but otherwise netted against other payments owing from the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement) to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement;
- (f) record amounts as appropriate on the Replenishment Ledger by:
 - crediting the Replenishment Ledger on each Interest Payment Date falling in the Revolving Period in an amount equal to the amount to be retained by the Issuer and credited to the Replenishment Ledger in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments;
 - (ii) debiting the Replenishment Ledger:
 - (A) on any Business Day in an amount equal to the amounts to be used by the Issuer for the purchase of Additional Portfolios from the Seller on that Business Day;
 - (B) on each Interest Payment Date in an amount equal to all amounts standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger to be applied as Available Principal Receipts; and
 - (C) on the first Interest Payment Date following the termination of the Revolving Period and, for the avoidance of doubt, following the date on which the Notes have been repaid in full, in an amount equal to all amounts standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger to be applied as Available Principal Receipts; and
- (g) record amounts as appropriate on the Start-up Costs Ledger by:
 - (i) crediting the Start-up Costs Ledger:
 - (A) on the Closing Date, in an amount equal to the Start-up Costs Proceeds; and
 - (B) thereafter, in an amount equal to any further amount advanced under the Subordinated Loan for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation; and
 - (ii) debiting the Start-up Costs Ledger:
 - (A) in an amount equal to any amount standing to the credit of the Start-up Costs Ledger applied in or towards payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation; and
 - (B) on the first Interest Payment Date falling after the period of four months following the Closing Date, in an amount equal to any amounts standing to the credit of the Start-up Costs Ledger that are not required to be applied in or towards payment of those fees, expenses and premia, to be applied as Available Revenue Receipts.

Application of amounts in respect of Swap Collateral, Excess Swap Collateral, Swap Tax Credits and Replacement Swap Premium

Amounts received by the Issuer (or the Cash Manager on its behalf) in respect of Excess Swap Collateral, Swap Collateral (except to the extent that following the early termination of the Swap Agreement the value of such Swap Collateral has been applied, pursuant to the provisions of the Swap Agreement, to reduce the amount that would otherwise be payable by the Swap Counterparty to the Issuer on early termination of the swap under the Swap Agreement, as applicable, and, to the extent so applied in reduction of the amount otherwise payable by the Swap Counterparty, such Swap Collateral is not to be applied in acquiring a replacement swap), Swap Tax Credits and Replacement Swap Premium (only to the extent it is applied directly to pay a Swap Termination Payment due and payable by the Issuer to the outgoing Swap Counterparty) shall, to the extent due and payable under the terms of the Swap Agreement, be paid by the Cash Manager on behalf of the Issuer directly to the Swap Counterparty without regard to the relevant Priority of Payments and in accordance with the terms of the Deed of Charge and the Swap Agreement.

Priority of Payment

Pre-Acceleration Priority of Payments

The Cash Manager will on behalf of the Issuer apply Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts standing to the credit of the Transaction Account on each Interest Payment Date in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments and the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments.

Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments

On each Interest Payment Date falling prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice by the Trustee on the Issuer, the Cash Manager (on behalf of the Issuer) shall instruct the Account Bank to apply or provide for application of the Available Revenue Receipts in accordance with the following "**Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments**" (in each case only if and to the extent that payments or provisions of a higher priority have been made in full) (**provided that** any amounts of Available Principal Receipts applied as Available Revenue Receipts in accordance with item (a) of the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments shall only be applied in accordance with items (a) to (f) below, if the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger Condition is satisfied, item (h) below and, if the Class C Notes are the Most Senior Class of Notes, item (k) below):

- (a) *first, pro rata* and *pari passu* to pay fees, costs, charges, liabilities expenses (including, legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due to the Trustee (including by way of indemnity) or any Appointee appointed by the Trustee, together with interest and any amounts in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and to make provision for any amounts due or to become due during the following Interest Period to the Trustee under the Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge;
- (b) *second, pro rata* and *pari passu*, to pay amounts due to:
 - the Agent Bank and the Paying Agents together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due (including by way of indemnity) or to become due during the following Interest Period to the Agent Bank and the Paying Agents under the Agency Agreement;
 - (ii) the Cash Manager, together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due (including by way of indemnity) or to become due during the following Interest Period to the Cash Manager under the Cash Management Agreement;
 - the Servicer, together with any amounts in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and to provide for any amounts due or to become due to the Servicer in the immediately succeeding Interest Period under the Servicing Agreement;
 - (iv) the Corporate Services Provider, together with any amounts in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and to provide for any amounts due, or to become due to the Corporate Services Provider in the immediately succeeding Interest Period, under the Corporate Services Agreement;
 - (v) the Account Bank, together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due (including by way of indemnity) or to become due during the following Interest Period to the Account Bank under the Account Bank Agreement;
 - (vi) prior to any enforcement action taken by the Trustee in respect of the Security, any auditors of, and other professional advisers to, the Issuer;

- (vii) pay the Administrator Incentive Recovery Fee (if any);
- (viii) the Registrar, together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due (including by way of indemnity) or to become due during the following Interest Period to the Registrar under the Agency Agreement; and
- (ix) to any party who is not a party to any Transaction Document to which the Issuer has delegated obligations in respect of UK EMIR and/or EU EMIR (including any reporting or portfolio reconciliation obligations) or in respect of any agreements relating to UK EMIR and/or EU EMIR according to the respective amounts due by the Issuer;
- (c) third, prior to any enforcement action taken by the Trustee in respect of the Security, to pay amounts (for the avoidance of doubt, excluding Tax) due to any third party creditors of the Issuer (other than those referred to elsewhere in this priority of payments), which amounts have been incurred without breach by the Issuer of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party and for which payment has not been provided for elsewhere and to provide for any of those amounts expected to become due and payable during the following Interest Period by the Issuer and, to the extent amounts credited to the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger are insufficient, to the extent of any insufficiency to pay or discharge any corporation tax liability of the Issuer;
- (d) *fourth*, to pay all amounts (if any) due and payable to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement (including termination payments but excluding any Subordinated Swap Amounts);
- (e) *fifth*, an amount equal to the Issuer Profit Amount to be retained by the Issuer;
- (f) *sixth*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, interest due and payable on the Class A Notes;
- (g) *seventh*, an amount sufficient to eliminate any debit on the Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger;
- (h) *eighth*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, interest (including any Deferred Interest and Additional Interest thereon) due and payable on the Class B Notes;
- (i) *ninth*, prior to and including the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, an amount to be credited to the Liquidity Reserve Ledger so that it equals the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount;
- (j) *tenth*, an amount sufficient to eliminate any debit on the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger;
- (k) *eleventh*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, interest (including any Deferred Interest and Additional Interest thereon) due and payable on the Class C Notes;
- (1) *twelfth*, an amount sufficient to eliminate any debit on the Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger;
- (m) *thirteenth*, an amount sufficient to eliminate any debit on the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger;
- (n) *fourteenth*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, interest (including any Deferred Interest and Additional Interest thereon) due and payable on the Subordinated Notes;
- (o) *fifteenth*, to pay any Subordinated Swap Amounts due and payable to the Swap Counterparty;
- (p) *sixteenth*, towards payment of interest amounts due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (q) *seventeenth*, to make a payment in respect of any principal due under the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (r) *eighteenth*, to pay any other amounts due and payable by the Issuer, which amounts have been incurred without breach by the Issuer of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party and for which payment has not been provided for elsewhere, not otherwise provided for above; and
- (s) *nineteenth*, to pay the surplus if any, towards payment of any Deferred Purchase Price due to the Seller pursuant to the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement.

On the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, all or such part of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve as is required to redeem the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes on that date shall be applied as Available Principal Receipts in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date and, thereafter, any excess shall be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on that date (as though the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount were zero).

Remaining Revenue Deficiency

On or before each Calculation Date, the Cash Manager will determine whether Available Revenue Receipts (but ignoring any Available Principal Receipts referred to in item (g) of the definition of Available Revenue Receipts) will be sufficient to pay:

- (a) items (a) to (f) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments;
- (b) if the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger Condition is satisfied, item (h) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments; and
- (c) if the Class C Notes are the Most Senior Class of Notes, item (k) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments.

If the Cash Manager determines that such Available Revenue Receipts will be insufficient to pay those items in full (the amount of the insufficiency being the "**Remaining Revenue Deficiency**"), then the Issuer shall pay or provide for that Remaining Revenue Deficiency by applying amounts which constitute Available Principal Receipts (if any) to cover the deficit (and the Cash Manager shall make a corresponding entry against the Revenue Deficiency Ledger).

Any such Available Principal Receipts will, if applicable, be applied as Available Revenue Receipts subject to and in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments.

Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments

On each Interest Payment Date prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice on the Issuer by the Trustee, the Cash Manager (on behalf of the Issuer) shall instruct the Account Bank to apply or provide for application of the Available Principal Receipts in accordance with the following "**Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments**" (in each case only if and to the extent that payments or provisions of a higher priority have been made in full):

- (a) *first*, by way of credit to the Revenue Deficiency Ledger, an amount equal to the Remaining Revenue Deficiency and such amount to be applied as Available Revenue Receipts;
- (b) *second*, prior to the expiration of the Revolving Period, to pay any Additional Portfolio Purchase Price if such Interest Payment Date is an Additional Portfolio Purchase Date;
- (c) *third*, prior to the expiration of the Revolving Period, to the extent not used under item (b), to credit all remaining Available Principal Receipts to the Replenishment Ledger;
- (d) *fourth*, after the end of the Revolving Period then, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, in accordance with the respective amounts thereof, principal on the Class A1 Notes until the Class A1 Notes are redeemed in full;
- (e) *fifth*, after the end of the Revolving Period then, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, in accordance with the respective amounts thereof, principal on the Class A2 Notes until the Class A2 Notes are redeemed in full
- (f) *sixth,* after the end of the Revolving Period then, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu,* in accordance with the respective amounts thereof, principal on the Class B Notes until the Class B Notes are redeemed in full;
- (g) *seventh*, after the end of the Revolving Period then, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, in accordance with the respective amounts thereof, principal on the Class C Notes until the Class C Notes are redeemed in full;

- (h) *eighth*, after the end of the Revolving Period then, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, amounts due and payable in respect of principal (if any) on such Interest Payment Date on the Subordinated Notes until the Subordinated Notes are redeemed in full; and
- (i) *ninth*, to apply any remaining amounts as Available Revenue Receipts ("Surplus Available Principal Receipts").

On the Final Class B Interest Payment Date amounts standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve can be applied on such Interest Payment Date as Available Principal Receipts and shall be applied in full in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments in such amount as is required to redeem the Class A Notes and Class B Notes in full and thereafter any excess shall be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments (as though the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount were zero).

Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments

The Deed of Charge sets out the priority of distribution by the Trustee, following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice on the Issuer (known as the "**Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments**"), of amounts received or recovered by the Trustee (or a receiver appointed on its behalf).

The Trustee will apply amounts other than amounts representing (i) any Excess Swap Collateral (which shall be returned directly to the Swap Counterparty in accordance with the Swap Agreement), (ii) any Replacement Swap Premium (only to the extent it is applied directly to pay a Swap Termination Payment due and payable by the Issuer to the outgoing Swap Counterparty), (iii) any Swap Tax Credits, which shall be returned directly to the Swap Counterparty in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement, and (iv) in respect of the Swap Counterparty, prior to the designation of an early termination date under the Swap Agreement and the resulting application of the Swap Collateral by way of netting or set-off, pursuant to the terms of the Swap Agreement, an amount equal to the value of all Swap Collateral provided by the Swap Counterparty to the Issuer pursuant to the Swap Agreement (and any interest or distributions in respect thereof) received or recovered following enforcement of the Security in the following order of priority (in each case, only to the extent that payments of a higher order of priority have been made in full):

- (a) *first, pro rata* and *pari passu*, to pay fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including, legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due to the Trustee (including by way of indemnity) or any Appointee appointed by the Trustee, together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts and any other amounts then due or to become due and payable to the Trustee under the provisions of the Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge;
- (b) *second, pro rata* and *pari passu*, to pay amounts due to:
 - the Agent Bank, the Paying Agents and the Registrar, together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due (including by way of indemnity) or to become due and payable to them under the provisions of the Agency Agreement;
 - (ii) the Cash Manager, together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due (including by way of indemnity) or to become due and payable to them, under the Cash Management Agreement;
 - (iii) the Servicer, together with any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts under the Servicing Agreement;
 - (iv) the Corporate Services Provider, together with any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts under the Corporate Services Agreement;
 - (v) the Account Bank, together with interest and any amount in respect of VAT (if any) on those amounts, and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and any other amounts due (including by way of indemnity) or to become due and payable to them, under the Account Bank Agreement;

- (vi) to any party who is not a party to any Transaction Document to which the Issuer has delegated obligations in respect of UK EMIR and/or EU EMIR (including any reporting or portfolio reconciliation obligations) or in respect of any agreements relating to UK EMIR and/or EU EMIR according to the respective amounts due by the Issuer; and
- (vii) pay the Administrator Incentive Recovery Fee (if any);
- (c) *third*, to pay all amounts (if any) due and payable to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement (including termination payments but excluding any Subordinated Swap Amounts);
- (d) *fourth*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu* amounts in respect of interest (including any Deferred Interest and Additional Interest thereon) and principal due and payable on the Class A Notes until the Class A Notes are redeemed in full;
- (e) *fifth*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu* amounts in respect of interest (including any Deferred Interest and Additional Interest thereon) and principal due and payable on the Class B Notes until the Class B Notes are redeemed in full;
- (f) *sixth*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu* amounts in respect of interest (including any Deferred Interest and Additional Interest thereon) and principal due and payable on the Class C Notes until the Class C Notes are redeemed in full;
- (g) *seventh*, to pay, *pro rata* and *pari passu* amounts in respect of interest (including any Deferred Interest and Additional Interest thereon) and principal due and payable on the Subordinated Notes until the Subordinated Notes are redeemed in full;
- (h) *eighth*, to pay any Subordinated Swap Amounts due and payable to the Swap Counterparty;
- (i) *ninth*, towards payment of all amounts due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (j) *tenth*, to pay an amount equal to the Issuer Profit Amount to be retained by the Issuer and to pay any corporation tax not otherwise able to be paid from amounts credited to the Issuer Retained Profit Ledger; and
- (k) *eleventh*, to pay the surplus, if any, toward payment of any Deferred Purchase Price due to the Seller pursuant to the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement.

ESTIMATED WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIFE OF THE NOTES

Estimated average lives of the Notes of each Class

The maturity and average life of the Notes of each Class cannot be exactly predicted as the actual rate at which Collections and Recoveries will be received under the Portfolio and a number of other relevant factors (such as the amount and timing of defaults or voluntary terminations) are unknown. However, calculations as to the expected maturity and average life of the Notes of each Class can be made on the basis of certain assumptions as set out below in this section.

Structure of the Transaction

The ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations in respect of the Notes will be dependent upon the receipt by the Issuer of Collections and Recoveries (if possible) by the Servicer in respect of the Purchased Receivables comprised in the Portfolio. The amortisation of the Notes of each Class is therefore closely associated with the principal payments of the Purchased Receivables. An analysis of the average life of the Notes of each Class can therefore be made by analysing the projected cash flows of the Portfolio.

Weighted average life

The expression "weighted average life" refers to the average amount of time that will elapse (on an actual/365 basis) from the date of issuance of a Note to the date of distribution to the investor of amounts distributed in net reduction of principal of such Note (assuming no losses). The weighted average lives of the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes will be influenced by, among other things, the actual rate of redemption of the Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio and the length of the Revolving Period.

Structuring Assumptions

The table set forth below was produced using a financial model in which, among other things, it is assumed that prepayments of principal occur in respect of the Purchased Receivables included in the Portfolio each month at the indicated assumed constant per annum rates of prepayment ("**CPR**") relative to the then outstanding current principal balances of such Purchased Receivables. CPR does not purport to be either a historical description of the prepayment experience of any pool of Purchased Receivables or a prediction of the expected rate of prepayment of Purchased Receivables, including the Purchased Receivables to be included in the Portfolio. CPR is an annual prepayment rate.

The table set forth below was prepared on the basis of the characteristics of the Receivables to be included in the Portfolio and the following additional assumptions, including:

- (a) no Purchased Receivable is sold by the Issuer (including as a result of a repurchase by the Seller);
- (b) no delinquencies, defaults or voluntary terminations arise on any Purchased Receivable and no receivables are repurchased under the STS Call Option;
- (c) the Revolving Period ends on the Payment Date falling in October 2024, such that the first payment of principal on the Notes is made on the Payment Date falling in November 2024;
- (d) the Clean-up Call is exercised on the first Interest Payment Date that such option is exercisable by the Issuer;
- (e) the first Interest Payment Date is the Interest Payment Date falling in November 2023;
- (f) the Closing Date is 1 November 2023 and the Notes are issued on such date;
- (g) the amortisation profile of the assets purchased during the Revolving Period is the same as the profile of the Provisional Portfolio on the Provisional Cut-Off Date; and
- (h) there are no Remaining Revenue Deficiencies in any period.

The actual characteristics and performance of the Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio are likely to differ from the assumptions used in preparing the tables set forth below, which are hypothetical in nature and are provided only to give a general sense of how the principal cash flows might behave under varying prepayment scenarios. For example, it is not expected that those Purchased Receivables will prepay at a constant rate until the Final Redemption Date, that all of those Purchased Receivables will prepay at the same rate or that there will be no defaults, voluntary terminations or delinquencies on those Purchased Receivables. Any difference between the assumptions set out above and the actual characteristics and performance of those Purchased Receivables and the length of the Revolving Period will cause the weighted average life of the Notes to differ (which difference could be material) from the corresponding information in the tables for each indicated percentage of CPR. Subject to foregoing discussions and assumptions, the following tables indicate the weighted average lives of the Notes in years.

Weighted Average Life of the Rated Notes

		Class A1 Notes			Class A2 Notes	
CPR	WAL (in Years)	First Principal Payment	Expected Maturity	WAL (in Years)	First Principal Payment	Expected Maturity
0.0%	1.52	November 2024	November 2025	2.75	November 2025	May 2027
5.0%	1.48	November 2024	October 2025	2.66	October 2025	April 2027
10.0%	1.44	November 2024	September 2025	2.57	September 2025	March 2027
15.0%	1.40	November 2024	August 2025	2.48	August 2025	February 2027
20.0%	1.37	November 2024	July 2025	2.40	July 2025	January 2027
25.0%	1.34	November 2024	July 2025	2.31	July 2025	December 2026

	Class B Notes			Class C Notes		
CPR	WAL (in Years)	First Principal Payment	Expected Maturity	WAL (in Years)	First Principal Payment	Expected Maturity
0.0%	3.72	May 2027	August 2027	3.81	August 2027	August 2027
5.0%	3.65	April 2027	August 2027	3.81	August 2027	August 2027
10.0%	3.57	March 2027	July 2027	3.72	July 2027	July 2027
15.0%	3.48	February 2027	June 2027	3.64	June 2027	June 2027
20.0%	3.39	January 2027	May 2027	3.56	May 2027	May 2027
25.0%	3.28	December 2026	March 2027	3.39	March 2027	March 2027

THE ISSUER

Introduction

The Issuer was incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006 (as amended) on 31 August 2023 (registered number 15107463) as a public company with limited liability. The Issuer was established as a special purpose vehicle for the purposes of issuing the Notes. The registered office of the Issuer is 10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU.

The issued share capital of the Issuer is 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each of which one share is fully paid and 49,999 shares are quarter-paid and all shares are held by Holdings. The Issuer is legally and beneficially owned and controlled directly by Holdings. The rights of Holdings as a shareholder in the Issuer are contained in the Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Issuer will be managed in accordance with those articles and with the provisions of Companies Act 2006, as amended. The entire issued share capital of Holdings is held on trust by CSC Corporate Services (UK) Limited under the terms of a share trust deed dated 3 March 2022 and amended and restated on 15 September 2023 under a discretionary trust. The Seller does not own directly or indirectly any of the share capital of Holdings or the Issuer. The Issuer has no subsidiaries.

Principal Activities

The Issuer is permitted, pursuant to the terms of its Articles of Association, among other things, to issue the Notes and to acquire the Purchased Receivables and the Related Rights.

The Issuer has not engaged, since its incorporation, in any activities other than those incidental to its incorporation, the authorisation and issue of the Notes and of the other documents to which it is or will be a party as contemplated in this Prospectus and matters which are incidental or ancillary to the foregoing.

There is no intention to accumulate surpluses in the Issuer.

The Issuer will covenant to observe certain restrictions on its activities which are set out in Condition 3 (*Covenants*).

Directors and Company Secretary

The directors of the Issuer and their respective business addresses and other principal activities are:

Name	Business Address	Principal Activities
CSC Directors (No.1) Limited	10 th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Corporate Director
CSC Directors (No.2) Limited	10 th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Corporate Director
Mr John-Paul Nowacki	10 th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director

The company secretary of the Issuer is CSC Corporate Services (UK) Limited.

As at the date hereof, the Issuer has no employees, non-executive directors or premises.

The Directors of CSC Directors (No.1) Limited and CSC Directors (No.2) Limited and their business addresses and principal activities are as follows:

Name	Business Address	Principal Activities
Charmaine De Castro	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Jonathan Hanly	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Sukanthapriya Jeyaseelan	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Katherine Emily Lagoe	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Catherine Mary Elizabeth	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Lara Nasato	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
John Paul Nowacki	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Adrianna Pawelec	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Debra Amy Parsall	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Oreoluwa Salu	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Dragos Savacenco	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Aline Sternberg	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director

Capitalisation Statement

The following shows the capitalisation of the Issuer as at the date of this Prospectus:

Share capital

Issued: 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each, 49,999 issued and paid up as to £0.25 and one issued fully paid share, corresponding to a total paid up capital of £12,500.75.

Accounting reference date

The accounting reference date of the Issuer is 31 July.

HOLDINGS

Introduction

Holdings was incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006 on 3 November 2021 (registered number 13722687) as a private company with limited liability under the Companies Act 2006 (as amended). The registered office of Holdings is at 10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London, E14 5HU, United Kingdom. The share capital of Holdings is one ordinary share of £1 which is issued and is credited as fully paid. The entire issued share capital of Holdings is held by CSC Corporate Services (UK) Limited under the terms of a share trust deed dated 3 March 2022 and amended and restated on 15 September 2023 under a discretionary trust.

Principal Activities of Holdings

Pursuant to the terms of its Articles of Association, Holdings is permitted, among other things, to hold shares in the Issuer and certain other special purpose vehicles which have been set up in connection with the securitisation of Receivables relating to Conditional Sale Contracts and Hire Purchase Contracts (including PCP Contracts). Holdings has not engaged, since its incorporation, in any activities other than those incidental to its incorporation and those matters referred to or contemplated in this Prospectus and any matters which are incidental or ancillary to the foregoing.

Directors and Company Secretary of Holdings

The directors of Holdings and their respective business addresses and other principal activities are:

Name	Business Address	Principal Activities
CSC Directors (No.1) Limited	10 th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Corporate Director
CSC Directors (No.2) Limited	10 th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Corporate Director
Mr John-Paul Nowacki	10 th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director

The company secretary of Holdings is CSC Corporate Services (UK) Limited.

As at the date hereof, Holdings has no employees, non-executive directors or premises.

The Directors of CSC Directors (No.1) Limited and CSC Directors (No.2) Limited and their business addresses and principal activities are as follows:

Name	Business Address	Principal Activities
Charmaine De Castro	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Jonathan Hanly	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Sukanthapriya Jeyaseelan	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Katherine Emily Lagoe	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Catherine Mary Elizabeth	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Lara Nasato	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
John Paul Nowacki	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Adrianna Pawelec	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Debra Amy Parsall	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Oreoluwa Salu	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Dragos Savacenco	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director
Aline Sternberg	10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU	Director

THE SELLER, THE SERVICER AND THE RECEIVABLES

Corporate Information and Business Operations

The Seller was incorporated on 9 February 1924 under the Companies Acts 1908 to 1917 in England and Wales as a private company with limited liability (registered number 195626). The Seller is a bank and is authorised to accept deposits under the FSMA. The Seller is a credit institution (within the meaning set out in Article 4(1)(1) of the CRR), is authorised by the Prudential Regulatory Authority and is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulatory Authority and is the parent company of a group providing a range of banking services. The Seller is a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Close Brothers Group plc.

The registered office of the Seller is 10 Crown Place, London, EC2A 4FT and its telephone number is +44 (0)20 7655 3100.

The Seller and its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") is comprised of a number of specialist businesses focused on specialist lending to small and medium sized enterprises ("**SMEs**"), professionals and consumers, financing a diverse range of asset classes, mainly in the UK but also in Ireland, the Channel Islands and Germany. This includes treasury and deposit-taking operations in London. The main source of income for the Group is net interest and fees on its loan book supplemented by rental income and interest income from treasury assets.

The Group provides specialist finance solutions through three lending segments (Commercial finance, Retail finance and Property finance), and employs approximately 2,800 people.

Close Brothers Limited's Motor Finance Business

The motor finance business is part of the Group's Retail division and provides point of sale finance for the acquisition of cars, motorbikes and light commercial vehicles. The motor finance business was founded in, and has been originating and servicing products of a similar nature to those which are the subject of this transaction, since 1988.

CBMF is head-quartered in Doncaster and its head office is Roman House where the senior leadership team are based alongside a number of the key business support functions. The business operates through 5 operational hubs, which service a network of over 4,000 motor dealers. As at 30 July 2023, the UK motor finance business had a loan book of \pounds 1.7 billion, relationships with around 244,000 customers and an average loan size of \pounds 6,800 with an average contractual loan term of 50 months remaining. The Servicer acts as the servicer of the total loan book of the Seller.

The Contracts have been entered into by the Seller in the name of Close Brothers Motor Finance ("**CBMF**"), a trading name of the Seller registered with the Financial Conduct Authority. In this section references to CBMF are to the Seller's UK motor finance business.

CBMF offers a range of products that include consumer and commercial finance mainly for used cars but also some new cars, motorbikes and light commercial vehicles and relies almost exclusively on contracts it has established with Dealers, brokers and other strategic partners for the introduction of business.

Upon a customer selecting a vehicle and visiting a Dealer to purchase such vehicle, or a broker to obtain finance to purchase such vehicle, the Dealer or the broker will submit an application to CBMF. Once an intermediary has captured the customers' details the proposal is passed to CBMF for review. All proposals are credit scored and can reach an automated decision or be passed to a specialist underwriter for manual review. At this stage CBMF may request further documents from the customer in order to support their application. If successful, CBMF will confirm acceptance to the relevant Dealer or broker. At this point, the transaction is concluded between the Dealer or broker and the customer. Occasionally, the document completion process is completed by distance selling, for which the Dealer or broker is separately approved. CBMF will pay the cost of the vehicle and commission to the relevant Dealer or broker and the customer is then required to repay the financing to CBMF via direct debit.

The Contracts

The Purchased Receivables are Receivables originated by CBMF under auto finance contracts with the Obligors under the process described above.

On the Closing Date, CBMF will sell and assign absolutely to the Issuer, without recourse, all of its rights, title, interest and benefit in and to the Purchased Receivables (other than Excluded Amounts) together with the Related Rights and the Issuer agrees to purchase the rights, title, interest and benefit in and to the Purchased Receivables and Purchase Agreement described in "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement". CBMF will make representations to the Issuer in respect of the Purchased Receivables. These representations are described further in "Overview of the Transaction Documents – Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement".

The Issuer's assets arising from or in connection with the Purchased Receivables will include:

- the Purchased Receivables and collections on the Purchased Receivables applied on and after the Cut-Off Date; and
- Related Rights in relation to the Purchased Receivables.

The Vehicles will not be transferred by CBMF to the Issuer. Instead, any proceeds derived from (including by way of sale or otherwise) any Vehicle returned to, or recovered by, or on behalf of CBMF, will be paid to the Issuer.

Auto Receivables

For a further description of the Receivables and their amortisation characteristics, see "*The Provisional Portfolio*".

Payments of Interest

Each instalment payment generally consists of an interest portion, a fees portion, and a principal portion. If the Obligor pays an instalment payment after its scheduled due date, CBMF may charge the Obligor late payment interest on the outstanding amount of the instalment (at the interest rate of the Contract). The Obligor may settle the Contract early in whole or in part, in accordance with the formulae for full and partial early settlements contained under the CCA and applicable secondary legislation.

Residual value risk (PCP Contracts)

To mitigate risk in PCP Contracts, the Guaranteed Future Value and consequently the balloon payment is the predicted future value in respect of the relevant vehicle based on contractual mileage assumptions using CAP Monitor valuation. Any customers taking advantage of the right to return the vehicle will be charged for any excess mileage above the contracted rate and any excessive wear and tear. PCP Contracts are limited to cars and motorcycles that are not electric vehicles and that are less than five years old at the start of the agreement.

CBMF monitors the residual value exposure on a regular basis and monitors the future CAP Monitor valuation in respect of the relevant vehicle in its regular risk reporting.

Origination

The Contracts are originated through CBMF's intermediary network of Dealers, brokers and strategic partners. CBMF enters into formal written agreements with each intermediary before it permits them to offer their products and all intermediaries are confirmed to hold appropriate FCA permissions. A declaration completed by the intermediary for every regulated agreement imposes obligations regarding the requirement to give an adequate explanation of the agreement to the Obligor, the form and content of contract documents and verification of the signing of Contracts by Obligors.

Dealers are responsible for the preparation and submission of an Obligor's application to the relevant CBMF operational hub. If the application is accepted, an on-line proposal system ("**On-Line Proposal System**") is used for the majority of Contracts that allows Dealers to present the finance agreement to the Obligor and sign the agreement online. For non-On-Line Proposal System agreements, a paper based credit agreement and paper based ID and supporting documentation is received, reviewed and set up.

Underwriting

All CBMF proposals are credit scored and can reach an automated decision or be passed to a specialist underwriter for manual review. The assessment considers various internal and external data sources available to determine the customer and asset risk profile. This also includes a proportionate affordability assessment. The assessment of a prospective obligor's creditworthiness is conducted in accordance with the Seller's Credit and Collection Procedures and, where appropriate, to meet the requirements set out in Article 8 of Directive 2008/48/EC.

Controls and underwriting mandates are embedded within the underwriting platform, with level of authority based on experience. This is further supplemented by a quality assurance framework to review underwriting quality and ensure that standards are being consistently applied.

CBMF has internal criteria, processes and systems in relation to the granting of credit, administration of credit-risk bearing portfolios and risk mitigation, which include:

- (a) criteria for the granting of credit and processes for approving, amending, renewing and refinancing credit, as to which see the information set out elsewhere in this section and in the section entitled "Summary of the Key Transaction Documents Servicing Agreement";
- (b) systems in place to apply those criteria and processes and to administer and monitor CBMF's various credit-risk bearing portfolios and exposures, as to which please see the information set out elsewhere in this section and in the section entitled "*Overview of the Transaction Documents Servicing Agreement*";
- (c) diversification of credit portfolios given CBMF's target market and overall credit strategy; and
- (d) policies and procedures in relation to risk mitigation techniques, as to which see the information set out elsewhere in this section and in the section entitled "Summary of the Key Transaction Documents Servicing Agreement".

The Portfolio was originated in the ordinary course of CBMF's business and in accordance with the foregoing criteria and processes, which were applied irrespective of whether the Receivables were to be securitised.

Underwriting is carried out in CBMF's operational hubs and specialist operations divisions. The CBMF credit team is responsible for underwriting of proposals outside business mandate levels and for the approval of policy exceptions. Underwriters will assess the applicant's propensity and ability to repay and will also consider CBMF's recovery position in the event of non-payment.

Underwriters will review all aspects of an application in reaching a decision including the applicant's profile, income and expenditure, Experian/TransUnion search results, the terms of the deal and the vehicle to be financed. Customer details must include at the minimum, the customer's addresses over the past three years and their employment history.

CBMF's underwriting criteria include the requirement that where an applicant has a current Individual Voluntary Arrangement ("IVA"), debt relief order or an undischarged bankruptcy order, in the 3 years prior to origination the application must be declined (except where there are strong exceptional circumstances to support the application). The criteria also provide that a credit search against the Experian and TransUnion credit bureaus and voters roll enquiry is mandatory on all private individuals. Where this reveals adverse information such as an applicant has any current arrears, two or more consecutive payday loans in the last six months, any account two or more payments down in the last six months, any linked agreements identified in arrears or default, default of more than £1,000 recorded in the last 24 months or an outstanding county court judgment (or its equivalent in Scotland or Northern Ireland) entered or awarded against them within 12 months prior to the date of assessment, the application should be declined (except where there are strong exceptional circumstances to support the application, for example strong deal terms and strong deposit). The underwriting criteria also provide for consideration to be given to any other evidence of financial distress including older county court judgments and any other evidence of adverse credit history. Any Receivables where the Obligor had a bankruptcy or IVA or county court judgment recorded on their respective origination date or within the three years prior to their respective origination date will be excluded from the Portfolio.

If acceptance is outside standard parameters, rationale of acceptance must be detailed by an underwriter with the requisite authority. During the manual review of an application, the underwriter can request further information from the relevant Dealer who submitted the Obligor's application. All applications require a statement detailing how evidence of affordability has been determined.

Fraud Detection

All accepted deals over £25,000 (or over £20,000 for business originating from London addresses within the M25) are subject to further security checks. For agreements processed using the On-Line Proposal System, a positive ID check result (using information including bank details) is considered a satisfactory proof of identity and replaces the requirement to provide a copy of a driving licence.

For non-On-Line Proposal System customers or if an On-Line Proposal System ID check fails, the applicant must provide a copy of his or her current driving licence. Exception can be made where the driving licence is currently with the DVLA. In these cases, a copy of a passport must be provided and confirmation from the DVLA that the customer holds a current licence.

Material Changes to Credit and Internal Control Policy comprised within the Credit and Collection Procedures

Any changes to the credit or internal control policies must be approved by the motor risk and compliance committee, with material changes also requiring approval by the Credit Risk Management Committee. Any material changes to CBMF's credit standards described in this Prospectus that apply in relation to any Additional Portfolio will be disclosed to potential investors without undue delay.

Servicing and Collections

General

Close Brothers Limited will be appointed by the Issuer as Servicer under the terms of the Servicing Agreement, and will act as servicer of the Purchased Receivables for this securitisation transaction. All duties carried out by the Servicer will be undertaken using the standard of care that CBMF would exercise in its own affairs taking into account the degree and skill that it exercises for all comparable assets.

The Servicer has expertise in servicing – and has well-documented and adequate policies, procedures and risk-management controls relating to the servicing of – the Portfolio and the wider CBMF portfolio. The wider CBMF portfolio includes, but is not limited to, the origination volumes set out in the section entitled "*Close Brothers Limited's Motor Finance Business*" above and in respect of which certain historical performance data is set out in the section entitled "*Historical Performance Data*" below. The Portfolio will be serviced in line with the Servicer's usual servicing procedures. CBMF's servicing and collections systems maintain records for all Receivables, applications of payments, relevant information on Obligors and account status. The majority of CBMF's retail customers make their payments through direct debit payment systems, and the remainder pay via standing order, cash, cheque or bank transfer.

Arrears Collections and Recoveries

CBMF is committed to helping customers as early as possible and preventing an arrears situation from developing. If a customer makes contact to indicate they may not be able to maintain repayments before their account has fallen into arrears, then CBMF will discuss potential forbearance and/or collections options available to the customer based on circumstances as well as providing the customer with contact details of where to obtain free debt advice.

The management of credit agreements that fall into arrears is conducted by CBMF's third party collections partner Intrum under a material outsourcing arrangement via Intrum's platform CreditSolve. CBMF maintains a specialist collections capability in-house to handle sensitive cases such as vulnerable customers, as well as asset recovery and disposal.

Where a direct debit is unsuccessful, an unpaid direct debit letter will be issued to the customer by CBMF and the agreement transferred to Creditsolve for collection activity to commence. For those customers who do not pay by direct debt, the agreement is transferred to CreditSolve for activity to commence once in arrears.

Early Stage arrears typically relates to an agreement in an arrears status up to when the notice of default ("**NoD**") is issued for regulated agreements or up to when the notice of termination ("**NoT**") is issued for unregulated agreements. The risk based contact strategies for early stage delinquency maximises the opportunities for customers to cure their account back to an up to date position.

For regulated agreements, where contact with the customer has been unsuccessful or where the customer has not been able to commit to bringing their account up to date, a statutory NoD will be sent once the account reaches 35 days in arrears and 2 missed payments.

Solutions which allow the customer more time to repay their arrears are known as forbearance; however CBMF would not offer solutions that put the customer in a worsening financial situation.

Termination of the Contracts by the Servicer

The termination of an agreement with an obligor can only take place when the date shown on the relevant default notice has expired and a notice of sums in arrears letter was issued at least 2 working days prior to the termination taking place (in the case of regulated agreements only). Once a termination notice is issued, the termination of the agreement is irreversible and CBMF cannot continue to collect monthly repayments. As noted above, CBMF will consider forbearance and whether an arrangement can be put in place instead of terminating the agreement.

Unregulated contracts have no statutory requirements attached to them; therefore there is no requirement to serve a default notice or notice of sums in arrears. CBMF will normally inform the company/customer in order to give them an opportunity to remedy the default before issuing a termination letter prior to repossession of the vehicle.

Voluntary Termination

Voluntary termination is only available to regulated customers who have entered into Conditional Sale Contracts or PCP Contracts and where the agreement has not already been terminated by the Servicer.

If CBMF terminates a credit agreement, the customer no longer has a right to voluntarily terminate the agreement (as the agreement has already been brought to an end). The Customer is however able to voluntarily surrender after CBMF has terminated the agreement by returning the vehicle in partial or full and final settlement of their liability. Customers are within their rights, under the terms of a customer's credit agreement, to return the vehicle at any time by voluntarily terminating the agreement to which they are a party. The customer is informed of this right both in the credit agreement itself and in the notice of default.

When a customer voluntarily terminates an agreement, they remain liable to pay up to half of the total amount payable under the agreement, or half of the total amount payable plus any other extra monthly instalments which have fallen due. For example, if the agreement is 24 months in duration and the customer voluntarily terminates at 18 months, they will be liable for all rentals and arrears up to the date of voluntary termination (18 months). If the customer is in arrears, they can voluntarily terminate their agreement at any point, including during the 21 day period following the issue of a default notice.

Voluntary termination does not include payments in respect of GAP insurance and the customer is still liable to make full payment of this additional product. As the RTI policy is offered on a "pay as you go" basis, it can be cancelled by the customer at any time.

Where there is a shortfall, the customer should make arrangements to satisfy their remaining liability as part of their voluntary termination. If this cannot be cleared in one payment, the remaining liability will be collected by an external collection agency appointed by the Servicer. All external collection agents used are fully accredited.

The customer must give notice in writing of their wish to voluntarily terminate.

Changes to the Arrears Collections Policy comprised within the Credit and Collection Procedures

The arrears collections policy comprised within the Credit and Collection Procedures is broken into regulatory rules and policy rules.

Regulatory rules are a mandatory requirement under applicable law and cannot be waived, amended or treated as exceptions.

Policy rules must be complied with, in all but exceptional circumstances. Authority matrices are in place for specific collections activities or decisions.

Repossessions and Disposals

Repossessions

The repossession of CBMF property takes place when all other avenues to recover the debt have been exhausted.

Repossession activity is ultimately managed and controlled by CBMF to ensure all legal requirements have been met. CBMF has also contracted the services of tracing agents and field collection agencies.

For terminated agreements in England and Wales, where the customer has paid over a third of the amount due on their account, the asset becomes protected goods, and therefore cannot be repossessed without a court order.

For terminated agreements in Scotland, the Seller may need to obtain a court order to repossess the Vehicle in any event regardless of the amount paid.

Once an agreement has been terminated, repossession normally takes place as soon as possible.

If a customer that is a limited company goes into liquidation, the agreement is normally terminated and the vehicle repossessed. Unregulated contracts have no statutory requirements attached to them, however, the normal practice is to issue a missed payment letter asking the hirer to bring the account up to date within seven days. If suitable arrangements are not made to clear the arrears in this period the branch should issue a termination letter to the hirer and arrange repossession of the vehicle, unless the customer is able to settle the agreement.

Disposals

The three main ways in which repossessions are disposed of are:

- (a) through a recognised car auction;
- (b) by selling back to the supplying Dealer; or
- (c) by selling to the trade (meaning dealers other than the supplying Dealer).

Accounts

Accounts in arrears are written off after standard collection and recovery efforts have been exhausted and all collections, including sale proceeds, auction proceeds and insurance claims have been applied to the account. In the majority of cases, the amount written off equals the balance due after the sale of the repossessed vehicle. If a vehicle has been completely written off due to an accident, the balance remaining (whether from an insured or uninsured loss) is written off when the customer is unable to pay. Customers' accounts may then be transferred to one of CBMF's approved debt collection agents.

Vehicles returned pursuant to a PCP Contract in lieu of final balloon payment

Vehicles returned under PCP Contracts are sold through auction. Customers are charged for any excess mileage or excessive wear and tear.

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE DATA

The historical performance data presented hereafter is relative to the entire portfolio granted by the Seller to individual borrowers in order to finance the purchase of vehicles for the periods and as at the dates stated therein. The following tables were prepared by the Seller based on its internal records.

In each of the tables, "Q1" refers to the period from 1 January to 31 March, "Q2" refers to the period from 1 April to 30 June, "Q3" refers to the period from 1 July to 30 September, and "Q4" refers to the period from 1 October to 31 December (other than Q4 2021, which refers to the period from 1 October 2021 to 30 November 2021).

Cumulative Loss Rates – Total

0.1.1	Original													C	umulative	loss rate	(%) by m	onths sinc	e originat	tion												
Origination Quarter	Balance of Loans (£)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
01 2013	169,702,448	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.09	0.15	0.21	0.27	0.30	0.35	0.39	0.45	0.51	0.56	0.61	0.67	0.73	0.78	0.80	0.84	0.88	0.89	0.91	0.94	0.98	1.04	1.08	1.12	1.16	1.22	1.28	1.35
2 2013	182,479,015	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.07	0.11	0.13	0.17	0.21	0.26	0.31	0.36	0.40	0.42	0.46	0.51	0.58	0.62	0.65	0.68	0.71	0.77	0.83	0.90	0.95	0.99	1.04	1.07	1.13	1.19	1.26
23 2013	181,129,173	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.16	0.24	0.28	0.37	0.41	0.44	0.51	0.55	0.59	0.63	0.69	0.75	0.79	0.83	0.89	0.93	0.97	1.02	1.09	1.15	1.19	1.24	1.30	1.34	1.41
24 2013	158,904,698	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.14	0.22	0.27	0.37	0.42	0.45	0.52	0.56	0.59	0.66	0.70	0.78	0.82	0.88	0.93	1.01	1.07	1.11	1.16	1.20	1.24	1.30	1.33	1.40	1.45	1.52	1.58
21 2014	198,539,248	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.09	0.12	0.17	0.22	0.30	0.34	0.39	0.44	0.48	0.53	0.56	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.71	0.79	0.86	0.93	0.97	1.02	1.08	1.16	1.23	1.30	1.36	1.42	1.48	1.55
2 2014	195,540,424	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.10	0.18	0.26	0.34	0.40	0.44	0.47	0.54	0.58	0.66	0.71	0.79	0.86	0.94	1.02	1.08	1.15	1.23	1.30	1.35	1.42	1.49	1.56	1.62	1.69	1.77	1.84
23 2014	181,674,462	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.08	0.11	0.21	0.27	0.33	0.39	0.50	0.55	0.61	0.68	0.74	0.77	0.86	0.91	0.95	1.03	1.11	1.16	1.24	1.32	1.39	1.47	1.52	1.59	1.66	1.71	1.80
04 2014	152,081,254	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.09	0.17	0.21	0.30	0.39	0.48	0.53	0.63	0.72	0.83	0.93	1.04	1.09	1.16	1.22	1.30	1.38	1.43	1.59	1.67	1.75	1.84	1.91	1.98	2.02	2.07	2.16	2.26
Q1 2015	209,427,954	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.10	0.16	0.22	0.29	0.35	0.38	0.46	0.55	0.61	0.69	0.76	0.88	0.96	1.01	1.12	1.16	1.22	1.29	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.61	1.68	1.75	1.80	1.91	2.05
Q2 2015	199,170,852	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.30	0.37	0.50	0.58	0.66	0.75	0.82	0.91	1.01	1.11	1.19	1.26	1.34	1.44	1.48	1.57	1.65	1.73	1.81	1.89	1.95	2.03	2.10	2.16	2.23	2.37
Q3 2015	182,126,769	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.14	0.21	0.29	0.36	0.45	0.53	0.60	0.72	0.77	0.86	0.95	1.03	1.09	1.17	1.24	1.28	1.34	1.41	1.48	1.54	1.61	1.67	1.78	1.89	2.00	2.11	2.24
Q4 2015	160,488,669	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.09	0.19	0.31	0.47	0.57	0.70	0.81	0.91	0.99	1.04	1.13	1.19	1.29	1.44	1.56	1.64	1.76	1.81	1.90	1.99	2.09	2.18	2.27	2.40	2.50	2.57	2.66	2.73
Q1 2016	201,130,359	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.08	0.14	0.22	0.33	0.43	0.48	0.58	0.70	0.78	0.90	0.97	1.06	1.11	1.17	1.23	1.31	1.38	1.43	1.54	1.61	1.72	1.82	1.91	1.98	2.12	2.19	2.27	2.36
Q2 2016	184,033,989	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.09	0.18	0.24	0.33	0.46	0.56	0.68	0.81	0.88	0.99	1.07	1.18	1.27	1.34	1.47	1.56	1.65	1.73	1.80	1.86	1.96	2.05	2.18	2.24	2.35	2.49	2.56	2.66
23 2016	173,209,881	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.07	0.12	0.24	0.33	0.38	0.50	0.57	0.62	0.68	0.81	0.93	1.05	1.15	1.27	1.38	1.44	1.49	1.57	1.65	1.73	1.81	1.90	2.03	2.11	2.18	2.24	2.38
Q4 2016	151,513,516	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.14	0.19	0.24	0.28	0.35	0.43	0.50	0.67	0.78	0.83	0.89	0.99	1.05	1.13	1.22	1.32	1.39	1.47	1.53	1.62	1.71	1.82	1.89	2.00	2.06	2.16	2.24
Q1 2017	181,840,793	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.13	0.20	0.27	0.39	0.49	0.57	0.66	0.78	0.88	0.97	1.05	1.13	1.19	1.29	1.39	1.51	1.60	1.64	1.70	1.80	2.09	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.47	2.58
Q2 2017	160,334,631	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.22	0.33	0.44	0.60	0.70	0.81	0.90	0.97	1.10	1.16	1.29	1.41	1.51	1.58	1.67	1.75	1.82	1.91	1.97	2.08	2.14	2.21	2.30	2.37	2.47	2.61
Q3 2017	147,065,916	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.13	0.26	0.34	0.45	0.53	0.68	0.85	0.97	1.07	1.14	1.20	1.30	1.39	1.46	1.53	1.62	1.67	1.78	1.84	1.91	1.99	2.07	2.19	2.28	2.36	2.47	2.55	2.65
Q4 2017	124,694,025	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.10	0.13	0.19	0.27	0.36	0.43	0.50	0.59	0.76	0.89	1.00	1.06	1.18	1.31	1.41	1.50	1.61	1.70	1.79	1.88	1.97	2.10	2.21	2.28	2.38	2.46	2.52	2.57
Q1 2018	155,475,475	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.12	0.23	0.35	0.40	0.48	0.58	0.68	0.80	0.87	1.01	1.12	1.24	1.39	1.49	1.61	1.69	1.82	1.90	2.02	2.16	2.28	2.41	2.47	2.51	2.57	2.64	2.81	2.92
Q2 2018	162,637,924	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.21	0.33	0.41	0.50	0.58	0.73	0.84	0.98	1.10	1.23	1.35	1.41	1.49	1.59	1.71	1.85	2.00	2.10	2.17	2.24	2.30	2.43	2.57	2.70	2.83	2.93	3.03
Q3 2018	152,364,387	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.08	0.16	0.27	0.36	0.43	0.52	0.62	0.72	0.93	1.04	1.17	1.30	1.45	1.55	1.67	1.79	1.84	1.91	1.99	2.06	2.15	2.26	2.38	2.55	2.65	2.75	2.86	2.92
Q4 2018	138,779,282	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.17	0.26	0.38	0.55	0.64	0.75	0.88	1.00	1.12	1.29	1.41	1.54	1.67	1.78	1.86	1.92	2.05	2.20	2.33	2.40	2.51	2.61	2.68	2.76	2.83	2.93	3.02	3.10
Q1 2019	168,987,012	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.12	0.22	0.32	0.46	0.59	0.68	0.79	0.93	1.06	1.24	1.36	1.40	1.47	1.61	1.68	1.78	1.88	1.99	2.08	2.22	2.36	2.51	2.61	2.72	2.76	2.81	2.88	2.98
Q2 2019	179,113,618	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.09	0.21	0.35	0.44	0.61	0.76	0.87	0.95	1.00	1.09	1.19	1.34	1.41	1.51	1.66	1.81	1.91	2.06	2.14	2.25	2.34	2.43	2.54	2.65	2.74	2.81	2.88	2.99
Q3 2019	180,192,210	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.18	0.28	0.43	0.54	0.63	0.69	0.77	0.90	0.96	1.11	1.25	1.37	1.49	1.61	1.78	1.87	1.96	2.05	2.15	2.24	2.34	2.41	2.52	2.61	2.66	2.69	2.74	2.78
Q4 2019	157,807,042	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.14	0.19	0.21	0.28	0.34	0.44	0.50	0.60	0.68	0.80	0.98	1.25	1.32	1.45	1.52	1.65	1.72	1.81	1.86	2.00	2.11	2.21	2.27	2.31	2.35	2.41	2.47	2.50
Q1 2020	168,743,014	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.14	0.24	0.33	0.41	0.51	0.66	0.78	0.90	0.99	1.07	1.13	1.21	1.27	1.37	1.45	1.56	1.62	1.65	1.69	1.73	1.80	1.83	1.86	1.92	1.97	2.01
Q2 2020	131,501,185	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.17	0.27	0.32	0.35	0.43	0.52	0.60	0.65	0.72	0.81	0.96	1.04	1.15	1.23	1.27	1.34	1.42	1.47	1.52	1.60	1.65	1.68	1.72	1.78	1.85
Q3 2020	256,323,615	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.10	0.19	0.26	0.30	0.36	0.41	0.48	0.58	0.64	0.69	0.78	0.84	0.91	0.97	1.04	1.08	1.11	1.16	1.21	1.26	1.31	1.34	1.39	1.43	1.51	1.56	1.61
Q4 2020	204,202,662	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.11	0.18	0.26	0.33	0.40	0.45	0.56	0.66	0.76	0.79	0.86	0.92	1.00	1.07	1.12	1.19	1.26	1.32	1.39	1.44	1.50	1.55	1.61	1.69	1.78	1.85	1.93
Q1 2021	207,206,602	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.10	0.16	0.20	0.32	0.39	0.45	0.53	0.62	0.69	0.77	0.83	0.88	1.00	1.07	1.19	1.26	1.33	1.40	1.46	1.51	1.57	1.64	1.71	1.81	1.88	1.89
2 2021	257,267,252	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.14	0.19	0.28	0.34	0.44	0.49	0.54	0.65	0.73	0.81	0.89	1.05	1.12	1.18	1.29	1.36	1.41	1.50	1.60	1.72	1.79	1.82			
23 2021	234,948,771	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.15	0.18	0.29	0.35	0.40	0.49	0.55	0.69	0.79	0.88	0.96	1.01	1.11	1.21	1.36	1.49	1.63	1.72	1.83	1.88						

Q4 2021	219,400,410	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.11	0.20	0.26	0.38	0.50	0.56	0.70	0.85	0.95	1.05	1.19	1.32	1.48	1.67	1.84	2.02	2.13	2.21
Q1 2022	244,640,673	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.09	0.15	0.22	0.37	0.46	0.58	0.75	0.91	1.15	1.30	1.45	1.62	1.82	1.96	2.02			
Q2 2022	243,483,327	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.12	0.16	0.23	0.34	0.48	0.64	0.73	0.89	1.07	1.21	1.35	1.42						
Q3 2022	216,432,025	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.14	0.19	0.25	0.34	0.47	0.62	0.77	0.95	1.11	1.17									
Q4 2022	197,794,630	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.20	0.30	0.37	0.44												
Q1 2023	225,077,764	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.09	0.13	0.17															
Q2 2023	236,597,983	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.06																		
Q3 2023	85,650,297	0.00																					

Cumulative Loss Rates – Total (continued)

Cumulative	Loss Rates – Tot	al (c	onti	nued)									Cumula	tive loss r	ate (%) h	v month	s since or	igination												
Origination Quarter	Original Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Q1 2013	169,702,448	1.40	1.44	1.47	1.50	1.54	1.56	1.59	1.62	1.64	1.65	1.67	1.67	1.68	1.69	1.71	1.72	1.73	1.74	1.74	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.76
Q2 2013	182,479,015	1.36	1.41	1.44	1.50	1.55	1.60	1.64	1.69	1.72	1.75	1.76	1.77	1.78	1.79	1.81	1.82	1.83	1.83	1.84	1.85	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87
Q3 2013	181,129,173	1.46	1.52	1.55	1.58	1.61	1.67	1.70	1.75	1.77	1.78	1.80	1.82	1.84	1.84	1.85	1.86	1.87	1.87	1.88	1.89	1.89	1.90	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91
Q4 2013	158,904,698	1.67	1.74	1.79	1.85	1.92	1.95	1.98	2.00	2.01	2.02	2.04	2.06	2.09	2.10	2.12	2.13	2.15	2.15	2.17	2.17	2.18	2.19	2.19	2.19	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
Q1 2014	198,539,248	1.63	1.70	1.75	1.78	1.85	1.91	1.96	2.01	2.05	2.08	2.09	2.13	2.14	2.16	2.18	2.19	2.21	2.24	2.27	2.28	2.30	2.31	2.31	2.32	2.32	2.32	2.33	2.33	2.33	2.33
Q2 2014	195,540,424	1.90	1.99	2.05	2.14	2.23	2.33	2.39	2.46	2.52	2.55	2.57	2.61	2.63	2.67	2.71	2.73	2.73	2.75	2.78	2.80	2.80	2.81	2.81	2.81	2.81	2.81	2.82	2.82	2.82	2.82
Q3 2014	181,674,462	1.90	2.01	2.09	2.15	2.25	2.32	2.37	2.43	2.48	2.50	2.53	2.58	2.59	2.61	2.65	2.66	2.67	2.73	2.76	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.79	2.79	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80
Q4 2014	152,081,254	2.33	2.43	2.52	2.57	2.64	2.71	2.76	2.82	2.87	2.89	2.91	2.93	2.95	2.96	2.98	3.00	3.01	3.02	3.05	3.06	3.06	3.08	3.08	3.08	3.09	3.09	3.09	3.10	3.10	3.10
Q1 2015	209,427,954	2.14	2.22	2.30	2.41	2.50	2.58	2.66	2.78	2.82	2.85	2.89	2.95	2.99	3.00	3.02	3.04	3.05	3.09	3.14	3.18	3.19	3.19	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.21	3.21	3.21
Q2 2015	199,170,852	2.47	2.55	2.63	2.72	2.84	2.92	3.03	3.08	3.14	3.18	3.24	3.26	3.32	3.35	3.37	3.40	3.42	3.44	3.50	3.58	3.59	3.60	3.62	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.64	3.64	3.64
Q3 2015	182,126,769	2.35	2.44	2.53	2.60	2.66	2.71	2.81	2.88	2.91	2.93	2.96	2.99	3.02	3.03	3.06	3.08	3.11	3.15	3.23	3.29	3.31	3.32	3.32	3.34	3.34	3.34	3.34	3.35	3.35	3.35
Q4 2015	160,488,669	2.84	2.95	3.06	3.15	3.20	3.27	3.31	3.35	3.41	3.45	3.49	3.53	3.55	3.61	3.62	3.62	3.65	3.70	3.74	3.79	3.81	3.82	3.83	3.83	3.83	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.85
Q1 2016	201,130,359	2.51	2.58	2.66	2.71	2.77	2.86	2.91	2.99	3.03	3.08	3.14	3.19	3.21	3.23	3.26	3.29	3.31	3.34	3.36	3.38	3.41	3.43	3.45	3.46	3.47	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.49	3.49
Q2 2016	184,033,989	2.74	2.83	2.92	3.04	3.12	3.16	3.23	3.30	3.37	3.41	3.47	3.50	3.55	3.60	3.62	3.65	3.66	3.68	3.74	3.83	3.93	3.93	3.94	3.97	3.99	4.00	4.00	4.01	4.02	4.02
Q3 2016	173,209,881	2.47	2.55	2.62	2.69	2.78	2.90	3.01	3.11	3.17	3.28	3.32	3.35	3.37	3.39	3.43	3.46	3.49	3.52	3.57	3.62	3.63	3.64	3.65	3.66	3.66	3.66	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.68
Q4 2016	151,513,516	2.34	2.43	2.54	2.64	2.75	2.84	2.94	3.06	3.12	3.16	3.19	3.21	3.26	3.31	3.40	3.46	3.49	3.54	3.63	3.68	3.72	3.73	3.74	3.74	3.74	3.75	3.75	3.77	3.78	3.78
Q1 2017	181,840,793	2.70	2.79	2.88	2.99	3.08	3.16	3.20	3.24	3.31	3.43	3.49	3.55	3.61	3.65	3.69	3.74	3.79	3.83	3.97	4.01	4.03	4.05	4.05	4.06	4.07	4.07	4.07	4.07	4.08	4.08
Q2 2017	160,334,631	2.71	2.80	2.92	2.97	3.03	3.08	3.24	3.40	3.48	3.54	3.62	3.66	3.69	3.74	3.76	3.79	3.83	3.88	3.95	3.97	3.98	3.98	3.98	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.01	4.01	4.01
Q3 2017	147,065,916	2.74	2.79	2.82	2.93	3.09	3.20	3.26	3.34	3.38	3.42	3.46	3.51	3.55	3.57	3.60	3.65	3.69	3.72	3.74	3.75	3.77	3.79	3.79	3.79	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.81	3.81
Q4 2017	124,694,025	2.67	2.87	3.02	3.10	3.19	3.29	3.39	3.47	3.53	3.60	3.65	3.70	3.73	3.74	3.75	3.77	3.79	3.82	3.83	3.84	3.85	3.86	3.87	3.89	3.90	3.91	3.91	3.92	3.92	3.93
Q1 2018	155,475,475	3.05	3.15	3.22	3.27	3.37	3.48	3.54	3.57	3.63	3.68	3.72	3.76	3.78	3.81	3.82	3.84	3.85	3.89	3.91	3.91	3.93	3.93	3.93	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.95	3.95	3.96	3.96
Q2 2018	162,637,924	3.10	3.20	3.24	3.30	3.37	3.45	3.53	3.58	3.65	3.68	3.73	3.75	3.77	3.80	3.83	3.85	3.86	3.87	3.90	3.91	3.91	3.91	3.92	3.94	3.94	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95
Q3 2018	152,364,387	3.01	3.09	3.16	3.25	3.30	3.36	3.43	3.46	3.48	3.50	3.51	3.52	3.53	3.55	3.56	3.61	3.63	3.64	3.65	3.67	3.68	3.69	3.70	3.73	3.73	3.74	3.74	3.75	3.75	3.75
Q4 2018	138,779,282	3.19	3.29	3.36	3.43	3.51	3.56	3.60	3.63	3.67	3.71	3.74	3.76	3.77	3.79	3.81	3.82	3.85	3.87	3.89	3.90	3.94	3.96	3.97	3.98	3.98	3.99	3.99			
Q1 2019	168,987,012	3.05	3.11	3.15	3.21	3.25	3.31	3.33	3.38	3.41	3.44	3.47	3.50	3.51	3.53	3.54	3.55	3.57	3.59	3.60	3.62	3.63	3.64	3.66	3.66						
Q2 2019	179,113,618	3.05	3.11	3.16	3.19	3.23	3.27	3.31	3.38	3.40	3.42	3.44	3.47	3.48	3.54	3.56	3.57	3.60	3.66	3.68	3.69	3.69									
Q3 2019	180,192,210	2.82	2.88	2.91	2.97	3.00	3.05	3.11	3.14	3.17	3.20	3.22	3.26	3.30	3.34	3.35	3.39	3.40	3.42												
Q4 2019	157,807,042	2.56	2.59	2.64	2.69	2.70	2.73	2.76	2.80	2.84	2.88	2.92	2.96	3.00	3.01	3.01															
Q1 2020	168,743,014	2.04	2.09	2.13	2.16	2.19	2.24	2.27	2.30	2.33	2.37	2.40	2.42																		
Q2 2020	131,501,185	1.91	1.96	2.02	2.06	2.10	2.15	2.22	2.23	2.26																					
Q3 2020	256,323,615	1.66	1.71	1.77	1.83	1.86	1.88																								
Q4 2020	204,202,662	2.01	2.05	2.06																											
Q1 2021	207,206,602																														
Q2 2021	257,267,252																														
Q3 2021	234,948,771																														
Q4 2021	219,400,410																														

Q1 2022	244,640,673
Q2 2022	243,483,327
Q3 2022	216,432,025
Q4 2022	197,794,630
Q1 2023	225,077,764
Q2 2023	236,597,983
Q3 2023	85,650,297

Cumulative Loss Rates – Used Cars

igination	Driginal Balance of													Cu	mulative	loss rate	(%) by me	onths since	e originat	tion												
arter	Balance of <u>Loans (£)</u> 109,553,489	0.00	<u> </u>	2	<u>3</u> 0.05	4	<u>5</u> 0.16	<u>6</u> 0.23	0.26	<u>8</u> 0.32	<u>9</u> 0.37	<u>10</u> 0.44	<u>11</u> 0.54	<u>12</u> 0.59	<u>13</u> 0.66	<u>14</u> 0.74	<u>15</u> 0.81	<u>16</u> 0.88	<u>17</u> 0.90	18 0.95	<u>19</u> 0.99	20	<u>21</u> 1.03	<u>22</u> 1.06	<u>23</u> 1.13	<u>24</u> 1.20	<u>25</u> 1.23	<u>26</u> 1.29	<u>27</u> 1.34	<u>28</u> 1.40	<u>29</u> 1.44	30 1.5
013	114,673,368	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.13	0.14	0.20	0.24	0.28	0.32	0.35	0.39	0.41	0.45	0.50	0.57	0.62	0.65	0.67	0.71	0.78	0.85	0.91	0.98	1.02	1.07	1.10	1.17	1.23	1.3
013	115,624,393	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.28	0.34	0.46	0.51	0.54	0.59	0.61	0.64	0.70	0.74	0.82	0.87	0.92	0.99	1.04	1.09	1.14	1.21	1.29	1.33	1.38	1.42	1.47	1.:
013	103,423,678	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.13	0.24	0.29	0.38	0.42	0.46	0.52	0.56	0.58	0.64	0.66	0.75	0.80	0.89	0.93	1.01	1.10	1.13	1.17	1.21	1.24	1.29	1.32	1.40	1.45	1.52	1.0
2014	127,630,813	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.14	0.17	0.22	0.28	0.37	0.42	0.46	0.50	0.54	0.59	0.62	0.66	0.70	0.74	0.77	0.85	0.93	0.98	1.03	1.09	1.14	1.23	1.31	1.38	1.44	1.50	1.57	1.
2014	126,485,061	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.11	0.20	0.30	0.38	0.44	0.49	0.51	0.57	0.62	0.69	0.76	0.84	0.89	0.98	1.06	1.14	1.21	1.29	1.35	1.42	1.51	1.57	1.65	1.71	1.80	1.88	1.
2014	122,019,662	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.24	0.30	0.37	0.44	0.56	0.60	0.67	0.76	0.81	0.85	0.94	0.98	1.01	1.08	1.16	1.20	1.32	1.40	1.48	1.56	1.62	1.70	1.80	1.84	1.
2014	101,385,356	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.11	0.22	0.27	0.36	0.44	0.56	0.60	0.72	0.81	0.93	1.06	1.17	1.23	1.28	1.37	1.48	1.54	1.59	1.65	1.71	1.78	1.88	1.96	2.03	2.08	2.14	2.26	2.
2015	139,796,950	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.11	0.19	0.26	0.35	0.42	0.46	0.55	0.66	0.73	0.83	0.92	1.05	1.13	1.19	1.28	1.35	1.41	1.48	1.53	1.61	1.69	1.79	1.86	1.96	2.02	2.15	2.
2015	135,843,399	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.14	0.36	0.42	0.58	0.68	0.79	0.87	0.96	1.06	1.13	1.25	1.32	1.39	1.47	1.55	1.61	1.70	1.80	1.88	1.96	2.03	2.10	2.19	2.28	2.36	2.45	2.
2015	125,311,021	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.15	0.24	0.32	0.42	0.51	0.58	0.65	0.78	0.83	0.92	1.01	1.09	1.16	1.25	1.34	1.39	1.45	1.54	1.61	1.68	1.75	1.81	1.92	2.04	2.15	2.25	2.
2015	110,666,199	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.10	0.21	0.38	0.60	0.68	0.82	0.95	1.07	1.14	1.21	1.31	1.36	1.48	1.61	1.75	1.84	1.96	2.02	2.09	2.17	2.28	2.38	2.47	2.60	2.69	2.79	2.87	2.
2016	134,898,831	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.09	0.18	0.27	0.41	0.49	0.54	0.64	0.80	0.89	1.02	1.08	1.17	1.23	1.28	1.34	1.41	1.48	1.56	1.69	1.77	1.88	1.96	2.07	2.18	2.34	2.43	2.53	2.
2016	122,034,933	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.11	0.21	0.29	0.38	0.54	0.65	0.77	0.92	1.00	1.12	1.21	1.33	1.43	1.52	1.68	1.79	1.87	1.95	2.02	2.07	2.17	2.27	2.43	2.51	2.64	2.80	2.88	2.
2016	116,779,400	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.08	0.14	0.29	0.37	0.44	0.56	0.66	0.70	0.76	0.91	1.07	1.23	1.36	1.45	1.57	1.63	1.69	1.78	1.87	1.97	2.06	2.15	2.31	2.40	2.48	2.57	2.
016	103,913,879	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.15	0.20	0.26	0.32	0.41	0.51	0.70	0.83	0.88	0.94	1.05	1.11	1.20	1.31	1.42	1.49	1.58	1.67	1.75	1.84	1.95	2.03	2.15	2.23	2.33	2
017	124,814,532	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.10	0.18	0.27	0.42	0.53	0.61	0.73	0.87	0.99	1.10	1.18	1.25	1.34	1.46	1.56	1.68	1.79	1.84	1.89	2.00	2.26	2.36	2.48	2.57	2.64	2
2017	112,769,603	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.06	0.15	0.27	0.40	0.54	0.73	0.87	0.95	1.03	1.09	1.21	1.27	1.41	1.52	1.62	1.70	1.78	1.86	1.92	2.01	2.05	2.18	2.24	2.32	2.40	2.50	2.59	2.
2017	103,083,287	0.00	0.01	0.06	0.17	0.33	0.44	0.54	0.63	0.81	0.98	1.09	1.16	1.22	1.28	1.38	1.49	1.57	1.62	1.71	1.76	1.83	1.92	1.98	2.06	2.16	2.30	2.42	2.52	2.63	2.72	2.
2017	85,654,383	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.13	0.15	0.24	0.33	0.43	0.49	0.57	0.68	0.84	0.95	1.05	1.11	1.25	1.38	1.50	1.61	1.74	1.85	1.97	2.09	2.16	2.30	2.43	2.47	2.58	2.68	2.75	2.
2018	107,005,062	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.16	0.28	0.44	0.51	0.62	0.71	0.82	0.95	1.01	1.17	1.30	1.41	1.56	1.67	1.75	1.84	1.96	2.03	2.15	2.31	2.45	2.59	2.66	2.70	2.78	2.86	3.07	3.
2018	111,527,471	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.15	0.25	0.34	0.43	0.54	0.61	0.78	0.88	1.01	1.14	1.31	1.44	1.50	1.55	1.66	1.77	1.90	2.08	2.15	2.24	2.31	2.37	2.50	2.66	2.81	2.92	3.03	3.
2018	104,742,027	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.11	0.18	0.30	0.40	0.49	0.59	0.70	0.81	1.01	1.13	1.23	1.35	1.50	1.61	1.73	1.88	1.92	2.00	2.09	2.18	2.26	2.37	2.49	2.68	2.81	2.92	3.03	3.
2018	96,630,277	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.20	0.30	0.42	0.53	0.65	0.75	0.93	1.04	1.16	1.37	1.49	1.61	1.76	1.87	1.95	2.02	2.14	2.25	2.39	2.47	2.61	2.71	2.78	2.89	2.99	3.11	3.22	3.
2019	117,220,434	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.17	0.25	0.38	0.51	0.64	0.74	0.87	1.02	1.14	1.29	1.44	1.47	1.55	1.74	1.78	1.87	1.96	2.06	2.14	2.31	2.48	2.64	2.78	2.93	2.98	3.04	3.12	3.
2019	125,926,413	0.00	0.01	0.06	0.12	0.24	0.42	0.52	0.71	0.90	0.99	1.09	1.15	1.24	1.34	1.52	1.60	1.71	1.88	2.04	2.15	2.32	2.39	2.52	2.65	2.74	2.88	3.02	3.13	3.19	3.28	3.
2019	126,226,831	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.23	0.36	0.53	0.62	0.72	0.77	0.86	1.02	1.07	1.24	1.40	1.56	1.67	1.80	1.98	2.09	2.21	2.33	2.42	2.54	2.62	2.69	2.81	2.92	2.99	3.02	3.09	3.
2019	111,577,011	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.18	0.24	0.28	0.35	0.41	0.52	0.58	0.70	0.78	0.89	1.08	1.34	1.42	1.58	1.66	1.78	1.84	1.94	2.00	2.14	2.26	2.37	2.45	2.49	2.53	2.60	2.66	2.
2020	117,295,031	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.09	0.17	0.28	0.37	0.47	0.58	0.77	0.91	1.05	1.16	1.25	1.32	1.40	1.44	1.57	1.68	1.80	1.88	1.91	1.97	2.03	2.11	2.15	2.17	2.26	2.31	2.
2020	94,126,739	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.13	0.22	0.28	0.34	0.37	0.45	0.54	0.61	0.66	0.73	0.81	0.98	1.07	1.16	1.25	1.30	1.37	1.46	1.50	1.55	1.63	1.69	1.74	1.75	1.80	1.
2020	185,875,564	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.11	0.22	0.29	0.34	0.41	0.45	0.53	0.62	0.68	0.74	0.80	0.87	0.94	0.99	1.04	1.08	1.12	1.17	1.21	1.27	1.30	1.33	1.36	1.41	1.49	1.54	1.:
2020	144,856,585	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.13	0.21	0.31	0.39	0.46	0.54	0.65	0.78	0.90	0.94	1.00	1.06	1.11	1.17	1.22	1.31	1.37	1.43	1.49	1.55	1.60	1.63	1.68	1.74	1.83	1.90	1.
2021	142,530,500	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.15	0.20	0.32	0.42	0.48	0.56	0.65	0.73	0.82	0.88	0.93	1.07	1.13	1.25	1.31	1.36	1.44	1.49	1.53	1.60	1.66	1.75	1.83	1.89	1.
2021	176,735,026	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.11	0.15	0.17	0.28	0.33	0.45	0.49	0.53	0.62	0.71	0.78	0.86	1.00	1.06	1.10	1.18	1.26	1.32	1.43	1.50	1.59	1.66	1.69			
2021	161,746,172	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.29	0.34	0.39	0.48	0.55	0.70	0.78	0.85	0.92	0.96	1.05	1.13	1.26	1.36	1.49	1.56	1.68	1.70						

Q4 2021	155,634,118	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.08	0.14	0.24	0.30	0.42	0.55	0.62	0.78	0.93	1.05	1.17	1.32	1.46	1.61	1.76	1.97	2.16	2.29	2.39
Q1 2022	171,691,479	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.27	0.46	0.54	0.69	0.86	1.02	1.29	1.44	1.57	1.77	1.94	2.10	2.17			
Q2 2022	168,857,529	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.13	0.18	0.25	0.36	0.54	0.72	0.79	0.96	1.16	1.31	1.48	1.53						
Q3 2022	150,192,187	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.19	0.24	0.30	0.38	0.54	0.71	0.88	1.03	1.16	1.23									
Q4 2022	142,051,944	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.11	0.20	0.32	0.38	0.46												
Q1 2023	156,587,930	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.11	0.16	0.21															
Q2 2023	165,768,258	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.07																		
Q3 2023	60,752,804	0.00																					

Cumulative Loss Rates – Used Cars (continued)

Cumulative	Loss Rates – Use	d Ca	ars (o	contri	nued	1)								Cumula	tive loss r	ate (%) l	ov month	is since of	rigination	1											
Origination Quarter	Original Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Q1 2013	109,553,489	1.60	1.66	1.70	1.74	1.77	1.80	1.83	1.86	1.89	1.91	1.93	1.93	1.95	1.96	1.97	1.97	1.99	1.99	1.99	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01
Q2 2013	114,673,368	1.43	1.49	1.53	1.61	1.66	1.72	1.74	1.81	1.84	1.88	1.88	1.89	1.91	1.93	1.94	1.96	1.96	1.97	1.98	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01
Q3 2013	115,624,393	1.63	1.70	1.75	1.78	1.83	1.90	1.94	2.03	2.05	2.06	2.09	2.12	2.14	2.14	2.15	2.16	2.17	2.18	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.21
Q4 2013	103,423,678	1.72	1.81	1.86	1.95	2.03	2.08	2.11	2.14	2.16	2.17	2.19	2.22	2.25	2.27	2.28	2.30	2.32	2.33	2.34	2.35	2.36	2.36	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.38	2.38	2.38	2.38	2.38
Q1 2014	127,630,813	1.75	1.85	1.91	1.96	2.06	2.13	2.20	2.27	2.31	2.36	2.37	2.40	2.42	2.45	2.47	2.48	2.50	2.53	2.58	2.59	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66
Q2 2014	126,485,061	2.05	2.16	2.23	2.34	2.45	2.58	2.67	2.74	2.83	2.87	2.90	2.94	2.99	3.03	3.09	3.11	3.12	3.14	3.18	3.19	3.20	3.21	3.21	3.21	3.21	3.21	3.22	3.22	3.22	3.22
Q3 2014	122,019,662	2.10	2.23	2.32	2.40	2.52	2.57	2.63	2.70	2.77	2.80	2.84	2.89	2.90	2.93	2.98	2.99	3.01	3.07	3.11	3.12	3.13	3.13	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15
Q4 2014	101,385,356	2.46	2.60	2.73	2.80	2.87	2.96	3.01	3.09	3.14	3.18	3.19	3.19	3.22	3.24	3.26	3.28	3.30	3.32	3.35	3.36	3.37	3.39	3.39	3.40	3.40	3.41	3.41	3.41	3.41	3.41
Q1 2015	139,796,950	2.43	2.54	2.62	2.77	2.88	2.97	3.09	3.19	3.23	3.27	3.32	3.38	3.42	3.44	3.46	3.47	3.49	3.55	3.60	3.66	3.67	3.67	3.68	3.68	3.68	3.68	3.68	3.69	3.69	3.69
Q2 2015	135,843,399	2.73	2.82	2.92	3.05	3.19	3.29	3.40	3.46	3.53	3.59	3.64	3.67	3.73	3.77	3.78	3.81	3.84	3.85	3.93	4.02	4.04	4.05	4.07	4.09	4.09	4.09	4.09	4.10	4.10	4.10
Q3 2015	125,311,021	2.52	2.61	2.72	2.79	2.86	2.92	3.03	3.13	3.17	3.19	3.22	3.24	3.29	3.29	3.32	3.35	3.40	3.46	3.56	3.62	3.65	3.65	3.66	3.67	3.68	3.68	3.68	3.68	3.69	3.69
Q4 2015	110,666,199	3.12	3.24	3.39	3.50	3.55	3.65	3.69	3.72	3.80	3.83	3.87	3.93	3.95	4.03	4.04	4.04	4.07	4.12	4.19	4.24	4.26	4.27	4.28	4.28	4.28	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.31
Q1 2016	134,898,831	2.85	2.94	3.04	3.11	3.19	3.29	3.34	3.43	3.47	3.55	3.63	3.69	3.71	3.73	3.76	3.81	3.82	3.86	3.88	3.90	3.93	3.96	3.99	3.99	4.00	4.00	4.01	4.01	4.01	4.02
Q2 2016	122,034,933	3.09	3.22	3.33	3.46	3.57	3.60	3.69	3.78	3.87	3.90	3.96	3.98	4.02	4.08	4.10	4.14	4.15	4.17	4.26	4.38	4.49	4.50	4.51	4.55	4.57	4.58	4.58	4.59	4.60	4.60
Q3 2016	116,779,400	2.82	2.93	3.02	3.11	3.23	3.36	3.50	3.63	3.70	3.84	3.89	3.92	3.94	3.96	3.99	4.03	4.07	4.11	4.16	4.23	4.25	4.26	4.27	4.28	4.28	4.29	4.29	4.29	4.30	4.30
Q4 2016	103,913,879	2.55	2.67	2.80	2.93	3.04	3.14	3.27	3.41	3.48	3.52	3.54	3.58	3.64	3.72	3.83	3.91	3.93	3.99	4.06	4.09	4.15	4.15	4.16	4.16	4.16	4.17	4.18	4.19	4.21	4.22
Q1 2017	124,814,532	2.93	3.05	3.13	3.25	3.34	3.45	3.50	3.54	3.62	3.78	3.86	3.93	4.01	4.06	4.12	4.19	4.26	4.31	4.52	4.57	4.59	4.61	4.62	4.63	4.64	4.64	4.64	4.64	4.64	4.65
Q2 2017	112,769,603	2.84	2.94	3.08	3.14	3.20	3.25	3.47	3.68	3.77	3.84	3.95	3.99	4.02	4.09	4.11	4.15	4.21	4.25	4.34	4.36	4.37	4.37	4.37	4.39	4.39	4.39	4.39	4.40	4.40	4.41
Q3 2017	103,083,287	2.92	2.97	3.01	3.13	3.29	3.43	3.52	3.60	3.65	3.70	3.75	3.79	3.84	3.87	3.91	3.93	3.97	4.00	4.02	4.03	4.05	4.08	4.08	4.09	4.09	4.09	4.09	4.09	4.10	4.10
Q4 2017	85,654,383	2.94	3.21	3.42	3.52	3.60	3.72	3.83	3.95	4.04	4.13	4.18	4.25	4.27	4.29	4.30	4.32	4.35	4.39	4.40	4.41	4.42	4.43	4.43	4.45	4.46	4.47	4.47	4.47	4.47	4.48
Q1 2018	107,005,062	3.32	3.44	3.54	3.60	3.71	3.86	3.93	3.97	4.02	4.09	4.14	4.19	4.21	4.22	4.24	4.25	4.26	4.30	4.32	4.32	4.34	4.34	4.34	4.34	4.34	4.35	4.36	4.36	4.36	4.37
Q2 2018	111,527,471	3.24	3.36	3.40	3.47	3.55	3.65	3.74	3.79	3.89	3.92	3.99	4.01	4.04	4.06	4.10	4.12	4.13	4.15	4.18	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.22	4.23	4.24	4.24	4.24	4.25	4.25	4.25
Q3 2018	104,742,027	3.23	3.33	3.42	3.51	3.57	3.64	3.71	3.74	3.75	3.77	3.78	3.79	3.81	3.83	3.84	3.86	3.88	3.89	3.90	3.92	3.92	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.96	3.96	3.96
Q4 2018	96,630,277	3.42	3.50	3.59	3.63	3.70	3.76	3.79	3.83	3.87	3.92	3.95	3.97	3.98	4.00	4.03	4.04	4.07	4.09	4.11	4.12	4.18	4.19	4.21	4.21	4.21	4.22	4.23			
Q1 2019	117,220,434	3.30	3.36	3.39	3.44	3.48	3.55	3.56	3.60	3.65	3.68	3.71	3.74	3.75	3.78	3.80	3.80	3.83	3.86	3.87	3.89	3.91	3.92	3.94	3.95						
Q2 2019	125,926,413	3.48	3.54	3.59	3.63	3.67	3.72	3.76	3.84	3.86	3.89	3.92	3.94	3.96	4.01	4.03	4.04	4.06	4.14	4.17	4.17	4.17									
Q3 2019	126,226,831	3.17	3.24	3.27	3.33	3.37	3.41	3.48	3.50	3.55	3.58	3.60	3.64	3.69	3.73	3.76	3.79	3.81	3.84												
Q4 2019	111,577,011	2.77	2.82	2.85	2.91	2.93	2.96	3.00	3.04	3.08	3.12	3.17	3.19	3.24	3.25	3.25															
Q1 2020	117,295,031	2.39	2.44	2.49	2.53	2.56	2.61	2.63	2.67	2.70	2.76	2.80	2.82																		
Q2 2020	94,126,739	1.93	1.99	2.03	2.07	2.10	2.15	2.23	2.24	2.26																					
Q3 2020	185,875,564	1.64	1.68	1.73	1.79	1.81	1.83																								
Q4 2020	144,856,585	2.07	2.12	2.13																											
Q1 2021	142,530,500																														
Q2 2021	176,735,026																														
Q3 2021	161,746,172																														
Q4 2021	155,634,118																														

Q1 2022	171,691,479
Q2 2022	168,857,529
Q3 2022	150,192,187
Q4 2022	142,051,944
Q1 2023	156,587,930
Q2 2023	165,768,258
Q3 2023	60,752,804

Cumulative Loss Rates – Used LCVs and Used Motorcycles

	Original			Joeu	LUI					, eres				C	ımulative	loss rate	(%) by m	onths sinc	e originat	ion												
Origination Quarter	Balance of Loans (£)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Q1 2013	36,078,964	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.26	0.39	0.45	0.52	0.55	0.63	0.68	0.70	0.71	0.78	0.79	0.82	0.87	0.87	0.89	0.91	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.98	1.01	1.01	1.09	1.11	1.12	1.18	1.26	1.32
Q2 2013	40,354,820	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.14	0.15	0.22	0.28	0.40	0.46	0.49	0.53	0.54	0.58	0.68	0.72	0.75	0.82	0.84	0.88	0.93	1.01	1.06	1.10	1.17	1.21	1.27	1.30	1.36
Q3 2013	40,978,311	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.14	0.20	0.24	0.28	0.32	0.35	0.42	0.52	0.58	0.63	0.75	0.79	0.81	0.84	0.87	0.91	0.93	1.00	1.07	1.10	1.15	1.21	1.24	1.25	1.29
Q4 2013	35,691,586	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.16	0.24	0.25	0.32	0.42	0.54	0.56	0.64	0.70	0.75	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.13	1.14	1.19	1.32	1.36	1.44	1.48	1.52	1.58	1.63	1.69	1.75	1.77	1.79	1.85
Q1 2014	42,213,900	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.08	0.13	0.18	0.24	0.31	0.40	0.45	0.53	0.58	0.62	0.65	0.69	0.73	0.88	0.95	0.98	1.14	1.17	1.23	1.29	1.37	1.43	1.52	1.60	1.69	1.70	1.79
Q2 2014	42,727,617	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.09	0.17	0.20	0.33	0.40	0.43	0.47	0.57	0.64	0.70	0.71	0.76	0.83	0.92	1.01	1.06	1.10	1.19	1.29	1.33	1.36	1.43	1.53	1.58	1.65	1.70	1.71
Q3 2014	40,649,632	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.22	0.29	0.34	0.36	0.42	0.52	0.57	0.64	0.72	0.75	0.84	0.94	0.98	1.09	1.18	1.27	1.28	1.36	1.41	1.48	1.49	1.54	1.56	1.59	1.63
Q4 2014	35,433,915	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	0.12	0.18	0.34	0.37	0.40	0.49	0.60	0.68	0.76	0.85	0.88	1.04	1.06	1.12	1.23	1.30	1.68	1.86	2.00	2.08	2.18	2.24	2.31	2.35	2.40	2.47
Q1 2015	42,992,328	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.10	0.16	0.20	0.23	0.26	0.30	0.36	0.45	0.53	0.59	0.67	0.76	0.89	0.91	1.02	1.00	1.09	1.16	1.27	1.30	1.37	1.50	1.54	1.55	1.61	1.69	1.78
Q2 2015	42,156,263	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.12	0.20	0.23	0.31	0.43	0.47	0.50	0.59	0.68	0.76	0.99	1.05	1.21	1.27	1.34	1.55	1.59	1.67	1.71	1.76	1.88	1.99	2.06	2.12	2.16	2.21	2.24	2.29
Q3 2015	40,144,947	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.18	0.29	0.30	0.42	0.53	0.66	0.77	0.84	0.97	1.07	1.13	1.16	1.26	1.29	1.32	1.40	1.42	1.52	1.60	1.68	1.76	1.82	1.95	2.03	2.16	2.29
Q4 2015	35,098,901	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.11	0.14	0.19	0.39	0.54	0.61	0.66	0.72	0.74	0.82	0.91	1.01	1.11	1.21	1.29	1.33	1.36	1.44	1.54	1.58	1.65	1.78	1.95	2.05	2.07	2.19	2.22
Q1 2016	42,776,101	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.35	0.45	0.52	0.61	0.66	0.76	0.92	1.01	1.08	1.18	1.28	1.37	1.46	1.48	1.56	1.65	1.81	1.97	2.04	2.08	2.14	2.19	2.26	2.31
Q2 2016	42,015,489	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.07	0.18	0.21	0.31	0.38	0.51	0.64	0.70	0.79	0.88	0.97	1.07	1.18	1.20	1.28	1.33	1.44	1.53	1.62	1.70	1.81	1.84	1.89	1.93	1.97	2.12	2.16	2.24
Q3 2016	39,724,306	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.07	0.11	0.19	0.29	0.34	0.43	0.48	0.55	0.60	0.69	0.74	0.78	0.84	1.04	1.18	1.27	1.32	1.39	1.42	1.46	1.57	1.64	1.74	1.79	1.86	1.88	1.98
Q4 2016	33,794,882	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.11	0.25	0.36	0.40	0.43	0.54	0.58	0.63	0.79	0.86	0.95	1.03	1.10	1.19	1.27	1.32	1.37	1.43	1.47	1.48	1.58	1.62	1.67	1.72	1.77	1.79	1.92	1.97
Q1 2017	39,639,887	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.10	0.27	0.34	0.36	0.48	0.54	0.66	0.69	0.80	0.89	0.93	1.04	1.08	1.09	1.17	1.25	1.33	1.39	1.44	1.52	1.55	1.64	1.68	1.79	1.90	1.97	1.99
Q2 2017	35,924,546	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.07	0.12	0.14	0.19	0.29	0.33	0.55	0.64	0.77	0.96	1.03	1.16	1.29	1.42	1.51	1.64	1.73	1.80	1.92	2.01	2.10	2.17	2.19	2.33	2.37	2.48	2.56
Q3 2017	34,627,387	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.12	0.26	0.32	0.44	0.64	0.80	0.98	1.06	1.11	1.21	1.27	1.38	1.50	1.62	1.70	1.87	1.89	1.96	2.03	2.09	2.16	2.22	2.23	2.34	2.43	2.56
Q4 2017	30,315,209	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.11	0.11	0.14	0.22	0.34	0.43	0.47	0.62	0.84	0.99	1.07	1.15	1.32	1.35	1.42	1.46	1.53	1.54	1.61	1.74	1.85	1.92	2.07	2.22	2.25	2.31	2.33
Q1 2018	37,720,354	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.09	0.13	0.15	0.19	0.31	0.39	0.48	0.57	0.65	0.69	0.87	1.01	1.11	1.37	1.46	1.60	1.73	1.85	1.97	2.08	2.16	2.21	2.29	2.30	2.38	2.50	2.53
Q2 2018	41,209,705	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.28	0.29	0.31	0.40	0.51	0.63	0.83	0.96	1.00	1.10	1.16	1.30	1.40	1.49	1.62	1.75	1.89	1.92	2.02	2.07	2.28	2.31	2.39	2.53	2.62	2.66
Q3 2018	38,938,027	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.13	0.21	0.27	0.31	0.40	0.47	0.60	0.69	0.82	1.00	1.17	1.27	1.39	1.46	1.52	1.58	1.64	1.66	1.83	1.94	2.08	2.21	2.27	2.32	2.45	2.45
Q4 2018	35,665,283	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.18	0.35	0.54	0.57	0.74	0.76	0.89	1.04	1.15	1.28	1.42	1.53	1.62	1.73	1.79	1.93	2.19	2.28	2.32	2.37	2.47	2.53	2.58	2.58	2.63	2.68	2.73
Q1 2019	43,606,485	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.14	0.21	0.39	0.49	0.57	0.65	0.77	0.93	1.18	1.27	1.28	1.32	1.39	1.52	1.61	1.69	1.81	1.90	1.98	2.04	2.15	2.17	2.19	2.22	2.25	2.31	2.38
Q2 2019	44,701,747	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.13	0.17	0.26	0.38	0.47	0.62	0.65	0.72	0.77	0.93	1.01	1.08	1.17	1.26	1.42	1.48	1.58	1.69	1.75	1.77	1.84	1.92	1.98	2.04	2.10	2.12	2.16
Q3 2019	45,759,387	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.22	0.39	0.44	0.51	0.54	0.61	0.71	0.86	0.93	0.96	1.10	1.21	1.29	1.31	1.34	1.38	1.48	1.51	1.63	1.71	1.80	1.83	1.83	1.86	1.86	1.90
Q4 2019	40,042,184	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.13	0.19	0.26	0.36	0.42	0.45	0.61	0.76	0.99	1.06	1.08	1.16	1.30	1.38	1.43	1.44	1.60	1.67	1.76	1.80	1.82	1.88	1.91	1.97	1.98
Q1 2020	44,991,202	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.08	0.20	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.47	0.56	0.61	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.82	0.97	0.99	1.03	1.09	1.12	1.13	1.15	1.15	1.20	1.21	1.24	1.27	1.30	1.34
Q2 2020	32,722,017	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.28	0.31	0.34	0.39	0.50	0.64	0.67	0.75	0.90	1.01	1.06	1.23	1.28	1.31	1.38	1.45	1.53	1.58	1.66	1.69	1.69	1.80	1.90	2.00
Q3 2020	59,179,736	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.11	0.14	0.17	0.25	0.32	0.43	0.52	0.55	0.72	0.75	0.84	0.93	1.05	1.10	1.12	1.16	1.22	1.27	1.37	1.42	1.49	1.49	1.53	1.57	1.64
Q4 2020	50,530,506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.13	0.16	0.22	0.27	0.28	0.39	0.42	0.49	0.49	0.59	0.65	0.82	0.95	0.99	1.04	1.15	1.20	1.28	1.36	1.42	1.56	1.62	1.77	1.88	1.97	2.05
Q1 2021	55,867,622	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.10	0.13	0.18	0.23	0.31	0.33	0.42	0.50	0.57	0.63	0.68	0.77	0.84	0.88	1.01	1.14	1.24	1.36	1.45	1.50	1.57	1.60	1.72	1.75	1.90	1.99	1.99
Q2 2021	68,975,985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.09	0.09	0.13	0.25	0.29	0.39	0.41	0.49	0.60	0.74	0.81	0.92	0.99	1.20	1.33	1.41	1.60	1.66	1.68	1.74	1.91	2.08	2.17	2.23			
Q3 2021	64,082,446	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.14	0.17	0.18	0.31	0.42	0.48	0.55	0.61	0.68	0.88	1.03	1.12	1.22	1.34	1.51	1.71	1.93	2.11	2.23	2.38	2.48						

Q4 2021	57,031,621	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.11	0.18	0.30	0.40	0.45	0.56	0.70	0.77	0.80	0.94	1.06	1.19	1.49	1.59	1.73	1.81	1.84
Q1 2022	65,472,255	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.13	0.21	0.27	0.46	0.64	0.81	0.97	1.14	1.25	1.55	1.63	1.68			
Q2 2022	67,361,868	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.14	0.18	0.28	0.33	0.47	0.62	0.76	0.91	1.01	1.12	1.21						
Q3 2022	59,048,410	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.08	0.16	0.26	0.33	0.44	0.55	0.80	1.04	1.09									
Q4 2022	50,164,162	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.06	0.22	0.23	0.34	0.39												
Q1 2023	62,636,381	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07															
Q2 2023	64,821,034	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.03																		
Q3 2023	22,805,755	0.00																					

Cumulative Loss Rates – Used LCVs and Used Motorcycles (continued)	
	Cumulative loss rate (%) by months since origination

							5		(,			Cumulat	tive loss r	ate (%) l	y month	s since or	rigination												
Origination Quarter	Original Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46 1.54	47 1.54	48	49 1.56	50	51	52	53 1.56	54 1.56	55 1.56	56 1.56	57	58	59	60
Q1 2013	36,078,964	1.35	1.35	1.37	1.39	1.42	1.42	1.44	1.49	1.49	1.49	1.50	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52			1.56		1.56	1.56	1.56					1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56
Q2 2013	40,354,820	1.40	1.42	1.44	1.46	1.47	1.53	1.54	1.55	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.59	1.59	1.60	1.62	1.63	1.64	1.64	1.64	1.65	1.66	1.66	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67
Q3 2013	40,978,311	1.30	1.33	1.34	1.35	1.35	1.38	1.39	1.39	1.40	1.41	1.42	1.43	1.43	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.45	1.45	1.46	1.46	1.46	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47
Q4 2013	35,691,586	1.87	1.88	1.92	1.93	1.97	1.97	1.97	1.97	1.97	1.98	1.98	1.99	2.00	2.00	2.03	2.03	2.03	2.03	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07
Q1 2014	42,213,900	1.81	1.83	1.84	1.85	1.86	1.87	1.91	1.91	1.94	1.95	1.95	1.96	1.96	1.97	1.97	1.97	1.98	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.01	2.01	2.01
Q2 2014	42,727,617	1.72	1.73	1.77	1.80	1.85	1.88	1.89	1.93	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.97	1.97	1.98	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.04	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06
Q3 2014	40,649,632	1.65	1.66	1.74	1.80	1.87	1.91	1.94	1.96	1.98	1.98	1.99	2.01	2.02	2.03	2.04	2.05	2.07	2.10	2.10	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Q4 2014	35,433,915	2.51	2.54	2.55	2.57	2.61	2.65	2.71	2.74	2.79	2.80	2.83	2.87	2.88	2.88	2.89	2.89	2.89	2.90	2.90	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.92	2.92	2.92	2.92	2.92	2.92	2.92
Q1 2015	42,992,328	1.86	1.92	1.95	1.98	2.05	2.07	2.09	2.16	2.19	2.19	2.23	2.28	2.31	2.32	2.33	2.35	2.35	2.38	2.40	2.41	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.44	2.44
Q2 2015	42,156,263	2.37	2.41	2.43	2.47	2.51	2.54	2.63	2.66	2.70	2.72	2.78	2.82	2.86	2.89	2.91	2.92	2.94	2.96	2.96	2.97	2.99	2.99	2.99	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.01	3.01
Q3 2015	40,144,947	2.35	2.40	2.46	2.50	2.52	2.54	2.61	2.61	2.65	2.67	2.68	2.72	2.74	2.75	2.76	2.76	2.76	2.77	2.80	2.82	2.82	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85
Q4 2015	35,098,901	2.23	2.34	2.35	2.37	2.43	2.46	2.49	2.51	2.56	2.63	2.64	2.64	2.67	2.70	2.70	2.72	2.74	2.74	2.75	2.76	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78
Q1 2016	42,776,101	2.39	2.41	2.44	2.48	2.50	2.58	2.61	2.70	2.72	2.73	2.76	2.79	2.82	2.83	2.83	2.86	2.88	2.91	2.93	2.94	2.95	2.96	2.98	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	3.00	3.00
Q2 2016	42,015,489	2.26	2.30	2.37	2.45	2.51	2.57	2.60	2.63	2.68	2.75	2.81	2.90	2.95	3.01	3.04	3.05	3.06	3.08	3.09	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.13	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14
Q3 2016	39,724,306	2.06	2.10	2.13	2.17	2.23	2.32	2.37	2.45	2.51	2.53	2.60	2.62	2.64	2.67	2.69	2.70	2.71	2.71	2.75	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.81	2.81	2.81	2.82
Q4 2016	33,794,882	1.99	2.06	2.10	2.15	2.23	2.25	2.32	2.37	2.41	2.43	2.48	2.49	2.49	2.50	2.53	2.56	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.65	2.65	2.66	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.68	2.68	2.69	2.69
Q1 2017	39,639,887	2.04	2.08	2.16	2.19	2.24	2.27	2.30	2.36	2.40	2.42	2.45	2.46	2.51	2.51	2.53	2.53	2.54	2.55	2.56	2.57	2.57	2.58	2.59	2.59	2.59	2.60	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.62
Q2 2017	35,924,546	2.66	2.72	2.81	2.83	2.88	2.92	2.96	3.02	3.06	3.11	3.13	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.17	3.18	3.18	3.18	3.19	3.19	3.21	3.21	3.22	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
Q3 2017	34,627,387	2.57	2.62	2.65	2.75	2.88	2.90	2.93	2.99	3.02	3.02	3.04	3.10	3.14	3.15	3.16	3.17	3.17	3.18	3.18	3.19	3.19	3.20	3.20	3.21	3.22	3.22	3.22	3.22	3.24	3.24
Q4 2017	30,315,209	2.34	2.41	2.42	2.47	2.59	2.64	2.71	2.73	2.73	2.74	2.76	2.79	2.82	2.85	2.86	2.87	2.88	2.88	2.88	2.89	2.93	2.93	2.96	2.95	2.98	3.00	3.00	3.02	3.03	3.03
Q1 2018	37,720,354	2.62	2.67	2.71	2.74	2.75	2.77	2.80	2.81	2.85	2.88	2.90	2.93	2.93	3.02	3.03	3.08	3.11	3.15	3.16	3.16	3.17	3.17	3.18	3.19	3.19	3.19	3.19	3.20	3.20	3.20
Q2 2018	41,209,705	2.72	2.76	2.82	2.87	2.92	2.95	3.02	3.02	3.04	3.06	3.07	3.09	3.09	3.14	3.16	3.16	3.18	3.19	3.19	3.19	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.21	3.22	3.23	3.23	3.23	3.23	3.23
Q3 2018	38,938,027	2.47	2.47	2.51	2.59	2.65	2.68	2.76	2.78	2.83	2.84	2.85	2.87	2.87	2.88	2.90	2.98	2.99	3.01	3.01	3.03	3.06	3.06	3.06	3.07	3.09	3.10	3.11	3.11	3.11	3.11
Q4 2018	35,665,283	2.80	2.92	2.97	3.08	3.19	3.24	3.31	3.32	3.36	3.38	3.41	3.42	3.42	3.44	3.46	3.46	3.49	3.52	3.52	3.53	3.55	3.58	3.59	3.59	3.61	3.61	3.62			
Q1 2019	43,606,485	2.45	2.52	2.58	2.66	2.70	2.74	2.77	2.82	2.83	2.86	2.88	2.91	2.91	2.93	2.93	2.93	2.95	2.96	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.98	2.98						
Q2 2019	44,701,747	2.22	2.28	2.36	2.36	2.41	2.43	2.47	2.50	2.51	2.51	2.53	2.56	2.56	2.62	2.63	2.65	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.71	2.71									
Q3 2019	45,759,387	1.95	2.02	2.05	2.10	2.13	2.18	2.20	2.24	2.26	2.29	2.30	2.35	2.35	2.38	2.38	2.42	2.42	2.43												
Q4 2019	40,042,184	2.02	2.05	2.10	2.14	2.14	2.17	2.19	2.23	2.25	2.30	2.34	2.41	2.42	2.43	2.45															
Q1 2020	44,991,202	1.36	1.41	1.43	1.45	1.49	1.50	1.55	1.57	1.59	1.61	1.63	1.63																		
Q2 2020	32,722,017	2.03	2.06	2.14	2.18	2.25	2.32	2.35	2.36	2.40																					
Q3 2020	59,179,736	1.70	1.80	1.87	1.94	1.99	2.00																								
Q4 2020	50,530,506	2.12	2.14	2.17																											
Q1 2021	55,867,622																														
Q2 2021	68,975,985																														
Q3 2021	64,082,446																														
Q4 2021	57,031,621																														
-																															

Q1 2022	65,472,255
Q2 2022	67,361,868
Q3 2022	59,048,410
Q4 2022	50,164,162
Q1 2023	62,636,381
Q2 2023	64,821,034
Q3 2023	22,805,755

Cumulative Loss Rates – New Vehicles

gination	Original Balance of													Cu	mulative	loss rate	(%) by m	onths sinc	e originat	tion												
2013	Loans (£) 24,069,995	0.00	<u> </u>	2	<u>3</u> 0.00	4	<u>5</u> 0.06	<u>6</u> 0.07	7	8	<u>9</u> 0.09	<u>10</u> 0.09	<u>11</u> 0.09	<u>12</u> 0.10	<u>13</u> 0.12	<u>14</u> 0.12	<u>15</u> 0.17	<u>16</u> 0.19	<u>17</u> 0.23	<u>18</u> 0.24	<u>19</u> 0.29	<u>20</u> 0.29	<u>21</u> 0.29	<u>22</u> 0.29	<u>23</u> 0.29	<u>24</u> 0.37	<u>25</u> 0.37	<u>26</u> 0.37	<u>27</u> 0.41	<u>28</u> 0.45	<u>29</u> 0.53	<u>30</u>
2013	27,450,826	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.06	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.14	0.17	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.41	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.50	0.52	0.59	0.59	0.67	0.67	0.70	0.72	0.74	0.74	0.87	0.8
2013	24,526,469	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.12	0.14	0.15	0.29	0.30	0.34	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.42	0.45	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.59	0.59	0.60	0.64	0.85	0.87	0.9
.013	19,789,434	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.18	0.18	0.25	0.26	0.32	0.33	0.33	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.35	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.56	0.60	0.66	0.75	0.75	0.76	0.83	0.99	0.9
2014	28,694,535	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.12	0.13	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.44	0.47	0.54	0.59	0.59	0.66	0.71	0.77	0.3
014	26,327,746	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.09	0.15	0.15	0.23	0.24	0.26	0.30	0.33	0.44	0.44	0.58	0.73	0.77	0.83	0.83	0.90	1.03	1.05	1.09	1.09	1.17	1.17	1.23	1.27	1.38	1.
014	19,005,168	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.28	0.28	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.38	0.38	0.51	0.59	0.63	0.65	0.65	0.74	0.78	0.87	0.94	0.99	1.03	1.08	1.
014	15,261,983	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.13	0.13	0.26	0.34	0.34	0.39	0.51	0.51	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.64	0.64	0.97	0.97	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	1.
015	26,638,676	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.14	0.20	0.27	0.44	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.63	0.73	0.74	0.88	0.95	0.98	0.98	1.01	1.
015	21,171,190	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.25	0.26	0.27	0.32	0.32	0.34	0.42	0.46	0.46	0.47	0.52	0.52	0.63	0.75	0.78	0.79	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.84	0.9
015	16,670,801	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.31	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.41	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.44	0.63	0.63	0.79	0.98	1.
015	14,723,568	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.21	0.27	0.37	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.54	0.54	0.87	0.95	0.96	1.29	1.29	1.51	1.70	1.83	1.90	1.97	1.97	2.07	2.10	2.17	2.
)16	23,455,427	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.14	0.25	0.25	0.31	0.34	0.34	0.42	0.42	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.50	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.66	0.71	0.71	0.71	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.
)16	19,983,566	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.14	0.23	0.33	0.33	0.41	0.41	0.48	0.48	0.54	0.61	0.61	0.75	0.81	0.86	0.87	0.92	1.12	1.25	1.25	1.38	1.40	1.46	1
16	16,706,175	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.31	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.52	0.52	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.64	0.65	0.65	0.74	0.74	0.79	0.84	0.85	0
16	13,804,754	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.09	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.21	0.26	0.29	0.29	0.44	0.55	0.64	0.64	0.76	0.97	1.19	1.19	1.41	1.43	1.56	1
17	17,386,375	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.15	0.15	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.50	0.64	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.94	1.91	2.19	2.19	2.37	2.41	2
)17	11,640,483	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.24	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.40	0.40	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.64	0.64	0.65	0.71	0.72	0.83	0.90	1.00	1.01	1.10	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.32	1
)17	9,355,242	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.09	0.09	0.11	0.11	0.28	0.32	0.35	0.57	0.60	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.78	0.78	0.95	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.04	1.04	1.15	1.22	1
17	8,724,433	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.39	0.53	0.54	0.54	0.58	0.61	0.70	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.81	0.81	0.96	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.06	1.06	1.06	1
18	10,750,059	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.30	0.35	0.59	0.64	0.84	0.87	1.06	1.07	1.07	1.09	1.27	1.27	1.29	1.29	1.36	1.39	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1
)18	9,900,747	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.09	0.43	0.77	0.90	1.06	1.12	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.30	1.31	1.42	1.57	1.57	1.98	2.22	2.21	2.39	2.41	2.41	2.41	2.41	2.58	2.74	3.03	3.10	3
018	8,684,333	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.60	0.60	0.78	1.56	1.56	1.91	2.06	2.09	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.36	2.36	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.46	2.48	2.58	2.70	2
018	6,483,722	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.09	0.74	0.78	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.96	1.01	1.01	1.21	1.21	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.37	1.49	1.67	1.68	1.89	1.89	1.89	1.89	1.89	1.95	1.96	2.
019	8,160,093	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.29	0.37	0.43	0.47	0.47	0.73	0.73	0.99	0.99	0.99	1.13	1.38	1.62	1.97	2.21	2.21	2.35	2.47	2.53	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.
)19	8,485,458	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.31	0.35	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.41	0.43	0.66	0.73	0.73	0.76	0.78	0.78	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.82	0.84	0.
019	8,205,993	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.15	0.38	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.61	0.61	0.63	0.82	0.90	0.90	1.55	1.55	1.57	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.89	1.99	2.15	2.17	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.
019	6,187,847	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.33	0.33	0.63	1.24	1.24	1.45	1.48	1.55	1.75	1.75	2.06	2.08	2.13	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2
020	6,456,780	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.12	0.16	0.18	0.29	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.
020	4,652,429	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.42	0.42	0.45	0.50	0.53	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.57	0
)20	11,268,315	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.18	0.22	0.50	0.53	0.57	0.57	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.62	0.62	0.79	0.80	0.94	0.95	0.95	1.01	1.01	1.03	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.37	1.49	1.73	1.79	1.
)20	8,815,571	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.15	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.19	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.36	0.36	0
21	8,808,480	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.41	0.45	0.46	0.49	0.50	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.71	0.71	0.76	0.80	0.81	0.98	0.98	0
)21	11,556,240	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.16	0.25	0.28	0.33	0.47	0.49	0.51	0.53	0.53	0.66	0.70	0.86	0.88	1.04	1.08	1.09	1.24	1.25	1.25	1.42	1.42	1.42			
021	9,120,153	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.09	0.12	0.16	0.19	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.56	0.58	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.81	0.81						

Q4 2021	6,734,671	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.31	0.39	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.88	0.99	0.99	1.01	1.12	1.16
Q1 2022	7,476,938	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.35	0.39	0.45	0.69	0.83	0.83	0.90	0.90	0.98	1.43	1.43	1.52	1.54	1.54			
Q2 2022	7,263,930	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.20	0.20	0.28	0.37	0.37	0.46	0.55	0.59	0.60	0.60						
Q3 2022	7,191,429	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.19	0.27	0.50	0.64	0.64									
Q4 2022	5,578,524	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.40	0.40	0.45												
Q1 2023	5,853,453	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.06															
Q2 2023	6,008,690	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00																		
Q3 2023	2,091,738	0.00																					

Cumulative Loss Rates – New Vehicles (continued)

Cumulative	Loss Rates – Nev	w ve	hicle	es (co	ntin	ued)								Cumula	tive loss 1	ate (%) l	ov month	is since of	rigination	,											
Origination Quarter	Original Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	. 49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Q1 2013	24,069,995	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.66	0.69	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.76	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Q2 2013	27,450,826	0.98	1.03	1.08	1.12	1.19	1.25	1.39	1.43	1.43	1.47	1.51	1.51	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.55	1.55	1.55
Q3 2013	24,526,469	0.93	0.97	0.98	1.02	1.02	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.07	1.07	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.12	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.15	1.18	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24
Q4 2013	19,789,434	1.06	1.16	1.20	1.20	1.23	1.23	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.35	1.35	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.42	1.45	1.45	1.47	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.51	1.51	1.51
Q1 2014	28,694,535	0.85	0.86	0.90	0.90	0.95	0.95	0.98	1.03	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.23	1.23	1.26	1.26	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33
Q2 2014	26,327,746	1.52	1.55	1.66	1.69	1.81	1.84	1.91	1.96	1.96	1.96	2.00	2.03	2.03	2.03	2.05	2.07	2.07	2.09	2.10	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11
Q3 2014	19,005,168	1.17	1.32	1.36	1.36	1.36	1.57	1.60	1.67	1.70	1.71	1.73	1.83	1.83	1.83	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.89	1.91	1.91	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96
Q4 2014	15,261,983	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.12	1.14	1.19	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.26	1.26	1.28	1.28	1.32	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.39
Q1 2015	26,638,676	1.08	1.08	1.18	1.24	1.25	1.30	1.36	1.62	1.64	1.71	1.71	1.74	1.78	1.80	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.92	1.92	1.92	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.94
Q2 2015	21,171,190	1.00	1.13	1.14	1.14	1.25	1.29	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.48	1.53	1.53	1.63	1.63	1.66	1.69	1.69	1.79	1.80	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94	1.94
Q3 2015	16,670,801	1.04	1.25	1.31	1.46	1.47	1.51	1.64	1.64	1.64	1.64	1.69	1.69	1.69	1.74	1.75	1.75	1.77	1.77	1.84	1.87	1.95	1.98	1.98	2.02	2.02	2.02	2.02	2.04	2.04	2.04
Q4 2015	14,723,568	2.16	2.24	2.29	2.32	2.35	2.35	2.38	2.51	2.51	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.64	2.64	2.68	2.78	2.78	2.87	2.87	2.87	2.91	2.91	2.92	2.93	2.93	2.93	2.93	2.93
Q1 2016	23,455,427	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.85	0.87	0.89	0.97	0.99	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.23	1.26	1.26	1.27	1.27	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.36	1.36
Q2 2016	19,983,566	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.66	1.69	1.74	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.82	1.82	1.86	1.90	1.92	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.98	2.01	2.21	2.21	2.24	2.24	2.24	2.24	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26
Q3 2016	16,706,175	0.94	0.94	0.94	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.04	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.22	1.31	1.31	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.35
Q4 2016	13,804,754	1.61	1.61	1.62	1.69	1.78	1.94	1.94	2.14	2.17	2.24	2.24	2.24	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.34	2.34	2.84	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.18	3.19	3.19
Q1 2017	17,386,375	2.51	2.56	2.74	2.91	3.04	3.04	3.06	3.06	3.14	3.17	3.23	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33
Q2 2017	11,640,483	1.59	1.67	1.67	1.76	1.80	1.86	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	2.07	2.14	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.51	2.51	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56
Q3 2017	9,355,242	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.57	1.72	1.72	1.77	1.86	1.86	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	2.32	2.59	2.67	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78	2.78
Q4 2017	8,724,433	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.16	1.24	1.35	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.45	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.59
Q1 2018	10,750,059	1.79	1.90	1.91	1.92	2.12	2.22	2.28	2.28	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55
Q2 2018	9,900,747	3.11	3.11	3.18	3.18	3.18	3.31	3.31	3.50	3.50	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60
Q3 2018	8,684,333	2.72	2.96	2.96	3.07	3.07	3.07	3.07	3.07	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.53	3.57	3.57	3.57	3.57	4.07	4.07	4.07	4.07	4.07	4.07	4.07
Q4 2018	6,483,722	2.01	2.13	2.13	2.32	2.32	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.39	2.39	2.42	2.53	2.53	2.53	2.53	2.53	2.53	2.59	2.59	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.61			
Q1 2019	8,160,093	2.69	2.69	2.77	2.83	2.95	2.95	3.06	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.18	3.18	3.18	3.18	3.18	3.18	3.18						
Q2 2019	8,485,458	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.15	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.58	1.58	1.65	1.65	1.65									
Q3 2019	8,205,993	2.20	2.21	2.21	2.23	2.25	2.25	2.40	2.45	2.47	2.47	2.47	2.47	2.47	2.53	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54												
Q4 2019	6,187,847	2.14	2.14	2.21	2.23	2.23	2.23	2.23	2.23	2.23	2.25	2.25	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.43															
Q1 2020	6,456,780	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.41	0.41	0.61	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66																		
Q2 2020	4,652,429	0.75	0.75	0.94	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.12	1.29	1.29																					
Q3 2020	11,268,315	1.79	1.80	1.90	1.98	1.98	1.98																								
Q4 2020	8,815,571	0.36	0.36	0.36																											
Q1 2021	8,808,480																														
Q2 2021	11,556,240																														
Q3 2021	9,120,153																														
Q4 2021	6,734,671																														

Q1 2022	7,476,938
Q2 2022	7,263,930
Q3 2022	7,191,429
Q4 2022	5,578,524
Q1 2023	5,853,453
Q2 2023	6,008,690
Q3 2023	2,091,738

D	•	
Recor	zeries –	- Total
INCLUY	· CI ICS -	- I Utai

	Original														Recov	eries (%)	by month	s since in	ception													
Origination Quarter	Balance of Loans (£)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20 31.16	<u>21</u> 31.35	<u>22</u> 31.66	<u>23</u> 32.67	24	25 36.48	26	27	28	29	30
Q1 2013	2,981,055	0.00	0.10	0.93	3.75	5.99	6.60	8.40	10.25	11.10	13.11	14.64	16.00	18.48	21.02	22.58	24.54	26.99	28.28	29.00	29.78	31.16	31.35	31.66	32.67	34.19	36.48	38.02	39.48	41.16	43.08	45.39
Q2 2013	3,409,565	0.00	0.18	0.53	1.40	2.49	2.58	4.01	4.15	5.31	6.56	8.17	10.43	11.92	12.98	13.63	15.60	16.53	18.93	20.94	21.72	23.18	24.02	25.93	28.07	30.35	32.09	33.31	34.85	36.19	38.48	40.56
Q3 2013	3,463,844	0.13	0.13	0.53	1.45	2.08	2.08	3.68	5.28	8.21	9.82	12.25	13.93	14.97	16.68	17.80	19.42	20.83	22.79	24.66	26.49	27.89	29.47	30.76	32.04	33.97	36.90	38.77	39.96	41.63	43.22	44.55
Q4 2013	3,500,623	0.39	0.42	1.72	3.03	4.14	4.45	7.00	8.59	10.62	12.11	13.27	14.66	16.08	16.47	18.91	20.11	22.00	22.89	23.86	25.00	27.41	28.90	29.77	31.19	32.06	33.10	34.82	35.88	37.71	38.98	40.99
Q1 2014	4,629,083	0.00	0.00	0.89	2.73	4.04	4.30	4.99	6.12	7.95	9.28	9.92	10.88	12.03	13.67	14.18	14.90	15.95	16.62	18.08	20.08	21.57	23.31	24.04	25.26	26.69	28.84	30.30	31.76	33.40	34.47	35.66
Q2 2014	5,511,355	0.00	0.35	0.59	1.12	2.02	2.62	3.80	5.49	7.06	8.57	9.39	9.95	11.36	12.18	13.25	14.19	15.54	16.88	18.45	20.51	21.77	23.09	25.38	26.43	27.37	28.72	30.23	31.94	33.09	34.80	36.55
Q3 2014	5,086,737	0.00	0.29	0.75	1.84	2.16	2.21	2.70	4.99	6.34	7.49	8.30	10.98	11.90	13.09	14.89	15.79	16.46	17.98	19.05	19.81	21.41	22.63	23.62	25.46	27.07	28.25	29.37	30.65	32.06	33.58	34.48
Q4 2014	4,710,158	0.00	0.00	0.78	1.35	2.95	3.11	4.10	5.67	7.07	8.73	9.49	11.35	12.55	14.72	16.27	17.89	18.74	19.67	20.63	21.72	23.12	23.82	27.66	29.19	30.40	31.90	33.15	34.24	34.87	35.69	37.47
Q1 2015	6,719,498	0.00	0.05	0.18	0.67	1.30	1.52	2.70	3.56	4.81	5.60	6.12	7.50	9.01	9.99	11.32	12.54	13.94	15.29	16.46	18.42	19.06	19.79	20.80	22.33	23.57	24.92	26.72	27.84	29.30	30.07	31.92
Q2 2015	7,246,530	0.00	0.10	0.24	1.11	2.07	2.15	4.34	5.30	7.45	8.52	9.79	10.86	11.62	12.90	14.41	15.50	16.78	17.55	18.77	20.34	20.85	22.24	23.35	24.11	25.12	26.08	26.87	27.96	29.20	29.81	30.80
Q3 2015	6,102,384	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.85	2.43	2.64	3.47	4.82	6.03	7.49	8.77	9.20	11.18	12.12	13.49	14.61	16.03	16.83	18.13	19.19	19.92	20.79	21.83	22.80	24.14	25.33	26.33	28.29	29.88	31.44	33.60
Q4 2015	6,173,404	0.00	0.01	0.28	1.37	2.59	2.64	3.66	5.38	6.74	8.32	9.71	10.84	12.01	12.69	13.87	14.83	16.26	18.59	20.30	21.78	23.45	24.00	25.16	27.16	28.32	29.18	30.08	31.43	33.05	33.74	34.49
Q1 2016	7,020,363	0.00	0.10	0.70	1.24	1.93	1.93	2.35	3.79	4.77	5.58	7.03	8.74	9.96	11.84	12.77	13.94	14.73	15.36	16.13	17.53	18.56	20.14	21.36	22.55	24.76	26.54	27.79	29.26	31.42	32.46	33.21
Q2 2016	7,389,191	0.00	0.00	0.48	1.15	2.26	2.38	3.30	4.51	5.86	7.12	8.66	10.26	11.28	12.92	13.82	15.11	16.22	16.95	18.80	19.60	20.55	21.77	22.68	22.94	24.48	25.82	27.30	28.05	29.63	31.38	32.37
Q3 2016	6,365,678	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.68	0.85	0.99	1.62	3.42	4.77	5.60	7.05	8.30	8.87	9.76	11.79	13.09	13.81	15.21	16.75	18.58	19.68	20.42	21.48	22.86	23.49	24.66	25.87	27.56	28.33	29.62	30.43
Q4 2016	5,730,129	0.00	0.00	0.25	1.03	2.07	3.00	3.72	4.28	5.18	6.08	7.16	8.68	9.45	9.74	10.35	11.30	12.02	13.08	13.80	15.08	16.07	17.14	17.75	18.77	20.21	22.21	23.52	24.35	25.22	26.37	27.50
Q1 2017	7,414,093	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.69	1.04	1.89	2.82	3.49	4.70	5.44	6.28	7.39	8.89	10.52	11.67	12.64	13.48	14.23	15.42	17.04	18.64	19.64	19.95	20.17	21.82	27.90	29.58	30.67	32.12	32.70	35.05
Q2 2017	6,434,732	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.67	1.65	2.67	3.98	4.44	6.63	7.72	9.15	10.10	11.05	13.01	13.53	14.61	15.63	16.57	17.56	18.68	19.40	19.86	20.71	21.37	22.60	23.10	23.91	24.59	25.40	26.24	28.09
Q3 2017	5,607,569	0.00	0.07	0.67	2.22	3.22	4.58	5.77	6.77	8.52	10.79	12.56	13.62	14.46	15.18	16.78	17.99	18.66	19.27	20.58	21.09	22.36	22.77	23.43	23.81	24.96	26.99	28.05	28.84	29.74	30.83	31.90
Q4 2017	4,896,678	0.00	0.23	0.66	1.58	1.84	2.47	3.53	4.30	4.68	5.43	6.18	8.23	9.98	11.11	11.59	13.09	15.10	16.65	18.08	19.08	20.19	21.16	21.99	22.68	24.59	25.96	26.77	28.20	28.95	29.38	29.93
Q1 2018	6,156,898	0.00	0.00	0.39	1.08	2.98	3.70	4.61	5.58	6.56	7.84	8.87	9.63	11.39	12.74	14.16	15.49	16.66	18.00	18.73	20.04	20.59	21.75	23.29	24.43	25.42	26.19	26.34	27.05	27.65	30.03	31.67
Q2 2018	6,430,191	0.00	0.23	1.20	2.01	2.78	3.48	4.43	5.88	6.95	8.98	11.01	12.74	14.27	15.78	16.90	17.52	18.27	19.40	21.16	22.87	24.21	25.30	25.92	26.53	27.28	28.86	30.99	33.13	34.55	35.68	37.07
Q3 2018	5,712,501	0.00	0.02	0.09	0.61	1.82	3.39	4.63	5.98	7.05	8.59	10.36	12.97	13.97	16.08	17.74	19.78	21.25	23.20	24.44	25.08	25.54	26.40	27.02	28.51	29.84	31.74	34.51	36.25	37.50	38.88	39.65
Q4 2018	5,544,585	0.00	0.00	0.38	2.06	2.70	4.28	6.04	6.98	8.17	9.48	10.76	11.59	13.19	14.10	15.52	17.51	18.80	19.62	20.34	21.46	23.55	25.06	26.04	27.66	28.22	28.86	29.91	30.75	31.34	32.30	33.47
Q1 2019	6,186,098	0.00	0.01	0.59	1.72	2.99	3.97	4.80	6.25	7.81	8.91	10.72	12.61	15.27	17.01	17.85	18.76	20.63	22.11	23.23	25.28	26.82	27.97	29.26	31.26	33.19	34.86	36.08	36.54	37.16	38.05	39.84
Q2 2019	6,605,310	0.00	0.00	0.51	1.11	2.23	3.83	4.62	6.57	8.63	10.44	11.62	12.45	13.27	14.65	16.80	18.00	19.14	20.53	22.54	23.72	25.90	26.83	27.96	29.19	30.19	31.43	32.89	34.33	34.85	35.53	36.75
Q3 2019	6,171,578	0.00	0.00	1.66	2.95	4.70	6.88	8.23	9.62	10.42	11.36	14.01	14.88	17.33	19.29	20.85	22.26	23.72	25.97	27.07	28.28	29.60	30.61	31.97	33.30	34.58	36.00	36.64	37.39	37.76	38.06	38.63
Q4 2019	4,754,262	0.00	0.00	0.84	2.42	2.95	3.07	4.12	5.54	7.64	9.11	10.70	11.69	13.15	16.43	21.52	22.60	24.58	25.56	27.92	28.67	30.06	30.99	33.19	34.77	36.01	36.35	36.82	37.22	38.24	39.05	39.20
Q1 2020	4,080,036	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.10	0.66	2.55	4.62	6.34	8.02	10.12	12.10	15.16	18.00	19.48	20.48	21.43	23.24	25.09	27.42	29.14	30.70	32.52	32.71	33.95	34.49	35.53	35.66	36.05	37.22	37.51	37.85
Q2 2020	2,974,659	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.08	1.08	2.30	5.20	5.94	6.46	8.20	10.32	11.92	12.45	13.88	16.73	20.09	21.99	23.43	24.53	25.57	27.20	28.89	29.57	30.61	31.55	32.48	32.90	34.10	35.05	36.81
Q3 2020	4,827,643	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.96	2.88	5.63	7.02	7.81	9.57	10.66	13.67	17.36	18.60	19.49	22.03	23.73	25.22	27.04	28.72	29.74	30.43	31.58	32.76	34.44	35.27	36.08	37.28	38.85	39.91	41.07	42.19
Q4 2020	4,219,774	0.00	0.16	0.47	1.41	4.19	6.04	7.74	9.02	11.18	12.40	15.47	17.40	20.38	21.53	23.50	25.87	27.58	28.39	30.58	31.79	33.05	34.19	35.15	36.50	37.31	38.08	38.74	39.78	41.58	42.82	43.48
Q1 2021	3,926,151	0.00	0.42	0.66	1.19	1.40	2.30	3.70	5.67	8.90	8.99	11.06	13.13	15.68	18.39	20.88	22.60	24.24	27.17	29.19	32.18	33.61	34.52	35.64	36.70	37.46	38.73	39.62	40.68			
Q2 2021	4,699,214	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.49	1.67	3.00	4.51	6.26	9.29	11.35	15.07	16.72	18.39	20.53	23.38	25.17	27.96	33.09	34.81	36.05	39.40	41.20	40.59	41.81	43.79						
Q3 2021	4,441,632	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.83	2.73	5.06	6.05	9.55	10.57	12.41	13.97	15.51	18.67	21.35	23.60	24.91	25.52	27.55	29.94	33.15	35.64	38.38									

Recoveries – Total (continued)

Recoverie	s – Total (continu	ued)												R	ecoveries	(%) by m	onths sir	ce incenti	on												
Origination Quarter	Original Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Q1 2013	2,981,055	48.19	50.38	51.73	53.01	53.97	55.66	56.73	57.85	58.97	59.58	59.93	60.47	60.47	60.77	61.21	61.44	61.68	62.19	62.85	62.85	63.09	63.09	63.09	63.15	63.15	63.15	63.15	63.19	63.19	63.19
Q2 2013	3,409,565	43.54	46.78	48.57	49.87	52.28	54.03	56.70	58.10	59.85	60.83	62.20	62.52	62.85	63.43	63.74	64.23	64.77	64.99	65.00	65.31	65.91	65.91	65.98	65.98	65.98	65.98	66.05	66.05	66.06	66.09
Q3 2013	3,463,844	47.06	49.21	50.99	52.23	53.00	54.29	56.04	57.15	59.17	59.62	59.83	60.60	61.50	61.87	61.94	61.98	62.77	62.96	63.13	63.47	63.65	63.81	63.86	63.90	63.90	63.90	63.96	63.96	64.00	64.03
Q4 2013	3,500,623	42.63	45.35	47.45	48.84	50.63	52.78	53.35	54.62	55.40	55.77	55.93	56.49	57.00	58.00	58.65	58.72	59.23	59.79	59.89	60.23	60.36	60.65	60.65	60.72	60.79	60.86	60.87	60.91	60.91	60.92
Q1 2014	4,629,083	37.05	39.85	42.21	42.79	43.80	45.98	47.51	49.04	50.63	51.49	52.31	52.46	53.55	53.87	54.62	55.05	55.37	55.79	56.58	57.88	58.07	58.55	58.64	58.64	58.93	58.93	58.93	58.99	58.99	59.01
Q2 2014	5,511,355	37.79	39.45	41.41	42.72	44.78	47.14	49.50	51.23	52.85	54.18	54.69	55.31	56.05	56.76	57.49	58.32	58.66	58.75	59.34	60.16	60.59	60.62	60.70	60.74	60.74	60.81	60.81	60.92	60.92	60.92
Q3 2014	5,086,737	36.59	38.99	41.55	43.65	44.83	47.35	49.07	50.14	51.47	52.78	53.18	53.78	54.87	55.04	55.39	56.27	56.33	56.46	57.94	58.77	59.20	59.30	59.33	59.36	59.37	59.43	59.46	59.49	59.49	59.49
Q4 2014	4,710,158	39.24	40.36	42.21	43.97	44.94	46.26	47.67	48.69	50.01	50.88	51.39	51.61	51.72	52.15	52.32	52.56	53.10	53.43	53.65	54.15	54.37	54.48	54.48	54.48	54.55	54.69	54.67	54.67	54.73	54.73
Q1 2015	6,719,498	34.24	35.46	36.99	38.38	40.20	41.95	43.19	44.94	47.37	48.15	48.59	49.32	50.31	50.94	51.19	51.33	51.43	51.60	52.47	53.62	54.41	54.51	54.56	54.64	54.64	54.65	54.72	54.72	54.81	54.81
Q2 2015	7,246,530	33.02	34.60	35.78	36.70	38.49	40.35	41.77	43.87	44.61	45.55	46.44	47.30	47.69	48.26	48.64	48.91	49.23	49.49	49.98	50.97	52.35	52.73	52.75	52.74	52.77	52.77	52.81	52.83	52.84	52.86
Q3 2015	6,102,384	35.52	36.97	38.65	40.18	41.44	42.17	43.09	44.86	46.03	46.54	46.81	47.33	48.11	48.74	48.85	49.40	49.67	50.17	51.04	52.93	54.04	54.27	54.66	54.72	55.00	55.05	55.09	55.13	55.17	55.17
Q4 2015	6,173,404	35.75	37.37	39.15	40.78	41.90	42.68	43.79	44.51	44.79	46.08	46.51	46.77	47.16	47.39	48.35	48.52	48.60	49.01	49.91	50.84	51.66	51.86	51.91	52.00	52.03	52.03	52.21	52.21	52.21	52.21
Q1 2016	7,020,363	34.92	37.60	38.59	39.96	40.72	41.63	42.79	43.73	45.14	45.66	46.50	47.62	48.52	48.82	49.28	49.65	50.19	50.45	51.12	51.39	51.69	52.35	52.83	53.57	53.80	54.05	54.12	54.20	54.20	54.23
Q2 2016	7,389,191	33.51	34.57	36.08	37.32	38.84	39.86	40.18	41.49	42.71	43.54	44.16	44.85	45.49	45.99	46.92	47.13	47.77	47.83	47.93	49.08	50.93	52.39	52.44	52.68	52.90	52.99	53.08	53.10	53.14	53.29
Q3 2016	6,365,678	32.55	33.77	35.06	36.18	37.34	38.57	40.40	42.50	44.16	45.14	47.31	47.92	48.43	48.68	48.87	49.63	50.24	50.83	51.08	52.19	53.07	53.15	53.23	53.26	53.26	53.31	53.30	53.30	53.30	53.44
Q4 2016	5,730,129	28.54	29.57	30.72	32.44	34.01	35.38	37.31	39.69	40.51	41.28	41.41	41.66	42.48	43.45	44.97	45.64	46.29	46.83	48.86	50.01	50.78	50.78	50.84	50.84	50.84	50.94	50.94	50.94	50.94	50.94
Q1 2017	7,414,093	36.46	37.79	38.50	40.30	41.36	42.40	42.87	43.34	44.59	46.67	47.72	48.65	49.62	50.20	50.95	51.41	52.14	52.92	55.94	56.64	56.81	56.87	56.95	56.95	56.95	56.96	56.96	56.96	56.96	56.96
Q2 2017	6,434,732	29.37	30.03	31.70	32.29	32.82	33.36	36.54	39.42	40.62	41.59	42.98	43.57	44.13	45.07	45.40	46.01	46.59	47.48	48.56	48.85	48.96	48.96	48.96	48.96	48.96	48.96	48.96	48.96	48.96	48.96
Q3 2017	5,607,569	33.01	33.36	33.71	35.25	38.19	40.02	41.17	42.42	43.07	43.46	43.98	44.78	44.94	45.28	45.80	46.76	47.69	48.43	48.68	48.78	48.97	49.43	49.45	49.45	49.45	49.46	49.46	49.46	49.46	49.46
Q4 2017	4,896,678	31.58	35.01	37.38	38.45	39.35	41.03	42.48	43.91	44.79	45.66	46.28	47.06	47.19	47.38	47.38	47.47	47.45	47.95	48.12	48.14	48.14	48.25	48.25	48.37	48.37	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50
Q1 2018	6,156,898	33.13	34.69	35.44	36.09	37.36	39.34	40.30	40.73	41.44	42.44	43.02	43.27	43.27	43.32	43.32	43.32	43.32	44.04	44.16	44.11	44.11	44.11	44.24	44.24	44.24	44.24	44.24	44.21	44.21	44.21
Q2 2018	6,430,191	37.89	39.34	40.15	41.14	42.33	44.10	45.29	46.05	47.13	47.55	48.38	48.60	48.60	48.69	49.20	49.28	49.36	49.36	49.67	49.70	49.73	49.73	49.73	49.73	49.73	49.73	49.73	49.76	49.76	49.76
Q3 2018	5,712,501	40.94	42.28	43.30	44.47	45.33	46.08	46.97	47.19	47.74	47.83	47.83	47.97	48.00	48.07	48.05	48.45	48.45	48.64	48.80	48.90	48.90	48.90	48.90	48.90	48.90	48.90	48.90			
Q4 2018	5,544,585	34.72	35.93	36.87	37.67	38.80	39.44	39.58	39.87	40.08	40.24	40.38	40.38	40.45	40.53	40.53	40.60	40.48	40.77	40.79	40.86	41.23	41.29	41.29	41.29						
Q1 2019	6,186,098	40.56	41.04	41.24	41.87	42.83	43.69	44.04	43.95	44.14	44.30	44.39	44.52	44.52	44.57	44.57	44.66	44.91	45.32	45.42	45.64	45.64									
Q2 2019	6,605,310	37.51	38.03	38.58	38.64	38.90	39.09	39.48	40.20	40.20	40.23	40.32	40.36	40.29	40.39	40.44	40.55	40.92	41.23												
Q3 2019	6,171,578	39.00	39.58	39.73	40.28	40.59	40.72	41.25	41.32	41.92	41.97	42.13	42.38	42.63	42.96	43.09															
Q4 2019	4,754,262	39.60	39.81	40.42	40.49	40.51	40.96	41.01	41.32	41.38	41.88	42.01	42.22																		
Q1 2020	4,080,036	38.27	38.68	38.94	39.19	39.80	40.41	40.76	40.87	40.93																					
Q2 2020	2,974,659	37.49	38.08	38.74	39.35	40.09	40.74																								
Q3 2020	4,827,643	42.97	44.61	44.92																											
Q4 2020	4,219,774																														
Q1 2021	3,926,151																														
Q2 2021	4,699,214																														
Q3 2021	4,441,632																														
Q4 2021	4,875,670																														

Q1 2022	5,015,510
Q2 2022	3,451,581
Q3 2022	2,584,966
Q4 2022	885,316
Q1 2023	384,136
Q2 2023	137,969
Q3 2023	

	Recover	ries –	Used	Cars
--	---------	--------	------	------

	Original														Recov	eries (%)	by month	s since in	ception													
Origination Quarter	Balance of Loans (£)	0	_1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	<u>20</u> 30.99	<u>21</u> 31.21	<u>22</u> 31.64	<u>23</u> 32.86	24	<u>25</u> 36.95	26	27	28	29	30
Q1 2013	2,201,167	0.00	0.13	0.98	1.89	3.45	3.45	5.90	7.80	8.67	10.52	12.21	13.88	17.21	19.89	21.71	24.11	26.66	28.27	28.65	29.68					34.63		38.15	39.90	41.60	43.33	45.04
Q2 2013	2,309,675	0.00	0.27	0.79	1.58	2.54	2.54	4.19	4.39	5.91	7.06	8.39	10.02	10.78	12.06	12.86	14.08	15.18	17.53	20.25	21.01	22.02	22.91	24.81	27.51	29.61	31.63	32.59	34.04	35.31	37.96	39.88
Q3 2013	2,556,077	0.17	0.17	0.72	1.04	1.62	1.62	3.74	5.54	8.47	10.36	13.04	14.51	15.63	16.86	17.30	18.40	19.78	21.12	23.14	24.74	25.78	27.61	28.95	30.45	32.25	34.23	36.77	37.78	39.22	40.29	41.94
Q4 2013	2,462,558	0.53	0.58	1.78	3.11	3.82	3.82	7.43	8.76	10.34	11.27	12.18	13.25	14.01	14.13	16.18	16.57	18.85	20.05	21.43	22.24	25.04	26.66	27.43	28.27	29.03	29.79	31.04	32.22	34.36	35.73	37.46
Q1 2014	3,397,975	0.00	0.00	1.21	3.54	4.69	4.69	5.55	6.56	8.62	9.76	10.08	11.07	11.77	13.25	13.93	14.56	15.63	16.26	17.01	18.62	20.16	21.27	22.10	23.39	24.59	26.98	28.35	29.61	31.00	32.12	33.68
Q2 2014	4,075,005	0.00	0.47	0.76	0.91	1.93	1.93	3.48	5.49	6.81	8.00	8.93	9.41	10.54	11.35	12.49	13.76	14.59	15.48	16.93	19.03	20.32	21.68	23.52	24.32	25.49	27.08	28.25	29.96	31.00	32.48	34.04
Q3 2014	3,841,024	0.00	0.39	0.91	1.90	2.31	2.31	2.73	4.96	6.19	7.57	8.38	10.81	11.48	12.83	14.75	15.52	16.12	17.50	18.24	18.59	19.80	20.84	21.70	24.03	25.45	26.68	27.44	28.73	29.95	31.83	32.75
Q4 2014	3,461,397	0.00	0.00	1.05	1.52	3.49	3.49	4.52	6.39	7.29	8.97	9.58	11.59	12.90	14.97	16.75	18.36	19.36	20.04	21.34	22.59	23.74	24.40	25.16	26.07	26.92	28.58	29.90	31.10	31.62	32.69	34.87
Q1 2015	5,155,211	0.00	0.07	0.20	0.77	1.59	1.59	2.94	4.02	5.54	6.41	7.02	8.63	10.23	11.02	12.47	13.85	15.41	16.53	17.40	18.89	19.74	20.43	21.46	22.16	23.29	24.54	25.89	26.71	28.52	29.46	31.47
Q2 2015	5,567,272	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.81	1.75	1.75	4.53	5.38	7.56	8.87	10.46	11.45	12.10	13.34	14.28	15.36	16.31	16.92	18.01	19.00	19.45	20.76	22.13	22.92	23.74	24.48	25.25	26.44	27.89	28.55	29.69
Q3 2015	4,617,982	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.85	2.28	2.28	3.30	4.60	6.17	7.52	8.72	9.54	11.61	12.23	13.28	14.47	15.78	16.60	17.86	19.15	20.00	20.81	22.10	22.89	24.06	25.32	26.36	28.13	29.60	30.91	32.74
Q4 2015	4,766,310	0.00	0.02	0.37	1.33	2.55	2.55	3.77	5.93	6.86	8.30	9.63	10.66	11.68	12.46	13.72	14.51	15.88	17.76	19.47	20.66	21.96	22.54	23.48	25.19	26.36	27.15	27.92	29.16	30.48	31.32	32.02
Q1 2016	5,417,905	0.00	0.13	0.76	1.22	1.91	1.91	2.28	3.44	4.10	4.78	5.86	7.47	8.75	10.58	11.11	12.03	12.68	13.10	13.72	14.52	15.61	16.26	17.51	18.65	19.85	21.07	22.45	24.28	26.45	27.60	28.53
Q2 2016	5,616,933	0.00	0.00	0.52	1.19	2.12	2.12	3.06	4.23	5.82	7.27	8.54	10.20	11.03	12.61	13.50	14.83	16.09	16.84	18.69	19.24	20.08	20.93	21.81	21.92	23.43	24.56	26.36	27.20	29.02	30.75	31.78
Q3 2016	5,019,913	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.73	0.93	0.93	1.72	3.71	4.76	5.61	6.90	8.12	8.51	9.28	11.15	12.76	13.55	15.24	16.26	17.85	18.58	19.30	20.50	21.86	22.35	23.33	24.40	26.28	27.06	28.32	29.23
Q4 2016	4,380,638	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.63	1.45	2.19	2.80	3.38	4.12	5.19	6.42	7.77	8.34	8.58	9.07	9.64	9.97	11.12	12.05	13.16	13.88	14.94	15.73	16.50	17.52	19.29	20.89	21.62	22.73	23.82	25.16
Q1 2017	5,798,037	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.76	1.07	1.40	2.37	3.19	4.38	5.13	5.81	6.84	8.54	10.47	11.82	12.64	13.01	13.98	15.21	16.67	18.18	19.23	19.53	19.88	21.29	26.07	27.25	28.22	29.33	29.91	31.63
Q2 2017	4,967,649	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.57	1.74	2.78	4.13	4.69	7.17	8.40	9.35	9.69	10.37	11.97	12.51	13.71	14.32	15.24	16.14	16.96	17.58	17.88	18.51	18.85	20.33	20.65	21.40	21.84	22.80	23.31	25.05
Q3 2017	4,225,459	0.00	0.10	0.77	2.62	3.91	5.61	6.49	7.48	9.40	11.42	13.05	13.81	14.49	15.07	16.30	17.63	18.37	18.83	19.92	20.31	21.15	21.47	21.93	22.17	23.68	25.91	27.24	28.29	29.02	29.98	31.05
Q4 2017	3,837,591	0.00	0.29	0.85	2.02	2.18	2.95	4.11	4.64	4.92	5.79	6.60	8.45	9.58	10.44	11.04	12.52	14.16	15.74	17.01	18.24	19.18	20.31	21.26	21.48	23.01	24.64	25.10	26.14	26.96	27.51	28.04
Q1 2018	4,675,942	0.00	0.00	0.51	1.26	2.82	3.59	4.74	5.87	6.84	7.95	9.14	9.48	11.36	12.81	14.16	15.17	15.51	16.29	16.99	18.31	18.84	19.84	21.49	22.76	23.82	24.48	24.48	25.27	25.94	28.87	30.71
Q2 2018	4,741,688	0.00	0.31	1.57	2.56	3.35	3.60	4.86	6.16	7.04	9.47	10.80	12.75	14.25	15.67	16.73	17.12	17.58	18.71	19.94	21.07	22.33	22.77	23.47	24.17	25.02	26.31	28.75	31.03	32.09	33.40	35.07
Q3 2018	4,148,272	0.00	0.03	0.12	0.84	1.65	3.38	4.58	6.20	7.17	8.88	10.78	12.92	13.94	15.67	16.93	19.00	20.25	22.41	24.02	24.38	24.98	25.71	26.56	27.63	29.02	30.98	33.87	36.16	37.09	38.11	39.18
Q4 2018	4,085,655	0.00	0.00	0.51	2.21	2.95	4.26	5.54	6.83	7.75	9.39	10.57	11.07	12.79	13.65	14.94	17.04	18.30	18.95	19.90	21.13	22.60	24.25	25.27	26.79	27.01	27.61	29.03	30.17	30.89	32.12	33.43
Q1 2019	4,627,751	0.00	0.00	0.70	2.21	3.25	4.44	4.93	6.42	7.95	8.97	10.93	12.81	14.60	16.52	17.08	18.17	20.06	20.75	21.69	23.63	24.52	25.32	26.76	29.14	31.04	33.08	34.60	35.03	35.72	36.62	38.31
Q2 2019	5,255,798	0.00	0.00	0.64	1.33	2.50	4.31	5.13	7.46	9.69	11.07	12.50	13.28	14.17	15.16	17.51	18.66	19.73	21.10	23.02	23.89	26.24	27.03	28.29	29.71	30.76	31.82	33.35	35.00	35.36	36.10	37.43
Q3 2019	4,849,338	0.00	0.00	1.83	3.48	5.70	7.39	8.31	9.63	10.23	11.25	14.35	14.96	17.43	19.45	20.86	21.85	23.01	25.00	26.25	27.49	29.04	29.70	31.20	32.10	33.16	34.42	35.18	35.96	36.28	36.67	37.31
Q4 2019	3,622,506	0.00	0.00	0.95	2.15	2.84	3.00	4.07	5.36	7.65	8.58	10.26	11.17	11.89	14.76	18.85	20.02	22.08	22.92	25.05	25.70	27.34	28.17	29.92	31.84	33.25	33.60	34.09	34.50	35.65	36.32	36.52
Q1 2020	3,306,123	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.13	0.57	2.39	4.32	6.40	8.47	10.25	11.80	14.52	17.19	18.44	19.37	20.10	21.98	22.97	25.81	27.67	29.15	31.32	31.55	32.84	33.46	34.17	34.33	34.59	35.55	35.91	36.33
Q2 2020	2,128,394	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.35	1.26	2.96	4.45	5.49	6.02	8.13	11.10	12.44	13.19	14.85	17.08	20.59	22.26	23.80	25.97	27.25	29.20	30.54	30.92	32.03	33.47	34.76	35.35	36.27	36.99	38.35
Q3 2020	3,417,090	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.12	3.42	6.95	8.21	8.90	10.98	11.56	14.65	18.42	18.84	19.87	21.35	23.20	24.10	25.48	26.26	27.03	27.78	29.29	30.25	31.81	32.49	33.37	34.15	36.05	36.81	38.01	39.02
Q4 2020	3,090,901	0.00	0.22	0.64	1.70	5.10	7.63	9.94	11.16	13.60	15.20	18.53	20.93	24.59	25.74	27.17	29.39	30.84	31.52	34.16	35.32	36.72	37.79	38.64	39.99	40.82	41.33	41.89	42.41	43.98	45.21	45.91
Q1 2021	2,727,032	0.00	0.60	0.95	1.19	1.49	2.33	4.13	5.96	9.35	9.18	10.86	12.80	15.37	18.76	22.16	23.50	25.11	29.06	30.75	34.02	35.37	36.22	36.94	37.90	38.57	39.83	40.78	41.97			
Q2 2021	2,994,036	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.57	1.60	3.27	4.87	5.88	10.23	12.07	17.18	18.69	19.93	21.77	25.09	26.48	29.09	34.21	35.50	36.59	39.66	41.92	39.94	41.26	43.13						
Q3 2021	2,777,600	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.87	1.98	5.31	6.69	10.32	10.99	13.10	14.61	16.61	20.83	22.71	24.76	26.07	26.91	28.84	30.90	33.44	35.50	38.92									

Recoveries – Used Cars (continued)

nuu	OVERIES – Original	- Usu	u Ca	15 (00	nunu	cuj									Recoveries	(%) by me	onths since	incention													
Origination Quarter	Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Q1 2013	2,201,167	48.25	50.84	52.67	54.28	55.45	56.46	57.44	58.44	59.36	60.19	60.67	61.32	61.32	61.73	62.14	62.23	62.39	62.92	62.93	62.93	63.25	63.25	63.25	63.33	63.33	63.33	63.33	63.38	63.38	63.38
Q2 2013	2,309,675	43.03	46.44	48.63	49.90	53.03	54.82	57.29	57.87	60.10	61.30	62.67	62.76	63.15	63.90	64.36	65.08	65.78	65.79	65.82	66.27	66.95	66.95	66.99	66.99	66.99	66.99	67.09	67.09	67.10	67.10
Q3 2013	2,556,077	45.01	47.52	49.60	51.09	51.89	53.55	55.46	56.59	59.33	59.80	60.09	61.01	62.07	62.52	62.60	62.63	63.58	63.83	64.06	64.52	64.76	64.76	64.76	64.82	64.82	64.82	64.82	64.82	64.88	64.91
Q4 2013	2,462,558	39.50	42.86	45.25	46.91	49.46	51.94	52.75	54.12	55.20	55.72	55.94	56.42	57.09	58.11	58.99	59.06	59.62	60.17	60.31	60.65	60.73	61.14	61.14	61.23	61.23	61.23	61.25	61.31	61.31	61.31
Q1 2014	3,397,975	35.29	38.36	41.18	41.86	43.13	45.58	47.67	49.52	51.38	52.42	53.55	53.75	54.54	54.97	55.80	56.07	56.41	56.85	57.88	59.09	59.34	60.00	60.11	60.11	60.51	60.51	60.51	60.60	60.60	60.60
Q2 2014	4,075,005	35.62	37.34	39.89	40.89	43.26	45.69	48.56	50.57	52.19	53.95	54.62	55.19	56.03	57.01	57.96	59.05	59.47	59.60	60.27	61.04	61.37	61.41	61.52	61.58	61.58	61.68	61.68	61.82	61.83	61.83
Q3 2014	3,841,024	35.36	37.97	40.60	42.62	43.85	46.77	47.78	48.86	50.33	51.92	52.39	53.19	54.00	54.22	54.69	55.71	55.73	55.91	57.62	58.71	58.94	59.00	59.04	59.08	59.10	59.18	59.21	59.25	59.25	59.25
Q4 2014	3,461,397	36.68	38.06	40.53	42.81	44.14	45.48	47.17	48.28	49.76	50.73	51.43	51.50	51.60	52.14	52.37	52.65	53.23	53.68	53.98	54.67	54.88	55.04	55.04	55.04	55.13	55.28	55.28	55.28	55.30	55.30
Q1 2015	5,155,211	34.52	35.81	37.54	38.90	40.80	42.91	44.26	46.31	48.11	48.88	49.32	50.10	51.21	51.72	51.89	51.95	52.08	52.30	53.27	54.37	55.34	55.45	55.51	55.63	55.63	55.63	55.63	55.63	55.72	55.73
Q2 2015	5,567,272	32.21	33.87	34.93	36.10	38.23	40.19	41.74	43.56	44.35	45.40	46.41	47.26	47.64	47.88	48.30	48.42	48.65	49.01	49.23	50.53	51.94	52.36	52.38	52.37	52.38	52.39	52.43	52.45	52.47	52.49
Q3 2015	4,617,982	34.57	36.17	37.58	39.16	40.36	41.25	42.20	44.26	45.72	46.34	46.64	47.25	47.93	48.64	48.64	49.33	49.68	50.35	51.49	53.51	54.77	55.08	55.42	55.50	55.70	55.78	55.78	55.80	55.86	55.86
Q4 2015	4,766,310	33.40	35.33	37.06	39.06	40.28	40.97	42.33	43.03	43.19	44.63	44.87	45.18	45.65	45.83	46.99	47.19	47.19	47.48	48.40	49.55	50.40	50.64	50.71	50.74	50.74	50.74	50.97	50.97	50.97	50.97
Q1 2016	5,417,905	30.65	33.72	34.83	36.38	37.32	38.32	39.60	40.53	42.04	42.66	43.67	44.96	45.81	46.04	46.51	46.93	47.53	47.85	48.38	48.69	49.07	49.73	50.15	50.92	51.04	51.10	51.16	51.23	51.23	51.23
Q2 2016	5,616,933	32.79	34.10	35.99	37.32	39.00	40.06	40.32	41.74	43.22	44.17	44.68	45.28	45.48	45.79	46.82	46.96	47.68	47.74	47.87	49.28	51.40	52.65	52.72	52.97	53.16	53.25	53.37	53.38	53.43	53.63
Q3 2016	5,019,913	31.46	32.66	34.17	35.43	36.82	38.04	40.10	42.26	43.96	44.86	47.51	47.97	48.51	48.74	48.85	49.49	49.96	50.69	50.97	52.10	53.09	53.19	53.30	53.33	53.33	53.34	53.34	53.34	53.34	53.52
Q4 2016	4,380,638	26.52	27.64	28.75	30.72	32.38	33.80	35.90	38.22	39.15	39.87	40.01	40.34	41.41	42.62	44.51	45.38	45.71	46.42	47.67	48.44	49.44	49.44	49.51	49.51	49.51	49.64	49.64	49.64	49.64	49.64
Q1 2017	5,798,037	33.38	34.90	35.48	37.37	38.29	39.55	40.13	40.55	41.77	44.26	45.39	46.35	47.40	48.14	49.09	49.68	50.62	51.56	55.41	56.23	56.44	56.52	56.62	56.61	56.61	56.63	56.63	56.63	56.63	56.63
Q2 2017	4,967,649	26.31	27.54	29.38	30.04	30.50	31.14	35.05	38.61	39.97	41.06	42.80	43.21	43.79	44.87	45.17	45.96	46.72	47.19	48.58	48.87	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97
Q3 2017	4,225,459	32.38	32.79	33.26	34.96	37.87	39.91	41.26	42.60	43.08	43.60	44.26	44.89	45.00	45.43	46.12	46.47	47.11	47.93	48.13	48.27	48.51	48.60	48.63	48.63	48.63	48.65	48.65	48.65	48.65	48.65
Q4 2017	3,837,591	30.03	34.16	37.08	38.10	39.05	40.82	42.31	44.08	45.20	46.05	46.63	47.41	47.42	47.56	47.64	47.64	47.63	48.26	48.48	48.51	48.51	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50
Q1 2018	4,675,942	32.12	33.91	34.81	35.66	37.34	39.62	40.71	41.16	41.78	42.89	43.65	43.98	43.98	44.05	44.05	44.05	44.05	44.74	44.90	44.90	44.90	44.90	44.90	44.90	44.90	44.90	44.90	44.87	44.87	44.87
Q2 2018	4,741,688	35.84	37.70	38.27	39.30	40.58	41.84	43.16	43.95	45.41	45.79	46.91	47.17	47.17	47.29	47.93	47.99	48.09	48.09	48.51	48.54	48.59	48.59	48.59	48.59	48.59	48.59	48.59	48.64	48.64	48.64
Q3 2018	4,148,272	40.96	42.33	43.68	44.94	45.86	46.79	47.79	48.04	48.42	48.55	48.55	48.65	48.71	48.79	48.78	48.78	48.78	48.89	48.89	48.93	48.93	48.93	48.93	48.93	48.93	48.93	48.93			
Q4 2018	4,085,655	34.86	36.08	37.20	37.43	38.13	38.62	38.81	39.20	39.44	39.56	39.67	39.66	39.75	39.86	39.86	39.96	39.80	39.95	39.98	40.05	40.56	40.56	40.56	40.56						
Q1 2019	4,627,751	39.27	39.86	39.95	40.56	41.42	42.45	42.60	42.63	42.88	42.96	43.05	43.23	43.23	43.30	43.30	43.41	43.60	44.04	44.17	44.47	44.47									
Q2 2019	5,255,798	38.02	38.34	38.99	39.06	39.37	39.54	39.86	40.44	40.44	40.47	40.58	40.58	40.50	40.50	40.57	40.57	40.77	41.17												
Q3 2019	4,849,338	37.78	38.26	38.41	38.98	39.33	39.39	39.71	39.80	40.36	40.36	40.56	40.59	40.81	41.13	41.29															
Q4 2019	3,622,506	36.85	36.97	37.47	37.59	37.62	37.95	38.02	38.23	38.30	38.74	38.77	39.04																		
Q1 2020	3,306,123	36.67	37.04	37.35	37.64	38.02	38.61	38.83	38.87	38.90																					
Q2 2020	2,128,394	38.91	39.44	39.92	40.66	40.95	41.68																								
Q3 2020	3,417,090	39.63	40.85	41.24																											
Q4 2020	3,090,901																														
Q1 2021	2,727,032																														
Q2 2021	2,994,036																														
Q3 2021	2,777,600																														

Q4 2021	3,734,779	
Q1 2022	3,781,763	
Q2 2022	2,591,601	
Q3 2022	1,890,387	
Q4 2022	663,738	
Q1 2023	331,826	
Q2 2023	121,555	
Q3 2023		

Recoveries – Used LCVs and Used Motorcycles

ination	IES — USE Original Balance of						- 0 -								Recov	eries (%)	by month	s since in	ception													
rter	Loans (£) 563,921	0.00	<u> </u>	<u>2</u> 1.13	3	4 15.93	<u>5</u> 19.15	<u>6</u> 19.15	7	8 22.32	<u>9</u> 25.73	<u>10</u> 27.23	27.91	<u>12</u> 27.98	<u>13</u> 30.78	<u>14</u> 31.19	<u>15</u> 32.17	<u>16</u> 33.93	<u>17</u> 33.93	<u>18</u> 34.70	<u>19</u> 34.70	20 34.70	21 34.85	<u>22</u> 34.85	23 35.40	<u>24</u> 36.52	<u>25</u> 37.04	<u>26</u> 40.49	<u>27</u> 41.34	<u>28</u> 42.05	29 43.88	<u>30</u> 46.5
013	674,855	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	2.23	2.68	4.32	4.32	4.87	6.83	9.12	14.22	16.40	17.38	17.95	18.61	19.57	23.55	24.43	25.75	28.86	29.58	31.44	33.00	36.54	38.43	40.29	42.69	44.28	46.74	47.1
013	602,996	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.94	4.59	4.59	4.79	6.34	8.60	9.84	11.16	13.69	14.79	17.80	22.02	25.59	27.66	33.05	35.22	36.83	37.81	39.02	40.59	41.56	44.99	49.87	49.87	52.19	54.85	55.66	56.3
013	740,076	0.00	0.00	2.14	3.92	6.83	6.83	6.83	8.61	12.73	16.71	17.71	20.52	23.37	24.79	29.54	33.82	35.17	35.24	35.24	36.70	38.71	40.31	41.93	43.28	44.40	45.76	47.88	48.99	50.49	50.49	51.1
014	849,403	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.70	3.27	4.67	5.03	5.83	7.54	10.22	12.46	13.64	17.00	18.72	18.79	19.65	21.03	22.18	27.11	29.55	29.87	34.92	35.57	36.17	38.19	39.70	41.11	43.99	46.10	46.20	46.
014	879,697	0.00	0.00	0.20	1.64	2.58	5.40	5.61	6.15	9.87	11.80	12.59	13.76	16.56	17.80	19.17	19.17	21.01	22.57	24.80	27.44	29.35	29.89	32.27	34.54	35.08	36.14	38.28	41.02	42.31	45.55	46
014	874,134	0.00	0.00	0.40	2.33	2.38	2.38	2.79	6.31	8.73	9.41	10.19	12.02	14.43	14.98	17.00	18.89	19.71	21.48	24.39	25.74	28.22	30.00	31.81	32.31	33.73	35.15	36.70	37.38	39.23	39.80	40
014	1,036,187	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	1.74	2.24	2.24	3.05	6.39	6.84	7.27	9.00	10.02	11.61	12.69	13.88	14.42	16.39	16.39	17.17	19.11	20.12	30.07	33.96	36.60	37.88	39.10	40.04	41.20	41.33	42
015	1,048,160	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.53	0.53	1.91	2.31	2.54	3.04	3.04	3.21	4.14	5.76	8.19	9.57	10.61	11.52	13.37	13.39	15.62	15.38	16.64	18.01	20.59	21.17	23.34	25.62	26.69	26.69	26.96	28
015	1,268,121	0.00	0.55	0.00	1.54	2.88	3.36	3.45	4.67	7.30	7.67	7.86	8.93	10.38	12.15	16.69	18.18	20.86	21.73	23.17	27.81	28.78	30.03	30.38	31.23	32.66	34.47	35.55	36.61	37.26	37.88	37
015	1,144,861	0.00	0.00	0.33	1.09	2.86	3.96	4.27	6.17	6.29	8.61	10.59	9.58	11.78	13.46	16.43	17.65	18.53	19.00	20.88	21.32	21.74	23.09	23.46	25.47	27.85	29.12	30.03	31.08	33.65	35.09	37
015	975,361	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19	1.79	2.10	2.66	2.93	7.02	9.65	11.30	12.39	13.23	13.68	15.05	16.83	19.18	20.69	21.96	25.26	25.62	26.27	27.15	29.58	30.03	31.11	32.33	34.84	37.57	37.82	38
016	1,282,303	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.61	1.47	1.47	1.47	2.66	5.21	6.81	9.32	11.42	12.73	14.02	16.83	18.60	20.17	21.81	23.44	25.36	26.38	32.29	33.69	35.38	42.08	46.02	47.08	47.37	48.91	49.78	49
016	1,320,814	0.00	0.00	0.51	1.37	3.64	4.29	4.40	6.22	7.00	9.44	11.72	12.51	14.64	15.91	17.15	18.26	19.05	19.29	20.69	22.85	23.19	25.67	26.41	27.40	28.97	29.42	30.04	30.66	30.83	32.91	33
16	1,119,682	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.59	0.69	1.49	1.49	2.26	4.60	5.50	7.32	8.94	10.10	10.96	12.55	12.72	13.29	13.69	17.42	20.67	23.67	24.66	25.29	25.69	27.05	29.31	30.18	31.37	32.26	33.95	3
16	908,874	0.00	0.00	0.53	3.41	6.07	8.36	9.44	10.20	12.28	12.81	13.68	16.70	18.85	19.56	21.02	22.10	24.45	25.62	25.71	26.20	28.93	29.79	29.79	31.71	33.17	34.40	34.96	35.78	35.94	36.53	3
17	1,037,479	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	1.28	5.47	6.71	6.91	8.93	9.49	11.64	13.79	15.01	15.84	15.84	18.16	18.88	18.83	20.44	21.94	22.80	23.63	24.14	23.72	23.72	25.17	26.00	28.32	30.28	31.22	3
017	1,168,974	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.28	1.71	2.80	2.93	3.09	4.60	5.38	9.22	11.57	13.88	16.92	17.44	18.29	20.55	21.81	23.42	25.62	26.83	27.67	29.68	31.53	31.95	32.55	32.63	34.50	34.89	36.65	3
17	1,122,341	0.00	0.00	0.46	1.20	1.31	1.44	4.06	5.04	6.55	9.42	12.09	14.50	15.50	16.72	19.14	20.18	20.72	22.08	24.46	25.58	28.03	28.88	29.78	30.73	30.80	32.55	32.84	32.84	33.76	34.50	3
)17	919,950	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.72	0.80	1.11	3.00	3.89	4.25	4.84	7.39	11.15	13.57	13.61	15.16	18.90	20.00	22.13	22.32	24.30	24.73	25.18	27.18	30.95	31.46	33.85	37.16	37.72	37.72	3
18	1,207,332	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	2.27	2.68	2.89	3.50	4.61	6.54	6.98	8.03	9.59	9.90	11.89	13.43	18.12	21.93	22.96	23.52	24.32	25.06	26.52	27.09	27.92	29.00	29.81	30.35	30.80	31.62	3
018	1,332,511	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.40	1.11	2.46	2.58	2.79	4.05	5.16	8.38	9.81	11.85	12.52	14.13	15.15	16.75	18.18	19.50	22.41	23.87	26.67	27.05	27.51	28.08	31.11	31.53	32.98	34.35	34.80	3
)18	1,210,675	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	2.55	4.26	4.78	5.68	7.11	8.17	9.56	10.80	13.42	15.85	18.06	20.16	21.97	22.31	23.07	23.17	24.42	24.45	27.79	29.31	31.57	34.09	34.41	36.88	39.01	3
18	1,289,456	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.84	2.22	4.91	6.41	6.40	8.45	8.68	10.44	12.29	13.36	14.54	16.08	17.97	19.54	21.01	21.09	21.62	25.55	26.39	27.16	28.15	29.85	30.73	30.73	30.73	30.73	30.99	3
19	1,299,245	0.00	0.07	0.05	0.05	2.25	2.70	4.91	5.69	7.51	8.13	9.65	11.94	17.06	18.49	18.96	19.42	21.55	24.51	25.33	26.99	29.29	30.44	31.42	31.58	33.50	33.82	34.26	34.90	35.39	36.42	3
19	1,209,404	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	1.32	2.19	2.95	3.45	4.79	8.12	8.34	9.53	10.14	13.39	14.81	16.36	17.97	19.58	22.23	23.47	25.15	26.79	27.38	27.96	28.88	30.42	31.74	32.43	33.68	34.22	3
19	1,113,811	0.00	0.00	1.20	1.20	1.27	6.24	9.55	11.58	12.03	12.81	14.03	16.16	19.03	20.66	21.42	24.53	27.60	28.11	28.79	29.89	30.48	33.22	34.23	36.29	38.12	39.42	39.68	39.99	40.61	40.61	4
19	981,548	0.00	0.00	0.57	3.79	3.80	3.80	4.93	7.07	8.76	12.43	13.96	14.61	19.01	23.25	29.80	30.77	31.69	33.10	36.66	37.19	37.87	37.87	41.94	42.53	43.37	43.69	44.18	44.58	45.30	46.72	4
20	731,613	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	3.43	6.22	6.33	6.33	9.27	13.27	17.68	20.67	22.85	24.23	26.25	27.80	33.67	33.85	35.03	37.03	37.40	37.40	38.49	38.65	41.26	41.26	42.27	44.46	44.46	4
20	786,262	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.68	0.68	7.62	7.62	8.14	9.00	9.00	11.41	11.41	12.32	17.06	20.27	21.85	23.12	21.39	21.85	22.76	25.55	26.79	27.42	27.11	27.11	27.11	29.16	30.81	3
20	1,187,275	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.66	1.72	2.34	3.56	4.76	7.51	10.67	14.84	18.65	19.27	25.33	26.01	29.36	31.74	36.14	38.07	38.71	39.07	41.08	42.27	43.68	44.44	45.31	45.48	46.40	47.51	4
20	1,096,861	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	1.74	1.74	1.74	3.27	4.71	4.87	7.00	7.64	8.77	9.22	12.78	15.55	18.06	19.05	20.01	21.42	22.30	23.28	24.56	25.96	26.75	28.28	29.25	31.76	33.47	34.75	3
21	1,111,753	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	1.31	2.41	2.94	5.25	7.21	7.92	11.14	13.67	15.99	17.24	17.69	20.43	22.17	22.83	25.82	28.38	30.09	31.23	33.41	34.53	35.57	36.98	37.78	38.61			
021	1,541,424	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	1.98	1.98	3.41	6.68	7.46	10.13	10.73	12.66	15.20	18.13	20.39	22.45	24.39	29.14	31.90	32.73	36.97	38.09	39.18	40.34	42.73						
021	1,590,084	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	4.16	4.76	5.03	8.46	10.11	11.53	13.23	14.04	15.16	19.36	22.07	23.37	23.62	25.90	28.92	33.18	35.69	37.16									

 Q4 2021......
 1,063,023
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 1.68
 1.68
 3.02
 4.72
 7.55
 8.22
 11.51
 13.40
 15.13
 15.45
 16.96
 19.31
 20.49
 26.89
 29.10

 Q1 2022......
 1,118,706
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 0.02
 0.83
 1.24
 3.14
 5.02
 6.56
 11.39
 19.11
 22.30
 26.69
 31.00
 33.37
 5.55
 10.22
 12.22
 18.17
 20.49
 0.69
 0.00
 33.37
 5.55
 10.29
 12.61
 12.99
 27.79
 32.22
 5.55
 5.55
 15.55
 16.96
 19.31
 20.49
 26.89
 29.10

 Q2 2022.....
 648,294
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 3.40
 5.23
 7.67
 10.25
 11.20
 18.17
 20.49
 20.22
 5.55
 15.55
 16.95
 30.22
 5.55
 15.55
 16.95
 30.22
 5.55
 15.55
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.95
 16.

Recoveries – Used LCVs and Used Motorcycles (continued)

Original Recoveries (%) by months since inception																															
Origination Quarter	Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Q1 2013	563,921	48.81	49.87	49.87	50.41	50.85	51.85	51.97	52.44	54.78	54.78	54.78	55.04	55.05	55.05	55.05	55.22	55.85	55.85	57.30	57.30	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36
Q2 2013	674,855	50.73	52.64	53.23	54.13	54.68	54.98	58.16	58.68	58.69	59.55	59.55	59.55	59.85	59.85	59.85	59.85	59.85	60.90	60.90	60.90	61.60	61.60	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.98
Q3 2013	602,996	56.91	57.28	57.74	58.20	58.36	58.36	59.19	60.75	60.77	61.31	61.31	61.38	62.05	62.05	62.05	62.20	62.20	62.20	62.20	62.20	62.20	62.53	62.53	62.53	62.53	62.53	62.53	62.53	62.53	62.53
Q4 2013	740,076	52.04	52.82	53.07	53.57	53.57	54.84	54.84	54.87	54.87	54.87	54.87	54.99	55.13	55.51	55.66	55.76	55.76	55.76	55.76	55.76	55.76	55.76	55.76	55.76	56.09	56.09	56.09	56.09	56.09	56.09
Q1 2014	849,403	47.52	48.19	49.07	49.51	49.94	50.55	50.55	51.10	51.10	51.10	51.10	51.10	51.29	51.29	51.66	51.76	51.89	51.89	52.14	52.14	52.14	52.14	52.19	52.19	52.19	52.19	52.19	52.19	52.19	52.33
Q2 2014	879,697	46.73	46.73	46.70	48.32	49.25	50.04	50.59	50.81	52.13	52.31	52.41	52.41	52.77	52.65	52.84	52.95	53.15	53.15	53.15	54.38	55.02	55.02	55.02	55.02	55.02	55.02	55.02	55.02	55.02	55.02
Q3 2014	874,134	40.93	41.87	42.34	43.86	45.27	47.14	48.43	49.33	49.98	50.10	50.21	50.21	51.08	51.08	51.08	51.38	51.61	51.61	51.95	51.95	53.21	53.46	53.46	53.46	53.46	53.46	53.46	53.46	53.46	53.46
Q4 2014	1,036,187	43.48	43.97	44.17	44.52	44.46	44.83	45.25	45.82	46.05	46.76	46.76	47.16	47.31	47.49	47.50	47.59	47.73	47.73	47.73	47.69	47.98	47.98	47.98	47.98	47.98	47.98	47.98	47.98	48.20	48.20
Q1 2015	1,048,160	29.57	30.46	31.79	32.25	32.84	33.58	33.80	33.80	36.10	36.71	36.71	37.60	38.10	39.39	39.55	39.65	39.65	39.66	40.47	40.84	41.14	41.19	41.19	41.19	41.19	41.19	41.47	41.47	41.47	41.47
Q2 2015	1,268,121	38.84	40.12	40.70	40.77	41.69	42.34	43.03	44.34	45.09	45.84	46.26	47.00	47.54	47.93	48.27	48.78	49.34	49.29	49.88	49.88	49.90	50.26	50.24	50.24	50.36	50.36	50.36	50.36	50.36	50.40
Q3 2015	1,144,861	40.01	40.81	41.47	42.68	43.55	43.90	44.34	45.17	45.53	45.74	45.95	45.95	47.35	47.83	48.09	48.26	48.26	48.26	48.26	49.26	49.68	49.68	50.08	50.08	50.08	50.08	50.08	50.18	50.18	50.18
Q4 2015	975,361	39.80	39.81	41.97	42.12	42.75	43.87	44.22	45.07	45.14	46.30	46.69	46.82	47.04	47.57	48.02	48.11	48.61	49.10	49.21	49.21	49.43	49.46	49.46	49.46	49.52	49.52	49.52	49.52	49.52	49.52
Q1 2016	1,282,303	50.36	51.40	51.84	52.38	52.59	52.93	53.54	53.80	55.15	55.15	55.47	56.16	56.56	57.26	57.52	57.52	57.92	57.97	58.42	58.55	58.66	58.73	59.25	59.78	59.78	59.78	59.90	59.90	59.90	60.05
Q2 2016	1,320,814	34.31	34.68	35.12	36.41	36.91	38.10	38.29	38.88	39.41	40.01	40.98	42.27	44.48	45.73	46.54	46.80	47.31	47.42	47.42	47.67	48.57	48.57	48.57	48.57	48.95	49.08	49.08	49.14	49.14	49.14
Q3 2016	1,119,682	35.50	37.05	37.62	38.32	38.44	39.90	41.07	42.85	44.37	45.67	46.12	47.30	47.78	48.14	48.77	48.87	48.98	49.06	49.06	50.30	50.86	50.89	50.89	50.89	50.89	51.11	51.07	51.07	51.07	51.07
Q4 2016	908,874	37.24	38.14	39.50	40.36	40.75	41.43	43.42	44.49	45.19	45.77	45.96	45.96	45.96	46.24	46.73	46.73	48.31	48.31	48.31	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97	48.97
Q1 2017	1,037,479	34.45	34.71	35.39	36.20	36.52	36.90	36.81	37.82	38.82	39.22	39.79	40.23	41.26	41.29	41.29	41.29	41.29	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66	41.66
Q2 2017	1,168,974	39.11	38.36	39.73	39.73	40.45	40.34	40.70	41.44	42.24	42.97	43.23	43.58	43.58	43.58	44.08	44.08	44.08	44.22	44.22	44.22	44.41	44.41	44.41	44.41	44.41	44.41	44.41	44.41	44.41	44.41
Q3 2017	1,122,341	35.86	36.05	36.05	37.32	39.95	40.16	40.82	41.63	42.41	42.41	42.41	44.01	44.38	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	45.29	45.29	45.29	45.29	45.29	45.29	45.29	45.29	45.29
Q4 2017	919,950	38.14	39.12	39.57	40.39	41.19	42.01	43.33	43.57	43.57	43.90	44.36	45.25	45.88	46.39	46.02	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	47.12	47.12	47.81	47.81	47.81	47.81	47.81
Q1 2018	1,207,332	33.30	34.31	34.56	34.43	34.43	34.85	35.01	35.42	35.68	36.49	36.50	36.50	36.50	36.50	36.50	36.50	36.50	37.49	37.49	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24	37.24
Q2 2018	1,332,511	36.76	37.15	38.52	39.64	40.84	42.78	43.84	43.87	43.87	43.87	43.87	44.06	44.06	44.06	44.19	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42	44.42
Q3 2018	1,210,675	39.01	39.01	39.22	39.83	40.76	41.09	41.88	42.07	42.56	42.56	42.56	42.87	42.87	42.87	42.87	43.12	43.12	43.67	43.67	43.67	43.67	43.67	43.67	43.67	43.67	43.67	43.67			
Q4 2018	1,289,456	32.67	33.53	34.03	35.98	38.63	39.66	39.66	39.66	39.82	40.09	40.39	40.39	40.39	40.39	40.39	40.39	40.39	40.84	40.84	40.86	40.86	41.10	41.10	41.10						
Q1 2019	1,299,245	38.07	38.26	38.93	39.70	40.45	40.88	41.31	41.54	41.54	42.02	42.11	42.11	42.11	42.11	42.11	42.11	42.67	42.67	42.67	42.67	42.67									
Q2 2019	1,209,404	36.01	37.45	37.62	37.62	37.73	38.05	38.68	39.11	39.11	39.11	39.11	39.34	39.34	39.34	39.34	39.92	40.33	40.33												
Q3 2019	1,113,811	41.00	42.12	42.26	42.70	42.70	43.17	43.87	43.87	44.66	44.99	44.99	46.22	46.67	47.10	47.10															
Q4 2019	981,548	47.44	48.04	49.02	49.02	49.02	49.96	49.96	50.73	50.73	51.51	52.02	52.02																		
Q1 2020	731,613	45.25	45.89	45.89	45.89	47.56	47.56	48.19	48.62	48.78																					
Q2 2020	786,262	34.17	34.99	34.99	34.99	36.95	37.47																								
Q3 2020	1,187,275	50.55	53.72	53.89																											
Q4 2020	1,096,861																														
Q1 2021	1,111,753																														
Q2 2021	1,541,424																														
Q3 2021	1,590,084																														

1,063,023
1,118,706
816,249
648,294
196,581
48,724
16,414

Recoveries – New Vehicles

Drigination	IES — NEW Original Balance of														Recov	eries (%)	by month	s since in	ception													
2013	Loans (£) 215,967	0.00	0.00	2	3	4	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u> 5.85	6.47	<u>8</u> 6.61	<u>9</u> 6.61	<u>10</u> 6.61	<u>11</u> 6.61	<u>12</u> 6.61	<u>13</u> 7.04	<u>14</u> 8.96	<u>15</u> 8.96	<u>16</u> 12.19	<u>17</u> 13.71	<u>18</u> 17.71	<u>19</u> 17.88	20 23.58	21 23.58	22 23.58	23	24 23.58	25 30.14	<u>26</u> 30.23	<u>27</u> 30.39	<u>28</u> 34.38	<u>29</u> 38.44	30 45.88
2 2013	425,035	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.60	3.21	5.35	6.53	10.82	10.82	10.82	18.92	18.92	19.03	19.03	19.03	20.31	21.09	23.16	23.16	24.41	24.41	25.98	26.65	28.01	28.01	33.69
2013	304,771	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.98	0.98	1.05	5.24	5.24	7.81	9.56	9.76	12.88	13.68	15.77	16.13	16.42	16.42	20.72	26.02	26.18	26.52	26.52	26.52	33.59	33.59	34.07	35.76	43.13	43.13
2013	297,989	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.63	3.63	6.99	7.46	7.46	11.09	11.59	14.95	14.95	14.95	15.15	15.15	15.47	15.47	18.54	18.83	18.83	18.83	25.08	26.23	28.87	33.46	33.46	33.46	37.04	44.90
2014	381,706	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.87	2.87	2.87	2.87	3.08	3.25	6.10	6.10	7.38	7.52	7.52	7.52	11.97	15.68	15.68	15.68	17.66	19.86	21.22	23.62	23.62	26.52	29.26	29.44
2014	556,653	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.82	0.03	1.49	1.46	2.62	2.62	5.84	5.88	6.10	7.34	7.53	7.65	7.65	12.00	16.33	17.73	18.54	18.54	20.84	26.30	27.17	27.17	27.17	30.19	30.27	32.03	32.98	36.99
2014	371,580	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.84	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.99	10.30	10.30	11.30	11.36	11.36	12.40	14.63	14.79	18.49	22.08	23.83	24.21	24.21	28.22	28.22	32.13	34.59	36.98	36.98	38.81
2014	212,575	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13	6.48	6.85	6.85	14.13	18.81	18.81	19.18	25.83	25.83	29.72	29.72	29.72	29.72	29.72	32.44	32.44	56.62	56.62	56.95	56.95	56.95	56.95	56.95	56.95	56.95
2015	516,127	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12	1.12	2.69	3.08	3.08	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	4.21	6.84	13.27	19.46	19.78	19.78	19.78	27.54	31.27	31.85	37.25	41.44	42.41	42.41	43.86
2015	411,137	0.00	0.00	0.55	1.55	0.10	0.10	0.75	2.46	2.59	2.59	2.96	5.02	5.15	5.29	5.29	5.29	6.77	9.43	11.65	11.65	11.65	14.45	14.45	14.45	16.65	18.04	18.18	18.18	18.18	18.18	20.24
2015	339,540	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.13	3.13	3.13	3.29	3.29	3.29	3.29	3.29	3.29	6.10	6.33	6.33	11.03	12.64	12.64	12.64	12.64	12.64	12.65	12.65	12.65	12.65	13.48	21.01	21.01	26.34	31.30
2015	431,733	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.20	2.59	2.59	2.59	2.59	2.59	3.31	4.80	7.02	10.69	10.69	10.69	11.66	11.66	20.79	23.58	24.09	32.82	32.82	37.04	41.20	43.82	44.99	46.58	46.58	49.03	49.07	50.27
1 2016	320,155	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.05	0.00	0.00	2.97	10.18	10.18	10.18	13.75	15.36	15.36	20.31	20.38	23.65	23.65	23.65	23.65	33.15	33.15	33.15	33.15	33.15	34.51	36.97	36.97	36.97	41.33	41.33	41.33
2 2016	451,444	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.98	2.98	2.98	-1.61	1.18	4.50	4.50	8.04	8.04	9.47	9.47	11.50	14.54	14.54	18.68	20.81	22.54	22.54	24.41	31.01	31.01	31.01	33.79	34.77	37.12
2016	226,083	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.70	5.90	5.90	9.04	9.04	10.88	14.58	22.23	22.23	22.23	22.23	24.33	24.33	24.33	24.33	24.33	31.19	31.19	31.19	37.08	37.08	37.08	37.08	37.08
2016	440,617	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	5.54	6.71	6.71	6.71	11.28	11.28	13.02	13.02	14.71	20.17	26.03	26.03	27.90	27.90	30.76	30.76
2017	578,578	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.92	1.07	1.07	1.10	2.42	2.42	8.18	8.18	8.18	11.59	15.44	16.33	16.33	16.33	23.43	50.87	59.01	59.01	63.01	62.98	70.54
2017	298,110	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.53	11.27	11.27	15.12	15.12	15.04	18.25	18.25	18.25	20.24	20.56	22.37	22.37	23.66	23.66	26.97	31.53	31.53	31.53	34.33	41.19
2017	259,769	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	1.46	1.46	2.64	2.64	6.60	6.60	6.60	9.49	10.28	14.41	14.41	14.41	14.41	14.41	14.41	17.57	17.57	20.36	20.55	20.55	20.55	20.55	20.55	24.15	28.70	28.82
2017	139,137	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	3.47	3.47	3.47	3.47	3.47	7.56	13.31	13.46	13.46	15.16	15.81	19.62	20.97	20.97	20.97	20.97	20.97	25.99	25.99	25.99	25.99	25.99	25.99	25.99	27.88
2018	273,624	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.94	9.91	9.91	9.91	10.24	11.54	12.53	19.11	19.92	24.11	24.27	29.91	29.91	29.91	29.91	34.07	34.07	39.74	39.74	41.20	41.74	42.89	42.89	42.89	42.89	42.89	45.84
2 2018	355,993	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.82	5.04	5.04	13.12	16.02	16.13	23.03	23.03	23.03	28.70	28.96	30.98	32.51	32.51	42.95	47.95	49.88	53.26	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67	58.17	61.06	67.43	68.72	68.72
3 2018	353,555	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.40	6.40	6.40	7.59	10.38	10.38	12.99	25.21	25.21	29.95	33.65	34.69	36.66	36.66	36.66	40.11	40.11	41.24	41.24	41.24	41.24	41.24	43.46	43.60	44.43	47.41	47.41
2018	169,474	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.24	15.25	15.25	16.32	17.81	17.81	18.73	21.45	21.45	25.18	25.18	25.19	25.19	25.19	28.09	31.34	34.43	35.82	44.92	44.92	44.92	44.92	44.92	46.75	46.75	46.88
2019	259,102	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.16	0.66	0.66	0.66	4.69	5.42	10.38	10.88	10.88	16.79	16.79	24.65	24.65	24.65	32.98	38.70	44.72	54.21	61.66	61.66	66.15	68.62	70.39	70.39	70.39	70.39	70.39	74.64
2019	140,108	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	2.04	6.65	6.65	6.65	6.65	6.65	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.48	7.48	19.72	19.72	19.72	20.35	20.35	20.35	25.54	25.54	25.54	25.54	25.54	25.54
2019	208,429	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-1.65	-0.89	-0.85	6.11	6.11	6.11	6.11	6.11	8.14	17.52	19.70	19.70	37.18	37.18	37.96	37.96	37.96	37.96	45.16	48.63	54.44	54.44	56.89	56.89	56.89	56.89
2019	150,208	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.21	5.21	12.10	31.65	31.65	38.50	39.92	39.92	44.55	44.55	53.99	54.66	54.66	54.66	54.66	54.66	54.66	54.66	54.66	54.66
2020	42,301	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.73	1.73	14.82	14.82	21.34	34.76	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47	42.47
2020	60,003	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.37	14.37	14.37	14.37	14.37	14.37	17.87	21.75	21.75	21.75	21.75	21.75	21.75	21.39
2020	223,279	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.33	0.00	0.00	7.34	7.34	7.34	7.34	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.61	8.61	13.54	13.98	19.45	20.59	20.59	20.59	20.59	20.66	26.79	26.79	26.79	36.20	40.10	46.46	47.34	47.34
2020	32,012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.32	11.89	11.89	36.75	36.75	39.59	39.59	46.15	46.15	46.15	46.78	60.46	60.46	60.46	60.46	60.46	60.46	60.46	87.77	87.77	87.77
2021	87,366	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.25	16.41	16.41	16.41	16.41	21.45	21.45	21.45	22.34	23.43	23.43	23.43	23.43	23.43	23.43	23.43	26.69	26.69	26.69	26.69	26.69			
2021	163,754	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.58	8.21	9.32	9.32	9.72	17.36	18.89	20.43	20.43	20.43	26.78	40.86	49.66	49.66	57.29	57.29	57.29	65.73	65.73	65.73						
3 2021	73,948	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.76	3.72	3.72	4.97	5.92	5.92	5.92	13.09	13.09	13.09	14.08	14.27	14.27	15.82	21.68	39.80	44.32									

Q4 2021..... Q1 2022..... 115,042 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 22.10 22.10 22.10 22.99 25.82 25.82 26.66 26.66 26.92 45.02 45.02 Q2 2022..... 43,731 0.00 0.00 3.78 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.88 1.88 3.69 9.20 9.20 9.55 9.55 Q3 2022..... Q4 2022..... 24,997 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Q1 2023..... 3,586 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Q2 2023..... 0 Q3 2023.....

Recoveries – New Vehicles (continued)

	Original	– Nev			`		,								Re	ecoveries	(%) by mo	nths since i	inception												
igination arter	Balance of Loans (£)	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
2013	215,967	45.88	46.93	46.93	46.93	46.93	57.52	61.94	65.93	65.93	65.93	65.93	65.93	65.93	65.93	67.79	69.61	69.61	71.24	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47	76.47
2013	425,035	34.76	39.19	40.69	42.77	44.27	48.12	51.09	58.32	60.15	60.15	63.65	65.82	65.82	66.43	66.43	66.43	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96	66.96
2013	304,771	44.72	47.49	49.27	49.93	51.69	52.41	54.71	54.71	54.71	54.71	54.71	55.65	55.65	56.13	56.13	56.13	57.19	57.19	57.19	57.19	57.19	58.36	58.96	58.96	58.96	58.96	59.57	59.57	59.57	59.57
2013	297,989	44.90	47.23	51.53	52.82	52.82	54.38	54.38	57.99	58.29	58.29	58.29	60.69	60.69	63.12	63.12	63.12	64.44	66.47	66.47	67.66	68.60	68.60	68.60	68.60	68.60	69.43	69.43	69.43	69.43	69.43
1 2014	381,706	29.44	34.47	36.10	36.10	36.10	39.36	39.36	40.21	42.90	44.03	44.03	44.03	49.86	49.86	50.63	53.32	53.80	54.97	54.97	59.90	59.90	59.90	59.90	59.90	59.90	59.90	59.90	59.80	59.80	59.80
2 2014	556,653	37.76	41.56	42.33	45.44	47.03	51.31	52.83	54.88	57.00	57.00	57.00	58.98	59.63	59.63	59.63	59.63	59.63	59.63	60.48	61.04	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82	61.82
3 2014	371,580	39.12	42.80	49.47	53.83	53.83	53.83	63.80	65.24	66.75	68.01	68.30	68.30	72.76	72.76	72.76	73.59	73.59	73.59	75.38	75.38	75.92	76.13	76.13	76.13	76.13	76.13	76.13	76.13	76.13	76.13
4 2014	212,575	60.17	60.17	60.17	60.17	60.17	66.04	67.45	69.35	73.38	73.38	73.38	75.10	75.10	75.10	74.98	75.23	77.16	77.16	77.16	77.16	77.16	77.16	77.16	77.16	77.16	77.68	77.29	77.29	77.29	77.29
1 2015	516,127	40.94	42.05	42.05	45.74	49.21	49.27	51.62	53.83	62.85	64.04	65.38	65.38	66.17	66.63	67.88	68.89	68.89	68.89	68.89	72.13	72.13	72.13	72.13	72.13	72.15	72.27	72.50	72.50	72.76	72.76
2 2015	411,137	22.35	23.69	28.39	28.39	28.39	32.52	34.54	42.79	42.79	42.79	43.56	45.04	45.04	50.52	50.52	52.21	52.95	52.95	56.51	56.51	61.67	61.67	61.67	61.67	61.67	61.67	61.67	61.67	61.67	61.67
3 2015	339,540	33.28	34.86	43.66	45.69	48.89	48.89	50.96	51.97	51.97	51.97	51.97	53.10	53.10	53.10	54.25	54.25	54.25	54.25	54.25	57.38	58.71	58.71	59.77	59.77	61.98	61.98	62.65	62.65	62.65	62.65
4 2015	431,733	50.27	52.19	53.65	54.54	55.66	56.67	56.67	57.33	59.42	59.42	61.98	61.98	61.98	61.98	61.98	61.98	61.98	63.50	65.99	66.54	68.47	68.47	68.47	69.46	69.80	69.80	69.80	69.80	69.80	69.80
1 2016	320,155	41.33	44.09	45.23	46.70	46.70	48.33	49.52	53.47	53.47	54.36	54.36	54.36	58.09	58.09	59.22	60.26	60.26	60.26	64.23	64.23	64.23	67.01	68.48	69.47	72.37	76.90	76.90	77.62	77.62	77.67
2 2016	451,444	40.07	40.07	40.07	40.07	42.41	42.41	43.96	46.02	46.02	46.02	47.02	47.02	48.58	49.32	49.32	50.20	50.20	50.20	50.20	50.66	51.94	60.29	60.29	61.22	61.22	61.22	61.22	61.22	61.22	61.22
3 2016	226,083	42.15	42.15	42.15	42.15	43.55	43.55	43.55	46.03	47.77	48.65	48.65	49.98	49.98	49.98	49.98	56.42	62.59	62.59	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50	63.50
2016	440,617	30.76	31.15	32.18	33.20	36.28	38.70	38.70	44.46	44.46	45.98	45.98	45.98	45.98	45.98	45.98	45.98	47.82	47.82	61.81	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85	67.85
2017	578,578	70.54	72.02	74.02	76.64	80.51	80.51	80.83	80.83	82.96	83.84	84.94	86.49	86.49	86.49	86.49	86.49	86.49	86.49	86.49	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34	87.34
2 2017	298,110	42.18	38.89	38.89	40.47	41.65	42.95	45.11	45.11	45.11	45.11	45.11	49.46	51.92	54.31	54.31	54.31	54.31	65.20	65.20	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65	66.65
3 2017	259,769	30.96	30.96	30.96	30.96	35.99	41.25	41.25	43.07	45.80	45.80	46.29	46.29	46.29	46.29	46.29	61.20	70.92	73.51	75.68	75.68	75.68	80.77	80.77	80.77	80.77	80.77	80.77	80.77	80.77	80.77
4 2017	139,137	31.05	31.05	31.05	35.43	35.43	40.30	41.56	41.56	41.56	46.63	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	53.17	53.17	53.17	53.17	53.17	53.17	53.17	53.17	53.17
1 2018	273,624	49.66	49.69	50.15	50.71	50.71	54.46	56.77	56.77	60.95	60.95	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	61.01	63.73	63.73	63.73	63.73	63.73	63.73	63.73	63.73
2 2018	355,993	68.72	68.72	70.63	70.63	70.63	78.53	78.53	81.56	81.56	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12	84.12
3 2018	353,555	47.41	52.91	52.91	54.82	54.82	54.82	54.82	54.82	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	57.36	62.83	62.83	62.83	65.38	66.45	66.45	66.45	66.45	66.45	66.45	66.45	66.45			
4 2018	169,474	46.88	50.32	50.32	56.30	56.30	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	57.64	60.00	60.00	60.16	60.16	60.16	60.16	60.16						
1 2019	259,102	74.64	74.64	74.64	74.64	78.49	78.49	82.05	78.27	78.27	78.27	78.27	78.27	78.27	78.27	78.27	78.27	78.27	80.07	80.07	80.07	80.07									
2 2019	140,108	31.47	31.47	31.47	31.47	31.47	31.47	32.10	40.83	40.83	40.83	40.83	40.83	40.83	45.41	45.41	45.41	51.51	51.51												
3 2019	208,429	56.89	56.89	56.89	57.67	58.47	58.47	63.17	63.17	63.44	63.44	63.44	63.44	63.44	63.44	63.44															
4 2019	150,208	54.66	54.66	55.30	54.61	54.61	54.61	54.61	54.61	54.61	54.71	54.71	54.71																		
2020	42,301	42.47	42.47	42.47	44.71	44.71	57.42	63.62	63.62	63.62																					
2020	60,003	30.63	30.63	46.01	50.29	50.29	50.29																								
2020	223,279	47.34	47.26	47.26																											
2020	32,012																														
2021	87,366																														
2021	163,754																														
2021	73,948																														

Q4 2021	77,868
Q1 2022	115,042
Q2 2022	43,731
Q3 2022	46,286
Q4 2022	24,997
Q1 2023	3,586
Q2 2023	0
Q3 2023	

Constant Prepayment Rate

Month	CPR (%)	Month	CPR (%)	Month	CPR (%)
Jan 2017	19.38	Jul 2019	22.49	Jan 2022	21.07
Feb 2017	21.71	Aug 2019	18.85	Feb 2022	22.60
Mar 2017	24.60	Sep 2019	19.94	Mar 2022	25.95
Apr 2017	20.31	Oct 2019	20.70	Apr 2022	21.41
May 2017	22.61	Nov 2019	18.86	May 2022	21.77
Jun 2017	20.84	Dec 2019	17.82	Jun 2022	22.31
Jul 2017	20.87	Jan 2020	19.51	Jul 2022	20.56
Aug 2017	21.56	Feb 2020	21.49	Aug 2022	20.43
Sep 2017	20.90	Mar 2020	19.45	Sep 2022	20.89
Oct 2017	22.32	Apr 2020	8.88	Oct 2022	20.38
Nov 2017	20.18	May 2020	16.41	Nov 2022	19.94
Dec 2017	15.63	Jun 2020	25.14	Dec 2022	15.91
Jan 2018	21.65	Jul 2020	25.78	Jan 2023	19.17
Feb 2018	22.69	Aug 2020	21.55	Feb 2023	20.83
Mar 2018	22.69	Sep 2020	23.50	Mar 2023	23.95
Apr 2018	23.53	Oct 2020	22.99	Apr 2023	19.46
May 2018	22.93	Nov 2020	19.18	May 2023	20.48
Jun 2018	23.04	Dec 2020	17.29	Jun 2023	20.99
Jul 2018	22.35	Jan 2021	18.11	Jul 2023	19.21
Aug 2018	21.27	Feb 2021	21.65		
Sep 2018	19.51	Mar 2021	23.38		
Oct 2018	24.22	Apr 2021	21.75		
Nov 2018	22.18	May 2021	21.90		
Dec 2018	16.18	Jun 2021	24.77		
Jan 2019	21.97	Jul 2021	23.80		
Feb 2019	21.90	Aug 2021	20.99		
Mar 2019	22.46	Sep 2021	23.09		
Apr 2019	22.82	Oct 2021	22.69		
May 2019	20.79	Nov 2021	23.06		
Jun 2019	19.20	Dec 2021	18.40		

	Delinc	uencies	(%) by 1	number	of day
	1-	31 -	61 -	91 -	>
Month	30	60	90	120	120
Jan 2017	0.48	0.08	0.03	0.02	0.02
Feb 2017	0.42	0.10	0.03	0.02	0.02
Mar 2017	0.41	0.09	0.04	0.02	0.02
Apr 2017	0.48	0.09	0.04	0.01	0.02
May 2017	0.51	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.03
Jun 2017	0.45	0.11	0.05	0.02	0.03
Jul 2017	0.50	0.10	0.05	0.03	0.02
Aug 2017	0.55	0.10	0.04	0.03	0.04
Sep 2017	0.52	0.11	0.05	0.02	0.03
Oct 2017	0.54	0.12	0.05	0.03	0.04
Nov 2017	0.51	0.12	0.04	0.02	0.01
Dec 2017	0.80	0.13	0.05	0.02	0.02
Jan 2018	0.59	0.13	0.05	0.01	0.02
Feb 2018	0.53	0.12	0.03	0.02	0.01
Mar 2018	0.60	0.12	0.05	0.02	0.02
Apr 2018	0.53	0.12	0.04	0.02	0.02
May 2018	0.57	0.11	0.04	0.02	0.03
Jun 2018	0.59	0.12	0.04	0.02	0.02
Jul 2018	0.60	0.13	0.04	0.01	0.01
Aug 2018	0.63	0.13	0.05	0.01	0.01
Sep 2018	0.64	0.13	0.05	0.01	0.01
Oct 2018	0.59	0.13	0.04	0.02	0.02
Nov 2018	0.58	0.12	0.04	0.01	0.01
Dec 2018	0.83	0.13	0.06	0.02	0.01
Jan 2019	0.73	0.17	0.04	0.02	0.02
Feb 2019	0.66	0.17	0.04	0.02	0.02
Mar 2019	0.68	0.17	0.04	0.01	0.01
Apr 2019	0.75	0.13	0.06	0.01	0.01
May 2019	0.71	0.15	0.04	0.02	0.02
Jun 2019	0.76	0.15	0.05	0.02	0.02
Jul 2019	0.74	0.14	0.04	0.02	0.02
Aug 2019	0.85	0.18	0.05	0.02	0.02
Sep 2019	0.81	0.21	0.07	0.02	0.02
Oct 2019	0.82	0.20	0.07	0.03	0.03
Nov 2019	0.82	0.20	0.07	0.03	0.03
Dec 2019	1.15	0.25	0.09	0.03	0.03
Jan 2020	0.99	0.27	0.10	0.03	0.03
Feb 2020	0.97	0.24	0.10	0.04	0.04
Mar 2020	1.83	0.32	0.12	0.05	0.05
Apr 2020	6.74	0.91	0.23	0.08	0.08
May 2020	4.87	5.63	0.72	0.18	0.18

	Delinq	uencies	(%) by 1	umber	of days
	1 -	31 -	61 -	91 -	>
Month	30	60	90	120	120
Jun 2020	2.79	3.97	3.95	0.38	0.34
Jul 2020	2.16	2.62	3.43	1.92	1.32
Aug 2020	2.11	2.11	2.93	1.64	1.57
Sep 2020	2.04	2.16	2.21	1.12	1.27
Oct 2020	2.09	1.95	1.97	0.94	1.08
Nov 2020	2.19	1.84	1.65	0.87	0.95
Dec 2020	2.17	1.86	1.47	0.75	0.86
Jan 2021	2.17	1.56	1.40	0.67	0.75
Feb 2021	2.24	1.37	1.24	0.62	0.68
Mar 2021	2.06	1.22	1.00	0.53	0.61
Apr 2021	2.05	1.03	0.79	0.46	0.52
May 2021	2.11	0.95	0.68	0.40	0.46
Jun 2021	1.78	0.77	0.55	0.32	0.37
Jul 2021	1.79	0.66	0.45	0.30	0.34
Aug 2021	1.76	0.61	0.40	0.24	0.29
Sep 2021	1.66	0.57	0.37	0.20	0.24
Oct 2021	1.67	0.55	0.36	0.19	0.21
Nov 2021	1.47	0.49	0.32	0.16	0.18
Dec 2021	1.68	0.51	0.31	0.19	0.20
Jan 2022	1.52	0.52	0.31	0.18	0.20
Feb 2022	1.33	0.45	0.29	0.16	0.18
Mar 2022	1.34	0.45	0.28	0.16	0.18
Apr 2022	1.46	0.43	0.25	0.18	0.20
May 2022	1.39	0.45	0.26	0.14	0.18
Jun 2022	1.43	0.48	0.26	0.14	0.19
Jul 2022	1.53	0.49	0.30	0.17	0.20
Aug 2022	1.66	0.52	0.28	0.19	0.22
Sep 2022	1.58	0.52	0.31	0.20	0.24
Oct 2022	1.58	0.52	0.27	0.20	0.23
Nov 2022	1.48	0.50	0.29	0.17	0.23
Dec 2022	1.86	0.56	0.31	0.20	0.26
Jan 2023	1.69	0.58	0.32	0.18	0.23
Feb 2023	1.63	0.53	0.30	0.18	0.23
Mar 2023	1.64	0.57	0.29	0.19	0.23
Apr 2023	1.78	0.60	0.30	0.19	0.23
May 2023	1.70	0.54	0.30	0.17	0.23
Jun 2023	1.63	0.55	0.26	0.18	0.22
Jul 2023	1.63	0.54	0.30	0.17	0.20

THE SWAP COUNTERPARTY

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc ("Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lloyds Banking Group plc (together with its subsidiary undertakings from time to time, "Lloyds Banking Group"), was incorporated under the laws of England and Wales on 28 September 2016 (registration number 10399850) and is authorised by the PRA and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the PRA. Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets' registered office is at 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN, United Kingdom.

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets was created in response to the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013, which took effect from 1 January 2019 and requires the separation of certain commercial banking activities and international operations from the rest of the Lloyds Banking Group.

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets and its subsidiaries provides deposit taking, lending and transaction banking products and services to customers (both new and existing) and is also responsible for the provision of certain wholesale banking products and services (including loan markets, bonds and asset securitisation and elements of foreign exchange, commodities and rate management). Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets has a client -led strategy, focused on UK based clients and international clients with a link to the UK.

Additional information on Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets, and Lloyds Banking Group's approach to ringfencing, is available from Investor Relations, Lloyds Banking Group, 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN or from the following internet website address: <u>http://www.lloydsbankinggroup.com</u>. The information on this website does not form part of this Prospectus, and has not been scrutinised or approved by the FCA.

CREDIT STRUCTURE, LIQUIDITY AND HEDGING

CREDIT ENHANCEMENT

Subordination

Credit enhancement for each Class of Rated Notes will be provided by the subordination of payments due in respect of each other Class of Notes which ranks lower than that Class of Notes in the applicable Priority of Payments.

The obligations of the Issuer to pay interest and (following expiry of the Revolving Period) to repay principal on the Notes will be subject to the applicable Priority of Payments and such amounts will only be payable to the extent that the Issuer has sufficient Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts after making payment of all amounts required to be paid pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Cash Management Agreement or the Deed of Charge in priority to such payments. It follows that: (a) the rights of the holders of the Subordinated Notes to receive payments of principal are subordinated to the rights of the holders of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes; (b) the rights of the holders of the Class B Notes; (c) the rights of the holders of the Class B Notes to receive payments of the Class A Notes; and (d) prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, the rights of the holders of the Class A1 Notes. Until the expiry of the Revolving Period, no principal shall be repaid on the Notes.

On an enforcement of the Security, the Noteholders of more senior ranking Classes of Notes will have priority over the Noteholders of Class of Notes that rank below them in respect of the Charged Property and the proceeds of enforcement.

Credit Support for the Notes provided by Available Revenue Receipts

It is anticipated that, during the life of the Notes, the interest payable by Obligors on the Receivables will, assuming that all of the Receivables are fully performing, be sufficient so that the Available Revenue Receipts will be available to pay the amounts payable under items (a) to (f), (h) and (k) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments. The actual amount of any excess will vary during the life of the Notes. Two of the key factors determining such variation are the interest rates applicable to the Receivables in the Portfolio (as to which, see the section entitled "Credit Structure, Liquidity and Hedging – Credit Enhancement – Swap Agreement") and the performance of the Portfolio.

Subordinated Loan and Start-up Costs Proceeds

Additional liquidity support for payment of interest on the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes will be provided by the Liquidity Reserve Proceeds advanced under the Subordinated Loan. On the Closing Date, the Liquidity Reserve Proceeds will be drawn down by the Issuer. The Issuer will use this amount to establish the Liquidity Reserve in the Transaction Account, the purpose of which is to provide credit and liquidity support for the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes only so long as the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes are outstanding. The Liquidity Reserve will not be used to cure any amount standing to the credit of the Principal Deficiency Ledger.

An advance will also be made to the Issuer on the Closing Date in an amount equal to the Start-up Costs Proceeds. The Start-up Costs Proceeds will be an amount advanced for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation. If any further up-front costs and expenses are required to be incurred, they may be funded by the Subordinated Loan Provider agreeing to advance a further amount under the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

The Liquidity Reserve Proceeds, the Start-up Costs Proceeds, and any such further amounts will be repayable (subject to amounts being available under the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments) on each Interest Payment Date.

The Subordinated Loan will bear interest at an arm's length rate (subject to deferral if the Issuer has insufficient funds to pay such interest). On enforcement of the Security, Noteholders will have priority in respect of the Charged Property and the proceeds of enforcement.

Repayment of the Subordinated Loan will be subordinated to the Notes and payments will only be made on each Interest Payment Date subject to and in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments.

Liquidity Reserve

In order to provide additional liquidity support for payment of interest on the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes only, on the Closing Date, the Issuer will draw down the Liquidity Reserve Proceeds under the Subordinated Loan to be made by Close Brothers Limited as Subordinated Loan Provider, the proceeds of which will be deposited in the Transaction Account to establish the Liquidity Reserve.

On each Interest Payment Date, amounts standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve shall be applied as Available Revenue Receipts in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments and shall be used to pay interest on the Class A and Class B Notes and senior expenses ranking in priority thereto. On the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, all or such part of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve as is required to redeem the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes on that date shall be applied as Available Principal Receipts in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date and, thereafter, any excess shall be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on that date (as though the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount were zero). Amounts will be paid into the Liquidity Reserve from Available Revenue Receipts up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount on each Interest Payment Date in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments.

The "Liquidity Reserve Required Amount" will be: (a) on each Interest Payment Date to and including the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to the higher of: (i) 1.5 per cent. of the aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and Class B Notes as at the Calculation Date immediately preceding that Interest Payment Date; and (ii) 0.5 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date; and (b) thereafter, zero.

Any surplus amounts to be released as a result of the amortisation of the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount will be applied as Available Revenue Receipts.

Principal Deficiency Ledger

The Principal Deficiency Ledger has been established to record Remaining Revenue Deficiencies and losses that arise from Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables in the Portfolio.

The Principal Deficiency Ledger is comprised of four sub-ledgers: (i) the Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, (ii) the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger, (iii) the Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger and (iv) the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger which correspond to the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes respectively.

Close Brothers Limited will crystallise a loss on a Receivable and credit a corresponding amount to the Principal Deficiency Ledger on the earlier of (i) (if any) on a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable being repurchased by the Seller pursuant to the Receivables Call Option; or (ii) a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable being written off as uncollectable by the Servicer in accordance with the Seller's Credit and Collection Procedures.

On each Interest Payment Date the aggregate of (i) any losses arising from Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables and (ii) an amount equal to the Remaining Revenue Deficiency to be applied as Available Revenue Receipts pursuant to the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments, will be recorded on the Principal Deficiency Ledger.

SWAP AGREEMENT

The Swap Counterparty

For a further description of each Swap Counterparty, see "The Swap Counterparty" above.

General

On or prior to the Closing Date, the Issuer will enter into one or more fixed/floating interest rate swap transactions with the Swap Counterparty, each under an International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc. 1992 Master Agreement, in order to address certain risks arising as a result of a fixed rate of interest payable under the Purchased Receivables and the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer under the Rated Notes. At the commencement of each relevant period in respect of the interest rate swap transaction documented by the Swap Agreement, the notional amount of such interest rate swap transaction will be equal to the lesser of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Rated Notes for that period and the notional amount in respect of the immediately preceding period (subject to a cap as set out in the Swap Agreement).

Pursuant to the terms of the Swap Agreement, on each Interest Payment Date commencing on the first Interest Payment Date and ending on the Final Redemption Date, the Issuer will make fixed rate payments to the Swap Counterparty in sterling which the Issuer will fund using payments which it receives from the Purchased Receivables. The Swap Counterparty will, on the same Interest Payment Date, make floating rate payments in sterling (calculated by reference to Compounded Daily SONIA plus 0.80 per cent. and such floating rate payment is subject to a floor of zero) to the Issuer. The amounts payable by the Issuer and the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement will be netted so that only a net amount will be due from the Issuer or the Swap Counterparty (as the case may be) on an Interest Payment Date.

Ratings downgrade of the Swap Counterparty

Fitch Required Ratings

In the event that neither the Swap Counterparty nor any Credit Support Provider (as defined in the Swap Agreement) in respect of the Swap Counterparty maintains a derivative counterparty rating (or, in the absence of such a rating with respect to such entity), the long-term issuer default rating by Fitch of at least A or a short term issuer default rating by Fitch of at least F1 (the "**Initial Fitch Rating Event**"), the Swap Counterparty on a reasonable efforts basis (a) will post collateral to the Issuer within 14 calendar days of the Initial Fitch Rating Event and (b) may, within 60 calendar days of the occurrence of such Initial Fitch Rating Event, (i) procure a transfer to an eligible replacement of its rights and obligations under the Swap Agreement or (ii) take such other action (which may, for the avoidance of doubt, include taking no action) as will result in the rating of the Rated Notes then outstanding following the taking of such action (or inaction) being maintained at, or restored to, at least the level it was at immediately prior to such Initial Fitch Rating Event (the action described in this item (b) referred to as the "**Fitch Required Actions**").

In the event that neither the Swap Counterparty nor any Credit Support Provider in respect of the Swap Counterparty maintains a derivative counterparty rating (or in the absence of such a rating with respect to such entity, the long-term issuer default rating) by Fitch of at least BBB- and a short-term issuer default rating by Fitch of at least F3 (the "**Subsequent Fitch Rating Event**"), the Swap Counterparty will be obliged (a) pending the taking of any of the actions set out in subparagraph (b) below, to post (or continue posting) collateral to the Issuer within 14 calendar days of the Subsequent Fitch Rating Event and (b) to use best endeavours to take any of the Fitch Required Actions within 60 calendar days of the Subsequent Fitch Rating Event.

If the Swap Counterparty fails to post collateral to the Issuer, procure a guarantee or transfer to an eligible replacement, or take such other action as required to maintain the rating of the Rated Notes in accordance with the foregoing, the Issuer may (but will not be obliged to) terminate the Swap Agreement.

Moody's Required Ratings

In the event that neither the Swap Counterparty nor any guarantor in respect of the Swap Counterparty maintains a senior unsecured debt rating by Moody's of at least A3 or a counterparty risk assessment from Moody's of at least A3(cr), then the Swap Counterparty will be obliged to post collateral to the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the credit support annex to the Swap Agreement.

In the event that neither the Swap Counterparty nor any guarantor in respect of the Swap Counterparty maintains a senior unsecured debt rating by Moody's of at least Baa3 or a counterparty risk assessment from Moody's of at least Baa3(cr) (the "**Moody's Transfer Trigger**"), the Swap Counterparty will be obliged to (a) pending the taking of any of the actions set out in subparagraph (b) below, to post (or continue posting)

collateral to the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the credit support annex to the Swap Agreement and (b) at its own cost, use commercially reasonable efforts to, as soon as reasonably practicable, either (i) procure a transfer to an eligible replacement of its rights and obligations under the Swap Agreement or (ii) procure a guarantee from an eligible guarantor in respect of its present and future obligations under the Swap Agreement.

If the Swap Counterparty fails to post collateral to the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the credit support annex to the Swap Agreement, this will constitute an Event of Default under the Swap Agreement. If the Swap Counterparty fails to procure a guarantee or transfer within 30 Business Days of the Moody's Transfer Trigger this will constitute an additional termination event under the Swap Agreement, provided that an eligible replacement has made a firm offer that meets the conditions specified in the Swap Agreement.

Termination rights and payments

The Swap Agreement may be terminated in certain limited circumstances. Any such termination may oblige the Issuer or the Swap Counterparty to make a termination payment. Any payment due to the outgoing Swap Counterparty from a replacement Swap Counterparty following termination of the Swap Agreement will be paid directly to such outgoing Swap Counterparty and will not be made available to the Secured Creditors.

If any provision of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments or the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments is amended without the prior written consent of the Swap Counterparty and such amendment further contractually subordinates the obligations of the Issuer to the Swap Counterparty, the Swap Counterparty has the right to terminate the Swap Agreement.

If any of the Transaction Documents are amended without the Swap Counterparty's prior consent and such amendments affect the Swap Counterparty in the manner specifically set out in the Swap Agreement, the Swap Counterparty has the right to terminate the Swap Agreement.

If notice of the early redemption of the Notes is delivered pursuant to Condition 6.2 (*Optional redemption for taxation or other reasons*), then this will give rise to an additional termination event under the terms of the Swap Agreement.

If the Issuer does not satisfy its payment obligations under the Swap Agreement, this will constitute an event of default by the Issuer thereunder and will entitle the Swap Counterparty to terminate the Swap Agreement.

Upon the occurrence of certain events in respect of the Issuer, the Swap Counterparty will have the right to terminate the Swap Agreement in accordance with its terms.

Upon termination of the Swap Agreement, commercially reasonable endeavours will be made by the Issuer to find a replacement Swap Counterparty, although there can be no certainty that a replacement will be found.

Security and Ranking

The Issuer's obligations to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement will be secured under the Deed of Charge. In the event of the Charged Property being enforced thereunder, such obligations (other than Subordinated Swap Amounts) will rank ahead of payments in respect of the Notes.

Withholding Tax

All payments to be made by a party under the Swap Agreement are to be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any tax unless such withholding or deduction is required by applicable law. Each of the Issuer and the Swap Counterparty will represent, on entering into the Swap Agreement, that it is not obliged to make any such deduction or withholding under current taxation law and practice. If, as a result of a change in law (or the application or official interpretation thereof), the Issuer is required to make such a withholding or deduction from any payment to be made to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement, the Issuer will not be obliged to pay any additional amounts to the Swap Counterparty in respect of the amounts so required to be withheld or deducted. If the Swap Counterparty is required to make such a withholding or deduction from any payment to the Issuer under the Swap Agreement, it shall pay to the

Issuer such additional amount as is necessary to ensure that the net amount actually received by the Issuer will equal the full amount the Issuer would have received had no such deduction or withholding been required. The party receiving a reduced payment or that is required to make an additional payment, as the case may be, will have the right to terminate the Swap Agreement (subject to the Swap Counterparty's obligation to use all reasonable efforts (provided that such efforts will not require the Swap Counterparty to incur a loss, excluding immaterial, incidental expenses) to transfer its rights and obligations under the Swap Agreement to another of its offices or affiliates such that payments made by or to that office or affiliate under the Swap Agreement can be made without any withholding or deduction for or on account of tax).

Governing Law

The Swap Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by English law.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Notes in the form (subject to amendment) in which they will be set out in the Trust Deed. The terms and conditions set out below will apply to the Notes in global form.

The £290,347,000 Class A1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 (the "Class A1 Notes"), the £326,642,000 Class A2 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 (the "Class A2 Notes" and, together with the Class A1 Notes, the "Class A Notes"), the £39,923,000 Class B Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 (the "Class B Notes"), the £32,664,000 Class C Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030 (the "Class C Notes" and, together with the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes, the "Rated Notes") and the £36,294,000 Subordinated Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due October 2030 (the "Subordinated Notes" and, together with the Rated Notes, the "Notes") in each case of Orbita Funding 2023-1 (the "Issuer") are constituted by a trust deed (the "Trust Deed") dated on or about 13 November 2023 (the "Closing Date") and made between the Issuer and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited (in such capacity, the "Trustee") as trustee for the Noteholders (as defined below) and security trustee for the Secured Creditors. Any reference in these terms and conditions (the "Conditions") to a "Class" of Notes or of Noteholders shall be a reference to the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class C Notes or the Subordinated Notes, as the case may be, or to the respective holders thereof.

The security for the Notes is constituted by a deed of charge and assignment (the "**Deed of Charge**") dated on or about the Closing Date and made between, among others, the Issuer and the Trustee.

Pursuant to an agency agreement (the "Agency Agreement") dated on or about the Closing Date and made between the Issuer, Citibank N.A., London Branch as principal paying agent (the "Principal Paying Agent" and such additional or other paying agents, if any, appointed from time to time pursuant to the Agency Agreement, the "Paying Agents"), as agent bank (the "Agent Bank") as Registrar (the "Registrar") and as Account Bank (the "Account Bank") and the Trustee, provision is made for the payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes.

The statements in these Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and the master definitions schedule (the "**Master Definitions Schedule**") entered into by, among others, the Issuer and the Trustee on or about the Closing Date.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge, the Agency Agreement, the Master Definitions Schedule and the other Transaction Documents are available for inspection and collection during normal business hours at the Specified Office for the time being of each of the Paying Agents. The Noteholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all the provisions of the Transaction Documents applicable to them.

Capitalised terms not otherwise defined in these Conditions shall bear the meanings given to them in the Master Definitions Schedule available as described above. These Conditions shall be construed in accordance with the principles of construction set out in the Master Definitions Schedule.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE

1.1 The Class A1 Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class A1 Notes, a "Class A1 Temporary Global Note"), in bearer form in the aggregate principal amount on issue of £290,347,000 for the Class A1 Notes. The Class A2 Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class A2 Notes, a "Class A2 Temporary Global Note"), in bearer form in the aggregate principal amount on issue of £326,642,000 for the Class A2 Notes. The Class B Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class B Notes, a "Class B Temporary Global Note"), in bearer form in the aggregate principal amount on issue of £39,923,000 for the Class B Notes. The Class C Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class B Notes. The Class C Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class B Notes. The Class C Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class B Notes. The Class C Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class B Notes. The Class C Notes are initially represented by a temporary global note (in respect of the Class C Notes, a "Class C Temporary Global Note"), in bearer form in the aggregate principal amount on issue of £32,664,000 for the Class C Notes. The Subordinated Notes will be in registered definitive form in the aggregate principal amount on issue of £36,294,000.

The Temporary Global Notes have been deposited on behalf of the subscribers of the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes with the Common Safekeeper on the Closing Date. Upon deposit of the Class A1 Temporary Global Note, the Class A2 Temporary Global Note, the Class B Temporary Global Note and the Class C Temporary Global Note, the Clearing Systems will credit each subscriber of Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes with the principal amount of Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes equal to the aggregate principal amount thereof for which it had subscribed and paid. Interests in a Temporary Global Note are exchangeable on and after the date which is 40 days after the Closing Date, upon certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the relevant Noteholder, for interests in a permanent global note (a "Permanent Global Note") representing the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes or the Class C Notes (the expressions "Global Notes" and "Global Note" meaning, respectively, (i) the Temporary Global Note and the Permanent Global Note, or (ii) either the Temporary Global Note or Permanent Global Note, as the context may require). The Permanent Global Note has also been deposited with a Common Safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Title to the Global Notes will pass by delivery.

Interests in a Global Note in respect of the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes or the Class C Notes will be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of the relevant Clearing System.

Pursuant to the Agency Agreement, Citibank N.A., London Branch has agreed to act as registrar (the "**Registrar**") and will maintain a register with respect to the Subordinated Notes (the "**Register**"). Title to the Subordinated Notes shall only pass by and upon registration in the Register. All transfers of such Subordinated Notes are subject to any restrictions on transfer set forth on such Subordinated Notes and the detailed regulations concerning transfers in the Agency Agreement.

For so long as a Class of Notes is represented by a Global Note and the Clearing Systems so permit, that Class of Notes will be tradeable only in the minimum authorised denomination of £100,000 and higher integral multiples of £1,000, notwithstanding that no Definitive Notes (as defined below) will be issued with a denomination above £199,000. The Subordinated Notes will be tradeable only in the minimum authorised denomination of £100,000 and higher integral multiples of £1,000.

- 1.2 If, while any Class of Notes is represented by a Permanent Global Note, (a) either of the Clearing Systems is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or does in fact do so and no other clearing system acceptable to the Trustee is then in existence or (b) the Issuer or any Paying Agent has or will become subject to adverse tax consequences which would not be suffered were such Class of Notes in definitive form, then the Issuer will issue Notes of the relevant class in definitive form ("**Definitive Notes**") in exchange for such Permanent Global Note (free of charge to the persons entitled to them) within 30 days of the occurrence of the relevant event. These Conditions and the Transaction Documents will be amended in such manner as the Trustee requires to take account of the issue of Definitive Notes.
- 1.3 Definitive Notes in respect of the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes or the Class C Notes, if issued, will only be printed and issued in denominations of £100,000 and integral multiples of £1,000 in excess thereof up to and including £199,000. No Definitive Notes will be issued with respect to the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes or the Class C Notes with a denomination above £199,000. All such Notes will be serially numbered and will be issued in bearer form with (at the date of issue) interest coupons, principal coupons and, if necessary, talons attached.
- 1.4 "Noteholders", with respect to the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes, means each person (other than the Clearing Systems themselves) who is for the time being shown in the records of the Clearing Systems as the holder of a particular Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 6.4 (*Principal Amount Outstanding*)) of the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes or the Class C Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear as to the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and

binding for all purposes) and such person shall be treated by the Issuer, the Trustee and all other persons as the holder of such Principal Amount Outstanding of such Notes for all purposes, other than for the purpose of payments in respect thereof, the right to which shall be vested, as against the Issuer, the Trustee and all other persons, solely in the bearer of the relevant Global Note in accordance with and subject to its terms and for which purpose "**Noteholders**" means the bearer of the relevant Global Note; and related expressions shall be construed accordingly. "**Noteholders**", with respect to the Subordinated Notes, means each person who is for the time being showing in the Register as holder(s) of the Subordinated Notes.

1.5

- (a) "Class A1 Noteholders" means Noteholders in respect of the Class A1 Notes;
- (b) "Class A2 Noteholders" means Noteholders in respect of the Class A2 Notes;
- (c) "Class A Noteholders" means Noteholders in respect of the Class A Notes;
- (d) "Class B Noteholders" means Noteholders in respect of the Class B Notes;
- (e) "Class C Noteholders" means Noteholders in respect of the Class C Notes;
- (f) "Subordinated Noteholders" means Noteholders in respect of the Subordinated Notes; and
- (g) the Class A Noteholders, the Class B Noteholders, the Class C Noteholders and the Subordinated Noteholders are, together, the "**Noteholders**".

2. STATUS AND RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE NOTES AND SECURITY

2.1 Status and relationship between the Notes

- (a) The Class A1 Notes constitute direct, secured and, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Enforcement*), unconditional obligations of the Issuer. The Class A1 Notes rank *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves.
- (b) The Class A2 Notes constitute direct, secured and, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Enforcement*), unconditional obligations of the Issuer. The Class A2 Notes rank *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves but junior to the Class A1 Notes as to payments of principal prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice as provided in these Conditions and the Transaction Documents.
- (c) The Class B Notes constitute direct, secured and, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Enforcement*), unconditional obligations of the Issuer. The Class B Notes rank *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves but junior to the Class A Notes as provided in these Conditions and the Transaction Documents.
- (d) The Class C Notes constitute direct, secured and, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Enforcement*), unconditional obligations of the Issuer. The Class C Notes rank *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves but junior to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes as provided in these Conditions and the Transaction Documents.
- (e) The Subordinated Notes constitute direct, secured and, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Enforcement*) and Condition 15 (*Subordination by Deferral of Interest*), unconditional obligations of the Issuer. The Subordinated Notes rank *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves but junior to the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes as provided in these Conditions and the Transaction Documents.
- (f) The Trust Deed contains provisions requiring the Trustee to have regard to the interests of the Noteholders equally as regards all rights, powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions of the Trustee (except where expressly provided otherwise) **provided that** the Trustee will be required in any such case to have regard only to the interests of:

- the Class A Noteholders if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of, on the one hand, the Class A Noteholders and, on the other, each or any of the Class B Noteholders, the Class C Noteholders or the Subordinated Noteholders;
- (ii) the Class B Noteholders if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of, on the one hand, the Class B Noteholders and, on the other, each or any of the Class C Noteholders or the Subordinated Noteholders; and
- (iii) the Class C Noteholders if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of, on the one hand, the Class C Noteholders and, on the other, the Subordinated Noteholders.

2.2 Security

- (a) The security constituted by and pursuant to the Deed of Charge is granted to the Trustee, on trust for the Noteholders and certain other creditors of the Issuer, upon and subject to the terms and conditions of the Deed of Charge.
- (b) The Noteholders will share in the benefit of the security constituted by and pursuant to the Deed of Charge, upon and subject to the terms and conditions of the Deed of Charge.

3. COVENANTS

- 3.1 Save with the prior written consent of the Trustee or unless otherwise permitted or contemplated under any of the Transaction Documents, the Issuer shall not, so long as any Note remains outstanding:
 - (a) **Negative pledge**: create or permit to subsist any encumbrance (unless arising by operation of law) or other security interest whatsoever over any of its assets or undertaking (other than for the avoidance of doubt, any security created pursuant to the Deed of Charge);
 - (b) Restrictions on activities: (i) enter into any transaction, agreement or arrangement, hold any asset, or engage in any other activity whatsoever, which, in each case, is not incidental to or necessary in connection with any of the activities in which the Transaction Documents provide or envisage that the Issuer will engage (including without limitation activities of the Issuer in connection with its regulatory obligations under UK EMIR and/or EU EMIR as a consequence of entering into the Swap Agreement); or (ii) have any subsidiaries (as defined in the Companies Act 2006), any subsidiary undertakings (as defined in the Companies Act 2006) or any employees or premises;
 - (c) **Disposal of assets**: transfer, sell, lend, part with or otherwise dispose of, or deal with, or grant any option or present or future right to acquire any of its assets or undertakings or any interest, estate, right, title or benefit therein;
 - (d) **Dividends or distributions**: pay any dividend or make any other distribution (other than from amounts standing to the credit of its Issuer Retained Profit Ledger) to its shareholders or issue any further shares;
 - (e) **Indebtedness**: incur any financial indebtedness (other than the Secured Liabilities) or give any guarantee in respect of any financial indebtedness or of any other obligation of any person;
 - (f) **Merger**: consolidate or merge with any other person or convey or transfer its properties or assets substantially as an entirety to any other person;
 - (g) **No modification or waiver**: permit any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party to become invalid or ineffective or permit the priority of the security interests created or evidenced thereby or pursuant thereto to be varied or agree to any modification of, or grant any consent, approval, authorisation or waiver pursuant to, or in connection with, any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party or permit any party to any of the

Transaction Documents to which it is a party to be released from its obligations or exercise any right to terminate any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party;

- (h) **Issuer Bank Accounts:** have an interest in any bank account other than the Issuer Bank Accounts, unless such account or interest therein is charged to the Trustee on terms acceptable to it;
- (i) **Corporation tax**: prejudice its eligibility for its corporation tax liability to be calculated in accordance with regulation 14 of the TSC Regulations;
- (j) **VAT**: apply to become part of any VAT Group or voluntarily become registered (or part of any registration) for VAT in the UK; or
- (k) **Derivatives:** enter into any derivatives, or any hedging contracts having the same economic effect as a derivative.

4. INTEREST

4.1 Interest Accrual

Each Note (or, in the case of the redemption of part only of a Note, that part only of such Note) will cease to bear interest from and including the close of business on the day preceding the day on which such Note has been redeemed in full unless, upon due presentation in accordance with Condition 5 (*Payments*), payment of the principal in respect of the Note is improperly withheld or refused or default is otherwise made in respect of the payment, in which event interest shall continue to accrue as provided in the Trust Deed.

4.2 Interest Payment Dates

The Notes bear interest on their respective Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Closing Date payable monthly in arrear on the 22nd day of each calendar month (each an "Interest **Payment Date**") in respect of the relevant Interest Period (as defined below). If any Interest Payment Date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, it shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would then fall into the next calendar month, in which event the Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day. The first payment shall be due on the Interest Payment Date falling in December 2023. The period from (and including) the Closing Date to (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period from and including an Interest Payment Date to but excluding the next succeeding Interest Payment Date is called an "Interest Period".

4.3 **Rate of Interest**

- (a) The Class A1 Notes bear interest on their respective Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Closing Date at the applicable Sterling Reference Rate plus 0.80% per cent. per annum (the "Class A1 Notes Interest Rate").
- (b) The Class A2 Notes bear interest on their respective Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Closing Date at the applicable Sterling Reference Rate plus 0.85% per cent. per annum (the "Class A2 Notes Interest Rate").
- (c) The Class B Notes bear interest on their respective Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Closing Date at the applicable Sterling Reference Rate plus 1.90% per cent. per annum (the "Class B Notes Interest Rate")
- (d) The Class C Notes bear interest on their respective Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Closing Date at the applicable Sterling Reference Rate plus 2.80% per cent. per annum (the "Class C Notes Interest Rate").
- (e) The Subordinated Notes bear interest on their respective Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Closing Date at a fixed rate of 4.25% per cent. per annum (the "Subordinated Notes Interest Rate").

- (f) In the event that the Class A Notes Interest Rate, the Class B Notes Interest Rate or the Class C Notes Interest Rate for any Interest Period is determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a), (b) or (c) above to be less than zero, the Class A Notes Interest Rate, the Class B Notes Interest Rate or the Class C Notes Interest Rate for such Interest Period, respectively, shall be deemed to be zero.
- (g) In these Conditions (except where otherwise defined), the expression:
 - "Business Day" means a day which is both a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;
 - (ii) "Compounded Daily SONIA" means, in respect of any Interest Period, the rate of return of a daily compound interest investment (with the daily SONIA Reference Rate as the reference rate for the calculation of interest) and will be calculated by the Agent Bank on the Related Interest Determination Date, as follows, and the resulting percentage will be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest 0.0001 per cent., with 0.00005 being rounded upwards:

$$\left[\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{\text{SONIA}_{i-5\text{LBD}} \times n_i}{365}\right) - 1\right] \times \frac{365}{d}$$

where:

"d" means the number of calendar days in the relevant Interest Period;

 $"d_0"$ means the number of London Business Days in the relevant Interest Period;

"i" means a series of whole numbers from 1 to d_0 , each representing the relevant London Business Day in chronological order from, and including, the first London Business Day in the relevant Interest Period;

"LBD" means London Business Day;

"**n**_i" means, for any London Business Day "i", the number of calendar days from, and including, such London Business Day "i" up to, but excluding, the following London Business Day;

"SONIA Reference Rate" means, in respect of any London Business Day, a reference rate equal to the daily Sterling Overnight Index Average ("SONIA") rate for such London Business Day as provided by the administrator of SONIA to authorised distributors and as then published on the relevant Screen or, if the relevant Screen is unavailable, as otherwise published by such authorised distributors (on the London Business Day immediately following such London Business Day); and

"SONIA_{i-5LBD}" means, in respect of any London Business Day falling in the relevant Interest Period, the SONIA Reference Rate for the London Business Day falling five London Business Days prior to the relevant London Business Day "i".

 (iii) "Interest Determination Date" means the date falling 5 Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date and shall relate to the Interest Period (and be the "Related Interest Determination Date" in respect of such Interest Period) which ceases on the Interest Payment Date immediately following such Interest Determination Date;

- (iv) "London Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in London, England are authorised or obliged by law or executive order to be closed.
- (v) "Screen" means, Reuters Screen SONIA Page or such other page as may replace Reuters Screen SONIA on that service for the purpose of displaying such information or, if that service ceases to display such information, such page as displays such information on such service as may replace such screen.
- (vi) "Sterling Reference Rate" means, on any date of determination, the floating rate determined by the Agent Bank by reference to the Compounded Daily SONIA on such date, provided that:
 - (A) if, in respect of any relevant London Business Day, the Agent Bank determines that the SONIA Reference Rate is not available on the Screen and has not otherwise been published by the relevant authorised distributors, such SONIA Reference Rate shall be: (i) the Bank of England's bank rate (the "Bank Rate") prevailing at close of business on the relevant London Business Day; *plus* (ii) the mean of the spread of the SONIA Reference Rate to the Bank Rate over the previous five days on which a SONIA Reference Rate has been published, excluding the highest spread (or, if there is more than one highest spread, one only of those highest spreads) and lowest spread (or, if there is more than one lowest spread, one only of those lowest spreads) to the Bank Rate;
 - (B) notwithstanding paragraph (A) above, in the event the Bank of England publishes guidance as to: (i) how the SONIA Reference Rate is to be determined; or (ii) any rate that is to replace the SONIA Reference Rate, the Agent Bank in conjunction with the Issuer (or the Servicer on behalf of the Issuer) shall, to the extent that it is reasonably practicable, follow such guidance in order to determine SONIA, for so long as the SONIA Reference Rate is not available on the relevant Screen and has not otherwise been published by the authorised distributors; and
 - (C) in the event that the Compounded Daily SONIA cannot be determined by the Agent Bank, the Compounded Daily SONIA shall be (i) that determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date; or (ii) if there is no such preceding Interest Determination Date, the initial Compounded Daily SONIA applicable for the first Interest Period had the Notes been in issue for a period equal in duration to the scheduled first Interest Period but ending on (and excluding) the Closing Date;

4.4 **Determination of Interest Amounts**

The Agent Bank will, in relation to each Interest Period, on the Related Interest Determination Date, calculate the amount of interest:

- (a) payable in respect of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A1 Notes for such Interest Period (the "Class A1 Notes Interest Amount") and the Class A2 Notes for such Interest Period (the "Class A2 Notes Interest Amount"). The Interest Amount in respect of the Class A1 Notes and the Class A2 Notes will be calculated by applying the applicable Class A Notes Interest Rate to the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A1 Notes and the Class A2 Notes respectively at the commencement of such Interest Period, multiplying the product by the actual number of days in such Interest Period divided by 365 and rounding the resulting figure to the nearest penny (half a penny being rounded upwards);
- (b) payable in respect of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes for such Interest Period (the "Class B Notes Interest Amount"). The Interest Amount in respect of the Class B Notes will be calculated by applying the applicable Class B Notes Interest Rate to the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes at the commencement of

such Interest Period, multiplying the product by the actual number of days in such Interest Period divided by 365 and rounding the resulting figure to the nearest penny (half a penny being rounded upwards). On each Interest Payment Date, the Agent Bank shall determine the actual amount of interest which will be paid on the Class B Notes on that Interest Payment Date and the Cash Manager shall determine the amount of Deferred Interest (if any) on the Class B Notes in respect of the related Interest Period and the amount of Additional Interest (if any) which will be paid on such Interest Payment Date;

- (c) payable in respect of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class C Notes for such Interest Period (the "Class C Notes Interest Amount"). The Interest Amount in respect of the Class C Notes will be calculated by applying the applicable Class C Notes Interest Rate to the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class C Notes at the commencement of such Interest Period, multiplying the product by the actual number of days in such Interest Period divided by 365 and rounding the resulting figure to the nearest penny (half a penny being rounded upwards). On each Interest Payment Date, the Agent Bank shall determine the actual amount of interest which will be paid on the Class C Notes on that Interest Payment Date and the Cash Manager shall determine the amount of Deferred Interest (if any) on the Class C Notes in respect of the related Interest Payment Date; and
- (d) payable in respect of each Subordinated Note (the "Subordinated Notes Interest Amount") on each Interest Payment Date not later than on the first day of each Interest Period by applying the Subordinated Notes Interest Rate to the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Subordinated Notes on the first day of the relevant Interest Period (after making any payments of principal in respect thereof) and multiplying the product by the Fixed Rate Day Count Fraction and rounding the resulting figure to the nearest penny (half a penny being rounded upwards). On each Interest Payment Date, the Agent Bank shall determine the actual amount of interest which will be paid on the Subordinated Notes on that Interest Payment Date and the Cash Manager shall determine the amount of Deferred Interest (if any) on the Subordinated Notes in respect of the related Interest Period and the amount of Additional Interest (if any) which will be paid on such Interest Payment Date.

The "Fixed Rate Day Count Fraction" will be calculated on the following basis:

- (a) if the Fixed Rate Accrual Period is equal to or shorter than the Fixed Rate Determination Period during which it falls, the Fixed Rate Day Count Fraction will be the number of days in the Fixed Rate Accrual Period divided by the product of (i) the number of days in such Fixed Rate Determination Period and (ii) the number of Fixed Rate Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and
- (b) if the Fixed Rate Accrual Period is longer than one Fixed Rate Determination Period, the Fixed Rate Day Count Fraction will be the sum of:

(i) the number of days in such Fixed Rate Accrual Period falling in the Fixed Rate Determination Period in which it begins divided by the product of (A) the number of days in such Fixed Rate Determination Period and (B) the number of Fixed Rate Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and

(ii) the number of days in such Fixed Rate Accrual Period falling in the next Fixed Rate Determination Period divided by the product of (A) the number of days in such Fixed Rate Determination Period and (B) the number of Fixed Rate Determination Periods normally ending in any year,

where:

"Fixed Rate Accrual Period" means the relevant period for which interest is to be calculated; and

"**Fixed Rate Determination Period**" means the period from and including an Interest Payment Date to but excluding the next Interest Payment Date.

4.5 **Publication of Interest Rates and Interest Amounts**

The Agent Bank shall cause each of (i) the Class A Notes Interest Rate, the Class B Notes Interest Rate, the Class C Notes Interest Rate and the Subordinated Notes Interest Rate, and (ii) the Class A1 Notes Interest Amount, the Class A2 Notes Interest Amount, the Class B Notes Interest Amount, the Class C Notes Interest Amount and the Subordinated Notes Interest Amount for each Interest Period and the relative Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuer, the Trustee, the Registrar, each of the Clearing Systems and to any stock exchange or other relevant authority on which the Notes are at the relevant time admitted to trading and/or listed and to be published in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*) as soon as possible after their determination and in no event later than the second Business Day thereafter. The Class A1 Notes Interest Amount, the Class A2 Notes Interest Amount, the Class B Notes Interest Amount, the Class A1 Notes Interest Amount, the Class A2 Notes Interest Amount, the Class B Notes Interest Amount, the Class A1 Notes Interest Amount, the Class B Notes Interest Amount, the Class A1 Notes Interest Amount, the Class A2 Notes Interest Amount, the Class B Notes Interest Amount, the Class C Notes Interest Amount, the Class A2 Notes Interest Amount, the Class B Notes Interest Amount, the Class C Notes Interest Amount and the Subordinated Notes Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period.

4.6 **Notifications, etc. to be Final**

All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of the provisions of this Condition 4, whether by the Agent Bank, will (in the absence of manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Agent Bank, the Paying Agents, the Registrar and all Noteholders and (in the absence of its gross negligence, wilful default or fraud) no liability to the Issuer or to the Noteholders shall attach to the Agent Bank in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by any of them of their powers, duties and discretions under this Condition 4.

4.7 Agent Bank

The Issuer shall procure that, so long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, there is at all times an Agent Bank for the purposes of the Notes and the Issuer may terminate the appointment of the Agent Bank. In the event of the appointed office of any bank being unable or unwilling to continue to act as the Agent Bank or failing duly to determine the amount of interest for any Interest Period, the Issuer shall, appoint the London office of another major bank engaged in the London interbank market to act in its place. The Agent Bank may not resign its duties or be removed without a successor having been appointed.

5. **PAYMENTS**

5.1 **Payments in respect of Notes**

Payments in respect of principal and interest in respect of any Global Note will be made outside the United States only against presentation of such Global Note to or to the order of the Principal Paying Agent or such other Paying Agent as shall have been notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (Notice to Noteholders) for such purpose, subject, in the case of any Temporary Global Note, to certification of non-US beneficial ownership as provided in such Temporary Global Note. Each payment of principal or interest made in respect of a Global Note will be recorded by the Clearing Systems in their records (which records are the records each relevant Clearing System holds for its customers and reflect such customers' interest in the Notes) and such records shall be prima facie evidence that the payment in question has been made. No person appearing from time to time in the records of either of the Clearing Systems as the holder of a Class A1 Note, a Class A2 Note, a Class B Note or a Class C Note shall have any claim directly against the Issuer in respect of payments due on such Class A1 Note, Class A2 Note, Class B Note or Class C Note whilst such Class A1 Note, Class A2 Note, Class B Note or Class C Note is represented by a Global Note and the Issuer shall be discharged by payment of the relevant amount to the bearer of the relevant Global Note. The Issuer shall procure that each payment shall be entered pro rata in the records of the relevant Clearing System but any failure to make such entries shall not affect the discharge referred to above.

Payments in respect of the Subordinated Notes shall be made by transfer to the account specified by the Subordinated Noteholder to the Principal Paying Agent in accordance with the terms of the Agency Agreement.

5.2 Method of Payment

Payments will be made in respect of the Notes by credit or transfer to an account in Sterling maintained by the payee with a bank in London.

5.3 **Payments subject to Applicable Laws**

Payments in respect of principal and interest on the Notes are subject in all cases to (i) any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable in the place of payment and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "**Code**") or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto.

5.4 **Payment only on a Presentation Date**

A holder shall be entitled to present a Global Note for payment only on a Presentation Date and shall not, except as provided in Condition 4 (*Interest*), be entitled to any further interest or other payment if a Presentation Date is after the due date.

"Presentation Date" means a day which (subject to Condition 8 (Prescription)):

- (a) is or falls after the relevant due date;
- (b) is a Business Day in the place of the Specified Office of the Paying Agent at which the Global Note is presented for payment; and
- (c) in the case of payment by credit or transfer to a Sterling account in London as referred to above, is a Business Day in London.

In this Condition 5.4, Business Day means, in relation to any place, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in that place.

5.5 Paying Agents

The name of the Principal Paying Agent and its initial Specified Office are set out at the end of these Conditions. The Issuer reserves the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of any Paying Agent and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents provided that:

- (a) there will at all times be a person appointed to perform the obligations of the Principal Paying Agent; and
- (b) there will at all times be at least one Paying Agent (who may be the Principal Paying Agent) having its Specified Office in such place as may be required by the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange and competent authority which, for so long as the Notes are admitted to listing on the FCA's Official List and to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange and the relevant listing rules require, shall be a place in the United Kingdom (such as London) or such other place as the London Stock Exchange may approve.

Notice of any termination or appointment and of any changes in Specified Offices will be given to the Noteholders promptly by the Issuer in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*).

6. **REDEMPTION**

6.1 **Redemption at maturity**

Unless previously redeemed in full, the Issuer will redeem the Notes at their respective Principal Amount Outstanding on the Interest Payment Date falling on the Final Maturity Date.

6.2 **Optional redemption for taxation or other reasons**

- If:
- (a) by reason of a change in tax law (or the application or official interpretation thereof), which change becomes effective on or after the Closing Date, on the next Interest Payment Date, the Issuer or the Paying Agents would be required to deduct or withhold from any payment of principal or interest on any Class of the Notes any amount for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by any tax authority;
- (b) the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables is equal to or less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date; or
- (c) the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes have been or will following the application of Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts on such Interest Payment Date be redeemed in full,

then the Issuer:

- (i) in the case of (a), may redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes on the next following Interest Payment Date; or
- (ii) in the case of (b) and (c), if the Seller has exercised its right under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement to repurchase the Final Receivables on any Interest Payment Date on which, following application of all Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts on that Interest Payment Date, the circumstances set out in (b) or (c) have occurred, the Issuer must redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes on that Interest Payment Date.

The Issuer may, if the same would avoid the effect of the event described at sub-paragraph (a) above, appoint a Paying Agent in another jurisdiction or use its reasonable endeavours to arrange the substitution of a company incorporated and/or tax resident in another jurisdiction as principal debtor under the Notes.

If the Issuer certifies to the Trustee (upon which certificate the Trustee shall rely absolutely and without further enquiry or liabilities) immediately before giving the notice referred to below that one or more of the events described above is continuing then the Issuer may, on any Interest Payment Date and having given not more than 60 nor less than 30 days' notice (or, in the case of sub-paragraph (a) described above, such shorter period expiring on or before the latest date permitted by relevant law) to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (Notice to Noteholders) and to the Trustee, redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes at their respective Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued but unpaid interest up to but excluding the date of redemption (which shall be an Interest Payment Date). Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 6.2, the Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee a certificate (upon which certificate the Trustee shall rely absolutely and without further enquiry or liabilities) signed by two directors of the Issuer stating that (a) the relevant event described above is continuing; (b) in the case of sub-paragraph (b) above, that no Event of Default has occurred and that no Insolvency Event has occurred in respect of the Issuer; and (c) in the case of sub-paragraphs (a) to (c) above inclusive, the Issuer will have the necessary funds to pay all principal and interest due in respect of the Notes on the relevant Interest Payment Date and to discharge all other amounts required to be paid by it on the relevant Interest Payment Date, and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept the certificate as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set out above and it shall be conclusive and binding on the Noteholders.

6.3 Mandatory Redemption in part

Other than as set out in this Condition 6, the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes shall not be due until the Final Maturity Date, however on each Interest Payment Date following the termination of the Revolving Period and, prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, Available Principal Receipts will be applied in redemption of the Notes, in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments.

On and after the occurrence of an Event of Default and service of a Note Acceleration Notice, the Issuer shall redeem the Notes in accordance with the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments.

For the avoidance of doubt the Notes will be redeemed, subject to and in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

6.4 **Principal Amount Outstanding**

The "**Principal Amount Outstanding**" of a Note on any date shall be its original principal amount less the aggregate amount of all principal payments in respect of such Note which have become paid since the Closing Date except if and to the extent that any such payment has been improperly withheld or refused.

6.5 **Notice of redemption**

Any such notice as is referred to in Condition 6.2 (*Optional redemption for taxation or other reasons*) above shall be irrevocable and, upon the expiry of such notice, the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the relevant Notes at the applicable amounts specified above.

6.6 **No purchase by the Issuer**

The Issuer will not be permitted to purchase any of the Notes.

6.7 Cancellation

All Notes redeemed in full will be cancelled upon redemption and may not be resold or re-issued.

7. TAXATION

All payments in respect of the Notes by or on behalf of the Issuer shall be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any withholding or deduction made pursuant to FATCA) ("**Taxes**"), unless the withholding or deduction of the Taxes is required by applicable law. In that event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the relevant Paying Agent shall make such payment after the withholding or deduction has been made and shall account to the relevant authorities for the amount required to be withheld or deducted. Neither the Issuer nor any other person shall be obliged to make any additional payments to Noteholders in respect of such withholding or deduction.

8. **PRESCRIPTION**

Claims in respect of principal and interest on the Notes will be prescribed after ten years (in the case of principal) and five years (in the case of interest) from the Relevant Date in respect of the relevant payment.

In this Condition 8, the "**Relevant Date**", in respect of a payment, is the date on which such payment first becomes due or (if the full amount of the monies payable on that date has not been duly received by the Principal Paying Agent or the Trustee on or prior to such date) the date on which, the full amount of such monies having been received, notice to that effect is duly given to the relevant Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*).

9. **EVENTS OF DEFAULT**

9.1 The Trustee in its absolute discretion may, and if so directed in writing by the holders of at least one-fifth in aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes while they remain outstanding and thereafter, the Class B Notes while they remain outstanding and thereafter, the Class C Notes while they remain outstanding and thereafter, the Subordinated Notes while they remain outstanding (the "**Most Senior Class of Notes**") or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Notes (subject, in each case, to being indemnified and/or prefunded and/or secured to its satisfaction against all Liabilities to which it may become liable or which it may incur by so doing and subject as further provided in clause 9.1(b) of the Trust Deed), (but, in the case of the happening of any of the events described in sub-paragraph (e) below, only if the Trustee shall have certified in writing to the Issuer that such event is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Most Senior Class of Notes) shall give notice (a "**Note Acceleration Notice**") to the Issuer that all classes of the Notes are immediately due and repayable at their respective Principal Amount Outstanding, together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed, following the occurrence of any of the following events (each, an "**Event of Default**"):

- (a) an Insolvency Event occurs with respect to the Issuer; or
- (b) the Issuer defaults in the payment of any interest on the Class A Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes when the same becomes due and payable, and such default continues for a period of fourteen Business Days (and, for the avoidance of doubt, non-payment on any Class of Notes other than the Class A Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes other than on the Final Maturity Date will not be an Event of Default); or
- (c) the Issuer defaults in the payment of principal on the Class A1 Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class A2 Notes or the Class B Notes when due, and such default continues for a period of seven Business Days (and, for the avoidance of doubt, non-payment on any Class of Notes other than the Class A1 Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class A2 Notes or the Class B Notes other than on the Final Maturity Date will not be an Event of Default); or
- (d) the Issuer defaults in the payment of principal and/or any interest on any Class of Notes on the Final Maturity Date; or
- (e) the Issuer fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under the Conditions or any Transaction Document to which it is a party and (except in any case where the Trustee considers the failure to be incapable of remedy, when no continuation or notice as is hereinafter mentioned will be required) the failure continues for a period of 30 days following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied.

9.2 General

Upon the service of a Note Acceleration Notice by the Trustee in accordance with Condition 9.1 above, all classes of the Notes then outstanding shall thereby immediately become due and repayable at their respective Principal Amount Outstanding, together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed, and the security constituted by the Deed of Charge will become enforceable. The Issuer shall promptly give notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*) of the service of a Note Acceleration Notice by the Trustee to the Issuer.

9.3 **Restriction**

Except in the case of an Event of Default referred to in Condition 9.1(b) or 9.1(c), the Trustee will not be entitled to dispose of any of the assets comprised in the Security constituted by the Deed of Charge unless a financial adviser selected by the Trustee has confirmed that, in its opinion, either (i) a sufficient amount would be realised from such disposal to allow discharge in full of all amounts owing to the Noteholders and all amounts payable in priority thereto in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments or (ii) a sufficient amount would not be so realised, but the resulting shortfall would be less than the shortfall that would result from not disposing of such assets.

10. ENFORCEMENT

Subject to Condition 9 (*Events of Default*), the Trustee may at any time at its discretion and without notice, and shall, if so directed in writing by the holders of at least one-fifth in aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Notes (subject in each case to being indemnified and/or pre-funded and/or secured to its satisfaction against all Liability to which it may become liable or

which it may incur by so doing and subject as further provided in clause 9.1(b) of the Trust Deed), take such action under or in connection with any of the Transaction Documents as it may think fit (including, without limitation, taking any action under or in connection with any of the Transaction Documents or, after the service of a Note Acceleration Notice, to take steps or proceedings to enforce or realise the security constituted by the Deed of Charge), **provided that**:

- (a) the Trustee shall not be bound to take any such action unless it shall have been indemnified and/or pre-funded and/or secured to its satisfaction; and
- (b) none of the Trustee or any of the Secured Creditors shall be entitled to take any steps or proceedings to procure the winding-up, administration or liquidation of the Issuer.

As between the Trustee and the Noteholders, only the Trustee may enforce the provisions of the Trust Deed and the other Transaction Documents (to the extent that it is able to do so). No Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer or any other party to any other Transaction Document to enforce the performance of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed or any other Transaction Documents and/or to take any other proceedings (including any action in relation to an arrangement or compromise (judicial or otherwise) or lodging an appeal in any proceedings) in respect of or concerning the Issuer or any such other party unless the Trustee having become bound as aforesaid to take proceedings fails or is unable to do so within a 60-day period and such failure or inability is continuing, **provided that** no Noteholder shall be entitled to take any steps or proceedings (including any action in relation to an arrangement or compromise (judicial or otherwise) to procure the winding-up, administration or liquidation of the Issuer.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Deed of Charge will provide that the Trustee shall use its best endeavours to enforce the security constituted by the Deed of Charge by appointing an administrative receiver in respect of the Issuer if it has actual notice of (i) an application for the appointment of an administrator in respect of the Issuer or (ii) the giving of a notice of intention to appoint an administrator in respect of the Issuer, such appointment of an administrative receiver to take effect not later than the final day by which the appointment must be made in order to prevent an administration proceeding.

The Deed of Charge will further provide that (a) the Trustee will not be liable for any failure to appoint an administrative receiver in respect of the Issuer, save in the case of its own gross negligence, wilful default or fraud and (b) in the event that the Trustee appoints an administrative receiver in respect of the Issuer under the Deed of Charge in the circumstances set out in the paragraph above, then the Issuer shall waive any claims against the Trustee in respect of the appointment of the administrative receiver.

11. **MEETINGS OF NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION AND WAIVER**

- 11.1 The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings (including by way of conference call using a videoconference platform) of the Noteholders of each Class to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of these Conditions or the provisions of any of the Transaction Documents.
- 11.2 Subject as provided below, the quorum at any meeting of Noteholders of any Class of Notes for passing an Ordinary Resolution will be one or more persons holding or representing not less than one-fifth of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of such Class of Notes, or, at any adjourned meeting, one or more persons being or representing a Noteholder of the relevant Class, whatever the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes of such Class held or represented by it or them.
- 11.3 Subject as provided below, the quorum at any meeting of Noteholders of any Class of Notes for passing an Extraordinary Resolution (other than in respect of a Basic Terms Modification) will be one or more persons holding or representing more than 50 per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of such Class of Notes, or, at any adjourned meeting, one or more persons holding or representing not less than one quarter of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes of such Class.

11.4 The quorum at any meeting of Noteholders of any Class for passing an Extraordinary Resolution to sanction a modification of the date of maturity of any Notes or which would have the effect of postponing any day for payment of interest thereon, reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of such Notes, altering the currency of payment of such Notes or altering the quorum or majority required in relation to this exception (each, a "Basic Terms Modification") shall be one or more persons holding or representing not less than three-quarters or, at any adjourned meeting, not less than one-quarter of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes of such Class.

Subject to Conditions 11.5 and 11.6:

- (a) (subject as provided in paragraph (c) below) an Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes shall be binding on the Noteholders irrespective of the effect upon them;
- (b) no Extraordinary Resolution of any Class of Noteholders (other than an Extraordinary Resolution referred to in paragraph (c) below) shall be effective for any purpose unless either the Trustee is of the opinion that it would not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes (and, in the case of the Class A Notes, each of the sub-classes) or it is sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes (or, if in relation to each sub-class of the Class A Notes, the holders of both sub-classes of the Class A Notes have passed a resolution pursuant to Condition 11.5(c)); and
- (c) no Basic Terms Modification shall be effective unless it is sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of each of the affected Class of Notes then outstanding.
- 11.5 The Trust Deed further provides that:
 - (a) a resolution which, in the opinion of the Trustee, affects the interests of the holders of one sub-class of the Class A Notes, shall be deemed to have been duly passed if passed at a separate meeting of the holders of that sub-class of the Class A Notes;
 - (b) a resolution which, in the opinion of the Trustee, affects the interests of the holders of both sub-classes of the Class A Notes, but does not give rise to a conflict of interest between the holders of such sub-class of such Class A Notes, shall be deemed to have been duly passed if passed at a single meeting of the holders of both sub-classes of the Class A Notes; and
 - (c) a resolution which, in the opinion of the Trustee, affects the interests of the holders of both sub-classes of the Class A Notes and gives (or may give) rise to a conflict of interest between the holders of each sub-class of the Class A Notes, shall be deemed to have been duly passed only if, in lieu of being passed at a single meeting of the holders of both subclasses of the Class A Notes, it shall be duly passed at separate meetings of the holders of each sub-class of the Class A Notes.

The Trust Deed contains similar provisions in relation to directions in writing from the Class A Noteholders upon which the Trustee is bound to act.

- 11.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Conditions or in the Trust Deed, the Issuer shall not, without the prior written consent of the Swap Counterparty, agree to make any modification to these Conditions or any Transaction Document that;
 - (a) (i) has the effect that the Security would become invalid or ineffective or (ii) amends either the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments or the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments such that the Issuer's obligations to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement are further contractually subordinated to the Issuer's obligations to any other Secured Creditor; or
 - (b) (i) has the effect that immediately thereafter, the Swap Counterparty would be required to pay more or receive less under the Swap Agreement on the immediately following Interest Payment Date than would otherwise have been the case immediately prior to such

amendment or (ii) has the effect that the Issuer's obligations to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement are further contractually subordinated to the Issuer's obligations to any other of its Secured Creditors compared with the position that subsisted immediately prior to such amendment or (iii) affects the amount, timing or priority of any payments or deliveries due from the Swap Counterparty to the Issuer or from the Issuer to the Swap Counterparty or (iv) would be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Swap Counterparty.

The Issuer shall, in relation to any proposed modification to these Conditions or any Transaction Document (for the avoidance of doubt, including any modification effected in accordance with Condition 11.8), provide a certificate to the Trustee certifying that (i) it has notified the Swap Counterparty of such proposed modification; and (ii) either the Swap Counterparty has given its prior written consent to such modification or the prior written consent of the Swap Counterparty is not required for such modification.

- 11.7 The Trustee may without the consent or sanction of the Noteholders or the other Secured Creditors at any time and from time to time concur with the Issuer or any other person in making any modification:
 - (a) to these Conditions or any Transaction Document (excluding in relation to a Basic Terms Modification) which in the opinion of the Trustee will not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Most Senior Class of Notes; or
 - (b) to these Conditions or any Transaction Document (including in relation to a Basic Terms Modification) if in the opinion of the Trustee such modification is of a formal, minor or technical nature or to correct a manifest error.
- 11.8 Subject to the provisions of Condition 11.6, the Trustee shall be obliged, without any consent or sanction of the Noteholders or the other Secured Creditors, but subject to the receipt of written consent from each of the Secured Creditors party to the Transaction Document being modified, to concur with the Issuer in making any modification (other than in respect of a Basic Terms Modification) to these Conditions and/or any Transaction Document that the Issuer considers necessary or as proposed by the Swap Counterparty or the Account Bank pursuant to Condition 11.7(a)(ii):
 - (a) for the purpose of complying with, or implementing or reflecting, any change in the criteria of one or more of the Rating Agencies which may be applicable from time to time, **provided that**:
 - (i) the Issuer certifies in writing to the Trustee that such modification is necessary to comply with such criteria or, as the case may be, is solely to implement and reflect such criteria; and
 - (ii) in the case of any modification to a Transaction Document or these Conditions proposed by the Swap Counterparty or the Account Bank in order (x) to remain eligible to perform its role in such capacity in conformity with such criteria and/or (y) to avoid taking action which it would otherwise be required to take to enable it to continue performing such role (including, without limitation, posting collateral or advancing funds):
 - (A) the Swap Counterparty or the Account Bank as the case may be, certifies in writing to the Issuer and the Trustee that such modification is necessary for the purposes described in paragraph (ii)(x) and/or (y) above; and
 - (B) either:
 - (1) the Swap Counterparty or the Account Bank as the case may be, obtains from each of the Rating Agencies a Rating Agency Confirmation and, if relevant, delivers a copy of each such confirmation to the Issuer and the Trustee; or

- (2) the Swap Counterparty or the Account Bank as the case may be, certifies in writing to the Trustee that the Rating Agencies have been informed of the proposed modification and none of the Rating Agencies has indicated that such modification would result in a downgrade, qualification or withdrawal of the then current ratings assigned to any Class of the Notes by such Rating Agency;
- (b) in accordance with the provisions of Part 6(d) (Amendment to Swap Documentation to ensure compliance with EMIR) of the schedule to the Swap Agreement, in order to enable the Issuer and/or the Swap Counterparty to comply with any obligation which applies to it under UK EMIR, and/or EU EMIR and/or any New Regulatory Requirements (as such term is defined in the schedule to the Swap Agreement) provided that the Issuer or the Swap Counterparty, as appropriate, certifies to the Trustee and the Swap Counterparty or Issuer, as applicable, in writing that such modification is required solely for the purpose of enabling it to satisfy such obligation and has been drafted solely to such effect;
- (c) for the purpose of complying with any changes in the requirements of the UK Securitisation Regulation or any other risk retention and other securitisation related legislation or regulations or official guidance in relation thereto, **provided that** the Issuer certifies to the Trustee in writing that such modification is required solely for such purpose and has been drafted solely to such effect;
- (d) for the purpose of enabling the Notes to be (or to remain) listed on the FCA's Official List and to be (or so remain) admitted to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange, provided that the Issuer certifies to the Trustee in writing that such modification is required solely for such purpose and has been drafted solely to such effect;
- (e) for the purposes of enabling the Issuer or any of the other Transaction Parties to comply with FATCA (or any voluntary agreement entered into with a taxing authority in relation thereto), **provided that** the Issuer or the relevant Transaction Party, as applicable, certifies to the Trustee in writing that such modification is required solely for such purpose and has been drafted solely to such effect;
- (f) for the purpose of complying with any changes in the requirements of Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of the domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA (the "UK CRA Regulation") after the Closing Date, including as a result of the adoption of regulatory technical standards in relation to the UK CRA Regulation or regulations or official guidance in relation thereto, provided that the Issuer certifies to the Trustee in writing that such modification is required solely for such purpose and has been drafted solely to such effect;
- (g) for the purpose of enabling the Issuer to open any custody account for the receipt of any collateral posted by the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement in the form of securities, provided that the Issuer certifies to the Trustee in writing that such modification is required solely for such purpose and has been drafted solely to such effect;

(the certificate (upon which certificate the Trustee may rely absolutely and without enquiry or liability) to be provided by the Issuer, the Swap Counterparty, the Account Bank or the relevant Transaction Party as the case may be, pursuant to Conditions 11.7(a) to (g) (inclusive) above being a "**Modification Certificate**"),

- (h) for the purpose of changing Compounded Daily SONIA or the base rate then applicable in respect of the Rated Notes to an alternative base rate (any such rate, an "Alternative Base Rate") and making such other amendments as are necessary or advisable in the commercially reasonable judgment of the Issuer (or the Servicer on its behalf) to facilitate such change (a "Base Rate Modification"), provided that:
 - (i) the Servicer, on behalf of the Issuer, certifies to the Trustee (upon which certificate the Trustee may rely absolutely and without enquiry or liability) in writing (such certificate, a "**Base Rate Modification Certificate**") that:

- (A) such Base Rate Modification is being undertaken due to:
 - (1) a material disruption to SONIA, an adverse change in the methodology of calculating SONIA or SONIA ceasing to exist or be published;
 - (2) a public statement by the SONIA administrator that it will cease publishing SONIA permanently or indefinitely (in circumstances where no successor SONIA administrator has been appointed that will continue publication of SONIA) and such cessation is reasonably expected by the Servicer to occur prior to the Final Maturity Date;
 - (3) a public statement by the supervisor of the SONIA administrator that SONIA has been or will be permanently or indefinitely discontinued or will be changed in an adverse manner and such cessation is reasonably expected by the Servicer to occur prior to the Final Maturity Date;
 - (4) a public announcement of the permanent or indefinite discontinuation of SONIA or the base rate that applies to the Rated Notes at such time;
 - (5) a public statement by the supervisor for the SONIA administrator that means SONIA may no longer be used or that its use is subject to restrictions or adverse consequences;
 - (6) an alternative manner of calculating a SONIA-based rate is introduced and is becoming a standard means of calculating interest for similar transactions; or
 - (7) the reasonable expectation of the Servicer that any of the events specified in sub-paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6) will occur or exist within six months of the proposed effective date of such Base Rate Modification,

and, in each case, has been drafted solely to such effect; and

- (B) such Alternative Base Rate is:
 - (1) a base rate published, endorsed, approved or recognised by the Bank of England, any regulator in the United States, the United Kingdom or the European Union or any stock exchange on which the Notes or listed or any relevant committee or other body established, sponsored or approved by any of the foregoing;
 - (2) any rate which is derived from, based upon or otherwise similar to SONIA;
 - (3) a base rate utilised in a material number of publicly-listed new issues of Sterling denominated asset backed floating rate notes prior to the effective date of such Base Rate Modification;
 - (4) a base rate utilised in a publicly-listed new issue of Sterling denominated asset backed floating rate notes where the originator of the relevant assets is an Affiliate of CBL; or
 - (5) such other base rate as the Servicer reasonably determines; and
- (C) in each case, the change to the Alternative Base Rate will not, in its opinion, be materially prejudicial to the interest of the Noteholders; and

- (ii) for the avoidance of doubt, the Servicer may propose an Alternative Base Rate on more than one occasion provided that the conditions set out in this Condition 11.7(h)(i) are satisfied; and
- (i) for the purpose of changing the base rate that then applies in respect of the Swap Agreement to an alternative base rate as is necessary or advisable in the commercially reasonable judgment of the Issuer (or the Servicer on its behalf) and the Swap Counterparty solely as a consequence of a Base Rate Modification and solely for the purpose of aligning the base rate pursuant to the terms of the Swap Agreement to the base rate of the Rated Notes following such Base Rate Modification (a "Swap Rate Modification"), provided that the Servicer, on behalf of the Issuer, certifies to the Trustee in writing (upon which certificate the Trustee may rely absolutely and without enquiry or liability) that such modification is required solely for such purpose and it has been drafted solely to such effect (such certificate being a "Swap Rate Modification Certificate").

The Trustee is only obliged to concur with the Issuer in making any modification referred to in Conditions 11.7(a) to (i) (inclusive) above (other than in respect of a Basic Terms Modification) to the Conditions and/or any Transaction Document **provided that**:

- (A) other than in the case of a modification pursuant to Condition 11.7(b) above, at least 30 days' prior written notice of any such proposed modification has been given to the Trustee;
- (B) the Modification Certificate, Base Rate Modification Certificate and/or Swap Rate Modification Certificate (or other certificate or evidence provided to it by the Issuer or the relevant Transaction Party, as the case may be, pursuant to Condition 11.7) in relation to such modification shall be provided to the Trustee both at the time the Trustee is notified of the proposed modification and on the date that such modification takes effect;
- (C) the written consent of each Secured Creditor which is party to the relevant Transaction Document has been obtained; and
- (D) the Trustee is satisfied that it has been or will be reimbursed all costs, fees and expenses (including properly incurred legal fees) incurred by it in connection with such modification,

and **provided further that**, with respect only to a modification pursuant to Conditions 11.7(h) and 11.7(i) above:

(E) the Servicer pays (or arranges for the payment of) all fees, costs and expenses (including properly incurred legal fees) incurred by the Issuer and the Trustee in connection with such Base Rate Modification and/or Swap Rate Modification,

and **provided further that**, other than in the case of a modification pursuant to Conditions 11.7(b), 11.7(c), 11.7(e) and 11.7(g) above:

- (F) other than in the case of a modification pursuant to Condition 11.7(a)(ii) above, either:
 - (1) the Issuer obtains from each of the Rating Agencies a Rating Agency Confirmation; or
 - (2) the Issuer certifies in the Modification Certificate, Base Rate Modification Certificate and/or Swap Rate Modification Certificate that it has informed the Rating Agencies of the proposed modification and none of the Rating Agencies has indicated that such modification would result in a downgrade, qualification or withdrawal of the then current ratings assigned to any Class of the Notes by such Rating Agency; and

(G)

the Issuer certifies in writing to the Trustee (which certification may be in the Modification Certificate, Base Rate Modification Certificate and/or Swap Rate Modification Certificate) that in relation to such modification (I) the Issuer has provided at least 30 days' notice to the Noteholders of each Class of the proposed modification in accordance with Condition 14 (Notice to Noteholders) and by publication on Bloomberg on the "Company News" screen relating to the Notes in each case specifying the date and time by which Noteholders must respond (which, for the avoidance of doubt may subsequently be extended at the Issuer's election), and has made available at such time the modification documents for inspection at the London branch of the Principal Paying Agent for the time being during normal business hours, and (II) Noteholders representing at least 10 per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding have not contacted the Issuer in writing (or otherwise in accordance with the then current practice of any applicable clearing system through which such Notes may be held) within such notification period notifying the Issuer that such Noteholders do not consent to the modification.

If Noteholders representing at least 10 per cent. of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding have notified the Issuer in accordance with the notice provided above and the then current practice of any applicable clearing system through which such Notes may be held within the notification period referred to above that they do not consent to the modification, then such modification will not be made unless an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding is passed in favour of such modification in accordance with Schedule 3 (*Provisions for Meetings of Noteholders*).

Objections made in writing other than through the applicable clearing system must be accompanied by evidence to the Issuer's satisfaction (having regard to prevailing market practices) of the relevant Noteholder's holding of the Notes.

- 11.9 When implementing any modification pursuant to Condition 11.7:
 - (a) (save to the extent the Trustee considers that the proposed modification would constitute a Basic Terms Modification), the Trustee shall not consider the interests of the Noteholders, any other Secured Creditor or any other person and shall act and rely solely and without investigation or liability on any Modification Certificate, Base Rate Modification Certificate and/or Swap Rate Modification Certificate (or other certificate or evidence provided to it by the Issuer or the relevant Transaction Party, as the case may be, pursuant to Condition 11.7) and shall not be liable to the Noteholders, any other Secured Creditor or any other person for so acting or relying, irrespective of whether any such modification is or may be materially prejudicial to the interests of any such person; and
 - (b) the Trustee shall not be obliged to agree to any modification which, in the sole opinion of the Trustee would have the effect of (i) exposing the Trustee to any liability against which it has not been indemnified and/or secured and/or pre-funded to its satisfaction or (ii) increasing the obligations or duties, or decreasing the rights, powers, authorisations, discretions, indemnification or protections, of the Trustee in the Transaction Documents and/or these Conditions.
- 11.10 The Trustee may without the consent or sanction of the Noteholders or the other Secured Creditors and without prejudice to its rights in respect of any subsequent breach or Event of Default or Potential Event of Default, at any time and from time to time but only if and in so far as in its opinion the interests of the Most Senior Class of Notes shall not be materially prejudiced thereby waive or authorise any breach or proposed breach by the Issuer or any other person of any of the covenants or provisions contained in these Conditions or any Transaction Document or determine that any Event of Default or Potential Event of Default shall not be treated as such for the purposes of these Conditions, **provided that** the Trustee shall not exercise any powers conferred on it by this Condition in contravention of any express direction given by Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders of the Most Senior Class of Notes or by a direction under Condition 9 (*Events of*

Default) but so that no such direction or request shall affect any waiver, authorisation or determination previously given or made.

- 11.11 Any such modification, waiver, authorisation or determination pursuant to Conditions 11.6 and 11.7 may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions (if any) as the Trustee may determine and shall be binding on the Noteholders and the other Secured Creditors and, unless the Trustee agrees otherwise, any such modification shall be notified by the Issuer as soon as practicable thereafter to:
 - (a) so long as any of the Rated Notes remain outstanding, each Rating Agency; and
 - (b) the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*).
- 11.12 Notwithstanding Conditions 11.6 to 11.10 above, the Issuer may modify the terms of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust without the consent of the Trustee provided that such modification is made in accordance with the terms of the Collection Account Declaration of Trust and does not adversely affect the rights or obligations of the Issuer thereunder (for the avoidance of doubt, and without limitation, a modification to the Collection Account Declaration of Trust will adversely affect the rights or obligations of the Issuer if it has the effect of reducing any amount held on trust for the Issuer or which the Issuer is entitled to receive under the Collection Account Declaration of Trust). Condition 11.10 above shall not apply to a modification made to the Collection Account Declaration of Trust in accordance with the terms of this Condition 11.11.
- 11.13 In connection with any such substitution of principal debtor referred to in Condition 6.2 (*Optional redemption for taxation or other reasons*), the Trustee may also agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or the other Secured Creditors, to a change in the laws governing these Conditions and/or any of the Transaction Documents, provided that such change would not, in the opinion of the Trustee, be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.
- 11.14 The Trustee shall be entitled to take into account, for the purpose of exercising or performing any right, power, trust, authority, duty or discretion under or in relation to these Conditions or any of the Transaction Documents, among other things, to the extent that it considers, in its sole and absolute discretion, it is necessary and/or appropriate and/or relevant, any communication or confirmation by any Rating Agency (including any Rating Agency Confirmations and whether or not such communication or confirmation is addressed to, or provides that it may be relied upon by, the Trustee and irrespective of the method by which such confirmation is conveyed) (a) that the then current rating by it of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes would not be downgraded, withdrawn or qualified by such exercise or performance and/or (b) if the original rating of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes has been downgraded previously, that such exercise or performance will not prevent the restoration of such original rating of such class of Notes.
- 11.15 Where, in connection with the exercise or performance by each of them of any right, power, trust, authority, duty or discretion under or in relation to these Conditions or any of the Transaction Documents (including, without limitation, in relation to any modification, waiver, authorisation, determination or substitution as referred to above), the Trustee is required to have regard to the interests of the Noteholders of any class, it shall have regard to the general interests of the Noteholders of such class as a class but shall not have regard to any interests arising from circumstances particular to individual Noteholders (whatever their number) and, in particular but without limitation, shall not have regard to the consequences of any such exercise or performance for individual Noteholders (whatever their number) resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory or any political sub-division thereof and the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, nor shall any Noteholder be entitled to claim, from the Issuer or the Trustee or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequences of any such exercise upon individual Noteholders.

12. INDEMNIFICATION AND EXONERATION OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge contain provisions governing the responsibility (and relief from responsibility) of the Trustee and providing for its indemnification in certain circumstances,

including provisions relieving them from taking action or enforcing the security constituted by the Deed of Charge unless indemnified and/or pre-funded and/or secured to its satisfaction.

The Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge also contain provisions pursuant to which the Trustee is entitled, among other things (a) to enter into business transactions with the Issuer and/or any other party to any of the Transaction Documents and to act as trustee for the holders of any other securities issued or guaranteed by, or relating to, the Issuer and/or any other party to any of the Transaction Documents, (b) to exercise and enforce its rights, comply with its obligations and perform its duties under or in relation to any such transactions or, as the case may be, any such trusteeship without regard to the interests of, or consequences for, the Noteholders, and (c) to retain and not be liable to account for any profit made or any other amount or benefit received thereby or in connection therewith.

13. **REPLACEMENT OF GLOBAL NOTES**

If any Global Note is mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed, it may be replaced at the Specified Office of the Principal Paying Agent. Replacement of any mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed Global Note will only be made on payment of such costs as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence and indemnity as the Issuer and/or the Principal Paying Agent may reasonably require. A mutilated or defaced Global Note must be surrendered before a new one will be issued.

14. **NOTICE TO NOTEHOLDERS**

Any notice shall be deemed to have been duly given to (a) the holders of a Class of Rated Notes if sent to the Clearing Systems for communication by them to the holders of that Class and shall be deemed to be given on the date on which it was so sent, and (b) the Subordinated Noteholders if sent to the Registrar and (so long as the relevant Notes are admitted to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange and listed on the FCA's Official List), any notice shall also be published in accordance with the relevant guidelines of the London Stock Exchange by a notification in writing to the London Stock Exchange's Regulatory News Service.

15. SUBORDINATION BY DEFERRAL OF INTEREST

15.1 **Deferred Interest**

To the extent that, subject to and in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments, the funds available to the Issuer to pay interest on any Class (or sub-class) of Notes (other than the Class A Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes then outstanding) on an Interest Payment Date (after deducting the amounts paid senior to such interest under the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments) are insufficient to pay the full amount of such interest, payment of the shortfall attributable to such Class (or sub-class) of Notes ("Deferred Interest") will not then fall due but will instead be deferred until the first Interest Payment Date for such Notes thereafter on which sufficient funds are available or until, in the case of the Class B Notes, the Class B Notes becomes the Most Senior Class of Notes (after deducting the amounts paid senior to such interest under the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments) to fund the payment of such deferred interest to the extent of such available funds.

Such Deferred Interest will accrue interest ("Additional Interest") at the rate of interest applicable from time to time to the applicable Class (or sub-class) of Notes and payment of any Additional Interest will also be deferred until the first Interest Payment Date for such Notes thereafter on which funds are available (after deducting the amounts paid senior to such interest under the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments) to the Issuer to pay such Additional Interest to the extent of such available funds.

Amounts of Deferred Interest and Additional Interest shall not be deferred beyond the Final Maturity Date of the applicable Class (or sub-class) of Notes, when such amounts will become due and payable.

Payments of interest due on an Interest Payment Date in respect of the Class A Notes or, while they are the Most Senior Class of Notes, the Class B Notes will not be deferred. In the event of the

delivery of a Note Acceleration Notice, the amount of interest in respect of such Notes that was due but not paid on such Interest Payment Date will itself bear interest at the applicable rate until both the unpaid interest and the interest on that interest are paid as provided in the Trust Deed.

15.2 **Principal on the Notes**

All payments of principal on the Notes shall be made in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments.

15.3 General

Any amounts of interest in respect of any Class of Notes otherwise payable under these Conditions which are not paid by virtue of this Condition 15 (*Subordination by Deferral of Interest*), together with accrued interest thereon, shall in any event become due and payable on the Final Maturity Date or on such earlier date as that Class of Notes becomes due and repayable in full under Condition 6 (*Redemption*) or if applicable, Condition 9 (*Events of Default*).

15.4 Notification

As soon as practicable after becoming aware that any part of a payment of interest on any Class of Notes will be deferred or that a payment previously deferred will be made in accordance with this Condition 15 (*Subordination by Deferral of Interest*), the Issuer will give notice thereof to the holders of that Class of Notes in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*).

15.5 Application

This Condition 15 (*Subordination by Deferral of Interest*) shall cease to apply in respect of the Subordinated Notes, upon the redemption in full of all Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes.

16. **LIMITED RECOURSE**

If at any time following:

- (a) the occurrence of either:
 - (i) the Final Maturity Date or any earlier date upon which all of the Notes of each Class are due and payable; or
 - (ii) the service of an Note Acceleration Notice; and
- (b) Realisation (defined below) of all of the property, assets and undertakings of the Issuer and subject of any security created by the Deed of Charge (together the "Charged Property") and application in full of any amounts available to pay amounts due and payable under the Notes in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments; and

the proceeds of such Realisation are insufficient, after payment of all other claims ranking in priority in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments, to pay in full all amounts then due and payable under any class of Notes then the amount remaining to be paid (after such application in full of the amounts first referred to in (b) above) under such class of Notes (and any class of Notes junior to that class of Notes) shall, on the day following such application in full of the amounts referred to in (b) above, cease to be due and payable by the Issuer. For the purpose of this Condition 16, "**Realisation**" means, in relation to any Charged Property, the deriving, to the fullest extent practicable, of proceeds from or in respect of such Charged Property including (without limitation) through sale or through performance by an obligor in accordance with the provisions of the Transaction Documents.

17. **NON PETITION**

Only the Trustee may pursue the remedies available under the general law or under the Transaction Documents to enforce the Security and no Noteholder or other Secured Creditor shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer to enforce the Security unless the Trustee, having become bound to do so, fails or is unable to do so within a 60-day period of becoming so bound and such failure or inability is continuing. In particular, each Secured Creditor (other than the Issuer and the Trustee) agrees and acknowledges to each of the Issuer and the Trustee, and the Trustee agrees with and acknowledges to the Issuer, that:

- (a) none of the Secured Creditors (nor any person on their behalf, other than the Issuer or the Trustee where appropriate) are entitled, otherwise than as permitted by the Transaction Documents, to direct the Trustee to enforce the Security or take any proceedings or action against the Issuer to enforce or realise the Security;
- (b) none of the Secured Creditors (other than the Trustee) shall have the right to take or join any person in taking any steps against the Issuer for the purpose of obtaining payment of any amount due from the Issuer to any of such Secured Creditors;
- (c) until the date falling two years after the Final Discharge Date none of the Secured Creditors nor any person on their behalf shall initiate or join any person in initiating an Insolvency Event or the appointment of an Insolvency Official in relation to the Issuer other than a Receiver or an administrator appointed under Clause 11 (*Receiver*) of the Deed of Charge; and
- (d) none of the Secured Creditors shall be entitled to take or join in the taking of any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step which would result in the Priority of Payments not being complied with.

18. **GOVERNING LAW**

Each of the Trust Deed, the Global Notes and these Conditions (and, in each case, any noncontractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the relevant document) is governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

19. **RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES**

No rights are conferred on any person under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 to enforce any term of the Notes or these Conditions, but this does not affect any right or remedy of any person which exists or is available apart from that Act.

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE RATED NOTES WHILE IN GLOBAL FORM

General

Each Class of Rated Notes, as at the Closing Date, will initially be represented by a Temporary Global Note. All capitalised terms not defined in this paragraph shall be as defined in the Conditions of the Notes.

Temporary Global Notes will be deposited on or about the Closing Date on behalf of the subscribers for the Rated Notes, with a Common Safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Upon deposit of the Class A1 Temporary Global Note, Class A2 Temporary Global Note, the Class B Temporary Global Note, and the Class C Temporary Global Note, the Clearing Systems will credit each subscriber of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes with the principal amount of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes of the relevant class equal to the aggregate principal amount thereof for which the subscriber will have subscribed and paid. Interests in the Temporary Global Note are exchangeable on and after the date which is 40 days after the Closing Date, upon certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the relevant Class A1 Noteholder, Class A2 Noteholder, Class B Noteholder or Class C Noteholder for interests recorded in the records of the Clearing Systems in a Permanent Global Note.

Payments on the Global Note

Payments in respect of principal and interest in respect of the Global Note will be made only against presentation of such Global Note to or to the order of the Principal Paying Agent or such other Paying Agent as shall have been notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notice to Noteholders*) for such purpose, subject, in the case of any Temporary Global Note, to certification of non-US beneficial ownership as provided in such Temporary Global Note. Each payment of principal or interest made in respect of the Global Note will be recorded by the Clearing Systems in their records (which records are the records each relevant Clearing System holds for its customers which reflect such customers' interest in the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes) and such records shall be *prima facie* evidence that the payment in question has been made. No person appearing from time to time in the records of either of the Clearing Systems as the holder of a Note shall have any claim directly against the Issuer in respect of payments due on such Note whilst such Note is represented by the Global Note. The Issuer shall be discharged by payment of the relevant amount to the bearer of the Global Note. The Issuer shall procure that each payment shall be entered *pro rata* in the records of the relevant Clearing Systems but any failure to make such entries shall not affect the discharge referred to above.

Payments will be made, in respect of the Class A1 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes by credit or transfer to an account in sterling maintained by the payee with a bank in London.

Payments in respect of principal and interest on the Class A1 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes are subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable in the place of payment.

A holder shall be entitled to present a Global Note for payment only on a Presentation Date and shall not except as provided in Condition 4 (*Interest*), be entitled to any further interest or other payment if a Presentation Date is after the due date.

Information Regarding Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg

Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have advised the Issuer as follows:

Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg each hold securities for their account holders and facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions by electronic book-entry transfer between their respective account holders, thereby eliminating the need for physical movements of certificates and any risk from lack of simultaneous transfers of securities.

Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg each provide various services, including safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg each also deal with domestic securities markets in several countries through established depositary and custodial relationships. The respective systems of Euroclear and of Clearstream, Luxembourg have established an electronic bridge between their two systems across which their respective account holders may settle trades with each other.

Account holders in both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg are worldwide financial institutions including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations. Indirect access to both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg is available to other institutions that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with an account holder of either system.

An account holder's overall contractual relations with either Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg are governed by the respective rules and operating procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg and any applicable laws. Both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg act under such rules and operating procedures only on behalf of their respective account holders, and have no record of or relationship with persons holding through their respective account holders.

The Issuer understands that under existing industry practices, if any of the Issuer or the Trustee requests any action of Noteholders or if a Noteholder desires to give instructions or to take any action that a Noteholder is entitled to give or take under the Trust Deed or the Deed of Charge, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, would authorise the participants to give instructions or take such action, and such participants would authorise indirect participants to give or take such action or would otherwise act upon the instructions of such indirect participants.

Redemption

In the event that the Global Note (or portion thereof) is redeemed, the Principal Paying Agent will deliver all amounts received by it in respect of the redemption of such Global Note to or to the order of the Common Safekeeper and, upon final payment, will surrender such Global Note (or portion thereof) to or to the order of the Principal Paying Agent for cancellation. The redemption price payable in connection with the redemption will be equal to the amount received by the Principal Paying Agent in connection with the redemption of the Global Note (or portion thereof) relating thereto. Any redemptions of the Global Note in part will be made by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, on a *pro rata* basis (or on such basis as Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, deems fair and appropriate). Upon any redemption in part, the Principal Paying Agent will mark down the schedule to such Global Note by the principal amount so redeemed.

Cancellation

Cancellation of any Note represented by the Global Note and required by the Conditions to be cancelled following its redemption will be effected by endorsement by or on behalf of the Principal Paying Agent of the reduction in the principal amount of the Global Note on the relevant schedule thereto and on the corresponding entry on the register.

Transfers and Transfer Restrictions

All transfers of Book-Entry Interests will be recorded in accordance with the book-entry systems maintained by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as applicable, pursuant to customary procedures established by each respective system and its participants. See "*General*", above.

Issuance of Definitive Notes

If, while any of the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes are represented by a Permanent Global Note, (a) either of the Clearing Systems is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or does in fact do so and no other clearing system acceptable to the Trustee is then in existence or (b) as a result of any amendment to, or change in, the laws or regulations of the United Kingdom (or of any political sub-division thereof) or of any authority therein or thereof having power to tax or in the interpretation or administration of such laws or regulations which becomes effective on or after the Closing Date, the Issuer or any Paying Agent is or will on the next Interest Payment Date (as defined below) be required to make any deduction or withholding from any payment in respect of such Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes and Class C Notes in definitive form, then the Issuer will issue Definitive Notes in exchange for such Permanent Global Note (free of charge to the persons entitled to them) within 30 days of the occurrence of the relevant event. The Conditions and the Transaction Documents will be amended in such manner as the Trustee require to take account of the issue of Definitive Notes.

Any Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes and Class C Notes issued in definitive form will be issued in definitive bearer form in the denominations set out in the Conditions and will be subject to the provisions set forth under "*Transfers and Transfer Restrictions*" above.

Notices and Reports

With respect to the Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes, the Issuer will send to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg a copy of any notices and reports received relating to the Issuer, the Global Notes or the Book-Entry Interests. Any notice shall be deemed to have been duly given to the relevant Noteholders if sent to the Clearing Systems for communication by them to the holders of the Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes and shall be deemed to be given on the date on which it was so sent and (so long as the relevant Notes are admitted to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange and listed on the FCA's Official List), any notice shall also be published in accordance with the relevant guidelines of the London Stock Exchange's Regulatory News Service.

TAXATION

UNITED KINGDOM TAXATION

The following is a summary of the United Kingdom withholding taxation treatment at the date hereof in relation to payments of interest (as that term is understood for United Kingdom tax purposes) in respect of the Notes. It is based on current law and the practice of His Majesty's Revenue and Customs ("HMRC"), which may be subject to change, sometimes with retrospective effect. The comments do not deal with other United Kingdom tax aspects of acquiring, holding or disposing of Notes. The comments relate only to the position of persons who are absolute beneficial owners of the Notes. The following is a general guide for information purposes and should be treated with appropriate caution. It is not intended as tax advice and it does not purport to describe all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a prospective purchaser. Noteholders who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their professional advisers. Noteholders who may be liable to taxation in jurisdictions other than the United Kingdom in respect of their acquisition, holding or disposal of the Notes are particularly advised to consult their professional advisers as to whether they are so liable (and if so under the laws of which jurisdictions), since the following comments relate only to certain United Kingdom taxation aspects of payments of interest in respect of the Notes. In particular, Noteholders should be aware that they may be liable to taxation under the laws of other jurisdictions in relation to payments in respect of the Notes even if such payments may be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of taxation under the laws of the United Kingdom.

Interest on the Notes

Payment of Interest on the Notes

The Notes will constitute "quoted Eurobonds" if they carry a right to interest and are and continue to be listed on a recognised stock exchange (within the meaning of section 1005 of the Income Tax Act 2007 (the "Act") for the purposes of section 987 of the Act. Whilst the Notes are and continue to be quoted Eurobonds, payments of interest on the Notes may be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax.

Securities will be "listed on a recognised stock exchange" for this purpose if they are admitted to trading on an exchange designated as a recognised stock exchange by an order made by the Commissioners for HMRC and either they are included in the United Kingdom official list (within the meaning of Part 6 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) or they are officially listed, in accordance with provisions corresponding to those generally applicable in European Economic Area states, in a country outside the United Kingdom in which there is a recognised stock exchange.

The London Stock Exchange is a recognised stock exchange, and accordingly the Notes will constitute quoted Eurobonds provided they are and continue to be included in the United Kingdom official list and admitted to trading on the Regulated Market of that Exchange.

If the exemption described above does not apply, interest on the Notes may fall to be paid under deduction of United Kingdom income tax at the basic rate (currently 20%) subject to such relief as may be available following a direction from HMRC pursuant to the provisions of any applicable double taxation treaty, or to any other exemption which may apply.

Other Rules Relating to United Kingdom Withholding Tax

Where interest has been paid under deduction of United Kingdom income tax, Noteholders who are not resident in the United Kingdom may be able to recover all or part of the tax deducted if there is an appropriate provision in any applicable double taxation treaty.

The above description of the United Kingdom withholding tax position assumes that there will be no substitution of the Issuer pursuant to Condition 6.2 (*Optional redemption for taxation or other reasons*) of the Notes or otherwise and does not consider the tax consequences of any such substitution.

THE PROPOSED FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS TAX

On 14 February 2013, the European Commission published a proposal (the "**Commission's Proposal**") for a Directive for a common financial transactions tax ("**FTT**") in Belgium, Germany, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the "**participating Member States**") and Estonia. However, Estonia has since stated that it will not participate.

The Commission's Proposal has very broad scope and could, if introduced, apply to certain dealings in the Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances.

Under the Commission's Proposal the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in the Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

However, the FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation between participating Member States. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU member states may decide to participate.

Prospective holders of the Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

FOREIGN ACCOUNT TAX COMPLIANCE ACT

Pursuant to certain provisions of the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986, commonly known as FATCA, a "foreign financial institution" may be required to withhold on certain payments it makes ("**foreign passthru payments**") to persons that fail to meet certain certification, reporting, or related requirements. The Issuer may be a foreign financial institution for these purposes.

A number of jurisdictions (including the United Kingdom) have entered into, or have agreed in substance to, intergovernmental agreements ("**IGAs**") with the United States to implement FATCA, which modify the way in which FATCA applies in their jurisdictions. Under the provisions of IGAs as currently in effect, a foreign financial institution in an IGA jurisdiction would generally not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA from payments that it makes. Certain aspects of the application of the FATCA provisions and IGAs to instruments such as the Notes, including whether withholding would ever be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Notes, are uncertain and may be subject to change.

Even if withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Notes, such withholding would not apply prior to the date that is two years after the publication of the final regulations defining "foreign passthru payment" and Notes characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed term) for US federal tax purposes that are issued on or prior to the date that is six months after the date on which final regulations defining "foreign passthru payments" are filed with the US Federal Register generally would be "grandfathered" for purposes of FATCA withholding unless materially modified after such date.

Holders should consult their own tax advisers in relation to the way in which these rules may apply to their investment in the Notes. If any withholding were required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on the Notes, no person would be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the withholding.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

The Joint Lead Managers will, pursuant to a subscription agreement dated on or about 9 November 2023 between the Seller, the Arranger, the Joint Lead Managers and the Issuer (the "**Subscription Agreement**"), together agree with the Issuer (subject to certain conditions) to subscribe and pay for £290,347,000 of the Class A1 Notes at the issue price of 100% per cent. of the aggregate principal amount of the Class A1 Notes as at the Closing Date, following which the Seller will purchase the Class A1 Notes from the Joint Lead Managers.

The Seller will, pursuant to the Subscription Agreement, agree with the Issuer (subject to certain conditions) to subscribe and pay for: (i) £326,642,000 of the Class A2 Notes at the issue price of 100% per cent. of the aggregate principal amount of the Class A2 Notes; (ii) £39,923,000 of the Class B Notes at the issue price of 100% per cent. of the aggregate principal amount of the Class B Notes; (iii) £32,664,000 of the Class C Notes at the issue price of 100% per cent. of the aggregate principal amount of the Class C Notes; and (iv) £36,294,000 of the Subordinated Notes at the issue price of 100% per cent. of the aggregate principal amount of the Subordinated Notes, in each case as at the Closing Date.

The Issuer will agree to indemnify the Joint Lead Managers against certain liabilities and to pay certain costs and expenses in connection with the issue of the Notes.

Other than admission of the Notes to the FCA's Official List and to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange, no action has been taken by the Issuer or the Joint Lead Managers which would or has been intended to permit a public offering of the Notes, or possession or distribution of this Prospectus or other offering material relating to the Notes, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required.

This Prospectus does not constitute, and may not be used for the purpose of, an offer or a solicitation by anyone to subscribe for or purchase any of the Notes in or from any country or jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation is not authorised or is unlawful.

Pursuant to the Subscription Agreement, the Seller will covenant to the Arranger and the Joint Lead Managers to, among other things:

- (a) retain on an ongoing basis a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5% as required by Article 6(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation;
- (b) retain on an ongoing basis a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5% as required by Article 6(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only);
- (c) (in its capacity as Servicer) to prepare and make available any information which is required to be made available by the Issuer pursuant to, and at the times and in the manner required by, points (a), (b), (d), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation in a manner consistent with Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation and the UK Article 7 Technical Standards, and to make available any information prepared by the Cash Manager which is required to be made available by the Issuer pursuant to, and at the times and in the manner required by, point (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, in each case subject to any Requirement of Law, provided that the Seller (in its capacity as Servicer) will not be in breach of such undertaking if it fails to so comply, acting reasonably, due to events, actions and/or circumstances beyond its control; and
- (d) (in its capacity as Servicer) to prepare and make available any information which is required to be made available by the Issuer pursuant to, and at the times and in the manner required by, points (a), (b), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) in a manner consistent with Article 7(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the EU Article 7 Technical Standards (in each case, as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), and to make available any information prepared by the Cash Manager which is required to be made available by the Issuer pursuant to, and at the times and in the manner required by, point (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), point (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), point (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), point (e) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), in each case subject to any Requirement of Law, provided that the Seller (in

its capacity as Servicer) will not be in breach of such undertaking if it fails to so comply, acting reasonably, due to events, actions and/or circumstances beyond its control.

As at the Closing Date and while any of the Notes remain outstanding, the interest to be retained by the Seller as required by Article 6(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation and Article 6(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) will be comprised of an interest in the first loss tranche in accordance with Article 6(3)(d) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) will be comprised of an interest in the first loss tranche in accordance with Article 6(3)(d) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) respectively. Any change to the manner in which such interest is held will be notified to Noteholders.

United States

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act, or any securities laws of any state of the United States or any other relevant jurisdiction, and therefore may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to or for the account or benefit of, US persons (as defined under Regulation S under the Securities Act) except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws and exceptions to the United States tax requirements. The Notes are not transferable except in accordance with the restrictions described in herein. Accordingly, the Notes are being offered outside the United States to persons other than US persons in accordance with Regulation S.

Each of the Joint Lead Managers will agree that, except as permitted by the Subscription Agreement, it will not offer, sell or deliver the Notes (a) as part of its distribution at any time or (b) otherwise until 40 days after the later of the commencement of the offering of the Notes and the Closing Date (the "Distribution Compliance Period") within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, US persons except in accordance with Rule 903 of Regulation S. Each of the Joint Lead Managers will further agree that it will have sent to each affiliate, distributor, dealer or other person receiving a selling commission, fee or other remunerations that purchases Notes from it during the Distribution Compliance Period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account of, US persons (as defined under Regulation S under the Securities Act).

In addition, until the expiration of the Distribution Compliance Period, an offer or sale of the Notes within the United States by any Joint Lead Manager may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this section that are defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act are used herein as defined therein.

The Notes are subject to US tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by US Treasury regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder.

The Notes offered and sold by the Issuer may not be purchased by, or for the account or benefit of, any Risk Retention US Persons except (A) with the prior written consent of the Seller (a "US Risk Retention Consent") and (B) where such sale falls within the exemption provided by Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules. Each purchaser of a Note or a beneficial interest therein acquired in the initial distribution of the Notes will be deemed to represent to the Issuer, the Seller and the Joint Lead Managers that it (1) either (i) is not a Risk Retention US Person or (ii) it has obtained a US Risk Retention Consent from the Seller, (2) is acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein for its own account and not with a view to distribute such Note and (3) is not acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein as part of a scheme to evade the requirements of the US Risk Retention US Person, as part of a scheme to evade the 10 per cent. Risk Retention US Person limitation in the exemption provided for in Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules).

The definition of "US person" in the US Risk Retention Rules is excerpted below. Particular attention should be paid to paragraphs (b) and (h) below, which are different than comparable provisions from Regulation S. Under the US Risk Retention Rules, and subject to limited exceptions, "US person" means any of the following:

(a) any natural person resident in the United States;

- (b) any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other organisation or entity organized or incorporated under the laws of any State or of the United States;
- (c) any estate of which any executor or administrator is a US person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (d) any trust of which any trustee is a US person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (e) any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the United States;
- (f) any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a US person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (g) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organized, incorporated, or (if an individual) resident in the United States; and
- (h) any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other organization or entity if:
 - (i) organized or incorporated under the laws of any foreign jurisdiction; and
 - (ii) formed by a US person (as defined under any other clause of this definition) principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the Securities Act.

The material difference between the definitions of "US person" under Regulation S and under the US Risk Retention Rules is that (1) a "US person" under Regulation S includes any partnership or corporation that is organized or incorporated under the laws of any foreign jurisdiction formed by one or more "US persons" (as defined in Regulation S) principally for the purpose of investing in securities that are otherwise offered within the United States pursuant to an applicable exemption under the Securities Act unless it is organized or incorporated and owned by accredited investors (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts, while (2) any organization or entity described in (1) is treated as a "US person" under the US Risk Retention Rules, regardless of whether it is so organized and owned by accredited in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons (as defined in Rule 501(a) of whether it is so organized and owned by accredited in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons (as defined in Rule 501(a) of whether it is so organized and owned by accredited investors (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons (as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts.

This Prospectus has been prepared by the Issuer for use in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes outside the United States to non-US persons in accordance with Regulation S. The Issuer and the Joint Lead Managers reserve the right to reject any offer to purchase the Notes, in whole or in part, for any reason. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to any person in the United States or to any "US person" (as defined in Regulation S). Distribution of this Prospectus by any person outside the United States to any US person or to any other person within the United States is unauthorised and any disclosure without the prior written consent of the Issuer of any of its contents to any such US person or other person within the United States is prohibited.

United Kingdom

Each of the Joint Lead Managers will represent to and agree with the Issuer that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated, and will only communicate or cause to be communicated, any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of the Notes in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and
- (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Prohibition of sales to EEA retail investors

Each of the Joint Lead Managers will represent to and agree with the Issuer that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available, and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available, any Notes to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision, the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:

- (a) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II; or
- (b) a customer within the meaning of the Insurance Distribution Directive, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II.

Prohibition of sales to UK Retail Investors

Each of the Joint Lead Managers will represent to and agree with the Issuer that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available, and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available, any Notes to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision, the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:

- (a) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA; or
- (b) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement the Insurance Distribution Directive, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA.

General

Each of the Joint Lead Managers will undertake that it will not, directly or indirectly, offer or sell any Notes or have in its possession, distribute or publish any offering circular, prospectus, form of application, advertisement or other document or information in respect of the Notes in any country or jurisdiction except under circumstances that will, to the best of its knowledge and belief, result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations, and all offers and sales of Notes by it will be made on the same terms.

TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

Offers and Sales by the Joint Lead Managers

The Notes (including with respect to the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes interests therein represented by a Global Note or a Book-Entry Interest and with respect to the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes, a Definitive Note) have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or the state securities laws of any state, and may not be offered, sold or delivered in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, US persons (as defined in Regulation S) except pursuant an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and any applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, the Notes are being offered and sold in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S.

Investor Representations and Restrictions on Resale

Each purchaser of the Notes (which term for the purposes of this section will be deemed to include any interests in the Notes, including Book-Entry Interests) will be deemed to have represented and agreed, as follows, that:

- (a) the purchaser is located outside the United States and is not a US person (as defined under Regulation S);
- (b) if the purchaser purchased the Notes during the initial distribution of the Notes, it (1) either (i) is not a Risk Retention US Person or (ii) it has obtained a US Risk Retention Consent from the Seller and its purchase of the Notes falls within the exemption provided by Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules, (2) is acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein for its own account and not with a view to distribute such Notes and (3) is not acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein as part of a scheme to evade the requirements of the US Risk Retention Rules (including acquiring such Note through a non-Risk Retention US Person, rather than a Risk Retention US Person, as part of a scheme to evade the 10 per cent. Risk Retention US Person limitation in the exemption provided for in Section 20 of the US Risk Retention Rules);
- (c) the Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States and such Notes are being offered only in a transaction that does not require registration under the Securities Act and, if such purchaser decides to resell or otherwise transfer such Notes, then it agrees that it will offer, resell, pledge or transfer such Notes only (i) to a purchaser who is not a US person (as defined in Regulation S) or an affiliate of the Issuer or a person acting on behalf of such an affiliate, and who is not acquiring the Notes for the account or benefit of a US person and who is acquiring the Notes in an offshore transaction pursuant to an exemption from registration statement under the Securities Act, in each case in accordance with any applicable securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States or (iii) pursuant to another exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act; provided that the agreement of such purchaser is subject to any Requirement of Law that the disposition of the purchaser's property shall at all times be and remain within its control;
- (d) unless the relevant legend set out below has been removed from the Notes, such purchaser shall notify each transferee of Notes (as applicable) from it that (i) such Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, (ii) the holder of such Notes is subject to the restrictions on the resale or other transfer thereof described in paragraph (a) and (c) above, (iii) such transferee shall be deemed to have represented that such transferee is acquiring the Notes in an offshore transaction and that such transfer is made pursuant to an exemption from registration in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 of Regulation S and (iv) such transferee shall be deemed to have agreed to notify its subsequent transferees as to the foregoing;
- (e) the Issuer, the Joint Lead Managers and their affiliates and others will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing acknowledgments, representations and agreements.

Each purchaser understands that: (i) the sale of the Notes (including interests therein represented by a Book-Entry Interest) to it is being made in reliance on Regulation S; and (ii) the Notes (including interests therein represented by a Book-Entry Interest) may not be reoffered, resold, pledged or otherwise transferred except in accordance with the legend set forth below:

"THIS NOTE HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER RELEVANT JURISDICTION AND IS SUBJECT TO UNITED STATES TAX LAW REQUIREMENTS, AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED IN THE UNITED STATES OR TO, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, A US PERSON (AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHERWISE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNITED STATES TAX LAW REQUIREMENTS. THIS LEGEND SHALL CEASE TO APPLY UPON THE EXPIRY OF THE PERIOD OF 40 DAYS AFTER THE COMPLETION OF THE DISTRIBUTION OF ALL THE NOTES OF THIS CLASS."

Because of the foregoing restrictions, purchasers of Notes are advised to consult legal counsel prior to making any offer, resale, pledge or transfer of such securities offered and sold.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. The Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code of the Issuer is 635400TNNDO5UMZ2WL40.
- 2. Application has been made to the FCA for the Notes to be admitted to the FCA's Official List and to the London Stock Exchange for the Notes to be admitted to trading on its Main Market, subject only to the issue of the Global Notes representing the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes. The issue of the Notes will be cancelled if Global Notes representing the Class A1 Notes, the Class A Notes are not issued. The estimated cost of the foregoing application for admission to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange is approximately £9,800.
- 3. Any website referred to in this document does not form part of the Prospectus and has not been scrutinised or approved by the FCA.
- 4. The Issuer has not been involved in any governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware) which may have, or have had during the 12 months preceding the date of this Prospectus, significant effects upon the financial position or profitability of the Issuer.
- 5. There has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer since the date of its incorporation.
- 6. The auditor of the Issuer is PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is registered to carry out audit work in the United Kingdom by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.
- 7. For so long as the Notes are admitted to the FCA's Official List and to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall maintain a Paying Agent in the United Kingdom.
- 8. The issue of the Notes was authorised pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Issuer passed on 23 October 2023.
- 9. The Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg under the following ISINs and Common Codes:

Notes	Common Code	ISIN	FISN	CFI
Class A1 Notes	269915072	XS2699150723	ORBITA FUNDING/VARASST BKD 20301022	DBVXFB
Class A2 Notes	269915102	XS2699151028	ORBITA FUNDING/VARASST BKD 20301022	DBVXFB
Class B Notes	269915129	XS2699151291	ORBITA FUNDING/VARASST BKD 20301022	DBVXFB
Class C Notes	269915145	XS2699151457	ORBITA FUNDING/VARASST BKD 20301022	DBVXFB

- 10. From the date of this Prospectus and including for so long as the Notes are admitted to the FCA's Official List and to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange, copies of the following documents may be inspected in physical form at the registered office of the Issuer during usual business hours, on any weekday (public holidays excepted) and in electronic form on the Securitisation Repository Website: the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Servicing Agreement, the Cash Management Agreement, the Account Bank Agreement, the Deed of Charge, the Master Definitions Schedule, the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Swap Agreement, the Corporate Services Agreement and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer.
- 11. This Prospectus is valid for a period of twelve months from the date of approval. The obligation to prepare a supplement to this Prospectus in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy does not apply when the Prospectus is no longer valid. For the avoidance of doubt, the Issuer shall have no obligation to supplement this Prospectus after the closing of the offer period or the time when trading of such securities on a regulated market begins, whichever occurs later.

- 12. The Servicer shall make available each Investor Report on the Securitisation Repository Website. For the avoidance of doubt, neither the Securitisation Repository Website nor the contents thereof form part of this Prospectus.
- 13. The Issuer confirms that the Contracts backing the issue of the Notes have characteristics that demonstrate capacity to produce funds to service any payments due and payable on the Notes. However, investors are advised that this confirmation is based on the information available to the Issuer at the date of this Prospectus and may be affected by the future performance of such assets backing the issue of the Notes. Consequently investors are advised to review carefully any disclosure in the Prospectus together with any amendments or supplements thereto.
- 14. Since its date of incorporation, the Issuer has not commenced operations and no financial statements have been drawn up as at the date of this Prospectus.
- 15. The following legend will appear on all Class A Notes, Class B Notes and Class C Notes and on all receipts and interest coupons relating to such Notes:

"ANY UNITED STATES PERSON WHO HOLDS THIS OBLIGATION WILL BE SUBJECT TO LIMITATIONS UNDER THE UNITED STATES INCOME TAX LAWS, INCLUDING THE LIMITATIONS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 165(j) AND 1287(a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE."

16. Further information available to Noteholders pursuant to the Securitisation Regulations

- (a) The Servicer is required, pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement:
 - to prepare, on behalf of the Issuer as the entity designated pursuant to Article 7(2) of the UK Securitisation Regulation to fulfil the UK Transparency Requirements, the information required to be made available by the Issuer pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, including:
 - (A) information on the underlying exposures in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, Article 7(1)(a) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, simultaneously with the relevant UK Securitisation Regulation Investor Report;
 - (B) all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction in accordance with Article 7(1)(b) of the UK Securitisation Regulation, as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event no later than 15 days following the Closing Date; and
 - (C) any information required to be made available pursuant to Articles 7(1)(f) and (g) of the UK Securitisation Regulation in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, those Articles,

and to make such information, together with the UK Securitisation Regulation Investor Report, available to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the UK Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, potential investors via the Securitisation Repository Website appointed from time to time, provided that the Servicer will not be in breach of such undertaking if it fails to so comply, acting reasonably, due to events, actions and/or circumstances beyond its control; and

- to prepare, on behalf of the Issuer, the information required to be made available pursuant to points (a), (b), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), including:
 - (A) information on the underlying exposures in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, Article 7(1)(a) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date

only), simultaneously with the relevant EU Securitisation Regulation Investor Report;

- (B) all underlying documentation that is essential for the understanding of the transaction in accordance with Article 7(1)(b) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only), as soon as reasonably practicable following the Closing Date; and
- (C) any information required to be made available pursuant to Articles 7(1)(f) and (g) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) in accordance with, and at the time and in the manner required by, those Articles,

and to make such information, together with the EU Securitisation Regulation Investor Report, available to the Noteholders and, upon request, potential investors via the Securitisation Repository Website appointed from time to time, provided that the Servicer will not be in breach of such undertaking if it fails to so comply, acting reasonably, due to events, actions and/or circumstances beyond its control.

- (b) In relation to the Notes:
 - the information required by paragraphs (a), (b) and (d) of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation and paragraphs (a), (b) and (d) of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) has been made available to potential investors, upon request, before pricing;
 - (ii) final versions of the documentation required pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (d) of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation will be made available on the Securitisation Repository Website within 15 days of the Closing Date;
 - (iii) final versions of the documentation required pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (d) of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) will be made available on the Securitisation Repository Website within 15 days of the Closing Date;
 - (iv) the information required pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (e) of Article 7(1) of the UK Securitisation Regulation will be made available on the Securitisation Repository Website on an ongoing basis simultaneously; and
 - (v) the information required pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (e) of Article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation (as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only) will be made available on the Securitisation Repository Website on an ongoing basis simultaneously.
- (c) Neither the Securitisation Repository Website nor the contents thereof form part of this Prospectus
- (d) From the date of this Prospectus, as long as any Notes remain outstanding, a liability cashflow model will be made available to investors via European DataWarehouse at <u>https://editor.eurodw.co.uk/</u>.
- (e) Each Investor Report will contain a summary of certain rating triggers.
- (f) This Prospectus constitutes the transaction summary in relation to the Transaction for the purposes of Article 7(1)(c) of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

These and other terms used in this document are subject to, and in some cases are summaries of, the definitions of such terms set out in the Transaction Documents, as they may be amended from time to time.

"Account Bank" means Citibank, N.A., London Branch, a branch of Citibank, N.A., a company incorporated in the United States, established in England and Wales (branch number BR0010018) and situated at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB, in its capacity as account bank, together with any additional or replacement account banks from time to time;

"Account Bank Agreement" means the account bank agreement dated on or about the Closing Date among the Issuer, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Servicer and the Trustee;

"Account Bank Ratings" means all of the following ratings:

- (a) a short-term, unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations rating of at least F1 by Fitch;
- (b) a long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt or counterparty obligations ratings of at least A by Fitch; and
- (c) a long-term bank deposit rating of at least A3 by Moody's,

or such other rating or ratings as are consistent with the then published criteria of the relevant Rating Agency as being the minimum ratings that are required to support the then current ratings of the Rated Notes;

"Additional Account" means any account opened in the name of the Issuer from time to time other than the Transaction Account and any Swap Collateral Account;

"Additional Cut-Off Date" means the last day of the Calculation Period;

"Additional Portfolio" means any Receivables purchased (or to be purchased) by the Issuer from the Seller during the Revolving Period after the Closing Date;

"Additional Portfolio Purchase Date" means (i) each Interest Payment Date during the Revolving Period excluding the Closing Date, (ii) any other Business Day during the Revolving Period on which an Additional Portfolio is purchased by the Issuer from the Seller, or (iii) any Revised Purchase Date (as applicable);

"Additional Portfolio Purchase Price" means the amount, determined as at the Additional Portfolio Purchase Date, as being an amount equal to the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance due from Obligors under the Related Contracts during the period beginning on (but excluding) the Additional Cut-Off Date and ending on (and including) the maturity date of such Related Contract plus any acceptance fees or option fees that are due but unpaid and any due but unpaid interest;

"Administrator Incentive Recovery Fee" means the fee (inclusive of VAT) payable to the Insolvency Official of the Seller following an Insolvency Event of the Seller in relation to the sale of the relevant Vehicles in an amount equal to (a) the reasonable costs and expenses of such insolvency official (including any Irrecoverable VAT in respect thereof) incurred in relation to the sale of such Vehicles plus (b) a percentage of the corresponding Vehicle realisation proceeds to be (i) one per cent. of the relevant Vehicle realisation proceeds or (ii) at any time thereafter, as may be agreed by the Servicer with the Insolvency Official of the Seller pursuant to the Servicing Agreement (up to a maximum amount of one per cent. of the relevant Vehicle realisation proceeds);

"Adverse Claim" means a mortgage, standard security, charge, pledge, assignation, assignation in security, attachment, lien, trust or encumbrance or security interest of any nature, or other right or claim in, of or on any Person's assets or properties in favour of any other Person (including, but not limited to, any retention of the claims by any Person);

"Affiliate" in relation to any corporate entity, means a holding company or subsidiary of such corporate entity or a subsidiary of the holding company of such corporate entity; and the terms "holding company" and "subsidiary" shall have the meaning given to them by the Companies Act 2006.

"Agency Agreement" means the agency agreement dated on or about the Closing Date and made by, among others, the Issuer, the Paying Agents, the Agent Bank and the Trustee;

"Agent Bank" means Citibank, N.A., London Branch, a branch of Citibank, N.A., a company incorporated in the United States, established in England and Wales (branch number BR0010018) and situated at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB, in its capacity as agent bank from time to time under the Agency Agreement;

"Agents" means the Paying Agents, the Registrar and the Agent Bank or, where the context requires, any of them;

"Amount Financed" means with respect to a Purchased Receivable, the aggregate amount advanced in respect of such Receivable toward the purchase price of the Vehicle, less, in respect of such Purchased Receivable, payments received from the relevant Obligor prior to the relevant Cut-Off Date allocable to Principal Element;

"Annual Percentage Rate" or "APR" means, with respect to a Receivable, the annual rate of finance charges stated in such Receivable;

"**Appointee**" means any attorney, manager, agent, delegate, nominee, custodian, Receiver or other person appointed by the Trustee under the Trust Deed or the Deed of Charge;

"Arranger " means Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales (registered number 10399850) whose registered office is at 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN, in its capacity as arranger;

"Authorised Investments" means:

- (a) Sterling gilt-edged securities;
- (b) investments in money market funds that maintain (A) in the case of Fitch, a rating of at least AAAmmf or the highest money market fund ratings from at least two other global rating agencies (including the rating of Moody's required pursuant to (B) below) and (B) in the case of Moody's a rating of at least Aaamf, **provided that** such investments do not constitute securitisation positions; and
- (c) Sterling demand or time deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term debt obligations (including commercial paper),

provided that in all cases such investments will only be made such that there is no withholding or deduction for or on account of taxes applicable thereto and such investments:

- (i) have a maturity date on or before the immediately following Interest Payment Date;
- (ii) may be broken or demanded by the Issuer (with no reduction in the value of such investment and at no cost to the Issuer) on or before the next following Interest Payment Date;
- (iii) do not include any contractual provisions that would permit a redemption of such authorised investments in an amount less than the amount paid for such investments by the Issuer; and
- (iv) (other than in the case of paragraph (b) above) are rated at least:
 - (A)
- (1) F1 or A by Fitch (if such investments have a remaining maturity of less than or equal to 30 days); or

- (2) F1+ or AA- by Fitch (if such investments have a remaining maturity of greater than 30 days but less than or equal to 365 days); and
- (B) P-1 or A2 by Moody's;

"Available Principal Receipts" means an amount equal to the sum of:

- (a) all Principal Receipts received by the Issuer during the immediately preceding Calculation Period;
- (b) the amounts, if any, to be credited to the Principal Deficiency Ledger pursuant to items (g), (j), (l) and (m) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments on the relevant Interest Payment Date;
- (c) on the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, all or such part of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve as is required, when aggregated with all other Available Principal Receipts (other than in accordance with this item (c)) available to be applied in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date, to redeem any of the Class A Notes and Class B Notes then outstanding in full in accordance with the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments on that date;
- (d) where the Seller repurchases the Final Receivables in accordance with the terms of the Receivables
 Sale and Purchase Agreement in respect of an exercise by the Issuer of the Clean-up Call, such amount of the Final Repurchase Price received by the Issuer on such Interest Payment Date representing the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Final Receivables as at such Interest Payment Date;
- (e) an amount equal to any Principal Recoveries received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period (other than any Principal Recoveries in relation to any Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable in respect of which losses have been debited to the Principal Deficiency Ledger);
- (f) any amount standing to the credit of the Replenishment Ledger; and
- (g) on the first Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to the surplus of the proceeds of the issuance of the Notes over the Initial Purchase Price;

"Available Revenue Receipts" for each Interest Payment Date will be calculated by the Cash Manager on or before the immediately preceding Calculation Date and will be an amount equal to the sum of:

- (a) all Revenue Receipts received by the Issuer during the immediately preceding Calculation Period;
- (b) interest received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period on the Issuer Bank Accounts (other than any Swap Collateral Account) and any amounts received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period relating to any Authorised Investments purchased from amounts standing to the credit of the Issuer Bank Accounts (other than any Swap Collateral Account);
- (c) all amounts then standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve Ledger up to the amount of any Revenue Deficiency on that Interest Payment Date;
- (d) all amounts then standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve Ledger in excess of the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount;
- (e) amounts to be received by the Issuer under the Swap Agreement (other than (i) any swap termination payment received by the Issuer from the outgoing Swap Counterparty if and to the extent it is to be applied in acquiring a replacement swap transaction, (ii) Excess Swap Collateral or Swap Collateral, except to the extent that the value of Swap Collateral has been applied, pursuant to the provisions of the Swap Agreement, to reduce the amount that would otherwise be payable by the Swap Counterparty to the Issuer on early termination of the swap transaction under the Swap Agreement and, to the extent so applied in reduction of the amount otherwise payable by the Swap Counterparty, such Swap Collateral is not to be applied in acquiring a replacement swap transaction, (iii) any Replacement Swap Premium, but only to the extent applied directly to any Swap Termination Payment due and payable by the Issuer to the outgoing Swap Counterparty and (iv)

amounts in respect of Swap Tax Credits on such Interest Payment Date, if and to the extent these are required to be paid directly to the Swap Counterparty in accordance with the terms of the Swap Agreements);

- (f) notwithstanding item (e) above, (i) any early termination amount received from the Swap Counterparty in excess of the amount required and applied by the Issuer to purchase one or more replacement Swap Agreements, and (ii) any Replacement Swap Premium received from a replacement Swap Counterparty in excess of the amount required and applied to pay any Swap Termination Payment due and payable by the Issuer to the outgoing Swap Counterparty;
- (g) the aggregate of all Available Principal Receipts (if any) which are applied either (i) to make up any Remaining Revenue Deficiency on the relevant Interest Payment Date (only to the extent required after calculating any Revenue Deficiency) or (ii) as Surplus Available Principal Receipts;
- (h) on the first Interest Payment Date falling after the period of four months following the Closing Date, any Start-up Costs Proceeds advanced under the Subordinated Loan and any further amount advanced under the Subordinated Loan for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation that are not required to be applied in or towards payment of those fees, expenses and premia;
- where the Seller repurchases the Final Receivables in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement in respect of an exercise by the Issuer of the Clean-up Call, such amount of the Final Repurchase Price received by the Issuer on such Interest Payment Date representing amounts other than the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Final Receivables as at such Interest Payment Date;
- (j) any Income Recoveries received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period; and
- (k) an amount equal to any Principal Recoveries received during the immediately preceding Calculation Period in relation to any Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable in respect of which losses have been debited to the Principal Deficiency Ledger,

but, for the avoidance of doubt, excluding any Issuer Profit Amount retained by the Issuer on any prior Interest Payment Date and any amounts which have been applied as Permitted Withdrawals by the Issuer during the immediately preceding Calculation Period;

"Average Delinquency Ratio" means, as at any Interest Payment Date, the simple average of the Delinquency Ratios as at such Interest Payment Date and the immediately preceding two (2) Interest Payment Dates, provided that if fewer than two (2) Interest Payment Dates have occurred prior to such Interest Payment Date, the Average Delinquency Ratio on such Interest Payment Date shall be the simple average of the Delinquency Ratios as at such Interest Payment Date and the previous Interest Payment Date (if any);

"**Base Rate Modification**" has the meaning given to that term in Condition 11.8(h) (*Meeting of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*);

"Base Rate Modification Certificate" has the meaning given to that term in Condition 11.8(h)(i) (*Meeting of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*);

"Basic Terms Modification" means each of the following:

- (a) a modification of the date of maturity of any Notes or any other term which would have the effect of postponing any day for payment of interest thereon; or
- (b) reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of such Notes (other than any change to the effective rate of interest payable on the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes effected in accordance with Condition 11.8(h) and 11.8(i)); or
- (c) altering the currency of payment of such Notes; or

(d) altering the quorum or majority required in relation to passing a Basic Terms Modification;

"**BofA Securities**" means Merrill Lynch International, a company incorporated in England and Wales with unlimited liability (registered number 02312079), whose registered office is at 2 King Edward Street, London, EC1A 1HQ;

"Book-Entry Interests" means the beneficial interests in the Global Notes;

"Business Day" means a day which is both a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London;

"Calculation Date" means, the date falling three Business Days prior to each Interest Payment Date;

"**Calculation Period**" means the period from (and including) the first day of each calendar month to (but excluding) the first day of the following month;

"Cash Management Agreement" means the cash management agreement dated on or about the Closing Date among the Issuer, the Cash Manager, the Servicer, the Account Bank and the Trustee;

"Cash Manager" means Citibank, N.A., London Branch, a branch of Citibank, N.A., a company incorporated in the United States, established in England and Wales (branch number BR0010018) and situated at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB, in its capacity as cash manager, or any successor cash manager appointed from time to time under the Cash Management Agreement;

"Cash Manager Termination Event" means any of:

- (a) a default is made by the Cash Manager in the payment, on the due date, of any payment due and payable by it under the Cash Management Agreement and such default (where capable of remedy) continues unremedied for a period of five Business Days after the earlier of the Cash Manager becoming aware of such default and receipt by the Cash Manager of written notice from the Issuer or the Trustee, as the case may be, requiring the same to be remedied; or
- (b) a default is made by the Cash Manager in the performance or observance of any of its other covenants and obligations under the Cash Management Agreement, which in the opinion of the Trustee is materially prejudicial to the interests of the Secured Creditors and such default continues unremedied for a period of 30 Business Days after the earlier of the Cash Manager becoming aware of such default (where capable of remedy) and receipt by the Cash Manager of written notice from the Issuer or the Trustee, as applicable, requiring the same to be remedied (where capable of remedy); or
- (c) it is or will become unlawful for the Cash Manager to perform or comply with any of its obligations under the Cash Management Agreement; or
- (d) an Insolvency Event occurs in relation to the Cash Manager;

"**CBL**" means Close Brothers Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales with limited liability (registered number 195626), whose registered office is at 10 Crown Place, London EC2A 4FT;

"CBL Trigger Event" means CBL ceases to have the following ratings:

- (a) either:
 - (i) a short-term, unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations rating of at least F2 by Fitch; or
 - (ii) a long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt or counterparty obligations ratings of at least BBB by Fitch; and
- (b) a long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt or counterparty obligations ratings of at least A2 by Moody's;

"CCA" means the Consumer Credit Act 1974, as amended;

"CCA Compensation Amount" means the amount, calculated by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement to compensate the Issuer for any loss caused as a result of a breach of the Receivables Warranties arising as a result of any Purchased Receivables or Related Contract (or part thereof) being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the CCA or the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA;

"CCA Compensation Payment" means the payment made by the Seller to the Issuer to compensate the Issuer for any loss caused as a result of any Purchased Receivable or the Related Contract (or part thereof) being determined illegal, invalid, non-binding or unenforceable under the CCA or the FSMA or subject to a right to cancel or a right to withdraw under the CCA as an amount equal to the CCA Compensation Amount;

"Charged Documents" means the Transaction Documents to which the Issuer is a party and all other contracts, documents, agreements and deeds to which it is, or may become, a party (other than the Deed of Charge, the Trust Deed, each Scottish Declaration of Trust, each Scottish Supplemental Charge and the Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge);

"Charged Property" means all assets and property of the Issuer which is subject to the security created by the Issuer in favour of the Trustee for it and the other Secured Creditors pursuant to the Deed of Charge;

"Class" means each or any of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and/or the Subordinated Notes as the case may be;

"Class A Noteholders" means the Class A1 Noteholders and the Class A2 Noteholders;

"Class A Notes" means the Class A1 Notes and the Class A2 Notes;

"Class A Notes Interest Amount" means the amount of interest payable in respect of the Class A Notes;

"Class A Notes Principal Amount" means the Principal Amount Outstanding in respect of all Class A Notes on any date;

"Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger" means a sub-ledger on the Principal Deficiency Ledger in respect of the Class A Notes;

"Class A1 Noteholders" means the persons who are for the time being the holders of the Class A1 Notes;

"Class A1 Notes" means the £290,347,000 Class A1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030;

"Class A1 Notes Interest Amount" means the amount of interest payable in respect of the Class A1 Notes;

"Class A1 Notes Principal Amount" means the Principal Amount Outstanding in respect of all Class A1 Notes on any date;

"Class A1 Temporary Global Note" has the meaning given to such term in the Conditions;

"Class A2 Noteholders" means the persons who are for the time being the holders of the Class A2 Notes;

"Class A2 Notes" means the £326,642,000 Class A2 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030;

"Class A2 Notes Interest Amount" means the amount of interest payable in respect of the Class A2 Notes;

"Class A2 Notes Principal Amount" means the Principal Amount Outstanding in respect of all Class A2 Notes on any date;

"Class A2 Temporary Global Note" has the meaning given to such term in the Conditions;

"Class B Noteholders" means the persons who are for the time being the holders of the Class B Notes;

"Class B Notes" means the £39,923,000 Class B Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030;

"Class B Notes Interest Amount" means the amount of interest payable in respect of the Class B Notes;

"Class B Notes Principal Amount" means the Principal Amount Outstanding in respect of all Class B Notes on any date;

"Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger" means a sub-ledger on the Principal Deficiency Ledger in respect of the Class B Notes;

"Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger Condition" means that, on any Payment Date (prior to the application of the amounts then standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve Ledger up to the amount of any Revenue Deficiency on that Interest Payment Date as Available Revenue Receipts), either (a) the Class B Notes are the Most Senior Class of Notes outstanding or (b) the amount recorded as a debit to the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger is zero;

"Class B Temporary Global Note" has the meaning given to such term in the Conditions;

"Class C Noteholders" means the persons who are for the time being the holders of the Class C Notes;

"Class C Notes" means the £32,664,000 Class C Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due October 2030;

"Class C Notes Interest Amount" means the amount of interest payable in respect of the Class C Notes;

"Class C Notes Principal Amount" means the Principal Amount Outstanding in respect of all Class C Notes on any date;

"Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger" means a sub-ledger on the Principal Deficiency Ledger in respect of the Class C Notes;

"Class C Temporary Global Note" has the meaning given to such term in the Conditions;

"Clean-up Call" means the call option granted pursuant to Condition 6.2(b);

"Clearing System" means Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg;

"Clearstream, Luxembourg" means Clearstream Banking, société anonyme;

"Closing Date" means 13 November 2023 or such later date as may be agreed between the Issuer, the Seller and the Joint Lead Managers;

"Code" means the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

"**Collection Account**" means the accounts held in the name of the Seller into which amounts received in respect of the Purchased Receivables will be paid;

"**Collection Account Bank**" means, as at the Closing Date, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc acting through its office at 250 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4AA together with any additional or replacement collection account bank appointed from time to time;

"Collection Account Declaration of Trust" means the collections account declaration of trust dated 1 January 2013, as amended, restated and supplemented by the first supplemental deed thereto dated 23 November 2017, the second supplemental deed thereto dated 18 July 2019, the third supplemental deed thereto dated 18 February 2020, the fourth supplemental deed thereto dated 21 April 2022 and as supplemented by the fifth supplemental deed thereto dated on or about the Closing Date between, among others, the Seller and the Issuer, whereby the Seller declares a trust over all amounts standing to the credit of the Collection Account;

"**Collections**" means, in respect of any Purchased Receivables, all amounts of cash received by the Servicer in respect of those Purchased Receivables deriving from the Related Contracts or Related Rights from the Obligor or a third party on and from the relevant Cut-Off Date and, for the avoidance of doubt, including any amounts representing the Vehicle Sale Proceeds (less an amount equal to any Excluded VAT Receivables Amount);

"**Common Safekeeper**" means the common safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg in relation to the Rated Notes;

"**Concentration Limit Tests**" means, in respect of a Purchased Receivable, each of the following (which, for the avoidance of doubt, may be determined without double-counting):

- (a) in relation to a New LCV Receivable or a Used LCV Receivable, its Outstanding Principal Balance when aggregated with the Outstanding Principal Balance of all other Purchased Receivables arising under Contracts pursuant to which amounts are payable in respect of New LCV Receivables or Used LCV Receivables does not exceed an amount equal to 30 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (b) in relation to a New MC Receivable or a Used MC Receivable, its Outstanding Principal Balance when aggregated with the Outstanding Principal Balance of all other Purchased Receivables arising under Contracts pursuant to which amounts are payable in respect of New MC Receivables or Used MC Receivables does not exceed an amount equal to 7.5 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (c) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the largest corporate Obligor to be greater than the lesser of (i) 0.25 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio, and (ii) £2,000,000;
- (d) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the 10 largest corporate Obligors to be greater than the lesser of (i) 0.75 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio, and (ii) £7,500,000;
- (e) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the largest individual Obligor to be greater than the lesser of (i) 0.25 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio, and (ii) £500,000;
- (f) the acquisition of such Purchased Receivable will not cause the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables resulting from Contracts entered into with the 10 largest individual Obligors to be greater than 0.60 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (g) (in relation to a PCP Receivable) its Outstanding Principal Balance when aggregated with the Outstanding Principal Balance of all other Purchased Receivables which are PCP Receivables does not exceed an amount equal to 15 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio;
- (h) the weighted average of its Contract Yield and the Contract Yields of all other Purchased Receivables is not less than 11 per cent.; and
- (i) in relation to a PCP Receivable, its PCP Residual Value when aggregated with the PCP Residual Value in respect of all PCP Contracts in the Portfolio does not exceed 11.0 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables in the Portfolio.

"**Conditional Sale Contract**" means an agreement between the Seller and an Obligor for the sale of a vehicle under which the purchase price or part of it is payable by instalments, and the title in the vehicle is to remain in the Seller (notwithstanding that the Obligor is to be in possession of the vehicle) until such conditions as to the payment of instalments or otherwise as may be specified in the agreement are fulfilled;

"**Conditions**" means the terms and conditions of the Notes set out in the Trust Deed and as may be modified in accordance with the Trust Deed and any reference to a particular numbered Condition shall be construed accordingly and references in the Conditions to paragraphs shall be construed as paragraphs of such Conditions;

"Contract" means any Hire Purchase Contract or a Conditional Sale Contract from which any Receivable derives;

"Contract Yield" means, with respect to a Receivable, the current rate of finance charges remaining in respect of such Receivable;

"**Corporate Services Agreement**" means the agreement dated on or about the Closing Date and made by, among others, the Issuer, Holdings, the Trustee, the Share Trustee and the Corporate Services Provider;

"**Corporate Services Provider**" means CSC Capital Markets UK Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales with limited liability (registered number 10780001), whose registered office is at 10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London, E14 5HU, United Kingdom, in its capacity as corporate services provider, or any successor corporate services provider appointed from time to time under the Corporate Services Agreement;

"Credit and Collection Procedures" means the origination, credit and collection procedures and underwriting criteria employed by the Servicer from time to time in relation to the provision of Services;

"Cumulative Loss Ratio" means as at any Interest Payment Date, the ratio, expressed as a percentage, calculated by dividing:

- (a) the sum of (i) the aggregate of the Outstanding Principal Balances (less any Vehicle Sale Proceeds or other recoveries received by the Seller) of all Purchased Receivables which were Defaulted Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables on the immediately preceding Calculation Date, and (ii) the aggregate of the Outstanding Principal Balances (less any Vehicle Sale Proceeds or other recoveries received by the Seller) of all Receivables which have been repurchased by the Seller pursuant to clause 7 (*Remedies and Repurchase*) of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement at any time prior to the immediately preceding Calculation Date and which were Defaulted Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables on the date of such repurchase, in each case as at the close of business on the Calculation Date immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date; by
- (b) the sum of (i) the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Portfolio as at the Closing Date and (ii) the aggregate of the Outstanding Principal Balances (as at the Calculation Date immediately preceding the date of sale to the Issuer) of all Receivables sold to the Issuer on or after the Closing Date pursuant to clause 2.2 (*Sale of Additional Portfolios*) of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"Cumulative Loss Test Date" means each Interest Payment Date falling during the Revolving Period;

"Cumulative Loss Trigger" means 2.00 per cent.;

"Cut-Off Date" means the Initial Cut-Off Date or an Additional Cut-Off Date;

"**Dealer**" means a sole trader, partnership or company from whom the Seller purchases a motor vehicle to form the subject of a Contract;

"**Deed of Charge**" means the deed of charge dated the Closing Date between the Issuer, the Trustee and certain of the Secured Creditors;

"**Defaulted Receivable**" means, at any time, any Purchased Receivable which is accounted for as defaulted by the Servicer in accordance with the Credit and Collection Procedures;

"**Deferred Purchase Price**" means the consideration payable to the Seller in respect of the Receivables sold to the Issuer, which is due and payable under the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments in an amount equal to (prior to the service of a Note Acceleration Notice) Available Revenue Receipts to be applied on each Interest Payment Date less all amounts due in respect of items (a) to (r) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments and (following service of a Note Acceleration Notice) all amounts available to the Issuer to be applied in accordance with the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments less all amounts due in respect of items (a) to (j) of the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments, plus in each case the Permitted Withdrawals;

"**Definitive Notes**" means any Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes issued in definitive bearer form and serially numbered pursuant to Condition 1.3, and any Subordinated Note;

"Delinquency Ratio" means, as at any Interest Payment Date, the ratio, expressed as a percentage, calculated by dividing:

- (a) the aggregate of the Outstanding Principal Balances of all Purchased Receivables which were Delinquent Receivables; by
- (b) the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Portfolio,

in each case as at the close of business on the Calculation Date immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date;

"**Delinquent Receivable**" means any Receivable, which is not a Defaulted Receivable or a Voluntarily Terminated Receivable, in which amounts in aggregate equal to at least one and a half Monthly Payments have not been paid on their due dates and which remain unpaid on the date of the most recent scheduled monthly payment instalment;

"DMR" means the Financial Services (Distance Marketing) Regulations 2004, as amended;

"EEA" means the European Economic Area;

"English Receivables" means those Purchased Receivables contained in the Portfolio where the address of the Obligor as set out in the Contract at the time of origination is in England and Wales;

"EU EMIR" means Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories;

"EU Securitisation Regulation" means Regulation (EU) 2017/2402, as amended, together with any relevant regulatory and/or implementing technical standards or delegated regulations applicable in relation thereto (including pursuant to any transitional arrangements made pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2017/2402) and, in each case, any relevant guidance and policy statements published by the Joint Committee of European Supervisory Authorities, the European Banking Authority, the European Securities and Markets Authority, the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (or, in each case, any predecessor authority) or the European Commission (in each case, as in force, interpreted and applied as at the Closing Date only);

"Euroclear" means Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V.;

"EUWA" means the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, as amended;

"Event of Default" has the meaning given to it in Condition 9.1;

"Excess Recoveries Amount" means an amount equal to any amounts received by the Issuer which is in excess of the aggregate of amounts due by an Obligor in respect of a Purchased Receivable (including related fees and costs associated with any Recoveries) either as a result of any indemnity amounts received from Dealers, insurers or other third parties or following a Purchased Receivable becoming a Defaulted Receivable, a Returned PCP Receivable or a Voluntarily Terminated Receivable (including, but not limited to, any Vehicle Sale Proceeds);

"Excess Swap Collateral" means an amount equal to the value of the Swap Collateral (or the applicable part thereof) which is in excess of the Swap Counterparty's liability (prior to any netting in respect of the Swap Collateral) under the Swap Agreement as at the date of termination of the Swap Agreement or which it is otherwise entitled to have returned to it under the terms of the Swap Agreement;

"Excluded Amounts" means:

- (a) default interest and fees for, and expenses, charges and costs, if any, arising as a consequence of late payment and any subsequent enforcement actions;
- (b) administrative fees (including, but not limited to, plate change fees);
- (c) excess mileage charges; and
- (d) charges in respect of damages for any Voluntarily Terminated Receivable;

"Excluded VAT Receivables Amount" means such part of the proceeds of the sale of a Vehicle as represents VAT, save to the extent that a reduction in the amount of VAT for which the Seller is required to account to HMRC in respect of such Vehicle arises in connection with the repossession and sale of such vehicle whether pursuant to Regulation 38 of the Value Added Tax Regulations 1995 or otherwise;

"Extraordinary Resolution" means (a) a resolution passed by the Noteholders at a Meeting duly convened and held in accordance with the Trust Deed by a majority consisting not less than three-fourths of the eligible persons voting thereat upon a show of hands or, if a poll is duly demanded, by a majority consisting not less than three-fourths of the votes cast on such poll or (b) a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of the Noteholders of not less than three-fourths in aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes which resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form each signed by or on behalf of one or more of the Noteholders;

"FATCA" means:

- (a) sections 1471 to 1474 of the Code or any associated regulations or other official guidance;
- (b) any treaty, law, regulation or other official guidance enacted in any other jurisdiction, or relating to an intergovernmental agreement between the United States of America and any other jurisdiction, which (in either case) facilitates the implementation of paragraph (a) above; and
- (c) any agreement pursuant to the implementation of paragraphs (a) or (b) above with the United States Internal Revenue Service, the government of the United States of America or any governmental or taxation authority in any other jurisdiction;

"FCA" means the UK Financial Conduct Authority, or any regulatory authority that may succeed it as a United Kingdom regulator;

"Final Class B Interest Payment Date" means the Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate of the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve following the application of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments and the amount of Available Principal Receipts available for application on such Interest Payment Date is greater than or equal to the aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of any Class A Notes and the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date;

"Final Discharge Date" means the date on which the Trustee notifies the Issuer and the Secured Creditors that it is satisfied that all the Secured Liabilities have been paid or discharged in full;

"Final Maturity Date" means the Interest Payment Date falling in October 2030;

"Final Receivables" means on any Interest Payment Date, all Purchased Receivables then owned by the Issuer;

"Final Redemption Date" means the Final Maturity Date or, if earlier, the date on which the Principal Amount Outstanding under the Notes has been repaid in full by the Issuer;

"Final Repurchase Price" means an amount equal to the higher of:

- (a) the sum of (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of such Final Receivables at the end of the immediately preceding Calculation Period and (ii) all other amounts accrued due and payable under the Contracts from which the Final Receivables derive on or prior to the end of the immediately preceding Calculation Period which have not been paid; and
- (b) all amounts required to be paid on such Interest Payment Date in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments (taking into account the redemption of the Notes in full) other than amounts due to the Seller in respect of Deferred Purchase Price less any Available Revenue Receipts and Available Principal Receipts to be applied on such Interest Payment Date;

"Fitch" means Fitch Ratings Ltd, or any successor to its ratings business;

"FSMA" means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended;

"FSM Act" means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2023, as amended;

"Global Notes" has the meaning given to that term in Condition 1.1;

"Guaranteed Future Value" means, in respect of a PCP Contract, the amount specified in such PCP Contract as being the future residual value of the Vehicle that is the subject of such PCP Contract;

"Hire Purchase Contract" means an agreement between the Seller and an Obligor, other than a Conditional Sale Contract, under which:

- (a) a vehicle is bailed or (in Scotland) hired in return for periodical payments by the Obligor; and
- (b) the title in the vehicle will pass to the Obligor if the terms of the agreement are complied with and one or more of the following occurs: (i) the exercise of an option to purchase by the Obligor, (ii) the doing of any other specified act by any party to the agreement, or (iii) the happening of any other specified event;

"HMRC" means His Majesty's Revenue & Customs;

"**Holdings**" means Orbita Holdings No. 2 Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales with limited liability (registered number 13722687) whose registered office is at 10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London E14 5HU, United Kingdom;

"Income Element" means, in relation to each Purchased Receivable, all amounts to be received from or on behalf of the Obligor in respect of such Purchased Receivable other than any amounts received in respect of any Principal Element of that Purchased Receivable and including, for the avoidance of doubt, all fees (including, but not limited to, acceptance fees and option fees but excluding any fees that are Excluded Amounts) and the interest charge in relation to the borrowings received in respect of the Purchased Receivables;

"Income Recoveries" means, on a Calculation Date, any amount received (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Vehicle Sale Proceeds) and allocable to the Income Element of any Purchased Receivable pursuant to the relevant computer system in the immediately preceding Calculation Period in relation to a Defaulted Receivable, a Returned PCP Receivable or a Voluntarily Terminated Receivable that is a Purchased Receivable;

"Initial Cut-Off Date" means 31 October 2023;

"Initial Optional Repurchase Payment" means in respect of a Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable, an amount, calculated by the Servicer, equal to (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the applicable Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable as at the Initial Cut-Off Date (in respect of the Initial Portfolio) or the relevant Additional Cut-Off Date (in respect of any Additional Portfolio), less any amounts received by the Issuer in respect of any Principal Element relating to such Purchased Receivable plus any accrued Income Element in respect thereof as at the date of the repurchase; multiplied by (ii) 12 per cent.;

"Initial Portfolio" means the portfolio consisting of Receivables purchased (or to be purchased) by the Issuer from the Seller on the Closing Date;

"Initial Principal Amount" means the Principal Amount Outstanding of a Note at the Closing Date;

"Initial Purchase Price" means the amount, determined as at the Closing Date, as being an amount equal to the sum of: (a) the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance due from Obligors under the Related Contracts during the period beginning on (but excluding) the Closing Date and ending on (and including) the maturity date of such Related Contract (plus any acceptance fees or option fees that are due but unpaid and any due but unpaid interest); and (b) the amount of Collections received by the Seller from (but excluding) the Initial Cut-Off Date to (and including) the Closing Date;

"Insolvency Event" means in respect of a relevant entity (each a "Relevant Entity"):

(a) an order is made or an effective resolution passed for the winding up of the Relevant Entity, except a winding up for the purposes of or pursuant to an amalgamation or reconstruction, the terms of which have previously been approved by the Trustee; or

- (b) the Relevant Entity, otherwise than for the purposes of such amalgamation or reconstruction as is referred to in paragraph (a) above, ceases or through an authorised action of its board of directors, threatens to cease to carry on all or substantially all of its business or admits its inability to pay debts as they fall due or is unable to pay its debts within the meaning of Section 123(1) of the Insolvency Act 1986 (other than, except in the case of the Issuer, subsection 123(1)(a)) or 123(2) of the Insolvency Act 1986 or, where applicable, Section 222 to 224 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
- (c) proceedings, corporate action or other steps shall be initiated against the Relevant Entity under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, sequestration, diligence, bankruptcy, composition, compromise, reorganisation or other similar laws (including, but not limited to, presentation of a petition for an administration order, the filing of documents with the court for the appointment of an administrator, the service of a notice of intention to appoint an administrator or the taking of any steps to appoint an administrator) and (except in the case of presentation of a petition for an administration order, the filing of documents with the court for the appointment of an administrator, the service of a notice of intention to appoint an administrator or the taking of any steps to appoint an administrator) such proceedings are not, in the reasonable opinion of the Trustee, being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success or an administration order shall be granted or the appointment of an administrator takes effect or an administrative receiver or other receiver, monitor, liquidator, trustee in sequestration or other similar official shall be appointed in relation to the Relevant Entity or in relation to the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Relevant Entity, or an encumbrancer (other than the Issuer or the Trustee) shall take possession of the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Relevant Entity, or a distress, execution or diligence or other process shall be levied or enforced upon or sued out against the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Relevant Entity and such possession or process (as the case may be) shall not be discharged or otherwise ceases to apply within thirty days of its commencement, or the Relevant Entity (or its directors or shareholders) initiates or consents to judicial proceedings relating to itself under applicable liquidation, insolvency, bankruptcy, composition, compromise, reorganisation or other similar laws or makes a conveyance or assignment or assignation for the benefit of its creditors generally or takes steps with a view to obtaining a moratorium in respect of any indebtedness; or
- (d) any event occurs which, under English law or any applicable law, has an analogous effect to any of the events referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) above;

"Insolvency Official" means, in respect of any company, a liquidator, provisional liquidator, administrator (whether appointed by the court or otherwise), bank administrator, bank liquidator, administrative receiver, receiver or manager, nominee, supervisor, trustee in bankruptcy, monitor, conservator, guardian or other similar official in respect of such company or in respect of all (or substantially all) of the company's assets or in respect of any arrangement or composition with creditors or any equivalent or analogous officer under the law of any jurisdiction;

"**Insolvency Proceedings**" means the winding-up, dissolution, sequestration, company voluntary arrangement or administration of a company or corporation and shall be construed so as to include any equivalent or analogous proceedings under the law of the jurisdiction in which such company or corporation is incorporated or of any jurisdiction in which such company or corporation carries on business, including the seeking of liquidation, winding-up, reorganisation, dissolution, administration, arrangement, adjustment, protection or relief from creditors or the appointment of an Insolvency Official;

"Interest Determination Date" has the meaning given to it in Condition 4.3(f)(iii);

"Interest Payment Date" means the 22nd day of each calendar month, except if such day is not a Business Day, in which case it shall be the next succeeding Business Day unless such day falls in the next month, in which case it shall be the preceding Business Day, **provided that** the first Interest Payment Date shall be the Interest Payment Date falling in December 2023;

"Interest Period" means each period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next Interest Payment Date provided that the first Interest Period shall be the period from (and including) the Closing Date and ending on (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling in December 2023;

"Interest Rate Swap Ledger" means the ledger of the same name maintained by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement;

"Investor Report" means the monthly cash management report prepared by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement;

"Irrecoverable VAT" means any amount in respect of VAT incurred by a party to a Transaction Document (for the purposes of this definition, a "Relevant Party") to the extent that the Relevant Party does not or will not receive and retain a credit or repayment of such VAT as input tax (as that expression is defined in Section 24(1) of VATA) for the prescribed accounting period (as that expression is used in Section 25(1) of VATA) to which such input tax relates;

"Issuer" means Orbita Funding 2023-1 plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales with limited liability (registered number 15107463), whose registered office is 10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London, E14 5HU, United Kingdom;

"Issuer Bank Accounts" means the bank accounts which the Issuer agrees to maintain, pursuant to the terms of the Account Bank Agreement, including the Transaction Account, any Swap Collateral Account, any Additional Account and any other bank account of the Issuer or in respect of which the Issuer at any time has an interest or, where the context requires, any of them;

"Issuer Profit Amount" means an amount equal to £100 on each Interest Payment Date;

"Issuer Retained Profit Ledger" means the ledger of the same name maintained by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement;

"Joint Lead Manager" means (a) Merrill Lynch International, a company incorporated in England and Wales (registered number 02312079) whose registered office is at 2 King Edward Street, London, EC1A 1HQ,(b) Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales (registered number 10399850) whose registered office is at 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN, or (c) NatWest Markets Plc, a company incorporated in Scotland (registered number SC090312), acting through its office at 250 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 4AA, each in its capacity as joint lead manager;

"Last Receivable Maturity Date" means the Interest Payment Date falling in October 2030;

"LCV" means light commercial vehicles;

"Liquidity Reserve" means, on any date, the amount standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve Ledger in the Transaction Account (before making the calculations required to be made on such Interest Payment Date);

"Liquidity Reserve Ledger" means the ledger of the same name maintained by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement;

"Liquidity Reserve Proceeds" means the portion of the initial loan advanced by the Subordinated Loan Provider to the Issuer under the Subordinated Loan Agreement in an amount equal to 1.5 per cent. of the aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes as at the Closing Date to establish the Liquidity Reserve;

"Liquidity Reserve Required Amount" means:

- (a) on each Interest Payment Date to and including the Final Class B Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to the higher of: (i) 1.50 per cent. of the aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and Class B Notes as at the Calculation Date immediately preceding that Interest Payment Date; and (ii) 0.50 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date; and
- (b) thereafter, zero;

"Loan to Value Ratio" means, in respect of any Receivable, the proportion (expressed as a percentage) which the Outstanding Principal Balance at the date of origination of the relevant Contract bore to the purchase price (including VAT and all accessories) of the related financed vehicle;

"Loss" or "Liability" means in respect of any person, any loss, liability, damages, cost, expense, claim, action, suit or judgment which such person may incur or which may be made against such person, including (without limitation):

- (a) any consequential loss or loss of profit;
- (b) the fees and expenses of any professional adviser to such person;
- (c) the cost of funds of such person;
- (d) the costs of investigation and defence; and
- (e) any Irrecoverable VAT payable in respect of any such amount;

"Master Definitions Schedule" means the master definitions schedule dated the Closing Date between, among others, the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Trustee, the Principal Paying Agent, the Agent Bank, the Account Bank, the Cash Manager, the Registrar, the Corporate Services Provider, Holdings and the Swap Counterparty;

"MC" means motorcycles;

"**Meeting**" means a meeting of the Noteholders or of any one or more Classes of Noteholders and, except where the context otherwise requires, includes a meeting resumed following an adjournment;

"**Modified Following Business Day Convention**" means the business day convention under which, where a relevant date falls on a day which is not a Business Day, that date will be adjusted so that it falls on the first following day that is a Business Day, unless that day falls in the next calendar month, in which case that date will be the first preceding day that is a Business Day;

"**Monthly Payment**" means each monthly payment due from an Obligor under the Contract to which such Obligor is a party;

"Monthly Payment Date" means the date on which each Monthly Payment is due;

"Moody's" means Moody's Investors Service España, S.A. or any successor to its ratings business;

"Most Senior Class of Notes" means, at any time:

- (a) the Class A Notes; or
- (b) if no Class A Notes are then outstanding, the Class B Notes (if at that time any Class B Notes are then outstanding); or
- (c) if no Class B Notes are then outstanding, the Class C Notes (if at that time any Class C Notes are then outstanding); or
- (d) if no Class C Notes are then outstanding, the Subordinated Notes (if at that time any Subordinated Notes are then outstanding);

"**New LCV Receivables**" means any Purchased Receivables which are identifiable in the Seller's records as relating to a new light commercial vehicle in a manner which is consistent with the Credit and Collection Procedures;

"**New MC Receivables**" means any Purchased Receivables which are identifiable in the Seller's records as relating to a new motorcycle in a manner which is consistent with the Credit and Collection Procedures;

"**Non-Compliant Receivable**" means each Purchased Receivable in respect of which any Receivables Warranty proves to have been incorrect on the date on which the relevant Receivables Warranty is given and remains incorrect, or has never existed;

"**Non-Permitted Variation**" means any change to a Contract that relates to a Purchased Receivable which has the effect of:

- (a) reducing the Amount Financed;
- (b) reducing the Annual Percentage Rate;
- (c) reducing the total number of Monthly Payments (other than any rescheduling to Monthly Payments which the Servicer is obligated to make pursuant to the CCA); or
- (d) extending the term of the Purchased Receivable such that the last Monthly Payment Date falls after the Last Receivable Maturity Date,

other than, in the case of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) above, any change to a Contract (i) made in relation to the Servicer's arrears management process in accordance with its Credit and Collection Procedures, or (ii) required to be made by any Requirement of Law;

"**Northern Irish Receivables**" means those Receivables contained in the Portfolio where the address of the Obligor as set out in the Contract at the time of origination is in Northern Ireland;

"Note Acceleration Notice" has the meaning given to it in Condition 9.1;

"Noteholders" means (i) in relation to any Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes represented by a Global Note, each person who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular principal amount of such Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes (other than Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg), in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg as to the principal amount of such Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes, Class A1 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error (other than for the purpose of payments in respect thereof, the right to which shall be vested as against the Issuer and any Paying Agent, solely in the bearer of a Global Note), (ii) in relation to the Subordinated Notes, the holders of the Subordinated Notes named in the Register maintained by the Registrar and (iii) in relation to any Definitive Notes in relation to the Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, the bearer of those Definitive Notes, and related expressions shall (where appropriate) be construed accordingly;

"**Notes**" means the Class A1 Notes, the Class A2 Notes, the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes and the Subordinated Notes or, where the context requires, any of them and includes the Definitive Notes and the Global Notes;

"**Obligor**" means a Person obliged, on entering into a Contract, to make payments to the Seller pursuant to that Contract;

"**Option Date**" means, in relation to any PCP Receivable, the date upon which the Obligor has the right to make a balloon payment under a PCP Contract or (in relation to any Returned PCP Receivable) the date upon which the Obligor exercises its option to return the vehicle to the Seller;

"**Optional Repurchase Payment**" means, in respect of a Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable, an amount equal to (i) the Initial Optional Repurchase Payment plus (ii) any VAT Adjustment Amount received by the Seller in respect of such Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable on or following the date of repurchase of such Receivable by the Seller from the Issuer;

"**Ordinary Resolution**" means a resolution passed at a meeting duly convened and held in accordance with the Trust Deed by more than 50% of the eligible persons voting thereat on a show of hands or, if a poll is duly demanded, by a simple majority of the votes cast on such poll;

"outstanding" means in relation to the Notes all the Notes issued other than:

- (a) those Notes which have been redeemed in full pursuant to the Conditions;
- (b) those Notes in respect of which the date for redemption in accordance with the Conditions has occurred and the redemption moneys (including all interest payable thereon) have been duly paid to the Trustee or to the Principal Paying Agent in the manner provided in the Agency Agreement

(and where appropriate notice to that effect has been given to the relevant Noteholders in accordance with the Conditions) and remain available for payment against presentation of the relevant Notes;

- (c) those Notes which have been purchased and cancelled in accordance with the Conditions;
- (d) those Notes which have become void under Condition 8 (*Prescription*);
- (e) those mutilated or defaced Notes which have been surrendered and cancelled and in respect of which replacements have been issued pursuant to Condition 13 (*Replacement of Global Notes*);
- (f) (for the purpose only of ascertaining the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes outstanding and without prejudice to the status for any other purpose of the relevant Notes) those Notes which are alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed and in respect of which replacements have been issued pursuant to Condition 13 (*Replacement of Global Notes*); and
- (g) any Global Note to the extent that it shall have been exchanged for another Global Note in respect of the Notes of the relevant Class or for the Notes of the relevant Class in definitive form pursuant to its provisions;

provided that for each of the following purposes, namely:

- the right to attend and vote at any meeting of the Noteholders of any Class or Classes, an Extraordinary Resolution in writing or an Ordinary Resolution in writing and any direction or request by the holders of Notes of any Class or Classes;
- (ii) the determination of how many and which Notes are for the time being outstanding for the purposes of Conditions 9 (*Events of Default*) and 10 (*Enforcement*);
- (iii) any right, discretion, power or authority (whether contained in the Conditions, any other Transaction Document or vested by operation of law) which the Trustee is required, expressly or impliedly, to exercise in or by reference to the interests of the Noteholders or any Class or Classes thereof; and
- (iv) the determination by the Trustee whether any event, circumstance, matter or thing is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders or any Class or Classes thereof,

those Notes (if any) which are for the time being held by or on behalf of or for the benefit of the Issuer, the Seller and/or any Affiliate of either of them, in each case as beneficial owner, shall (unless and until ceasing to be so held) be deemed not to remain outstanding, except in the case of any of the Seller or any Affiliate thereof (the "**Relevant Persons**") where all of the Notes of any Class are held by or on behalf of or for the benefit of one or more Relevant Persons and (i) no other Classes exist that rank junior or *pari passu* to such Class or (ii) if any such other Class or Classes of Notes exist, no investor other than the Seller and/or any of its Affiliates is the beneficial owner of the Notes of such Class or Classes, in which case such Class of Notes shall be deemed to remain outstanding;

"**Outstanding Principal Balance**" means, on any date and with respect to each Purchased Receivable, the Principal Element outstanding under the Related Contract;

"**Paying Agents**" means the Principal Paying Agent together with any successor or additional paying agents appointed from time to time in connection with the Notes under the Agency Agreement, and Paying Agent means any one of them;

"**PCP Contract**" means a Hire Purchase Contract which provides for a balloon payment calculated by reference to Guaranteed Future Value and under which an Obligor may on the Option Date (a) make a final balloon payment and take title of the Vehicle or (b) return the Vehicle financed under such PCP Contract to the Seller in lieu of making such final balloon payment;

"PCP Receivable" means any Receivable arising under a PCP Contract;

"**PCP Residual Value**" means, with respect to any PCP Contract, the Receivable representing the final payment under such PCP Contract (which is based on residual value ascribed by the Seller to the Vehicle financed pursuant to such PCP Contract in accordance with the Credit and Collection Procedures);

"**Perfection Event**" means each of the following events:

- (a) it becoming necessary by law to perfect the Issuer's legal title to the Purchased Receivables, (or procure the perfection of the Issuer's legal title to the Purchased Receivables) in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement; or
- (b) unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Trustee, a Servicer Termination Event occurs; or
- (c) the Seller calling for perfection or transfer of legal title by serving notice in writing to that effect on the Issuer and the Trustee; or
- (d) the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in respect of the Seller; or
- (e) the occurrence of a Severe Deterioration Event in respect of the Seller; or
- (f) the Seller or the Servicer fails to meet any obligation under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement or the Servicing Agreement to pay to the Issuer any sum in respect of the Purchased Receivables within five Business Days of the date on which payment is required to be made by the Seller or the Servicer or the date of demand and such failure is not remedied within 30 Business Days after the Issuer has given notice thereof to the Seller;

"**Permanent Global Note**" means the permanent global notes obtained by exchanging interests in a Temporary Global Note on and after the date which is 40 days after the Closing Date, upon certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the relevant Noteholder;

"**Permitted Withdrawal**" means an amount equal to the aggregate of the following withdrawals made by the Cash Manager (as directed by the Seller) on any Business Day:

- (a) Excess Recoveries Amount; and
- (b) Excluded VAT Receivables Amount,

in the case of (b), to the extent not previously deducted from Collections and provided that, any such withdrawals shall (i) in any Calculation Period only be made up to a maximum amount equal to the Revenue Receipts received in such Calculation Period, (ii) be deemed to be made prior to administration of the applicable Priority of Payments and (iii) for the avoidance of doubt, shall not be included as Available Revenue Receipts;

"**Person**" means an individual, partnership, company, corporation, joint stock company, trust, unincorporated association, joint venture or other entity, or a government or any political subdivision or agency thereof;

"Portfolio" means the Initial Portfolio and each Additional Portfolio;

"**Portfolio Schedule**" means a schedule substantially in the form set out in schedule 2 (*Form of Portfolio Schedule*) to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"**Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments**" means the priority of payments for the application of amounts received or recovered by the Trustee (or a receiver appointed on its behalf) following the service of a Note Acceleration Notice as set out in the Deed of Charge;

"**Potential Event of Default**" means any event which will become (with the passage of time, the giving of notice, the making of any determination or any combination thereof) an Event of Default;

"PRA" means the Prudential Regulation Authority;

"**Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments**" means the priority of payments for the application of Available Principal Receipts prior to service of a Note Acceleration Notice as set out in the Cash Management Agreement;

"**Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments**" means the priority of payments for the application of Available Revenue Receipts prior to service of a Note Acceleration Notice as set out in the Cash Management Agreement;

"Principal Amount Outstanding" has the meaning given to it in Condition 6.4;

"**Principal Deficiency Ledger**" means the ledger of such name maintained by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement comprising four sub-ledgers (i) the Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger; (ii) the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger; (iii) the Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger; and (iv) the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger;

"**Principal Element**" means, in relation to each Receivable, the principal amount of that Receivable as shown on the relevant computer system as representing the principal component of the Receivable (or, if the Servicer has failed to comply with its obligations under the Servicing Agreement, the principal amount that would have been shown on the relevant computer system had the Servicer complied with such obligations);

"**Principal Paying Agent**" means Citibank, N.A., London Branch, a branch of Citibank, N.A., a company incorporated in the United States, established in England and Wales (branch number BR0010018) and situated at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB, in its capacity as principal paying agent, or any successor principal paying agent appointed from time to time under the Agency Agreement;

"Principal Receipts" means all amounts comprised of:

- (a) any amounts received in respect of any Principal Element of Purchased Receivables (other than Purchased Receivables that have become Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables and in respect of the repurchase price paid in respect of the repurchase of Non-Compliant Receivables or Non-Eligible Receivables in accordance with the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement); and
- (b) any other amounts received by the Issuer in respect of the Purchased Receivables which relate to the Principal Element of such Purchased Receivables (including, but not limited to, any amount received by the Issuer in respect of any Principal Element in respect of the Receivables Repurchase Price, the Optional Repurchase Payment, the CCA Compensation Payment and the Receivables Indemnity Amount);

"**Principal Recoveries**" means, on a Calculation Date, any amount received (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Vehicle Sale Proceeds) and allocable to the Principal Element of any Purchased Receivable pursuant to the relevant computer system in the immediately preceding Calculation Period in relation to a Defaulted Receivable, a Returned PCP Receivable or a Voluntarily Terminated Receivable that is a Purchased Receivable;

"**Priority of Payments**" means the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments, the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments and the Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments, or any of them;

"Provisional Cut-Off Date" means 31 August 2023;

"**Provisional Portfolio**" means the portfolio of Receivables described in "*The Provisional Portfolio*" as at the Provisional Cut-Off Date;

"Purchase Date" means the Closing Date or an Additional Portfolio Purchase Date;

"**Purchased Receivable**" means each Receivable purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement (and in respect of any Scottish Receivables, held in trust pursuant to the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust) which has neither been paid in full by or on behalf of the Obligor nor repurchased by the Seller pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"RAO" means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001, as amended;

"**Rating Agencies**" means Fitch and Moody's or where the context requires either of them or any of their successors. If at any time Fitch or Moody's is replaced as a Rating Agency then references to its rating categories in the Transaction Documents shall be deemed instead to be references to the equivalent rating categories of the entity which replaces it as a Rating Agency;

"Rating Agency Confirmation" means, a confirmation in writing by the relevant Rating Agencies that the then current ratings of the Rated Notes will not be downgraded, qualified or withdrawn as a result of the relevant event or matter provided that if: (a) a confirmation or affirmation of rating or other response by a Rating Agency is a condition to any action or step under any Transaction Document; and (b) a written request for such confirmation affirmation or response is delivered to that Rating Agency by any of the Issuer, the Servicer, the Swap Counterparty (in respect of a Rating Agency Confirmation requested pursuant to the provisions of the Swap Agreement only) and/or the Trustee, as applicable (each a "Requesting Party") and one or more of the Rating Agencies (each a "Non-Responsive Rating Agency") indicates that it does not consider such confirmation, affirmation or response necessary in the circumstances, the Requesting Party (and for the purposes of Condition 11.9 and clause 19.2 of the Trust Deed, the Trustee) shall be entitled to disregard the requirement for a confirmation or affirmation of rating or other response by each Non-Responsive Rating Agency which provides such indication and proceed on the basis of the confirmations or affirmations of rating or other responses received by each other Rating Agency or, if all the Rating Agencies indicate that they do not consider such confirmation, affirmation or response necessary in the circumstances, on the basis that such confirmation or affirmation of rating or other response by a Rating Agency is not required in the particular circumstances of the request. If a Rating Agency does not respond to a written request for a confirmation or affirmation of rating such non response shall not be interpreted to mean that such Rating Agency has given any deemed confirmation or affirmation of rating or other response in respect of such action or step or any deemed indication that it does not consider such confirmation, affirmation or response necessary in the circumstances, provided that in the event of a nonresponse from all Rating Agencies, the Requesting Party (and for the purposes of Condition 11.9 and clause 19.2 of the Trust Deed, the Trustee) will be entitled to proceed on the basis that such confirmation or affirmation of rating or other response by a Rating Agency is not required in the particular circumstances of the request. However, nothing herein shall in any way affect the right of a Rating Agency to downgrade or withdraw its then current ratings of the Rated Notes in a manner as it sees fit;

"**Receivable**" means all of the claims and rights or purported rights (whether actual or contingent) of the Seller against any Obligor under or in connection with Contracts originated by the Seller (including scheduled payments (including any amounts in respect of VAT) and any other liabilities of the Obligors under such Contracts but excluding all Excluded Amounts);

"Receivables Call Option" means the call option granted by the Issuer to the Seller pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, under which the Seller following the earlier of (a) the sale of the relevant Vehicle in accordance with the terms of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement and allocation of the sale proceeds of such relevant Vehicle to the outstanding amount under the relevant Related Contract, and (b) a Defaulted Receivable, Returned PCP Receivable or Voluntarily Terminated Receivable being written off as uncollectable by the Servicer in accordance with the Seller's Credit and Collection Procedures but prior to the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in respect of the Seller, has the right to repurchase from the Issuer any Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables;

"Receivables Indemnity Amount" means, where a Purchased Receivable has never existed, or has ceased to exist, such that it is not outstanding on the date on which it is otherwise due to be repurchased pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, an amount equal to (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of such Purchased Receivable had the Purchased Receivable existed and complied with each of the Receivables Warranties as at the relevant Cut-Off Date and (ii) any deemed interest accrued on the relevant Purchased Receivable at a rate equal to the weighted average Contract Yield of the Portfolio as determined by the Servicer at the end of the immediately preceding Calculation Period less any amounts received by the Issuer in respect of any Principal Element relating to such Purchased Receivable;

"Receivables Repurchase Price" means, in respect of a Receivable, an amount, calculated by the Servicer, equal to the Outstanding Principal Balance of such Receivable as at the Initial Cut-Off Date (in respect of the Initial Portfolio) or the relevant Additional Cut-Off Date (where such Receivable is part of any Additional Portfolio), less any amounts received by the Issuer in respect of any Principal Element of such Receivable, plus any accrued Income Element of such Receivable, in each case as at the date of the repurchase;

"Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement" means the receivables sale and purchase agreement dated the Closing Date between the Seller, the Issuer and the Trustee;

"**Receivables Warranties**" means the representations and warranties made by the Seller in respect of the Purchased Receivables as set out in clause 6.2 of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"**Receiver**" means any person (being a licensed insolvency practitioner) who is appointed by the Trustee to be a receiver or an administrative receiver (as the case may be) of the Charged Property to act jointly, independently, or jointly and severally, as the Trustee shall determine;

"**Records**" means, with respect to any Purchased Receivable, all Contracts and other documents, books, records and other information (including, without limitation, computer programmes, tapes, disks, punch cards, data processing software and related property and rights) relating to such Receivable, any Related Rights (other than the Records) therefor, the related Obligor and the relevant Dealer which are necessary to service or enforce such Receivable and Related Rights;

"Recoveries" means Income Recoveries and Principal Recoveries;

"Register" means the register maintained by the Registrar with respect to the Subordinated Notes;

"**Registrar**" means Citibank, N.A., London Branch, a branch of Citibank, N.A., a company incorporated in the United States, established in England and Wales (branch number BR0010018) and situated at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB, in its capacity as registrar, or any successor registrar appointed from time to time under the Agency Agreement;

"Regulation S" means Regulation S of the Securities Act;

"Related Contract" means, in relation to each Receivable, the Contract from which such Receivable derives;

"Related Rights" means, with respect to any Receivable, all of the Seller's right, title and interest in, to and under:

- (a) the Contract and other Records relating to such Receivable;
- (b) all security interests or liens and property subject thereto from time to time, if any, purporting to secure payment of such Receivable, whether pursuant to the Contract relating to such Receivable or otherwise, together with all security agreements describing any collateral securing such Receivable; and
- (c) (to the extent such are capable of assignment or assignation or being held on trust) all guarantees, insurance and other agreements or arrangements of whatever character from time to time supporting or securing payment of such Receivable (other than title to the related Vehicle), and the proceeds thereof, whether pursuant to the Contract relating to such Receivable or otherwise, including (without limitation) all rights which the Seller may have against the relevant Dealer; and
- (d) the right to receive the Vehicle Sale Proceeds;

"**Related Third Party Creditors**" means any creditor of the Issuer (not being a Secured Creditor) in respect of costs, fees, expenses or other amounts (including taxes) incurred by the Issuer to such creditor or required by law to be paid to such creditor in each case;

"Relevant Date" has the meaning given in Condition 8 (Prescription);

"**Remaining Revenue Deficiency**" means the amount of any insufficiency in the amount of Available Revenue Receipts (ignoring any Available Principal Receipts referred to in item (g) of the definition of Available Revenue Receipts) available to pay:

- (a) items (a) to (f) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments;
- (b) if the Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger Condition is satisfied, item (h) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments; and

(c) if the Class C Notes are the Most Senior Class of Notes, item (k) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments;

"**Replacement Cash Manager**" means the replacement cash manager appointed pursuant to the terms of the Cash Management Agreement;

"**Replacement Swap Premium**" means an amount received by the Issuer from a replacement Swap Counterparty upon entry by the Issuer into an agreement with such replacement Swap Counterparty to replace the outgoing Swap Counterparty, which shall be applied by the Issuer in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement and the Deed of Charge;

"**Replenishment Ledger**" means the ledger of the same name maintained by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement;

"**Required Ratings**" means such ratings as are consistent with the then published criteria of the relevant Rating Agency as being the minimum ratings that are required to support the then rating of the Rated Notes;

"Requirement of Law" means, in respect of any person:

- (a) any law, treaty, rule, requirement or regulation;
- (b) a notice by an order of any court having jurisdiction;
- (c) a mandatory requirement of any regulatory authority having jurisdiction; or
- (d) a determination of an arbitrator or governmental authority;

"Retained EU Law Act" means the Retained EU Law (Revocation and Reform) Act 2023, as amended;

"**Returned PCP Receivable**" means any PCP Receivable in respect of which the vehicle has been handed back to the Seller on the Option Date;

"**Revenue Deficiency**" means the amount of any insufficiency in the amount of Available Revenue Receipts (ignoring any amounts then standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve Ledger referred to in item (c) and any Available Principal Receipts referred to in item (g) in each case of the definition of Available Revenue Receipts) available to pay items (a) to (h) of the Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments;

"Revenue Deficiency Ledger" means the ledger of the same name maintained by the Cash Manager in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement;

"Revenue Receipts" means all amounts comprising of:

- (a) the Income Element of the Purchased Receivables (other than Purchased Receivables that have become Defaulted Receivables, Returned PCP Receivables or Voluntarily Terminated Receivables and in respect of which the repurchase price has been paid in respect of the repurchase of Non-Compliant Receivables or Non-Eligible Receivables in accordance with the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement);
- (b) any amount received by the Issuer in respect of any CCA Compensation Payments, Receivables Indemnity Amounts and Receivables Repurchase Price, in each case to the extent that the same represents a payment in respect of the Income Element of the Purchased Receivables;
- (c) any amount received by the Issuer in respect of any Optional Repurchase Payment; and
- (d) any other amounts received by the Issuer in respect of the Purchased Receivables which is not in respect of the Principal Element of such Purchased Receivables;

"**Revised Purchase Date**" means the revised date, falling within the Revolving Period, indicated on a revised Transfer Notice on which the Seller wishes to sell and assign to the Issuer an Additional Portfolio in accordance with clause 2 (*Sale and Assignment by the Seller to the Issuer*) of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"**Revolving Period**" means the period commencing on (and including) the Closing Date and ending on (and, in the case of (a), including, but otherwise excluding) the first to occur of:

- (a) the Interest Payment Date falling in October 2024;
- (b) the date on which a Revolving Period Termination Event occurs; and
- (c) the date on which all the Notes are redeemed following the repurchase of all Receivables by the Seller in accordance with clause 7.4 of the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"Revolving Period Termination Event" means the occurrence of any of the following:

- (a) the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in respect of the Seller;
- (b) a Servicer Termination Event;
- (c) the Seller fails duly to perform or comply with any of its material obligations under any Transaction Document to which it is a party and if such failure is capable of being remedied, such failure, is not remedied within twenty Business Days after the earlier of notice thereof has been given by the Issuer or the Trustee to the Seller or the Seller becoming aware of such failure;
- (d) the occurrence of an Event of Default or Termination Event under the Swap Agreement (in each case as defined in the Swap Agreement);
- (e) the delivery of a Note Acceleration Notice by the Trustee after the occurrence of an Event of Default;
- (f) a breach of any of the following portfolio triggers shall have occurred:
 - (i) the Average Delinquency Ratio exceeds 2.00 per cent. on any Interest Payment Date; or
 - the Cumulative Loss Ratio exceeds the Cumulative Loss Trigger on any Cumulative Loss Test Date;
- (g) on any Interest Payment Date, the Liquidity Reserve is not funded up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount;
- (h) on any two consecutive Interest Payment Dates, the balance of the Replenishment Ledger as at the Calculation Date immediately preceding the relevant Interest Payment Date is greater than 10 per cent. of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance as at the Closing Date; or
- (i) an amount is recorded as a debit on the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger on or before an Interest Payment Date and the Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger remains in debit after the application of Available Revenue Receipts in accordance with the relevant Priority of Payments on the Interest Payment Date immediately following such Interest Payment Date.

"Scottish Declaration of Trust" means each declaration of trust (forming part of a Transfer Notice) in relation to Scottish Receivables and their Related Rights constituted pursuant to a Transfer Notice delivered pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement by means of which the sale of such Scottish Receivables and their Related Rights by the Seller to the Issuer and the transfer of the beneficial interest therein to the Issuer are given effect;

"Scottish Receivables" means those Receivables contained in the Portfolio governed by or otherwise subject to Scots law;

"**Scottish Supplemental Charge**" means each assignation in security granted by the Issuer in favour of the Trustee in respect of the Issuer's interest in the relevant Scottish Declaration of Trust and (as applicable) the Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge entered into pursuant to the Deed of Charge substantially in the form set out at schedule 2 (*Form of Scottish Supplemental Charge*) to the Deed of Charge;

"**Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds**" means Vehicle Sale Proceeds in respect of Purchased Receivables in so far as they relate to Scottish Vehicles;

"Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge" means the Scots law governed floating charge granted by the Seller in favour of the Issuer in respect of the Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds pursuant to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement substantially in the form set out in schedule 7 (*Form of Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge*) to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"Scottish Vehicles" means Vehicles situated in Scotland or otherwise subject to Scots law;

"**Secured Creditors**" means the Seller, the Trustee, any Appointee, the Servicer, the Cash Manager, the Account Bank, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Agents, the Swap Counterparty, the Corporate Services Provider, the Noteholders and any Receiver and any other party which becomes a Secured Creditor pursuant to the Deed of Charge;

"Secured Liabilities" means any and all monies, obligations and liabilities and all other amounts due, owing, payable or owed by the Issuer to the Secured Creditors under the Notes and/or the Transaction Documents, and references to Secured Liabilities includes references to any of them;

"Securities Act" means the United States Securities Act of 1933;

"**Securitisation**" means the securitisation transaction entered into on or about the Closing Date under the Transaction Documents in connection with the issue of the Notes by the Issuer;

"Securitisation Repository Website" means the website of European DataWarehouse, being a securitisation repository registered under Article 10 of the UK Securitisation Regulation, at https://editor.eurodw.co.uk/;

"Security" means the security constituted by and pursuant to the Deed of Charge;

"Security Powers of Attorney" means the security powers of attorney dated the Closing Date granted by the Issuer in favour of the Trustee in, or substantially in, the form set out in the Deed of Charge;

"Seller" means Close Brothers Limited in its capacity as seller of the Purchased Receivables to the Issuer under the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"Servicer" means CBL in its capacity as servicer, or any successor servicer appointed from time to time under the Servicing Agreement;

"Servicer Report" means the monthly servicing report prepared by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement;

"Servicer Standard of Care" means the standard of care set out in the Servicing Agreement to which the Servicer will perform its obligations and the exercise of its discretions under the Servicing Agreement and its exercise of the rights of the Issuer in respect of contracts and arrangements giving rise to payment obligations in respect of the Purchased Receivables;

"Servicer Termination Event" means:

- (a) the Servicer fails to pay any amount due under the Servicing Agreement on the due date or on demand, if so payable, or to direct any movement of collections as required under the Servicing Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, and such failure has continued unremedied for a period of seven Business Days after written notice or discovery of such failure by an officer of the Servicer; or
- (b) the Servicer (i) fails to observe or perform in any material respect any of its covenants and obligations under or pursuant to the Servicing Agreement or any other Transaction Document to which it is a party and such failure results in a material adverse effect on the Issuer's ability to make payments in respect of the Notes and continues unremedied for a period of 60 days after the earlier of an officer of the Servicer becoming aware of such default and written notice of such failure being received by the Servicer or (ii) fails to maintain its authorisations and permissions required under the FSMA or any other regulatory licence or approval required under the terms of the

Servicing Agreement and such failure continues unremedied for a period of 60 days after the earlier of an officer of the Servicer becoming aware of such default and written notice of such failure being received by the Servicer; or

(c) the occurrence of an Insolvency Event in relation to the Servicer;

"Services" means the services to be provided by the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement;

"Servicing Agreement" means the servicing agreement expected to be dated on or around the Closing Date relating to the Purchased Receivables between, among others, the Issuer and the Servicer;

"Severe Deterioration Event" means all or any part of the property, business, undertakings, assets or revenues of the Seller having an aggregate value in excess of £60 million having been attached as a result of any distress, execution or diligence being levied or any encumbrancer taking possession or similar attachment and such attachment having not been lifted within 30 days, unless such event will not materially prejudice the ability of the Seller to observe or perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents or the enforceability or collectability of the Receivables;

"Share Trustee" means, as at the Closing Date, CSC Corporate Services (UK) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales (registered number 10831084) whose registered office is at 10th Floor, 5 Churchill Place, London, E14 5HU, United Kingdom, in its capacity as trustee of, among other things, the share in the capital of Holdings;

"**Specified Office**" means, with respect to an Agent, the office listed at the end of the Conditions or such other office as may from time to time be duly notified pursuant to Condition 14 (Notice to Noteholders);

"Standard Documents" means the forms of the standard documents used by the Seller in originating Contracts to be appended to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement (including any data tape or computer disk containing such agreements) and any revised or substitute form;

"**Start-up Costs Proceeds**" means the portion of the initial loan advanced by the Subordinated Loan Provider to the Issuer under the Subordinated Loan Agreement in an amount equal to £100,000 for the purpose of funding payment of any fees, expenses and premia incurred by the Issuer on or about the Closing Date in connection with the Securitisation;

"Sterling" or "£" means the lawful currency of the United Kingdom;

"**Subordinated Loan**" means the loan provided to the Issuer by the Subordinated Loan Provider pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement;

"Subordinated Loan Agreement" means the loan agreement dated the Closing Date between, among others, the Issuer and the Subordinated Loan Provider;

"Subordinated Loan Provider" means, as at the Closing Date, Close Brothers Limited;

"**Subordinated Noteholders**" means the persons who are for the time being the holders of the Subordinated Notes;

"**Subordinated Notes**" means the £36,294,000 Subordinated Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due October 2030 issued in definitive registered form;

"Subordinated Notes Interest Amount" means the amount of interest payable in respect of the Subordinated Notes;

"Subordinated Notes Principal Amount" means the Principal Amount Outstanding in respect of all Subordinated Notes on any date;

"Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger" means a sub-ledger on the Principal Deficiency Ledger in respect of the Subordinated Notes;

"Subordinated Swap Amounts" means any termination amount payable by the Issuer to the Swap Counterparty under the Swap Agreement as a result of either (a) an Event of Default (as defined in the Swap Agreement) where the Swap Counterparty is the Defaulting Party (as defined in the Swap

Agreement), or (b) an Additional Termination Event (as defined in the Swap Agreement) (which occurs as a result of the failure of the Swap Counterparty to comply with the requirements of a rating downgrade provision set out under the Swap Agreement);

"**Surplus Available Principal Receipts**" means Available Principal Receipts to be applied as Available Revenue Receipts in accordance with item (h) of the Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments;

"Swap Agreement" means an International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc 1992 Master Agreement, the schedule thereto, any credit support annexes or other credit support documents related thereto and each swap transaction confirmation thereunder, entered into between the Issuer and the Swap Counterparty on or prior to the Closing Date and the swap transactions effected thereunder (or such replacement swap agreement as the Issuer may enter into in accordance with the Transaction Documents);

"Swap Collateral" means an amount equal to the value of the collateral (or the applicable part of any collateral) (including, without limitation, cash and/or securities) provided by the Swap Counterparty to the Issuer in respect of the Swap Counterparty's obligations to transfer collateral to the Issuer under the Swap Agreement, which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall include any amount of interest credited to any relevant Swap Collateral Account and any income or distributions received in respect of such collateral and any equivalent or replacement of such collateral from time to time;

"Swap Collateral Account" means each account or accounts opened by the Issuer and maintained with the Account Bank, or another institution with the Account Bank Ratings, in accordance with the provisions of the Account Bank Agreement, the Cash Management Agreement, the Deed of Charge and the Swap Agreement, into which Swap Collateral will be posted by the Swap Counterparty pursuant to the Swap Agreement which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall include, if applicable, any custody account in respect of any Swap Collateral in the form of securities posted as collateral under the Swap Agreement;

"Swap Collateral Custody Agreement" means any agreement entered into by the Issuer pursuant to which the Issuer appoints a custodian to hold any Swap Collateral posted under the Swap Agreement to the extent such Swap Collateral is in the form of securities credited to the Swap Collateral Account;

"Swap Counterparty" means Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales (registered number 10399850), whose registered office is at 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN, in its capacity as counterparty to the Issuer under the Swap Agreement, or any successor such counterparty under the Swap Agreement;

"Swap Rate Modification" has the meaning given to that term in Condition 11.8(h) (Meeting of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver);

"Swap Rate Modification Certificate" has the meaning given to that term in Condition 11.7(h)(i) (*Meeting of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver*);

"Swap Tax Credits" means any credit, allowance, set-off or repayment, which is received by the Issuer in respect of tax from the tax authorities of any jurisdiction relating to any deduction or withholding giving rise to an increased payment by the Swap Counterparty to the Issuer, the amounts of which shall be applied by the Issuer in accordance with the Cash Management Agreement;

"Swap Termination Payment" means any payment due to the Swap Counterparty upon the early termination of a swap transaction under the Swap Agreement to which such Swap Counterparty is a party;

"Temporary Global Note" shall have the meaning given to such term in the Conditions;

"Transaction" means the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents;

"Transaction Account" means the Sterling account in the name of the Issuer with the Account Bank and designated as such;

"**Transaction Documents**" means the Trust Deed, the Notes (when issued), the Agency Agreement, the Servicing Agreement, the Cash Management Agreement, the Account Bank Agreement, the Deed of Charge, the Security Powers of Attorney, the Master Definitions Schedule, the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Collection Account Declaration of Trust, each Scottish Declaration of Trust, each Scottish Supplemental Charge, the Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating Charge, the Subordinated Loan

Agreement, the Corporate Services Agreement, the Swap Agreement, any Swap Collateral Custody Agreement and any other document entered into by one or more Transaction Parties which is designated as a Transaction Document with the consent of the Trustee, the Issuer and the Seller;

"**Transaction Party**" means each of the Issuer, Holdings, the Seller, the Trustee, the Agents, the Servicer, the Cash Manager, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Account Bank, the Corporate Services Provider, the Swap Counterparty and any other party to the Transaction Documents;

"**Transfer Notice**" means a transfer notice from the Seller to the Issuer, the Trustee and the Cash Manager, substantially in the form as set out in schedule 1 (*Form of Transfer Notice*) to the Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement;

"**Trust Deed**" means the trust deed creating the Notes dated the Closing Date between the Issuer and the Trustee;

"Trustee" means, as at the Closing Date, Citicorp Trustee Company Limited and any additional or replacement trustee appointed from time to time;

"**TSC Regulations**" means the Taxation of Securitisation Companies Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/3296) (as amended);

"UK CRA Regulation" means Regulation (EU) No. 1060/2009 (as amended);

"UK CRR" means Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms, and amending Regulation (EU) No. 648/2012, as amended, as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA;

"**UK EMIR**" means Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA;

"**UK Prospectus Regulation**" means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA;

"**UK Securitisation Regulation**" means Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA, as amended, together with any relevant binding technical standards, regulations, instruments, rules, policy statements, guidance, transitional relief or other implementing measures of the FCA, the Bank of England, the PRA, the Pensions Regulator or any other relevant UK regulator (or their successor) in relation thereto;

"UK Solvency II" means Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 25 November 2009 on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of insurance and reinsurance as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA;

"**UK Solvency II Regulation**" means Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35 of 10 October 2014 supplementing Solvency II as it forms part of domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA;

"Used LCV Receivables" means any Purchased Receivables which are identifiable in the Seller's records as relating to a used light commercial vehicle in a manner which is consistent with the Credit and Collection Procedures;

"Used MC Receivables" means any Purchased Receivables which are identifiable in the Seller's records as relating to a used motorcycle in a manner which is consistent with the Credit and Collection Procedures;

"UTCCR" means the Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999, as amended;

"**Variation**" means any amendment or variation to the terms of a Related Contract after the relevant Cut-Off Date;

"VAT" means value added tax as provided for in the Value Added Tax Act 1994 and legislation (delegated or otherwise supplemental thereto) and any similar tax replacing or introduced in addition to the same;

"VAT Adjustment Amount" means an amount equal to (i) the reduction in the amount of VAT for which the Seller is required to account to HMRC pursuant to Regulation 38 of the Value Added Tax Regulations 1995 save to the extent that the Seller is required to account to HMRC for VAT on the sale of the relevant Vehicle which gives rise to such reduction and (ii) the amount of VAT reclaimed by the Seller by way of bad debt relief under section 36 VATA, in each case, in respect of a Vehicle relating to a Defaulted Receivable, Voluntarily Terminated Receivable or Returned PCP Receivable;

"VAT Group" means a group for the purposes of the VAT Grouping Legislation;

"VAT Grouping Legislation" means: (a) sections 43 to 43D (inclusive) of VATA and (b) the Value Added Tax (Groups: eligibility) Order 2004 (SI 2004/1931);

"Vehicle" means, in relation to any Receivable, the motor vehicle or motorcycle which is (or the motor vehicles or motorcycles which are) the subject of the Related Contract;

"Vehicle Sale Proceeds" means the proceeds (including amounts in respect of VAT) derived from the disposal (including by way of sale or otherwise) of any Vehicle returned to or recovered by or on behalf of the Seller;

"Voluntarily Terminated Receivable" means any Purchased Receivable in relation to which an Obligor serves a notice to the Seller pursuant to Section 99 of the CCA; and

"Written Resolution" means a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of Noteholders of not less than 75% in aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes which resolution may be contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more such holders of the Notes.

INDEX OF DEFINED TERMS

£x

Account Bank		
Account Bank Agreement		
Account Bank Ratings	89,	208
Additional Account		208
Additional Cut-Off Date		
Additional Interest		
Additional Portfolio		
Additional Portfolio Purchase Date		
Additional Portfolio Purchase Price		
Administrator Incentive Recovery Fee.		
Adverse Claim		208
Affiliate		208
Agency Agreement	170,	209
Agent Bank		
Agents		
Alternative Base Rate		
Amount Financed		
Annual Percentage Rate		
Appointee		
APR		
Arrangers		209
assign		
assigned		
Available Principal Receipts		
Available Revenue Receipts		
Average Delinquency Ratio		
Bank Rate		
Banking Reform Package		56
Base Rate Modification		
Base Rate Modification Certificate	186,	211
Basel III		
Basel IV		
Basic Terms Modification		
BofA Securities		
Book-Entry Interests		
Breathing Space Regulations		
Business Day		
Calculation Date		
Calculation Period		212
Cash Management Agreement		
Cash Manager		
Cash Manager Termination Event	91	212
CBL		
CBL Trigger Event		
CBMF		
CCA		
CCA Compensation Amount10), 81,	212
CCA Compensation Payment		212
Charged Documents		
Charged Property		
Class		
Class A Noteholders		
Class A Notesi,	1/0,	213
Class A Notes Interest Amount	176,	213
Class A Notes Interest Rate		
Class A Notes Principal Amount		
Class A Principal Deficiency Sub-ledge	er	213

Class A1 Noteholders 172, 213
Class A1 Notes170, 213
Class A1 Notes Interest Amount213
Class A1 Notes Interest Rate174
Class A1 Notes Principal Amount213
Class A1 Temporary Global Note170, 213
Class A2 Noteholders172, 213
Class A2 Notes170, 213
Class A2 Notes Interest Amount176, 213
Class A2 Notes Interest Rate174
Class A2 Notes Principal Amount213
Class A2 Temporary Global Note170, 213
Class B Noteholders172, 213
Class B Notes
Class B Notes Interest Amount176, 213
Class B Notes Principal Amount
Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger213
Class B Principal Deficiency Sub-Ledger
Condition
Class B Temporary Global Note
Class C Noteholders
Class C Notes
Class C Notes Interest Amount
Class C Principal Deficiency Sub-ledger214
Class C Temporary Global Note
Clean-up Call
Clearing System
Clearing Systems
Clearstream, Luxembourg
Closing Datei, 170, 214
COBSxii
Code
Collection Account
Collection Account Bank
Collection Account Beneficiary
Collection Account Beneficiary Portion
Collection Account Declaration of Trust214
Collection Account Trust Property86
Collections
Commission's Proposal198
Common Safekeeper214
Compounded Daily SONIA175
Concentration Limit Tests80, 214
Conditional Sale Contract215
Conditions170, 215
Contract
Contract Yield
Corporate Services Agreement
Corporate Services Provider
CPR
CRA
CRA Commencement Date
CRD
CRD IV
CRD V
Credit and Collection Procedures
$\sim 10^{-1}$

CRR		
CRR II		
CRR III		
Cumulative Loss Ratio		216
Cumulative Loss Test Date		216
Cumulative Loss Trigger		216
Cut-Off Date		216
Dealer		216
Deed of Charge		
Defaulted Receivable		216
Deferred Interest		
Deferred Purchase Price		216
Definitive Notes	171.	216
Delinquency Ratio		
Delinquent Receivable		
Distribution Compliance Period		
DMR		
EEA		
Eligible Contract		
Eligible Receivable		
EMIR		
English Receivables		
EU CRA Regulation		11
EU EMIR		
EU MiFID II		
EU PRIIPs Regulation		
EU Securitisation Regulation		217
Euroclear		
Eurosystem eligible collateral		48
EUWA		
Event of Default		
Excess Recoveries Amount		
Excess Swap Collateral		217
Excluded Amounts		
Excluded VAT Receivables Amount		217
Extraordinary Resolution		217
FATCA		
FCA		
Final Class B Interest Payment Date	29,	218
Final Discharge Date		218
Final Maturity Date		
Final Receivables		
Final Redemption Date		
Final Repurchase Price		
Fitch		
Fitch Required Actions		
foreign passthru payments		
FOS		
FSM Act		
FSMAiii,		
FTT		
GBP		
GBP		
Global Notes		
GMFV		
Group		
Guaranteed Future Value		
Hire Purchase Contract		
ID (D C)		
HMRC	197,	219

IFPR	58
IGAs	
Income Element	219
Income Recoveries	219
Increasing DiC	
Initial Cut-Off Date	219
Initial Fitch Rating Event	
Initial Optional Repurchase Payment1	
Initial Portfolio	210
Initial Principal Amount	
Initial Purchase Price	
Insolvency Event	
Insolvency Official	
Insolvency Proceedings	
Insurance Distribution Directive	
Interest Determination Date17	
Interest Payment Date17	
Interest Period17	
Interest Rate Swap Ledger9	0,220
Investor Report	220
Irrecoverable VAT	220
Issueri, 17	
Issuer Bank Accounts	
Issuer Portion	
Issuer Profit Amount	
Issuer Retained Profit Ledger9	
IVA	
Joint Lead Manager	
Joint Lead Manager Related Person	
Last Receivable Maturity Date	221
IDD	
LBD	175
LCR	175 57
LCR	175 57 221
LCR LCV Liability	175 57 221 221
LCR LCV Liability Liquidity Reserve	175 57 221 221 221
LCR LCV Liability Liquidity Reserve Liquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 221 0,221
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 221 0,221 221
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 221 221
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve	175 57 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 221 21 21
LCRLiabilityLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 175 iii 221
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 21 6, 221 21 175 iii 221 0, 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 221 175 iii 221 0, 222 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 221 221 221 0, 222 221 0, 222 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 0, 222 221 0, 222 222 222 222 186
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 0, 222 175 115 221 0, 222 222 222 222 186 rention
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity Reserve	175 221 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 0, 222 175 175 115 221
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLedger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 6, 221 221 221 0, 222 222 222 186 ention 222 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLedger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 221 221 0, 222 222 222 186 ention 222 222 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLedger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 221 221 0, 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLedger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 6, 221 221 0, 222 175 115 221 0, 222 222 186 ention 222 222 222 222 222 222 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLedger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 6, 221 221 0, 222 175 175 175 221 0, 222 222 186 ention 222 222 186 ention 1, 222 167 1, 222
LCRLCVLiabilityLiquidity ReserveLedger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 0, 222 175 iii 0, 222 222 186 rention 222 222 167 1, 222 222
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity Reserve Ledger	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 0, 222 175 10 0, 222 222 222 186 rention 222 222 167 1, 222 222 222 222 222
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity Reserve	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 0, 221 221 0, 222 221 0, 222 222 186 ention 222 222 167 1, 222 222 9, 222
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity Reserve	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 0, 222 175 iii 221 0, 222 222 186 ention 222 222 186 ention 222 222 167 1, 222 222 9, 222 82
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity Reserve	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 0, 222 221 0, 222 222 186 ention 222 222 186 ention 222 222 167 1, 222 222 9, 222 82 5, 222
LCRLCV LiabilityLiquidity Reserve	175 57 221 221 0, 221 221 6, 221 221 6, 221 221 221 0, 222 222 175 186 ention 222 222 222 222 222 222 9, 222 82 5, 222 226

Note Acceleration Notice 181, 223
Noteholders
Notesi, 170, 223
NSFR
Obligor
On-Line Proposal System 124
Option Date
Optional Repurchase Payment 10, 223
Ordinary Resolution
outstanding
Outstanding Principal Balance
participating Member States
Paying Agents 170, 224
PCP
PCP Contract
PCP Receivable
PCP Residual Value 224
PCSv
Perfection Event
Permanent Global Note 171, 225
Permitted Withdrawal
Person 225
Portfolio
Portfolio Schedule
Post-Acceleration Priority of Payments 116, 225
Potential Event of Default 225
PRA
Pre-Acceleration Principal Priority of Payments
rie-Acceleration rinicipal ritority of rayments
Pre-Acceleration Revenue Priority of Payments
Presentation Date179
Presentation Date
Presentation Date
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Paying Agent170, 226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Paying Agent170, 226Principal Receipts226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Amount of Payments226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries236Principal Recoveries38
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Provisional Portfolio226Purchase Date226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Provisional Portfolio226Purchase Date226Purchase Receivable226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Receivable226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Jate226Purchase Jate25Purchase Jate25 <t< td=""></t<>
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchased Receivable226Purchased Receivable226Parchased Receivable226Purchase Date226Purchase Interventional Portfolio226Purchase Interventional Por
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Pated Notes170Rating Agencies226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226RAO59, 226Rated Notesi, 170Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Pated Notes170Rating Agencies226
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Provisional Portfolio226Purchase Date226RAO59, 226Rated Notesi, 170Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226Realisation18, 192
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Provisional Portfolio226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226RAO59, 226Rated Notesi, 170Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226Receivable226Rating Agency Confirmation18, 192Receivable227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Rated Notesi, 170Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Receivable227Receivable227Receivables Call Option10, 227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Receivable226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226Receivable226Rating Agency Confirmation226Receivable227Receivable227Receivables Call Option10, 227Receivables Indemnity Amount10, 81, 227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Receivable226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Receivable226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Receivable227Receivable227Receivables Call Option10, 227Receivables Indemnity Amount10, 81, 227Receivables Repurchase Price227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Receivable226RAO59, 226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation18, 192Receivable227Receivables Call Option10, 227Receivables Repurchase Price227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Receivable226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Receivable226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Receivable227Receivable227Receivables Call Option10, 227Receivables Indemnity Amount10, 81, 227Receivables Repurchase Price227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchase Receivable226RAO59, 226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation18, 192Receivable227Receivables Call Option10, 227Receivables Repurchase Price227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Purchased Receivable226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226Receivables Call Option10, 227Receivables Indemnity Amount10, 81, 227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Provisional Portfolio226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Rated Notesi, 170Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226Rating Agency Confirmation10, 227Receivables Call Option10, 81, 227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227Receivables Warranties227Receivables Warranties227Receivables Warranties227Re
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226Receivable227Receivables Call Option10, 227Receivables Repurchase Price227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227Receivables Warranties227Receivables Warranties227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227Receivables Warranties <td< td=""></td<>
Presentation Date179Principal Amount Outstanding181, 225Principal Deficiency Ledger90, 225Principal Element226Principal Receipts226Principal Recoveries226Principal Recoveries226Priority of Payments226Proposed Amendment38Prospectus Regulation234Provisional Cut-Off Date98, 226Provisional Portfolio226Purchase Date226Purchase Date226Rated Notesi, 170Rating Agencies226Rating Agency Confirmation226Rating Agency Confirmation10, 227Receivables Call Option10, 81, 227Receivables Sale and Purchase Agreement227Receivables Warranties227Receivables Warranties227Receivables Warranties227Re

Register		
Registrar	71,	228
Regulation S		228
Related Contract		228
Related Interest Determination Date		175
Related Rights		
Related Third Party Creditors		
Relevant Date		
Relevant Entity		
Relevant Party		
Relevant Persons		
Remaining Revenue Deficiency1		
Replacement Cash Manager	91,	228
Replacement Swap Premium		
Replenishment Ledger		
Requesting Party		226
Required Ratings		229
Requirement of Law		229
Restructuring Plan		55
Retained EU Law Act		
Returned PCP Receivable		
Revenue Deficiency		
Revenue Deficiency Ledger		
Revenue Receipts		
Revised Purchase Date	•••••	229
Revolving Period		
Revolving Period Termination Event		
Risk Retention US Persons		
sale		
Scottish Declaration of Trust		
Scottish Receivables		230
Scottish Supplemental Charge		230
Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds		230
Scottish Vehicle Sale Proceeds Floating	Cha	arge
Scottish Vehicles		
Screen		
SDRP		
Secured Creditors		
Secured Liabilities		
Securities Act		
Securities Act		
Securitisation Degulations	•••••	231
Securitisation Regulations		
Security		
Security Powers of Attorney		
Seller		
Seller Portion		
Servicer		
Servicer Report		
Servicer Standard of Care		
Servicer Termination Event	86,	231
Services	-	
Servicing Agreement		
Servicing Fee		
Severe Deterioration Event		231
SGA		
SGITA		
Share Trustee		
SMEs		
SMES SONIA Reference Rate		
SOMA Reference Kale	•••••	1/3

SONIA _{i-5LBD} 175
Specified Office
Standard Documents
Start-up Costs Ledger
Start-up Costs Proceeds
Sterling x, 232
Sterling Reference Rate176
STS Assessmentsv
STS Call Option
STS Verificationv
Subordinated Loan
Subordinated Loan Agreement
Subordinated Loan Provider
Subordinated Noteholders 172, 232
Subordinated Notes 170, 232
Subordinated Notes Interest Amount 177, 232
Subordinated Notes Interest Rate 174
Subordinated Notes Principal Amount
Subordinated Notes Principal Deficiency Sub-
ledger
Subordinated Swap Amounts
Subscription Agreement 199
Subsequent Fitch Rating Event 167
Surplus Available Principal Receipts 116, 232
Swap Agreement
Swap Collateral
Swap Collateral Account
Swap Collateral Custody Agreement
Swap Counterparty
Swap Rate Modification
Swap Rate Modification Certificate 188, 233
Swap Tax Credits
Swap Termination Payment
Taxes
Temporary Global Note
Trade and Cooperation Agreement 54
Transaction

Transaction Account
Transaction Documents
Transaction Party
Transfer Notice
Trust Deed170, 233
Trustee
TSC Regulations
UK Benchmark Regulationv
UK CRA Regulationii, 186, 234
UK CRR
UK EMIR
UK MiFIRxii
UK MiFIR Product Governance Rulesxii
UK PRIIPs Regulationxi
UK Prospectus Regulationiii
UK Securitisation Regulation234
UK Solvency II
UK Solvency II Regulation234
UK STS Criteria
UK STS Notification
UK STS Securitisation
US Risk Retention Consentviii, 200
US Risk Retention Rulesv, viii
Used LCV Receivables
Used MC Receivables234
UTCC Regulations
UTCCR
UTR67
Variation
VAT
VAT Adjustment Amount234
VAT Group
VAT Grouping Legislation234
Vehicle
Vehicle Sale Proceeds235
Voluntarily Terminated Receivable235
Written Resolution

REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE ISSUER

Orbita Funding 2023-1 plc

10th Floor 5 Churchill Place London E14 5HU

SELLER

Close Brothers Limited 10 Crown Place London EC2A 4FT

ARRANGER

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc 25 Gresham Street London EC2V 7HN

JOINT LEAD MANAGERS

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc 25 Gresham Street London EC2V 7HN BofA Securities Bank of America Financial Centre 2 King Edward Street London EC1A 1HQ NatWest Markets Plc 250 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4AA

ACCOUNT BANK, AGENT BANK, CASH MANAGER, PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT, REGISTRAR

TRUSTEE Citicorp Trustee Company Limited

NCIPAL PAYING AGENT, REGIST Citibank N.A., London Branch Citigroup Centre

Citigroup Centre Canada Square, Canary Wharf London E14 5LB Citigroup Centre Canada Square, Canary Wharf London E14 5LB

LEGAL ADVISERS TO THE ISSUER AND THE SELLER

as to English law

Clifford Chance LLP 10 Upper Bank Street Canary Wharf London E14 5JJ as to Scots law

Shepherd and Wedderburn LLP 9 Haymarket Square Edinburgh EH3 8FY

as to Northern Irish law

Tughans LLP The Ewart 3 Bedford Square Belfast BT2 7EP

LEGAL ADVISERS TO THE ARRANGER AND JOINT LEAD MANAGERS

as to English law

Ashurst LLP London Fruit & Wool Exchange 1 Duval Square, London E1 6PW LEGAL ADVISERS TO THE TRUSTEE

as to English law

Ashurst LLP London Fruit & Wool Exchange 1 Duval Square, London E1 6PW

AUDITORS TO THE ISSUER

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT United Kingdom